Mobile Application Development (CSC 303)

LECTURE # 2

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Client-Side Technologies

- Client-side technologies are the tools and frameworks that run on the user's device or browser, controlling what users interact with directly.
- ➤ Key Client-Side Technologies:
 - >HTML: Markup language for structuring web content.
 - ➤ CSS: Stylesheet language used for presentation and styling.
 - > JavaScript: Programming language for making websites dynamic and interactive.
 - Frameworks/Libraries: React.js, Angular, Vue.js for more efficient DOM manipulation and UI building. Purpose of Mobile Apps.
- ➤ Importance in Mobile Applications:
 - > Front-end logic (user interface, animations, forms).
 - Interaction with back-end services via API calls.

Mobile Application Development Technologies

- ➤ Native Mobile App Development:
 - ➤ Platforms: iOS (Objective-C/Swift), Android (Java/Kotlin).
- > Pros:
 - ➤ High performance.
 - >Access to device-specific features (camera, GPS, etc.).
- Cons:
 - > Separate codebases for different platforms.
 - >Time-consuming and expensive development.User Engagement

Mobile Application Development Technologies

- > Cross Platform:
- >Technologies:
 - > React Native: Uses JavaScript to build apps with native components.
 - > Flutter: Uses Dart and allows developers to create for multiple platforms with a single codebase.
- > Pros:
 - Cross-platform compatibility: Write once, run on both iOS and Android.
 - > Faster development: Single codebase reduces development time and cost.
 - Easier maintenance: One app to update and maintain for multiple platforms.
- > Cons:
 - ➤ Performance: May not match native app performance for resource-heavy apps.
 - >Access to native features: Some platform-specific features may require custom integrations.

Git

What is git, github and github desktop

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Dd7KRpKeaE

Github Repository

https://github.com/kamiuetian/MobileApplicationDev

Before Next Class

Install NodeJS