

question1

June 29, 2021

```
[1]: import numpy as np

from scipy import optimize

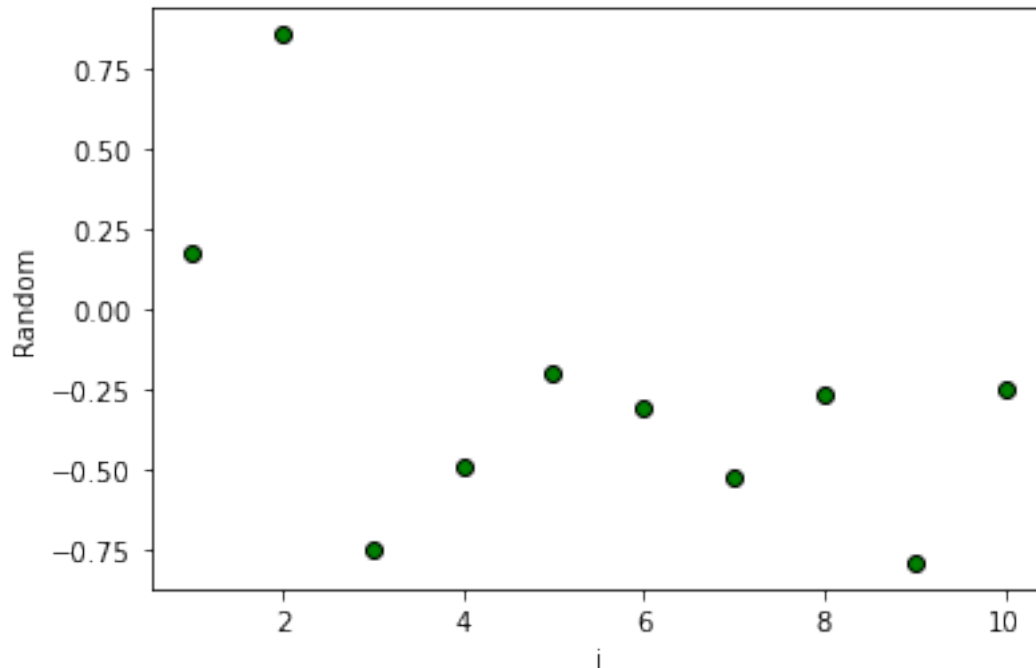
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

0.1 Plotting the randomly generated points

```
[2]: x_data = np.array(range(1,11))
y_data = -1+2*np.random.rand(10)

[3]: plt.figure()
plt.scatter(x_data, y_data, c='green', edgecolors='black')
plt.xlabel("i")
plt.ylabel("Random")
plt.savefig("Points.png", dpi=300)
plt.show()
```



0.2 Fitting the Points

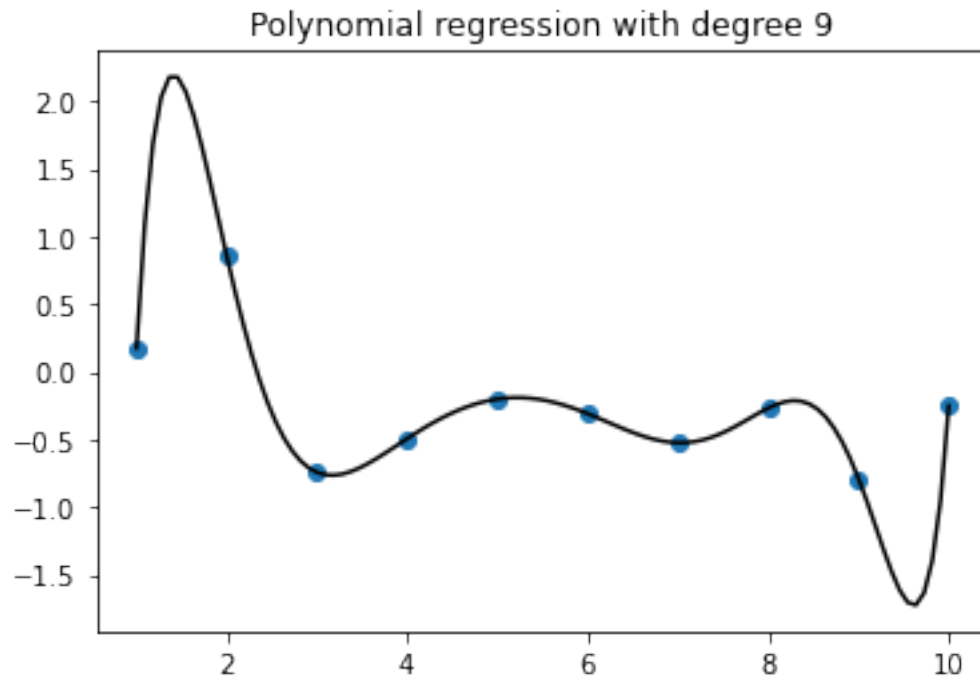
To fit n points perfectly, we require a polynomial of degree $n - 1$

```
[4]: # Using SciKit Learn to fit a nth degree polynomial
degree=9
polyreg=make_pipeline(PolynomialFeatures(degree),LinearRegression())
polyreg.fit(x_data.reshape(-1,1),y_data)
```

```
[4]: Pipeline(steps=[('polynomialfeatures', PolynomialFeatures(degree=9)),
                      ('linearregression', LinearRegression())])
```

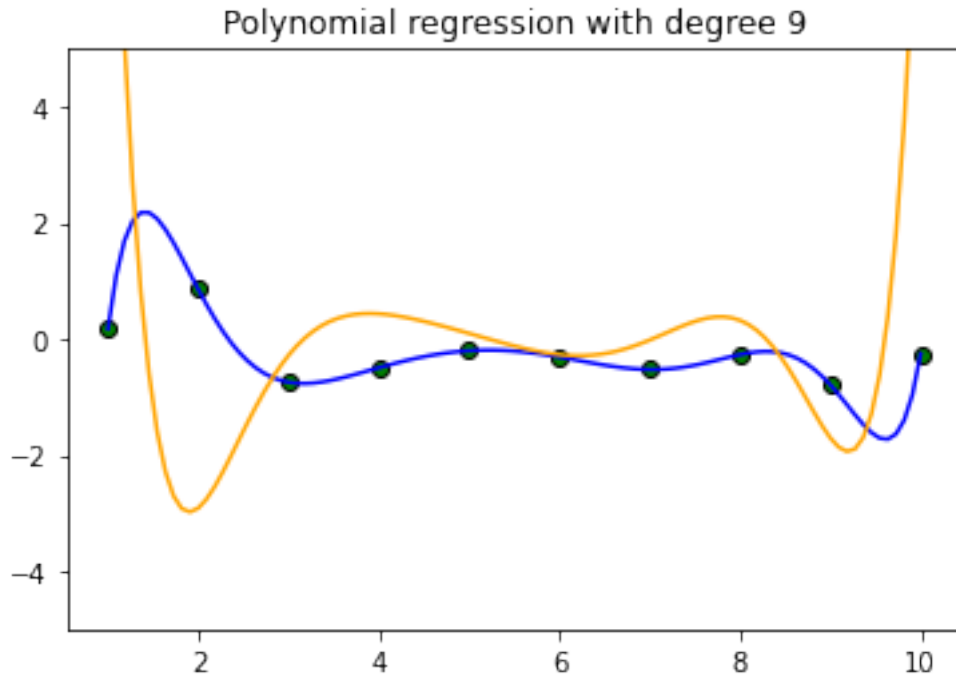
```
[5]: # Sampling the fitted polynomial
x_fit = np.linspace(1,10, num=100)
y_fit = polyreg.predict(x_fit.reshape(-1,1))
```

```
[6]: plt.figure()
plt.scatter(x_data,y_data)
plt.plot(x_fit, y_fit,color="black")
plt.title("Polynomial regression with degree "+str(degree))
plt.savefig("Fitted.png", dpi=300)
plt.show()
```



```
[7]: # Computing the gradient  
grad = np.gradient(y_fit, x_fit)
```

```
[8]: plt.figure()  
plt.scatter(x_data, y_data, c='green', edgecolors='black')  
plt.plot(x_fit, y_fit, color="blue")  
plt.plot(x_fit, grad, color="orange")  
plt.ylim([-5,5])  
plt.title("Polynomial regression with degree "+str(degree))  
plt.show()
```



0.2.1 Finding the extremas

```
[9]: x_find = np.linspace(0.1,9.9, num=10000)
     extrema_x = []
     extrema_y = []

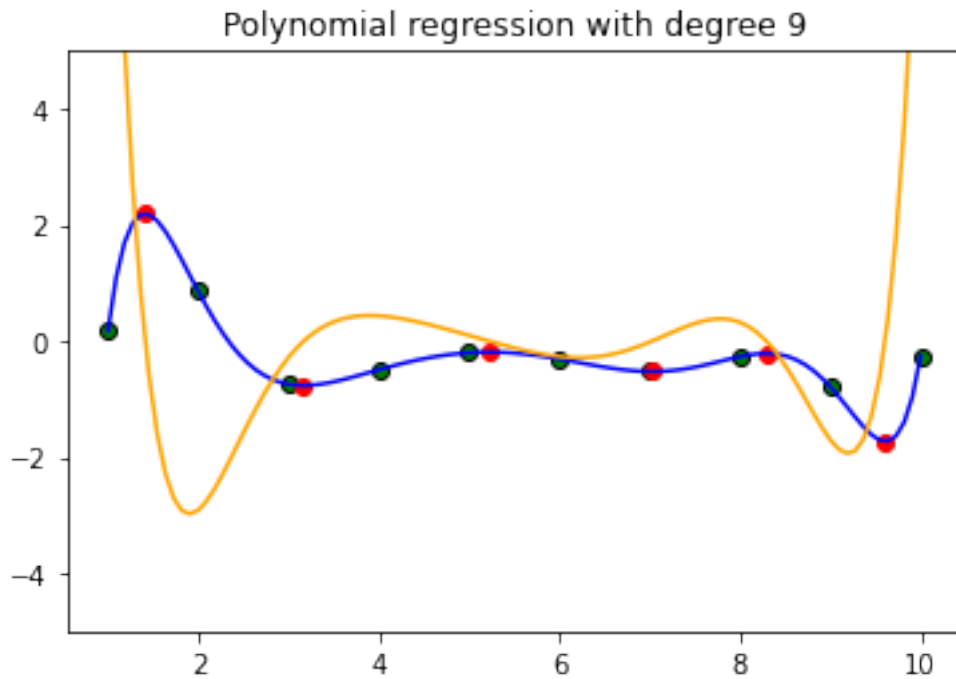
     for t in range(1, len(x_find)-1):
         data = x_find[t-1:t+2].reshape(-1,1)
         fit = polyreg.predict(data)

         if fit[1]>fit[0] and fit[1]>fit[2]:
             print("Maxima at x =", x_find[t], "and y =", fit[1])
             extrema_x.append(x_find[t])
             extrema_y.append(fit[1])
         elif fit[1]<fit[0] and fit[1]<fit[2]:
             print("Minima at x =", x_find[t], "and y =", fit[1])
             extrema_x.append(x_find[t])
             extrema_y.append(fit[1])
```

```
Maxima at x = 1.4084308430843084 and y = 2.195104229252479
Minima at x = 3.164766476647665 and y = -0.7656559740882756
Maxima at x = 5.218071807180718 and y = -0.19116876616108414
Minima at x = 7.025372537253725 and y = -0.5251533421000687
Maxima at x = 8.292639263926393 and y = -0.2132152812141186
Minima at x = 9.61087108710871 and y = -1.7288452082816121
```

Checking the results obtained

```
[10]: plt.figure()
plt.scatter(x_data, y_data, c='green', edgecolors='black')
plt.scatter(extrema_x, extrema_y, c='red')
plt.plot(x_fit, y_fit, color="blue")
plt.plot(x_fit, grad, color="orange")
plt.ylim([-5,5])
plt.title("Polynomial regression with degree "+str(degree))
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]:
```