# Google Maps Javascript API V3 Reference

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This reference documents version 3.15 (the *release* version) of the Maps Javascript API released February 19, 2013. This release version of the API is a feature-stable version of the API whose interfaces are guaranteed to remain as documented within these pages until this version is retired.

To consult the *latest* (experimental) version of the Maps Javascript API, see the Experimental Development Reference.

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# google.maps.Map class

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Map(mapDiv:Node, opts?:MapOptions)	Creates a new map inside of the given HTML container, which is typically a DIV element.

Methods	Return Value	Description
fitBounds(bounds: LatLngBounds)	None	Sets the viewport to contain the given bounds.
getBounds()	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Returns the lat/lng bounds of the current viewport. If more than one copy of the world is visible, the bounds range in longitude from -180 to 180 degrees inclusive. If the map is not yet initialized (i.e. the mapType is still null), or center and zoom have not been set then the result is null or undefined.
getCenter()	LatLng	Returns the position displayed at the center of the map. Note that this LatLng object is <i>not</i> wrapped. See <u>LatLng</u> for more information.
getDiv()	Node	
getHeading()	number	Returns the compass heading of aerial imagery. The heading value is measured in

		degrees (clockwise) from cardinal direction North.
getMapTypeId()	MapTypeId string	
<pre>getProjection()</pre>	<u>Projection</u>	Returns the current Projection. If the map is not yet initialized (i.e. the mapType is still null) then the result is null. Listen to projection_changed and check its value to ensure it is not null.
getStreetView()	<u>StreetViewPanorama</u>	Returns the default StreetViewPanorama bound to the map, which may be a default panorama embedded within the map, or the panorama set using setStreetView(). Changes to the map's streetViewControl will be reflected in the display of such a bound panorama.
getTilt()	number	Returns the current angle of incidence of the map, in degrees from the viewport plane to the map plane. The result will be 0 for imagery taken directly overhead or 45 for 45° imagery. 45° imagery is only available for SATELLITE and HYBRID map types, within some locations, and at some zoom levels. <b>Note:</b> This method does not return the value set by SetTilt. See SetTilt for details.
<pre>getZoom()</pre>	number	
panBy(x:number, y:number)	None	Changes the center of the map by the given distance in pixels. If the distance is less than both the width and height of the map, the transition will be smoothly animated. Note that the map coordinate system increases from west to east (for x values) and north to south (for y values).
panTo(latLng:LatLng)	None	Changes the center of the map to the given LatLng. If the change is less than both the width and height of the map, the transition will be smoothly animated.
panToBounds(latLngBounds:LatLngBounds)	None	Pans the map by the minimum amount necessary to contain the given <code>LatLngBounds</code> . It makes no guarantee where on the map the bounds will be, except that as much of the bounds as possible will be visible. The bounds will be positioned inside the area bounded by the map type and navigation (pan, zoom, and Street View) controls, if they are present on the map. If the bounds is larger than the map, the map will be shifted to include the northwest corner of the bounds. If the change in the map's position is less than both the width and height of the map, the transition will be smoothly animated.
setCenter(latlng: <u>LatLng</u> )	None	
setHeading(heading:number)	None	Sets the compass heading for aerial imagery measured in degrees from cardinal direction North.
setMapTypeId(mapTypeId:MapTypeId string)	None	
setOptions(options: MapOptions)	None	
setStreetView(panorama:StreetViewPanorama)	None	Binds a StreetViewPanorama to the map. This panorama overrides the default StreetViewPanorama, allowing the map to bind to an external panorama outside of the map. Setting the panorama to null binds the default embedded panorama back to the map.
setTilt(tilt:number)	None	Controls the automatic switching behavior for the angle of incidence of the map. The only allowed values are 0 and 45. setTilt(0) causes the map to always use a 0° overhead view regardless of the zoom level and viewport. setTilt(45) causes the tilt angle to automatically switch to 45 whenever 45° imagery is available for the current zoom level and viewport, and switch back to 0 whenever 45° imagery is not available (this is the default behavior). 45° imagery is only available for SATELLITE and HYBRID map types, within some locations, and at some zoom levels. <b>Note:</b> getTilt returns the current tilt angle, not the value set by setTilt. Because getTilt and setTilt refer to different things, do not bind() the tilt property; doing so may yield unpredictable effects.
setZoom(zoom:number)	None	

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
controls	Array.< <u>MVCArray</u> . <node>&gt;</node>	Additional controls to attach to the map. To add a control to the map, add the control's <div> to the MVCArray corresponding to the ControlPosition where it should be rendered.</div>
mapTypes	<u>MapTypeRegistry</u>	A registry of MapType instances by string ID.
overlayMapTypes	MVCArray. <maptype></maptype>	Additional map types to overlay.

## **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
bounds_changed	None	This event is fired when the viewport bounds have changed.
center_changed	None	This event is fired when the map center property changes.
click	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user clicks on the map (but not when they click on a marker or infowindow).
dblclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user double-clicks on the map. Note that the click event will also fire, right before this one.
drag	None	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the map.
dragend	None	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the map.
dragstart	None	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the map.
heading_changed	None	This event is fired when the map heading property changes.
idle	None	This event is fired when the map becomes idle after panning or zooming.
maptypeid_changed	None	This event is fired when the mapTypeId property changes.
mousemove	MouseEvent	This event is fired whenever the user's mouse moves over the map container.
mouseout	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user's mouse exits the map container.
mouseover	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user's mouse enters the map container.
projection_changed	None	This event is fired when the projection has changed.
resize	None	Developers should trigger this event on the map when the div changes size: <a href="mailto:google.maps.event.trigger">google.maps.event.trigger</a> (map, 'resize') .
rightclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM contextmenu event is fired on the map container.
tilesloaded	None	This event is fired when the visible tiles have finished loading.
tilt_changed	None	This event is fired when the map tilt property changes.
zoom_changed	None	This event is fired when the map zoom property changes.

# google.maps.MapOptions object specification

Properties	Туре	Description

backgroundColor	string	Color used for the background of the Map div. This color will be visible when tiles have not yet loaded as the user pans. This option can only be set when the map is initialized.
center	LatLnq	The initial Map center. Required.
disableDefaultUI	boolean	Enables/disables all default UI. May be overridden individually.
disableDoubleClickZoom	boolean	Enables/disables zoom and center on double click. Enabled by default.
draggable	boolean	If false, prevents the map from being dragged. Dragging is enabled by default.
draggableCursor	string	The name or url of the cursor to display when mousing over a draggable map. This property uses the css cursor attribute to change the icon. As with the css property, you must specify at least one fallback cursor that is not a URL. For example: draggableCursor: 'url(http://www.example.com/icon.png), auto;'.
draggingCursor	string	The name or url of the cursor to display when the map is being dragged. This property uses the css cursor attribute to change the icon. As with the css property, you must specify at least one fallback cursor that is not a URL. For example: draggingCursor: 'url(http://www.example.com/icon.png), auto;'.
heading	number	The heading for aerial imagery in degrees measured clockwise from cardinal direction North. Headings are snapped to the nearest available angle for which imagery is available.
keyboardShortcuts	boolean	If false, prevents the map from being controlled by the keyboard. Keyboard shortcuts are enabled by default.
mapMaker	boolean	True if Map Maker tiles should be used instead of regular tiles.
mapTypeControl	boolean	The initial enabled/disabled state of the Map type control.
mapTypeControlOptions	MapTypeControlOptions	The initial display options for the Map type control.
mapTypeId	<u>MapTypeId</u>	The initial Map mapTypeld. Defaults to ROADMAP.
maxZoom	number	The maximum zoom level which will be displayed on the map. If omitted, or set to null, the maximum zoom from the current map type is used instead.
minZoom	number	The minimum zoom level which will be displayed on the map. If omitted, or set to null, the minimum zoom from the current map type is used instead.
noClear	boolean	If true, do not clear the contents of the Map div.
overviewMapControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the Overview Map control.
overviewMapControlOptions	OverviewMapControlOptions	The display options for the Overview Map control.
panControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the Pan control.
panControlOptions	PanControlOptions	The display options for the Pan control.
rotateControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the Rotate control.
rotateControlOptions	RotateControlOptions	The display options for the Rotate control.
scaleControl	boolean	The initial enabled/disabled state of the Scale control.
scaleControlOptions	ScaleControlOptions	The initial display options for the Scale control.
scrollwheel	boolean	If false, disables scrollwheel zooming on the map. The scrollwheel is enabled by default.
streetView	StreetViewPanorama	A StreetViewPanorama to display when the Street View pegman is dropped on the map. If no panorama is specified, a default StreetViewPanorama will be displayed in the map's div when the pegman is dropped.
streetViewControl	boolean	The initial enabled/disabled state of the Street View Pegman control. This control is part of the false

		default UI, and should be set to when displaying a map type on which the Street View road overlay should not appear (e.g. a non-Earth map type).
streetViewControlOptions	StreetViewControlOptions	The initial display options for the Street View Pegman control.
styles	Array.< <u>MapTypeStyle</u> >	Styles to apply to each of the default map types. Note that for Satellite/Hybrid and Terrain modes, these styles will only apply to labels and geometry.
tilt	number	Controls the automatic switching behavior for the angle of incidence of the map. The only allowed values are 0 and 45. The value 0 causes the map to always use a 0° overhead view regardless of the zoom level and viewport. The value 45 causes the tilt angle to automatically switch to 45 whenever 45° imagery is available for the current zoom level and viewport, and switch back to 0 whenever 45° imagery is not available (this is the default behavior). 45° imagery is only available for SATELLITE and HYBRID map types, within some locations, and at some zoom levels. <b>Note:</b> getTilt returns the current tilt angle, not the value specified by this option. Because getTilt and this option refer to different things, do not bind() the tilt property; doing so may yield unpredictable effects.
zoom	number	The initial Map zoom level. Required.
zoomControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the Zoom control.
zoomControlOptions	ZoomControlOptions	The display options for the Zoom control.

# google.maps.MapTypeId class

Identifiers for common MapTypes.

### Constant

Constant	Description
HYBRID	This map type displays a transparent layer of major streets on satellite images.
ROADMAP	This map type displays a normal street map.
SATELLITE	This map type displays satellite images.
TERRAIN	This map type displays maps with physical features such as terrain and vegetation.

## google.maps.MapTypeControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the map type control.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
mapTypeIds	Array.< <u>MapTypeId</u> > Array. <string></string>	IDs of map types to show in the control.
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_RIGHT.
style	<u>MapTypeControlStyle</u>	Style id. Used to select what style of map type control to display.

## google.maps.MapTypeControlStyle class

Identifiers for common MapTypesControls.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
DEFAULT	Uses the default map type control. The control which DEFAULT maps to will vary according to window size and other factors. It may change in future versions of the API.
DROPDOWN_MENU	A dropdown menu for the screen realestate conscious.
HORIZONTAL_BAR	The standard horizontal radio buttons bar.

## google.maps.OverviewMapControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the Overview Map control.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
opened	boolean	Whether the control should display in opened mode or collapsed (minimized) mode. By default, the control is closed.

## google.maps.PanControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the pan control.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_LEFT.	

## google.maps.RotateControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the rotate control.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_LEFT.	

## google.maps.ScaleControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the scale control.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is BOTTOM_LEFT when google.maps.visualRefresh is set to false. When google.maps.visualRefresh is true the scale control will be fixed at the BOTTOM_RIGHT.
style	ScaleControlStyle	Style id. Used to select what style of scale control to display.

## google.maps.ScaleControlStyle class

Identifiers for scale control ids.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
DEFAULT	The standard scale control.	

## google.maps.StreetViewControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the Street View pegman control on the map.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is embedded within the navigation (zoom and pan) controls. If this position is empty or the same as that specified in the zoomControlOptions or panControlOptions, the Street View control will be displayed as part of the navigation controls. Otherwise, it will be displayed separately.

## google.maps.ZoomControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the zoom control.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_LEFT.	
style	ZoomControlStyle	Style id. Used to select what style of zoom control to display.	

## google.maps.ZoomControlStyle class

Identifiers for the zoom control.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
DEFAULT	The default zoom control. The control which DEFAULT maps to will vary according to map size and other factors. It may change in future versions of the API.	
LARGE	The larger control, with the zoom slider in addition to +/- buttons.	
SMALL	A small control with buttons to zoom in and out.	

# google.maps.ControlPosition class

Identifiers used to specify the placement of controls on the map. Controls are positioned relative to other controls in the same layout position. Controls that are added first are positioned closer to the edge of the map.

```
+----+
+ TL TC TR +
+ LT RT +
+ +
+ LC RC +
+ +
+ LB RB +
+ BL BC BR +
```

Elements in the top or bottom row flow towards the middle. Elements at the left or right sides flow downwards.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
BOTTOM_CENTER	Elements are positioned in the center of the bottom row.	
BOTTOM_LEFT	Elements are positioned in the bottom left and flow towards the middle. Elements are positioned to the right of the Google logo.	
BOTTOM_RIGHT	Elements are positioned in the bottom right and flow towards the middle. Elements are positioned to the left of the copyrights.	
LEFT_BOTTOM	Elements are positioned on the left, above bottom-left elements, and flow upwards.	
LEFT_CENTER	Elements are positioned in the center of the left side.	
LEFT_TOP	Elements are positioned on the left, below top-left elements, and flow downwards.	
RIGHT_BOTTOM	Elements are positioned on the right, above bottom-right elements, and flow upwards.	
RIGHT_CENTER	Elements are positioned in the center of the right side.	
RIGHT_TOP	Elements are positioned on the right, below top-right elements, and flow downwards.	
TOP_CENTER	Elements are positioned in the center of the top row.	
TOP_LEFT	Elements are positioned in the top left and flow towards the middle.	
TOP_RIGHT	Elements are positioned in the top right and flow towards the middle.	

## google.maps.Marker class

## Constructor

Constructor	Description
Marker(opts? : MarkerOptions)	Creates a marker with the options specified. If a map is specified, the marker is added to the map upon construction. Note that the position must be set for the marker to display.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getAnimation()	Animation	
getClickable()	boolean	
getCursor()	string	
getDraggable()	boolean	
getFlat()	boolean	
getIcon()	string Icon Symbol	
getMap()	Map   StreetViewPanorama	
getPosition()	LatLnq	
getShadow()	string Icon Symbol	
getShape()	<u>MarkerShape</u>	
getTitle()	string	
getVisible()	boolean	
getZIndex()	number	
setAnimation(animation:Animation)	None	Start an animation. Any ongoing animation will be cancelled. Currently supported animations are: BOUNCE, DROP. Passing in null will cause any animation to stop.
setClickable(flag:boolean)	None	
setCursor(cursor:string)	None	
setDraggable(flag:boolean)	None	
setFlat(flag:boolean)	None	
setIcon(icon:string Icon Symbol)	None	
setMap(map: Map   StreetViewPanorama)	None	Renders the marker on the specified map or panorama. If map is set to null, the marker will be removed.
setOptions(options: MarkerOptions)	None	
setPosition(latlng:LatLng)	None	
setShadow(shadow:string Icon Symbol)	None	
setShape(shape: MarkerShape)	None	
setTitle(title:string)	None	

setVisible(visible:boolean)	None	
setZIndex(zIndex:number)	None	

## Constant

Constant	Description	
MAX_ZINDEX	The maximum default z-index that the API will assign to a marker. You may set a higher z-index to bring a marker to the front.	

### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
animation_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's animation property changes.
click	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the marker icon was clicked.
clickable_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's clickable property changes.
cursor_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's cursor property changes.
dblclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the marker icon was double clicked.
drag	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the marker.
dragend	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the marker.
draggable_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's draggable property changes.
dragstart	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the marker.
flat_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's flat property changes.
icon_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker icon property changes.
mousedown	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a mousedown on the marker.
mouseout	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the mouse leaves the area of the marker icon.
mouseover	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the mouse enters the area of the marker icon.
mouseup	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a mouseup on the marker.
position_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker position property changes.
rightclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a rightclick on the marker.
shadow_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's shadow property changes.
shape_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's shape property changes.
title_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker title property changes.
visible_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's visible property changes.
zindex_changed	None	This event is fired when the marker's zIndex property changes.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
anchorPoint	Point	The offset from the marker's position to the tip of an InfoWindow that has been opened with the marker as anchor.	
animation	Animation	Which animation to play when marker is added to a map.	
clickable	boolean	If true, the marker receives mouse and touch events. Default value is true.	
crossOnDrag	boolean	If false, disables cross that appears beneath the marker when dragging. This option is true by default. This option is only enabled when <code>google.maps.visualRefresh</code> is set to true. For backwards compatibility, if <code>raiseOnDrag</code> is set to false then the default for <code>crossOnDrag</code> changes to false.	
cursor	string	Mouse cursor to show on hover	
draggable	boolean	If true, the marker can be dragged. Default value is false.	
flat	boolean	If true, the marker shadow will not be displayed.	
icon	string Icon Symbol	Icon for the foreground. If a string is provided, it is treated as though it were an Icon with the string as url.	
map	Map   StreetViewPanorama	Map on which to display Marker.	
optimized	boolean	Optimization renders many markers as a single static element. Optimized rendering is enabled by default. Disable optimized rendering for animated GIFs or PNGs, or when each marker must be rendered as a separate DOM element (advanced usage only).	
position	LatLng	Marker position. Required.	
raiseOnDrag	boolean	If false, disables raising and lowering the marker on drag. This option is true by default. This option is disabled when <code>google.maps.visualRefresh</code> is set to true. Instead, a cross will appear beneath the marker icon while dragging. Please refer to the <code>crossOnDrag</code> property for new code. For backwards compatibility, if this is set to <code>false</code> then the default for <code>crossOnDrag</code> changes to <code>false</code> .	
shadow	string Icon Symbol	Shadow image. If a string is provided, it is treated as though it were an Icon with the string as url. Shadows are not rendered when google.maps.visualRefresh is set to true.	
shape	<u>MarkerShape</u>	Image map region definition used for drag/click.	
title	string	Rollover text	
visible	boolean	If true, the marker is visible	
zIndex	number	All markers are displayed on the map in order of their zIndex, with higher values displaying in front of markers with lower values. By default, markers are displayed according to their vertical position on screen, with lower markers appearing in front of markers further up the screen.	

# google.maps.lcon object specification

Properties	Туре	Description
anchor	Point	The position at which to anchor an image in correspondance to the location of the marker on the map. By default, the anchor is located along the center point of the bottom of the image.
origin	<u>Point</u>	The position of the image within a sprite, if any. By default, the origin is located at the top left corner of the image (0, 0).
scaledSize	Size	The size of the entire image after scaling, if any. Use this property to stretch/shrink an image or a sprite.

size	<u>Size</u>	The display size of the sprite or image. When using sprites, you must specify the sprite size. If the size is not provided, it will be set when the image loads.	
url	string	The URL of the image or sprite sheet.	

# google.maps.MarkerShape object specification

This object defines the clickable region of a marker image for browsers other than Internet Explorer. The shape consists of two properties — type and coord — which define the non-transparent region of an image. A MarkerShape object is not required on Internet Explorer since the browser does not fire events on the transparent region of an image by default.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
coords	Array. <number></number>	The format of this attribute depends on the value of the type and follows the w3 AREA coords specification found at <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-html40/struct/objects.html#adef-coords">http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-html40/struct/objects.html#adef-coords</a> .  The coords attribute is an array of integers that specify the pixel position of the shape relative to the top-left corner of the target image. The coordinates depend on the value of type as follows: - circle: coords is [x1,y1,r] where x1,y2 are the coordinates of the center of the circle, and r is the radius of the circle poly: coords is [x1,y1,x2,y2xn,yn] where each x,y pair contains the coordinates of one vertex of the polygon rect: coords is [x1,y1,x2,y2] where x1,y1 are the coordinates of the upper-left corner of the rectangle and x2,y2 are the coordinates of the lower-right coordinates of the rectangle.
type	string	Describes the shape's type and can be circle, poly or rect.

# google.maps.Symbol object specification

Properties	Туре	Description
anchor	Point	The position of the symbol relative to the marker or polyline. The coordinates of the symbol's path are translated left and up by the anchor's x and y coordinates respectively. By default, a symbol is anchored at (0, 0). The position is expressed in the same coordinate system as the symbol's path.
fillColor	string	The symbol's fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors. For symbol markers, this defaults to 'black'. For symbols on polylines, this defaults to the stroke color of the corresponding polyline.
fillOpacity	number	The symbol's fill opacity. Defaults to 0.
path	SymbolPath string	The symbol's path, which is a built-in symbol path, or a custom path expressed using SVG path notation. Required.
rotation	number	The angle by which to rotate the symbol, expressed clockwise in degrees. Defaults to 0. A symbol in an IconSequence where fixedRotation is false is rotated relative to the angle of the edge on which it lies.
scale	number	The amount by which the symbol is scaled in size. For symbol markers, this defaults to 1; after scaling, the symbol may be of any size. For symbols on a polyline, this defaults to the stroke weight of the polyline; after scaling, the symbol must lie inside a square 22 pixels in size centered at the symbol's anchor.
strokeColor	string	The symbol's stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors. For symbol markers, this defaults to 'black'. For symbols on a polyline, this defaults to the stroke color of the polyline.
strokeOpacity	number	The symbol's stroke opacity. For symbol markers, this defaults to 1. For symbols on a polyline, this defaults to the stroke opacity of the polyline.

# google.maps.SymbolPath class

Built-in symbol paths.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
BACKWARD_CLOSED_ARROW	A backward-pointing closed arrow.
BACKWARD_OPEN_ARROW	A backward-pointing open arrow.
CIRCLE	A circle.
FORWARD_CLOSED_ARROW	A forward-pointing closed arrow.
FORWARD_OPEN_ARROW	A forward-pointing open arrow.

## google.maps.Animation class

Animations that can be played on a marker. Use the setAnimation method on Marker or the animation option to play an animation.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
BOUNCE	Marker bounces until animation is stopped.
DROP	Marker falls from the top of the map ending with a small bounce.

## google.maps.InfoWindow class

An overlay that looks like a bubble and is often connected to a marker.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
InfoWindow(opts?: InfoWindowOptions)	Creates an info window with the given options. An InfoWindow can be placed on a map at a particular position or above a marker, depending on what is specified in the options. Unless auto-pan is disabled, an InfoWindow will pan the map to make itself visible when it is opened. After constructing an InfoWindow, you must call open to display it on the map. The user can click the close button on the InfoWindow to remove it from the map, or the developer can call close() for the same effect.

Methods	Value	Description
close()	None	Closes this InfoWindow by removing it from the DOM structure.
getContent()	string Node	
getPosition()	LatLng	
getZIndex()	number	
<pre>open(map?:Map StreetViewPanorama, anchor?:MVCObject)</pre>	None	Opens this InfoWindow on the given map. Optionally, an InfoWindow can be associated with an anchor. In the core API, the only anchor is the Marker class. However, an anchor can be any MVCObject that exposes a LatLng position property and optionally a Point anchorPoint property for calculating the pixeloffset (see InfoWindowOptions). The anchorPoint is the offset from the anchor's position to the tip of the InfoWindow.
setContent(content:string Node)	None	
setOptions(options: <u>InfoWindowOptions</u> )	None	
setPosition(position:LatLng)	None	
setZIndex(zIndex:number)	None	

## **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
closeclick	None	This event is fired when the close button was clicked.
content_changed	None	This event is fired when the content property changes.
domready	None	This event is fired when the <div> containing the InfoWindow's content is attached to the DOM. You may wish to monitor this event if you are building out your info window content dynamically.</div>
position_changed	None	This event is fired when the position property changes.
zindex_changed	None	This event is fired when the InfoWindow's zIndex changes.

# google.maps.InfoWindowOptions object specification

Properties	Туре	Description	
content	string Node	Content to display in the InfoWindow. This can be an HTML element, a plain-text string, or a string containing HTML. The InfoWindow will be sized according to the content. To set an explicit size for the content, set content to be a HTML element with that size.	
disableAutoPan	boolean	Disable auto-pan on open. By default, the info window will pan the map so that it is fully visible when it opens.	
maxWidth	number	Maximum width of the infowindow, regardless of content's width. This value is only considered if it is set before a call to open. To change the maximum width when changing content, call close, setOptions, and then open.	
pixelOffset	Size	The offset, in pixels, of the tip of the info window from the point on the map at whose geographical coordinates the info window is anchored. If an InfoWindow is opened with an anchor, the <code>pixeloffset</code> will be calculated from the anchor's <code>anchorPoint</code> property.	
position	LatLnq	The LatLng at which to display this InfoWindow. If the InfoWindow is opened with an anchor, the anchor's position will be used instead.	

zIndex	number	All InfoWindows are displayed on the map in order of their zIndex, with higher values displaying in front of InfoWindows with lower values. By default, InfoWindows are displayed according to their latitude, with InfoWindows of lower latitudes appearing in front of InfoWindows at higher latitudes. InfoWindows are always displayed in front of markers.

# google.maps.Polyline class

A polyline is a linear overlay of connected line segments on the map.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Constructor

Constructor	Description
Polyline(opts?:PolylineOptions)	Create a polyline using the passed <u>PolylineOptions</u> , which specify both the path of the polyline and the stroke style to use when drawing the polyline. You may pass either an array of LatLngs or an <u>MVCArray</u> of LatLngs when constructing a polyline, though simple arrays are converted to MVCArrays within the polyline upon instantiation.

## Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getDraggable()	boolean	Returns whether this shape can be dragged by the user.
getEditable()	boolean	Returns whether this shape can be edited by the user.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this shape is attached.
getPath()	MVCArray. <latlng></latlng>	Retrieves the first path.
getVisible()	boolean	Returns whether this poly is visible on the map.
setDraggable(draggable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can drag this shape over the map. The <code>geodesic</code> property defines the mode of dragging.
setEditable(editable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can edit this shape by dragging the control points shown at the vertices and on each segment.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders this shape on the specified map. If map is set to null, the shape will be removed.
setOptions(options: PolylineOptions)	None	
setPath(path: MVCArray. < LatLng >   Array. < LatLng > )	None	Sets the first path. See PolylineOptions for more details.
setVisible(visible:boolean)	None	Hides this poly if set to false.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM click event is fired on the Polyline.
dblclick	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM dblclick event is fired on the Polyline.
drag	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the polyline.

dragend	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the polyline.
dragstart	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the polyline.
mousedown	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousedown event is fired on the Polyline.
mousemove	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousemove event is fired on the Polyline.
mouseout	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on Polyline mouseout.
mouseover	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on Polyline mouseover.
mouseup	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mouseup event is fired on the Polyline.
rightclick	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the Polyline is right-clicked on.

# google.maps.PolylineOptions object specification

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
clickable	boolean	Indicates whether this Polyline handles mouse events. Defaults to true.
draggable	boolean	If set to true, the user can drag this shape over the map. The <code>geodesic</code> property defines the mode of dragging. Defaults to <code>false</code> .
editable	boolean	If set to true, the user can edit this shape by dragging the control points shown at the vertices and on each segment. Defaults to false.
geodesic	boolean	When true, edges of the polygon are interpreted as geodesic and will follow the curvature of the Earth. When false, edges of the polygon are rendered as straight lines in screen space. Note that the shape of a geodesic polygon may appear to change when dragged, as the dimensions are maintained relative to the surface of the earth. Defaults to false.
icons	Array.< <u>IconSequence</u> >	The icons to be rendered along the polyline.
map	Map	Map on which to display Polyline.
path	MVCArray. <latlng> Array.<latlng></latlng></latlng>	The ordered sequence of coordinates of the Polyline. This path may be specified using either a simple array of LatLngs, or an MVCArray of LatLngs. Note that if you pass a simple array, it will be converted to an MVCArray Inserting or removing LatLngs in the MVCArray will automatically update the polyline on the map.
strokeColor	string	The stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0.
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels.
visible	boolean	Whether this polyline is visible on the map. Defaults to true.
zIndex	number	The zIndex compared to other polys.

# google.maps.lconSequence object specification

Describes how icons are to be rendered on a line.

If your polyline is geodesic, then the distances specified for both offset and repeat are calculated in meters by default. Setting either offset or repeat to a pixel value will cause the distances to be calculated in pixels on the screen.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
fixedRotation	boolean	If true, each icon in the sequence has the same fixed rotation regardless of the angle of the edge on which it lies. Defaults to false, in which case each icon in the sequence is rotated to align with its edge.
icon	Symbol	The icon to render on the line.
offset	string	The distance from the start of the line at which an icon is to be rendered. This distance may be expressed as a percentage of line's length (e.g. '50%') or in pixels (e.g. '50px'). Defaults to '100%'.
repeat	string	The distance between consecutive icons on the line. This distance may be expressed as a percentage of the line's length (e.g. '50%') or in pixels (e.g. '50px'). To disable repeating of the icon, specify '0'. Defaults to '0'.

## google.maps.Polygon class

A polygon (like a polyline) defines a series of connected coordinates in an ordered sequence; additionally, polygons form a closed loop and define a filled region.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description	
Polygon(opts?: PolygonOptions)	Create a polygon using the passed <u>PolygonOptions</u> , which specify the polygon's path, the stroke style for the polygon's edges, and the fill style for the polygon's interior regions. A polygon may contain one or more paths, where each path consists of an array of LatLngs. You may pass either an array of LatLngs or an <u>MVCArray</u> of LatLngs when constructing these paths. Arrays are converted to MVCArrays within the polygon upon instantiation.	

Methods	Return Value	Description
getDraggable()	boolean	Returns whether this shape can be dragged by the user.
getEditable()	boolean	Returns whether this shape can be edited by the user.
getMap()	Мар	Returns the map on which this shape is attached.
getPath()	MVCArray. <latlng></latlng>	Retrieves the first path.
getPaths()	<u>MVCArray</u> .< <u>MVCArray</u> .< <u>LatLnq</u> >>	Retrieves the

		paths for this polygon.
<pre>getVisible()</pre>	boolean	Returns whether this poly is visible on the map.
setDraggable(draggable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can drag this shape over the map. The geodesic property defines the mode of dragging.
setEditable(editable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can edit this shape by dragging the control points shown at the vertices and on each segment.
setMap(map: Map)	None	Renders this shape on the specified map. If map is set to null, the shape will be removed.
setOptions(options: PolygonOptions)	None	
setPath(path: MVCArray. < LatLng >   Array. < LatLng > )	None	Sets the first path. See PolylineOptions for more details.
setPaths(paths: MVCArray. < MVCArray. < LatLng >>   MVCArray. < LatLng >   Array. < Array. < LatLng >>   Array. <	None	Sets the path for this polygon.
setVisible(visible:boolean)	None	Hides this poly if set to false.

## **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM click event is fired on the Polygon.
dblclick	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM dblclick event is fired on the Polygon.
drag	MouseEvent	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the polygon.
dragend	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the polygon.
dragstart	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the polygon.
mousedown	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousedown event is fired on the Polygon.
mousemove	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousemove event is fired on the Polygon.

mouseout	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on Polygon mouseout.
mouseover	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on Polygon mouseover.
mouseup	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mouseup event is fired on the Polygon.
rightclick	<u>PolyMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the Polygon is right-clicked on.

# google.maps.PolygonOptions object specification

Properties	Туре	Description
clickable	boolean	Indicates whether this Polygon handles mouse events. Defaults to true.
draggable	boolean	If set to true, the user can drag this shape over the map. The <code>geodesic</code> property defines the mode of dragging. Defaults to <code>false</code> .
editable	boolean	If set to true, the user can edit this shape by dragging the control points shown at the vertices and on each segment. Defaults to false.
fillColor	string	The fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
fillOpacity	number	The fill opacity between 0.0 and 1.0
geodesic	boolean	When true, edges of the polygon are interpreted as geodesic and will follow the curvature of the Earth. When false, edges of the polygon are rendered as straight lines in screen space. Note that the shape of a geodesic polygon may appear to change when dragged, as the dimensions are maintained relative to the surface of the earth. Defaults to false.
map	Map	Map on which to display Polygon.
paths	MVCArray. <mvcarray.<latlng>&gt; MVCArray.<latlng> Array.<latlng>&gt; Array.<latlng>&gt; Array.<latlng>&gt;</latlng></latlng></latlng></latlng></mvcarray.<latlng>	The ordered sequence of coordinates that designates a closed loop. Unlike polylines, a polygon may consist of one or more paths. As a result, the paths property may specify one or more arrays of LatLng coordinates. Paths are closed automatically; do not repeat the first vertex of the path as the last vertex. Simple polygons may be defined using a single array of LatLngs. More complex polygons may specify an array of arrays. Any simple arrays are converted into MVCATTAY. Inserting or removing LatLngs from the MVCATTAY will automatically update the polygon on the map.

strokeColor	string	The stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0
strokePosition	StrokePosition	The stroke position. Defaults to CENTER. This property is not supported on Internet Explorer 8 and earlier.
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels.
visible	boolean	Whether this polygon is visible on the map. Defaults to true.
zIndex	number	The zIndex compared to other polys.

# google.maps.PolyMouseEvent object specification

This object is returned from mouse events on polylines and polygons.

This object extends MouseEvent.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
edge	number	The index of the edge within the path beneath the cursor when the event occurred, if the event occurred on a mid-point on an editable polygon.
path	number	The index of the path beneath the cursor when the event occurred, if the event occurred on a vertex and the polygon is editable. Otherwise undefined.
vertex	number	The index of the vertex beneath the cursor when the event occurred, if the event occurred on a vertex and the polyline or polygon is editable. If the event does not occur on a vertex, the value is undefined.

# google.maps.Rectangle class

A rectangle overlay.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Rectangle(opts?:RectangleOptions)	Create a rectangle using the passed RectangleOptions, which specify the bounds and style.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBounds()	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	

		Returns the bounds of this rectangle.
getDraggable()	boolean	Returns whether this rectangle can be dragged by the user.
getEditable()	boolean	Returns whether this rectangle can be edited by the user.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this rectangle is displayed.
getVisible()	boolean	Returns whether this rectangle is visible on the map.
setBounds(bounds: <u>LatLngBounds</u> )	None	Sets the bounds of this rectangle.
setDraggable(draggable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can drag this rectangle over the map.
setEditable(editable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can edit this rectangle by dragging the control points shown at the corners and on each edge.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the rectangle on the specified map. If map is set to null, the rectangle will be removed.
setOptions(options: RectangleOptions)	None	
setVisible(visible:boolean)	None	Hides this rectangle if set to false.

## **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
bounds_changed	None	This event is fired when the rectangle's bounds are changed.
click	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM click event is fired on the rectangle.
dblclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM dblclick event is fired on the rectangle.
drag	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the rectangle.
dragend	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the rectangle.
dragstart	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the rectangle.
mousedown	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousedown event is fired on the rectangle.
mousemove	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousemove event is fired on the rectangle.
mouseout	MouseEvent	This event is fired on rectangle mouseout.
mouseover	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on rectangle mouseover.
mouseup	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mouseup event is fired on the rectangle.
rightclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the rectangle is right-clicked on.

# google.maps.RectangleOptions object specification

Properties	Туре	Description	
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	The bounds.	
clickable	boolean	Indicates whether this Rectangle handles mouse events. Defaults to true.	
draggable	boolean		

		If set to true, the user can drag this rectangle over the map. Defaults to false.	
editable	boolean	If set to true, the user can edit this rectangle by dragging the control points shown at the corners and on each edge. Defaults to false.	
fillColor	string	The fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.	
fillOpacity	number	The fill opacity between 0.0 and 1.0	
map	Map	Map on which to display Rectangle.	
strokeColor	string	The stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.	
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0	
strokePosition	StrokePosition	The stroke position. Defaults to CENTER. This property is not supported on Internet Explorer 8 and earlier.	
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels.	
visible	boolean	Whether this rectangle is visible on the map. Defaults to true.	
zIndex	number	The zIndex compared to other polys.	
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# google.maps.Circle class

A circle on the Earth's surface; also known as a "spherical cap".

This class extends MVCObject.

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Circle(opts?:CircleOptions)	Create a circle using the passed CircleOptions, which specify the center, radius, and style.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBounds()	LatLngBounds	Gets the LatLngBounds of this Circle.
getCenter()	LatLng	Returns the center of this circle.
getDraggable()	boolean	Returns whether this circle can be dragged by the user.
getEditable()	boolean	Returns whether this circle can be edited by the user.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this circle is displayed.
getRadius()	number	Returns the radius of this circle (in meters).
getVisible()	boolean	Returns whether this circle is visible on the map.
setCenter(center: <u>LatLng</u> )	None	Sets the center of this circle.
setDraggable(draggable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can drag this circle over the map.
setEditable(editable:boolean)	None	If set to true, the user can edit this circle by dragging the control points shown at the center and around the circumference of the circle.

setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the circle on the specified map. If map is set to null, the circle will be removed.
setOptions(options: <u>CircleOptions</u> )	None	
setRadius(radius:number)	None	Sets the radius of this circle (in meters).
setVisible(visible:boolean)	None	Hides this circle if set to false.

## **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description	
center_changed	None	This event is fired when the circle's center is changed.	
click	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the DOM click event is fired on the circle.	
dblclick	MouseEvent	This event is fired when the DOM dblclick event is fired on the circle.	
drag	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is repeatedly fired while the user drags the circle.	
dragend	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user stops dragging the circle.	
dragstart	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user starts dragging the circle.	
mousedown	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousedown event is fired on the circle.	
mousemove	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mousemove event is fired on the circle.	
mouseout	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on circle mouseout.	
mouseover	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired on circle mouseover.	
mouseup	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM mouseup event is fired on the circle.	
radius_changed	None	This event is fired when the circle's radius is changed.	
rightclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the circle is right-clicked on.	

# google.maps.CircleOptions object specification

Properties	Туре	Description
center	<u>LatLnq</u>	The center
clickable	boolean	Indicates whether this circle handles mouse events. Defaults to true.
draggable	boolean	If set to true, the user can drag this circle over the map. Defaults to false.
editable	boolean	If set to true, the user can edit this circle by dragging the control points shown at the center and around the circumference of the circle. Defaults to false.
fillColor	string	The fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
fillOpacity	number	The fill opacity between 0.0 and 1.0
map	Map	Map on which to display Circle.
radius	number	The radius in meters on the Earth's surface
editable  fillColor  fillOpacity  map	boolean string number	If set to true, the user can edit this circle by dragging the control points shown at the center and around the circums of the circle. Defaults to false.  The fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.  The fill opacity between 0.0 and 1.0  Map on which to display Circle.

strokeColor	string	The stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.	
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0	
strokePosition	StrokePosition	The stroke position. Defaults to CENTER. This property is not supported on Internet Explorer 8 and earlier.	
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels.	
visible	boolean	Whether this circle is visible on the map. Defaults to true.	
zIndex	number	The zIndex compared to other polys.	

# google.maps.StrokePosition object specification

The possible positions of the stroke on a polygon.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
CENTER	The stroke is centered on the polygon's path, with half the stroke inside the polygon and half the stroke outside the polygon.
INSIDE	The stroke lies inside the polygon.
OUTSIDE	The stroke lies outside the polygon.

# google.maps.GroundOverlay class

A rectangular image overlay on the map.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
GroundOverlay(url:string, bounds: <u>LatLngBounds</u> , opts? :GroundOverlayOptions)	Creates a ground overlay from the provided image URL and its LatLngBounds. The image is scaled to fit the current bounds, and projected using the current map projection.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBounds()	LatLngBounds	Gets the LatLngBounds of this overlay.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this ground overlay is displayed.
getOpacity()	number	Returns the opacity of this ground overlay.
getUrl()	string	Gets the url of the projected image.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the ground overlay on the specified map. If map is set to null, the overlay is removed.
setOpacity(opacity:number)	None	Sets the opacity of this ground overlay.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description	
click	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM click event is fired on the GroundOverlay.	
dblclick	<u>MouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the DOM dblclick event is fired on the GroundOverlay.	

## google.maps.GroundOverlayOptions object specification

This object defines the properties that can be set on a GroundOverlay object.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description		
clickable	boolean	If true, the ground overlay can receive mouse events.		
map	Map	he map on which to display the overlay.		
opacity	number	The opacity of the overlay, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Optional. Defaults to 1.		

## google.maps.OverlayView class

You can implement this class if you want to display custom types of overlay objects on the map.

Inherit from this class by setting your overlay's prototype: MyOverlay.prototype = new google.maps.OverlayView();. The OverlayView constructor is guaranteed to be an empty function.

You must implement three methods: onAdd(), draw(), and onRemove().

- In the onAdd() method, you should create DOM objects and append them as children of the panes.
- In the draw() method, you should position these elements.
- In the onRemove() method, you should remove the objects from the DOM.

You must call <code>setMap()</code> with a valid <code>Map</code> object to trigger the <code>call</code> to the <code>onAdd()</code> method and <code>setMap(null)</code> in order to trigger the <code>onRemove()</code> method. The <code>setMap()</code> method can be called at the time of construction or at any point afterward when the overlay should be re-shown after removing. The <code>draw()</code> method will then be called whenever a map property changes that could change the position of the element, such as zoom, center, or map type.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
OverlayView()	Creates an overlayView.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
draw()	None	Implement this method to draw or update the overlay. This method is called after onAdd() and when the position from projection.fromLatLngToPixel() would return a new value for a given LatLng. This can happen on change of zoom, center, or map type. It is not necessarily called on drag or resize.
getMap()	Map   StreetViewPanorama	
getPanes()	<u>MapPanes</u>	Returns the panes in which this OverlayView can be rendered. The panes are not initialized until onAdd is called by the API.
getProjection()	MapCanvasProjection	Returns the MapCanvasProjection object associated with this OverlayView. The projection is not initialized until onAdd is called by the API.
onAdd()	None	Implement this method to initialize the overlay DOM elements. This method is called once after setMap() is called with a valid map. At this point, panes and projection will have been initialized.
onRemove()	None	Implement this method to remove your elements from the DOM. This method is called once following a call to setMap(null).
setMap(map: Map   StreetViewPanorama)	None	Adds the overlay to the map or panorama.

## google.maps.MapPanes object specification

This object contains the DOM elements in which overlays are rendered. They are listed below with 'Pane 0' at the bottom and 'Pane 6' at the top.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
floatPane	Node	This pane contains the info window. It is above all map overlays. (Pane 6).
floatShadow	Node	This pane contains the info window shadow. It is above the overlayImage, so that markers can be in the shadow of the info window. (Pane 4).
mapPane	Node	This pane is the lowest pane and is above the tiles. It may not receive DOM events. (Pane 0).
overlayImage	Node	This pane contains the marker foreground images. (Pane 3).
overlayLayer	Node	This pane contains polylines, polygons, ground overlays and tile layer overlays. It may not receive DOM events. (Pane 1).
overlayMouseTarget	Node	This pane contains elements that receive DOM mouse events, such as the transparent targets for markers. It is above the floatShadow, so that markers in the shadow of the info window can be clickable. (Pane 5).
overlayShadow	Node	This pane contains the marker shadows. It may not receive DOM events. (Pane 2).

## google.maps.MapCanvasProjection object specification

This object is made available to the <code>overlayView</code> from within the draw method. It is not guaranteed to be initialized until draw is called.

This object extends MVCObject.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>fromContainerPixelToLatLng(pixel:Point, nowrap?:boolean)</pre>	LatLng	Computes the geographical coordinates from pixel coordinates in the map's container.
<pre>fromDivPixelToLatLng(pixel:Point, nowrap?:boolean)</pre>	LatLng	Computes the geographical coordinates from pixel coordinates in the div that holds the draggable map.
fromLatLngToContainerPixel(latLng:LatLng)	<u>Point</u>	Computes the pixel coordinates of the given geographical location in the map's container element.
fromLatLngToDivPixel(latLng:LatLng)	Point	Computes the pixel coordinates of the given geographical location in the DOM element that holds the draggable map.
getWorldWidth()	number	The width of the world in pixels in the current zoom level. For projections with a heading angle of either 90 or 270 degrees, this corresponds to the pixel span in the Y-axis.

## google.maps.Geocoder class

A service for converting between an address and a LatLng.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Geocoder()	Creates a new instance of a Geocoder that sends geocode requests to Google servers.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>geocode(request:<u>GeocoderRequest</u>, callback:function(Array.&lt;<u>GeocoderResult</u>&gt;, <u>GeocoderStatus</u>))</pre>	None	Geocode a request.

## google.maps.GeocoderRequest object specification

The specification for a geocoding request to be sent to the <code>Geocoder</code>.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
address	string	Address. Optional.	
bounds	LatLngBounds	LatLngBounds within which to search. Optional.	
location	LatLng	LatLng about which to search. Optional.	
region	string	Country code used to bias the search, specified as a Unicode region subtag / CLDR identifier. Optional.	

# $google.maps. Geocoder Component Restrictions\ object\ specification$

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
administrativeArea	string	Matches all the administrative_area levels. Optional.	
country	string	Matches a country name or a two letter ISO 3166-1 country code. Optional.	
locality	string	Matches against both locality and sublocality types. Optional.	
postalCode	string	Matches postal_code and postal_code_prefix. Optional.	
route	string	Matches the long or short name of a route. Optional.	

## google.maps.GeocoderStatus class

The status returned by the <code>Geocoder</code> on the completion of a call to <code>geocode()</code>.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
ERROR	There was a problem contacting the Google servers.	
INVALID_REQUEST	This GeocoderRequest was invalid.	
OK	The response contains a valid GeocoderResponse.	
OVER_QUERY_LIMIT	The webpage has gone over the requests limit in too short a period of time.	
REQUEST_DENIED	The webpage is not allowed to use the geocoder.	
UNKNOWN_ERROR	A geocoding request could not be processed due to a server error. The request may succeed if you try again.	
ZERO_RESULTS	No result was found for this GeocoderRequest.	

## google.maps.GeocoderResult object specification

A single geocoder result retrieved from the geocode server. A geocode request may return multiple result objects. Note that though this result is "JSON-like," it is not strictly JSON, as it indirectly includes a LatLng object.

Properties	Туре	Description
address_components	Array.< <u>GeocoderAddressComponent</u> >	An array of GeocoderAddressComponentS
formatted_address	string	A string containing the human-readable address of this location.
geometry	GeocoderGeometry	A GeocoderGeometry object
partial_match	boolean	Whether the geocoder did not return an exact match for the original request, though it was able

		to match part of the requested address.	
postcode_localities	Array. <string></string>	An array of strings denoting all the localities contained in a postal code. This is only present when the result is a postal code that contains multiple localities.	
types	Array. <string></string>	An array of strings denoting the type of the returned geocoded element. For a list of possible strings, refer to the <u>Address Component Types</u> section of the Developer's Guide.	

# google.maps.GeocoderAddressComponent object specification

A single address component within a GeocoderResult. A full address may consist of multiple address components.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
long_name	string	The full text of the address component
short_name	string	The abbreviated, short text of the given address component
types	Array. <string></string>	An array of strings denoting the type of this address component. A list of valid types can be found here

## google.maps.GeocoderGeometry object specification

Geometry information about this GeocoderResult

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	The precise bounds of this GeocoderResult, if applicable	
location	LatLng	The latitude/longitude coordinates of this result	
location_type	GeocoderLocationType	The type of location returned in location	
viewport	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	The bounds of the recommended viewport for displaying this GeocoderResult	

## google.maps.GeocoderLocationType class

Describes the type of location returned from a geocode.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
APPROXIMATE	The returned result is approximate.
GEOMETRIC_CENTER	The returned result is the geometric center of a result such a line (e.g. street) or polygon (region).
RANGE_INTERPOLATED	The returned result reflects an approximation (usually on a road) interpolated between two precise points (such as intersections). Interpolated results are generally returned when rooftop geocodes are unavailable for a street address.

# $google.maps. Directions Renderer\ class$

Renders directions retrieved in the form of a <u>DirectionsResult</u> object retrieved from the <u>DirectionsService</u>.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
DirectionsRenderer(opts? :DirectionsRendererOptions)	Creates the renderer with the given options. Directions can be rendered on a map (as visual overlays) or additionally on a <div> panel (as textual instructions).</div>

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getDirections()	DirectionsResult	Returns the renderer's current set of directions.
getMap()	<u>Map</u>	Returns the map on which the DirectionsResult is rendered.
getPanel()	Node	Returns the panel <div> in which the DirectionsResult is rendered.</div>
<pre>getRouteIndex()</pre>	number	Returns the current (zero-based) route index in use by this DirectionsRenderer object.
setDirections(directions: <u>DirectionsResult</u> )	None	Set the renderer to use the result from the DirectionsService. Setting a valid set of directions in this manner will display the directions on the renderer's designated map and panel.
setMap(map: Map)	None	This method specifies the map on which directions will be rendered. Pass <code>null</code> to remove the directions from the map.
setOptions(options: <u>DirectionsRendererOptions</u> )	None	Change the options settings of this DirectionsRenderer after initialization.
setPanel(panel:Node)	None	This method renders the directions in a <div>. Pass null to remove the content from the panel.</div>
setRouteIndex(routeIndex:number)	None	Set the (zero-based) index of the route in the <code>DirectionsResult</code> object to render. By default, the first route in the array will be rendered.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
directions_changed	None	This event is fired when the rendered directions change, either when a new DirectionsResult is set or when the user finishes dragging a change to the directions path.

## google.maps.DirectionsRendererOptions object specification

This object defines the properties that can be set on a DirectionsRenderer object.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description		
directions <u>DirectionsResult</u>		The directions to display on the map and/or in a <div> panel, retrieved as a DirectionsResult object from DirectionsService.</div>		
draggable	boolean	If true, allows the user to drag and modify the paths of routes rendered by this DirectionsRenderer.		
hideRouteList boolean		This property indicates whether the renderer should provide UI to select amongst alternative routes. By default, this flag is false and a user-selectable list of routes will be shown in the directions' associated panel. To hide that list, set hideRouteList to true.		
infoWindow <u>InfoWindow</u>		The InfoWindow in which to render text information when a marker is clicked. Existing info window content will be overwritten and its position moved. If no info window is specified, the DirectionsRenderer will create and use its own info window. This property will be ignored if SuppressInfoWindows is set to true.		
map	Map	Map on which to display the directions.		
markerOptions	MarkerOptions	Options for the markers. All markers rendered by the DirectionsRenderer will use these options.		
panel	Node	The <div> in which to display the directions steps.</div>		
polylineOptions	PolylineOptions	Options for the polylines. All polylines rendered by the DirectionsRenderer will use these options.		
preserveViewport	boolean	By default, the input map is centered and zoomed to the bounding box of this set of directions. If this option is set to true, the viewport is left unchanged, unless the map's center and zoom were never set.		
routeIndex	number	The index of the route within the DirectionsResult object. The default value is 0.		
suppressBicyclingLayer	boolean	Suppress the rendering of the BicyclingLayer when bicycling directions are requested.		
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows.		
suppressMarkers	boolean	Suppress the rendering of markers.		
suppressPolylines	boolean	Suppress the rendering of polylines.		

# google.maps.DirectionsService class

A service for computing directions between two or more places.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
DirectionsService()	Creates a new instance of a DirectionsService that sends directions queries to Google servers.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
route(request: <u>DirectionsRequest</u> , callback:function( <u>DirectionsResult</u> , <u>DirectionsStatus</u> ))	None	Issue a directions search request.

# google.maps.DirectionsRequest object specification

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
avoidHighways	boolean	If true, instructs the Directions service to avoid highways where possible. Optional.
avoidTolls	boolean	If true, instructs the Directions service to avoid toll roads where possible. Optional.
destination	LatLng string	Location of destination. This can be specified as either a string to be geocoded or a LatLng. Required.
durationInTraffic	boolean	Whether or not we should provide trip duration based on current traffic conditions. Only available to Maps API for Business customers.
optimizeWaypoints	boolean	If set to true, the DirectionService will attempt to re-order the supplied intermediate waypoints to minimize overall cost of the route. If waypoints are optimized, inspect DirectionsRoute.waypoint_order in the response to determine the new ordering.
origin	<u>LatLng</u>  string	Location of origin. This can be specified as either a string to be geocoded or a LatLng. Required.
provideRouteAlternatives	boolean	Whether or not route alternatives should be provided. Optional.
region	string	Region code used as a bias for geocoding requests. Optional.
transitOptions	TransitOptions	Settings that apply only to requests where travelMode is TRANSIT. This object will have no effect for other travel modes.
travelMode	<u>TravelMode</u>	Type of routing requested. Required.
unitSystem	UnitSystem	Preferred unit system to use when displaying distance. Defaults to the unit system used in the country of origin.
waypoints	Array.< <u>DirectionsWaypoint</u> >	Array of intermediate waypoints. Directions will be calculated from the origin to the destination by way of each waypoint in this array. The maximum allowed waypoints is 8, plus the origin, and destination. Maps API for Business customers are allowed 23 waypoints, plus the origin, and destination. Waypoints are not supported for transit directions. Optional.

# google.maps.TravelMode class

The valid travel modes that can be specified in a DirectionsRequest as well as the travel modes returned in a DirectionsStep.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
BICYCLING	Specifies a bicycling directions request.
DRIVING	Specifies a driving directions request.
TRANSIT	Specifies a transit directions request.
WALKING	Specifies a walking directions request.

# google.maps.UnitSystem class

The valid unit systems that can be specified in a <u>DirectionsRequest</u>.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
IMPERIAL	Specifies that distances in the DirectionsResult should be expressed in imperial units.
METRIC	Specifies that distances in the DirectionsResult should be expressed in metric units.

# google.maps.TransitOptions object specification

The TransitOptions object to be included in a <u>DirectionsRequest</u> when the travel mode is set to TRANSIT.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
arrivalTime	Date	The desired arrival time for the route, specified as a Date object. The Date object measures time in milliseconds since 1 January 1970. If arrival time is specified, departure time is ignored.
departureTime	Date	The desired departure time for the route, specified as a Date object. The Date object measures time in milliseconds since 1 January 1970. If neither departure time nor arrival time is specified, the time is assumed to be "now".

### google.maps.DirectionsWaypoint object specification

A DirectionsWaypoint represents a location between origin and destination through which the trip should be routed.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
location	<u>LatLnq</u>  string	Waypoint location. Can be an address string or LatLing. Optional.
stopover	boolean	If true, indicates that this waypoint is a stop between the origin and destination. This has the effect of splitting the route into two. This value is true by default. Optional.

### google.maps.DirectionsStatus class

The status returned by the DirectionsService on the completion of a call to route().

#### Constant

Constant	Description
INVALID_REQUEST	The DirectionsRequest provided was invalid.
MAX_WAYPOINTS_EXCEEDED	Too many DirectionsWaypoints were provided in the DirectionsRequest. The total allowed waypoints is 8, plus the origin and destination. Maps API for Business customers are allowed 23 waypoints, plus the origin, and destination.

NOT_FOUND	At least one of the origin, destination, or waypoints could not be geocoded.
OK	The response contains a valid DirectionsResult.
OVER_QUERY_LIMIT	The webpage has gone over the requests limit in too short a period of time.
REQUEST_DENIED	The webpage is not allowed to use the directions service.
UNKNOWN_ERROR	A directions request could not be processed due to a server error. The request may succeed if you try again.
ZERO_RESULTS No route could be found between the origin and destination.	

### google.maps.DirectionsResult object specification

The directions response retrieved from the directions server. You can render these using a <u>DirectionsRenderer</u> or parse this object and render it yourself. You must display the warnings and copyrights as noted in the <u>Maps API terms of service</u>. Note that though this result is "JSON-like," it is not strictly JSON, as it indirectly includes <u>LatLng</u> objects.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
routes	Array.< <u>DirectionsRoute</u> >	An array of DirectionsRoutes, each of which contains information about the legs and steps of which it is composed. There will only be one route unless the DirectionsRequest was made with provideRouteAlternatives set to true.

### google.maps.DirectionsRoute object specification

A single route containing a set of legs in a <u>DirectionsResult</u>. Note that though this object is "JSON-like," it is not strictly JSON, as it directly and indirectly includes LatLng objects.

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	The bounds for this route.
copyrights	string	Copyrights text to be displayed for this route.
legs	Array.< <u>DirectionsLeg</u> >	An array of DirectionsLegs, each of which contains information about the steps of which it is composed. There will be one leg for each waypoint or destination specified. So a route with no waypoints will contain one DirectionsLeg and a route with one waypoint will contain two.
overview_path	Array.< <u>LatIng</u> >	An array of LatLings representing the entire course of this route. The path is simplified in order to make it suitable in contexts where a small number of vertices is required (such as Static Maps API URLs).
warnings	Array. <string></string>	Warnings to be displayed when showing these directions.
waypoint_order	Array. <number></number>	If optimizeWaypoints was set to true, this field will contain the re-ordered permutation of the input waypoints. For example, if the input was: Origin: Los Angeles Waypoints: Dallas, Bangor, Phoenix Destination: New York and the optimized output was ordered as follows: Origin: Los Angeles Waypoints: Phoenix, Dallas, Bangor Destination: New York

then this field will be an Array containing the values [2, 0, 1]. Note that the numbering of waypoints is zero-based. If any of the input waypoints has stopover set to false, this field will be empty, since route optimization is not available for such queries.

### google.maps.DirectionsLeg object specification

A single leg consisting of a set of steps in a <u>DirectionsResult</u>. Some fields in the leg may not be returned for all requests. Note that though this result is "JSON-like," it is not strictly JSON, as it directly and indirectly includes <u>LatLng</u> objects.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
arrival_time	Time	An estimated arrival time for this leg. Only applicable for TRANSIT requests.
departure_time	Time	An estimated departure time for this leg. Only applicable for TRANSIT requests.
distance	Distance	The total distance covered by this leg. This property may be undefined as the distance may be unknown.
duration	Duration	The total duration of this leg. This property may be undefined as the duration may be unknown.
duration_in_traffic	Duration	The total duration of this leg, taking into account current traffic conditions. This property may be undefined as the duration may be unknown. Only available to Maps API for Business customers when <code>durationInTraffic</code> is set to <code>true</code> when making the request.
end_address	string	The address of the destination of this leg.
end_location	LatLng	The DirectionsService calculates directions between locations by using the nearest transportation option (usually a road) at the start and end locations. end_location indicates the actual geocoded destination, which may be different than the end_location of the last step if, for example, the road is not near the destination of this leg.
start_address	string	The address of the origin of this leg.
start_location	LatLng	The DirectionsService calculates directions between locations by using the nearest transportation option (usually a road) at the start and end locations. start_location indicates the actual geocoded origin, which may be different than the start_location of the first step if, for example, the road is not near the origin of this leg.
steps	Array.< <u>DirectionsStep</u> >	An array of DirectionsSteps, each of which contains information about the individual steps in this leg.
via_waypoints	Array.< <u>LatLng</u> >	An array of waypoints along this leg that were not specified in the original request, either as a result of a user dragging the polyline or selecting an alternate route.

## google.maps.DirectionsStep object specification

A single DirectionsStep in a DirectionsResult. Some fields may be undefined. Note that though this object is "JSON-like," it is not strictly JSON, as it directly includes LatIng objects.

Properties	Туре	Description
distance	<u>Distance</u>	The distance covered by this step. This property may be undefined as the distance may be unknown.
duration	Duration	The typical time required to perform this step in seconds and in text form. This property may be undefined as the duration

		may be unknown.
end_location	LatLng	The ending location of this step.
instructions	string	Instructions for this step.
path	Array.< <u>LatLng</u> >	A sequence of LatLngs describing the course of this step.
start_location	LatLng	The starting location of this step.
steps	DirectionsStep	Sub-steps of this step. Specified for non-transit sections of transit routes.
transit	<u>TransitDetails</u>	Transit-specific details about this step. This property will be undefined unless the travel mode of this step is TRANSIT.
travel_mode	TravelMode	The mode of travel used in this step.

# google.maps.Distance object specification

A representation of distance as a numeric value and a display string.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description		
text	string	A string representation of the distance value, using the UnitSystem specified in the request.		
value	number	The distance in meters.		

# google.maps.Duration object specification

A representation of duration as a numeric value and a display string.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
text	string	A string representation of the duration value.	
value	number	The duration in seconds.	

# google.maps.Time object specification

Properties	Туре	Description
text	string	A string representing the time's value. The time is displayed in the time zone of the transit stop.
time_zone	string	The time zone in which this stop lies. The value is the name of the time zone as defined in the IANA Time Zone Database, e.g. "America/New_York".
value	Date	The time of this departure or arrival, specified as a JavaScript Date object.

# google.maps.TransitDetails object specification

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
arrival_stop	TransitStop	The arrival stop of this transit step.	
arrival_time	<u>Time</u>	The arrival time of this step, specified as a Time object.	
departure_stop	TransitStop	The departure stop of this transit step.	
departure_time	<u>Time</u>	The departure time of this step, specified as a Time object.	
headsign	string	The direction in which to travel on this line, as it is marked on the vehicle or at the departure stop.	
headway	number	The expected number of seconds between equivalent vehicles at this stop.	
line	TransitLine	Details about the transit line used in this step.	
num_stops	number	The number of stops on this step. Includes the arrival stop, but not the departure stop.	

# google.maps.TransitStop object specification

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
location	LatLnq	The location of this stop.	
name	string	The name of this transit stop.	

# google.maps.TransitLine object specification

Properties	Туре	Description		
agencies	Array. <transitagency></transitagency>	The transit agency that operates this transit line.		
color	string	The color commonly used in signage for this transit line, represented as a hex string.		
icon	string	The URL for an icon associated with this line.		
name	string	The full name of this transit line, e.g. "8 Avenue Local".		
short_name	string The short name of this transit line, e.g. "E".			
text_color	string	The text color commonly used in signage for this transit line, represented as a hex string.		
url	string	The agency's URL which is specific to this transit line.		
vehicle	TransitVehicle  The type of vehicle used, e.g. train or bus.			

# google.maps.TransitAgency object specification

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
name	string	The name of this transit agency.	
phone	string	The transit agency's phone number.	
url	string	The transit agency's URL.	

# google.maps.TransitVehicle object specification

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description		
icon	string	A URL for an icon that corresponds to the type of vehicle used on this line.		
local_icon	string	URL for an icon that corresponds to the type of vehicle used in this region instead of the more general icon.		
name	string	A name for this type of TransitVehicle, e.g. "Train" or "Bus".		
type	<u>VehicleType</u>	The type of vehicle used, e.g. train, bus, or ferry.		

### google.maps.VehicleType object specification

Possible values for vehicle types. These values are specifed as strings, i.e. 'BUS' or 'TRAIN'.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
BUS	Bus.
CABLE_CAR	A vehicle that operates on a cable, usually on the ground. Aerial cable cars may be of the type GONDOLA_LIFT.
COMMUTER_TRAIN	Commuter rail.
FERRY	Ferry.
FUNICULAR	A vehicle that is pulled up a steep incline by a cable.
GONDOLA_LIFT	An aerial cable car.
HEAVY_RAIL	Heavy rail.
HIGH_SPEED_TRAIN	High speed train.
INTERCITY_BUS	Intercity bus.
METRO_RAIL	Light rail.
MONORAIL	Monorail.

OTHER	Other vehicles.
RAIL	Rail.
SHARE_TAXI	Share taxi is a sort of bus transport with ability to drop off and pick up passengers anywhere on its route. Generally share taxi uses minibus vehicles.
SUBWAY	Underground light rail.
TRAM	Above ground light rail.
TROLLEYBUS	Trolleybus.

### google.maps.ElevationService class

Defines a service class that talks directly to Google servers for requesting elevation data.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
ElevationService()	Creates a new instance of a ElevationService that sends elevation queries to Google servers.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getElevationAlongPath(request: PathElevationRequest, callback:function(Array.&lt;<u>ElevationResult</u>&gt;, <u>ElevationStatus</u>))</pre>	None	Makes an elevation request along a path, where the elevation data are returned as distance-based samples along that path.
<pre>getElevationForLocations(request:LocationElevationRequest, callback:function(Array.&lt;<u>ElevationResult</u>&gt;, <u>ElevationStatus</u>))</pre>	None	Makes an elevation request for a list of discrete locations.

### google.maps.LocationElevationRequest object specification

An elevation request sent by the ElevationService containing the list of discrete coordinates (LatLngs) for which to return elevation data.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
locations	Array.< <u>LatLng</u> >	The discrete locations for which to retrieve elevations.

### google.maps.PathElevationRequest object specification

An elevation query sent by the ElevationService containing the path along which to return sampled data. This request defines a continuous path along the earth along which elevation samples should be taken at evenly-spaced distances. All paths from vertex to vertex use segments of the great circle between those two points.

Properties	Туре	Description	
path	Array.< <u>LatLnq</u> >	The path along which to collect elevation values.	
samples	Required. The number of equidistant points along the given path for which to retrieve elevation data, including the endpoint The number of samples must be a value between 2 and 512 inclusive.		

### google.maps.ElevationResult object specification

The result of an ElevationService request, consisting of the set of elevation coordinates and their elevation values. Note that a single request may produce multiple ElevationResultS.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
elevation	number	The elevation of this point on Earth, in meters above sea level.
location	<u>LatLnq</u>	The location of this elevation result.
resolution	number	The distance, in meters, between sample points from which the elevation was interpolated. This property will be missing if the resolution is not known. Note that elevation data becomes more coarse (larger resolution values) when multiple points are passed. To obtain the most accurate elevation value for a point, it should be queried independently.

### google.maps.ElevationStatus class

The status returned by the ElevationService upon completion of an elevation requerst.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
INVALID_REQUEST	This request was invalid.	
OK	The request did not encounter any errors.	
OVER_QUERY_LIMIT	The webpage has gone over the requests limit in too short a period of time.	
REQUEST_DENIED	The webpage is not allowed to use the elevation service for some reason.	
UNKNOWN_ERROR	A geocoding, directions or elevation request could not be successfully processed, yet the exact reason for the failure is not known.	

### google.maps.MaxZoomService class

A service for obtaining the highest zoom level at which satellite imagery is available for a given location.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
MaxZoomService()	Creates a new instance of a MaxZoomService that can be used to send queries about the maximum zoom level available for satellite imagery.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getMaxZoomAtLatLng(latlng:LatLng, callback:function(MaxZoomResult))</pre>	None	Returns the maximum zoom level available at a particular LatLng for the Satellite map type. As this request is asynchronous, you must pass a callback function which will be executed upon completion of the request, being passed a MaxZoomResult.

### google.maps.MaxZoomResult object specification

A MaxZoom result in JSON format retrieved from the MaxZoomService.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
status	<u>MaxZoomStatus</u>	Status of the request.	
zoom	number	The maximum zoom level found at the given LatLng.	

### google.maps.MaxZoomStatus class

The status returned by the MaxZoomService on the completion of a call to getMaxZoomAtLatLng().

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
ERROR	There was a problem contacting the Google servers.	
OK	The response contains a valid MaxZoomResult.	

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixService class

A service for computing distances between multiple origins and destinations.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
DistanceMatrixService()	Creates a new instance of a DistanceMatrixService that sends distance matrix queries to Google servers.

#### Methods

<pre>getDistanceMatrix(request: DistanceMatrixRequest, callback:function(DistanceMatrixResponse, DistanceMatrixStatus))</pre>	None	Issues a distance matrix request.
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### google.maps.DistanceMatrixRequest object specification

A distance matrix query sent by the DistanceMatrixService containing arrays of origin and destination locations, and various options for computing metrics.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
avoidHighways	boolean	If true, instructs the Distance Matrix service to avoid highways where possible. Optional.
avoidTolls	boolean	If true, instructs the Distance Matrix service to avoid toll roads where possible. Optional.
destinations	Array.< <u>LatLnq</u> > Array. <string></string>	An array containing destination address strings and/or LatLngs, to which to calculate distance and time. Required.
durationInTraffic	boolean	Whether or not we should provide trip durations based on current traffic conditions. Only available to Maps API for Business customers.
origins	Array.< <u>LatLnq</u> > Array. <string></string>	An array containing origin address strings and/or LatLngs, from which to calculate distance and time. Required.
region	string	Region code used as a bias for geocoding requests. Optional.
travelMode	<u>TravelMode</u>	Type of routing requested. Required.
unitSystem	UnitSystem	Preferred unit system to use when displaying distance. Optional; defaults to metric.

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixResponse object specification

The response to a DistanceMatrixService request, consisting of the formatted origin and destination addresses, and a sequence of DistanceMatrixResponseRows, one for each corresponding origin address.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
destinationAddresses	Array. <string></string>	The formatted destination addresses.
originAddresses	Array. <string></string>	The formatted origin addresses.
rows	Array.< <u>DistanceMatrixResponseRow</u> >	The rows of the matrix, corresponding to the origin addresses.

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixResponseRow object specification

A row of the response to a DistanceMatrixService request, consisting of a sequence of DistanceMatrixResponseElements, one for each corresponding destination address.

Properties Type		Description	
elements	Array.< <u>DistanceMatrixResponseElement</u> >	The row's elements, corresponding to the destination addresses.	

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixResponseElement object specification

A single element of a response to a DistanceMatrixService request, which contains the duration and distance from one origin to one destination.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
distance	<u>Distance</u>	The distance for this origin-destination pairing. This property may be undefined as the distance may be unknown.	
duration	Duration	The duration for this origin-destination pairing. This property may be undefined as the duration may be unknown.	
status	<u>DistanceMatrixElementStatus</u>	The status of this particular origin-destination pairing.	

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixStatus class

The top-level status about the request in general returned by the DistanceMatrixService upon completion of a distance matrix request.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
INVALID_REQUEST	The provided request was invalid.	
MAX_DIMENSIONS_EXCEEDED	The request contains more than 25 origins, or more than 25 destinations.	
MAX_ELEMENTS_EXCEEDED	The product of origins and destinations exceeds the per-query limit.	
OK	The response contains a valid result.	
OVER_QUERY_LIMIT  Too many elements have been requested within the allowed time period. The request should succeed if you try again after a reasonable amount of time.		
REQUEST_DENIED The service denied use of the Distance Matrix service by your web page.		
UNKNOWN_ERROR	A Distance Matrix request could not be processed due to a server error. The request may succeed if you try again.	

### google.maps.DistanceMatrixElementStatus class

The element-level status about a particular origin-destination pairing returned by the DistanceMatrixService upon completion of a distance matrix request.

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
NOT_FOUND	The origin and/or destination of this pairing could not be geocoded.	
OK	The response contains a valid result.	

# google.maps.MapType object specification

This interface defines the map type, and is typically used for custom map types. Immutable.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getTile(tileCoord:Point, zoom:number, Node ownerDocument:Document)</pre>		Returns a tile for the given tile coordinate (x, y) and zoom level. This tile will be appended to the given ownerDocument. Not available for base map types.
releaseTile(tile:Node) None		Releases the given tile, performing any necessary cleanup. The provided tile will have already been removed from the document. Optional.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
alt	string	Alt text to display when this MapType's button is hovered over in the MapTypeControl. Optional.	
maxZoom	number	The maximum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType. Required for base MapTypes, ignored for overlay MapTypes.	
minZoom	number	The minimum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType. Optional; defaults to 0.	
name	string	Name to display in the MapTypeControl. Optional.	
projection	Projection	The Projection used to render this MapType. Optional; defaults to Mercator.	
radius	number	Radius of the planet for the map, in meters. Optional; defaults to Earth's equatorial radius of 6378137 meters.  The dimensions of each tile. Required.	
tileSize	<u>Size</u>		

## google.maps.MapTypeRegistry class

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description	
MapTypeRegistry()	The MapTypeRegistry holds the collection of custom map types available to the map for its use. The API consults this registry when providing the list of available map types within controls, for example.	

#### Methods

Methods		Return Value	Description
	set(id:string, mapType:MapType)	None	Sets the registry to associate the passed string identifier with the passed MapType.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>fromLatLngToPoint(latLng: LatLng, point?: Point)</pre>	<u>Point</u>	Translates from the LatLng cylinder to the Point plane. This interface specifies a function which implements translation from given LatLng values to world coordinates on the map projection. The Maps API calls this method when it needs to plot locations on screen. Projection objects must implement this method.
<pre>fromPointToLatLng(pixel:Point, nowrap?:boolean)</pre>	LatLng	This interface specifies a function which implements translation from world coordinates on a map projection to LatLng values. The Maps API calls this method when it needs to translate actions on screen to positions on the map. Projection objects must implement this method.

# google.maps.ImageMapType class

This class implements the MapType interface and is provided for rendering image tiles.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description	
<pre>ImageMapType(opts: ImageMapTypeOptions)</pre>	Constructs an ImageMapType using the provided ImageMapTypeOptions	

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getOpacity()	number	Returns the opacity level (0 (transparent) to 1.0) of the ImageMapType tiles.
<pre>getTile(tileCoord:Point, zoom:number, ownerDocument:Document)</pre>	Node	
releaseTile(tile:Node)	None	
setOpacity(opacity:number)	None	Sets the opacity level (0 (transparent) to 1.0) of the ImageMapType tiles.

Properties	Туре	Description
alt	string	
maxZoom	number	
minZoom	number	
name	string	

projection	Projection	
radius	number	
tileSize	Size	

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
tilesloaded	None	This event is fired when the visible tiles have finished loading.

# google.maps.ImageMapTypeOptions object specification

This class is used to create a MapType that renders image tiles.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getTileUrl(coordinate:Point, zoom:number)</pre>	string	Returns a string (URL) for given tile coordinate (x, y) and zoom level.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
alt	string	Alt text to display when this MapType's button is hovered over in the MapTypeControl.
maxZoom	number	The maximum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType.
minZoom	number	The minimum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType. Optional.
name	string	Name to display in the MapTypeControl.
opacity	number	The opacity to apply to the tiles. The opacity should be specified as a float value between 0 and 1.0, where 0 is fully transparent and 1 is fully opaque.
tileSize	Size	The tile size.

# google.maps.StyledMapType class

Creates a  ${\tt MapType}$  with a custom style.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
StyledMapType(styles:Array.< <u>MapTypeStyle</u> >, options?: <u>StyledMapTypeOptions</u> )	Creates a styled MapType with the specified options. The StyledMapType takes an array of MapTypeStyleS, where each MapTypeStyle is applied to the map consecutively. A later MapTypeStyle that applies the same MapTypeStylers to the same selectors as an earlier MapTypeStyle will override the earlier MapTypeStyle.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getTile(tileCoord:Point, zoom:number, ownerDocument:Document)</pre>	Node	
releaseTile(tile:Node)	None	

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
alt	string	
maxZoom	number	
minZoom	number	
name	string	
projection	Projection	
radius	number	
tileSize	Size	

### google.maps.StyledMapTypeOptions object specification

This class is used to specify options when creating a StyledMapType. These options cannot be changed after the StyledMapType is instantiated.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
alt	string	Text to display when this MapType's button is hovered over in the map type control.
maxZoom	number	The maximum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType. Optional.
minZoom	number	The minimum zoom level for the map when displaying this MapType. Optional.
name	string	The name to display in the map type control.

## google.maps.MapTypeStyle object specification

The MapTypeStyle is a collection of selectors and stylers that define how the map should be styled. Selectors specify what map elements should be affected and stylers specify how those elements should be modified.

Properties	Туре	Description
elementType	<u>MapTypeStyleElementType</u>	Selects the element type to which a styler should be applied. An element type distinguishes between the different

		representations of a feature. Optional; if elementType is not specified, the value is assumed to be 'all'.
featureType	<u>MapTypeStyleFeatureType</u>	Selects the feature, or group of features, to which a styler should be applied. Optional; if featureType is not specified, the value is assumed to be 'all'.
stylers	Array.< <u>MapTypeStyler</u> >	The style rules to apply to the selectors. The rules are applied to the map's elements in the order they are listed in this array.

# $google.maps. Map Type Style Feature Type\ object\ specification$

Possible values for feature types. Specify these values as strings, i.e. 'administrative' or 'poi.park'. Stylers applied to a parent feature type automatically apply to all child feature types. Note however that parent features may include some additional features that are not included in one of their child feature types.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
administrative	Apply the rule to administrative areas.
administrative.country	Apply the rule to countries.
administrative.land_parcel	Apply the rule to land parcels.
administrative.locality	Apply the rule to localities.
administrative.neighborhood	Apply the rule to neighborhoods.
administrative.province	Apply the rule to provinces.
all	Apply the rule to all selector types.
landscape	Apply the rule to landscapes.
landscape.man_made	Apply the rule to man made structures.
landscape.natural	Apply the rule to natural features.
landscape.natural.landcover	Apply the rule to landcover.
landscape.natural.terrain	Apply the rule to terrain.
poi	Apply the rule to points of interest.
poi.attraction	Apply the rule to attractions for tourists.
poi.business	Apply the rule to businesses.
poi.government	Apply the rule to government buildings.
poi.medical	Apply the rule to emergency services (hospitals, pharmacies, police, doctors, etc).
poi.park	Apply the rule to parks.
poi.place_of_worship	Apply the rule to places of worship, such as church, temple, or mosque.
poi.school	Apply the rule to schools.
poi.sports_complex	Apply the rule to sports complexes.
road	Apply the rule to all roads.
road.arterial	Apply the rule to arterial roads.

road.highway	Apply the rule to highways.
road.highway.controlled_access	Apply the rule to controlled-access highways.
road.local	Apply the rule to local roads.
transit	Apply the rule to all transit stations and lines.
transit.line	Apply the rule to transit lines.
transit.station	Apply the rule to all transit stations.
transit.station.airport	Apply the rule to airports.
transit.station.bus	Apply the rule to bus stops.
transit.station.rail	Apply the rule to rail stations.
water	Apply the rule to bodies of water.

## google.maps.MapTypeStyleElementType object specification

Each MapTypeStyleElementType distinguishes between the different representations of a feature.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
all	Apply the rule to all elements of the specified feature.
geometry	Apply the rule to the feature's geometry.
geometry.fill	Apply the rule to the fill of the feature's geometry.
geometry.stroke	Apply the rule to the stroke of the feature's geometry.
labels	Apply the rule to the feature's labels.
labels.icon	Apply the rule to icons within the feature's labels.
labels.text	Apply the rule to the text in the feature's label.
labels.text.fill	Apply the rule to the fill of the text in the feature's labels.
labels.text.stroke	Apply the rule to the stroke of the text in the feature's labels.

## google.maps.MapTypeStyler object specification

A styler affects how a map's elements will be styled. Each MapTypeStyler should contain one and only one key. If more than one key is specified in a single MapTypeStyler, all but one will be ignored. For example: var rule = {hue: '#ff0000'}.

Properties	Туре	Description
color	string	Sets the color of the feature. Valid values: An RGB hex string, i.e. '#ff0000'.
gamma	number	Modifies the gamma by raising the lightness to the given power. Valid values: Floating point numbers, [0.01, 10], with 1.0

		representing no change.
hue	string	Sets the hue of the feature to match the hue of the color supplied. Note that the saturation and lightness of the feature is conserved, which means that the feature will not match the color supplied exactly. Valid values: An RGB hex string, i.e. '#ff0000'.
invert_lightness	boolean	A value of true will invert the lightness of the feature while preserving the hue and saturation.
lightness	number	Shifts lightness of colors by a percentage of the original value if decreasing and a percentage of the remaining value if increasing. Valid values: [-100, 100].
saturation	number	Shifts the saturation of colors by a percentage of the original value if decreasing and a percentage of the remaining value if increasing. Valid values: [-100, 100].
visibility	string	Sets the visibility of the feature. Valid values: 'on', 'off' or 'simplifed'.
weight	number	Sets the weight of the feature, in pixels. Valid values: Integers greater than or equal to zero.

# google.maps.BicyclingLayer class

A layer showing bike lanes and paths.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description	
BicyclingLayer()	A layer that displays bike lanes and paths and demotes large roads.	

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	<u>Map</u>	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.

## google.maps.FusionTablesLayer class

A FusionTablesLayer allows you to display data from a Google Fusion Table on a map, as a rendered layer. (See <a href="https://developers.google.com/fusiontables/">https://developers.google.com/fusiontables/</a> for more information about Fusion Tables).

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
FusionTablesLayer(options: FusionTablesLayerOptions)	A layer that displays data from a Fusion Table.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
setMap(map: Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.
setOptions(options: FusionTablesLayerOptions)	None	

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>FusionTablesMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is clicked.

# $google.maps. Fusion Tables Layer Options\ object\ specification$

This object defines the properties that can be set on a FusionTablesLayer object.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
clickable	boolean	If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.
heatmap	<u>FusionTablesHeatmap</u>	Options which define the appearance of the layer as a heatmap.
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.
query	FusionTablesQuery	Options defining the data to display.
styles	Array.< <u>FusionTablesStyle</u> >	An array of up to 5 style specifications, which control the appearance of features within the layer.
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.

# google.maps.FusionTablesQuery object specification

Specifies the data to retrieve from a Fusion Tables.

Properties	Туре	Description
from	string	The ID of the Fusion Tables table to display. This ID can be found in the table's URL, as the value of the dsrcid parameter. Required.
limit	number	Limit on the number of results returned by the query.
offset	number	Offset into the sorted results.
orderBy	string	The method by which to sort the results. Accepts either of:  • A column name. The column name may be suffixed with ASC or DESC (e.g. col2 DESC) to specify ascending or descending sort.  • An ST_DISTANCE spatial relationship (sort by distance). A column and the coordinate from which to calculate distance must be passed, for example, orderBy: 'ST_DISTANCE(col1, LATLNG(1.2, 3.4))'.

select		A column, containing geographic features to be displayed on the map. See <u>Fusion Tables Setup</u> in the Maps API documentation for information about valid columns.	
where	string	The SQL predicate to be applied to the layer.	

### google.maps.FusionTablesStyle object specification

Controls the appearance of a set of features within a FusionTablesLayer. Features which match the provided SQL predicate will be styled with the supplied options.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
markerOptions	FusionTablesMarkerOptions	Options which control the appearance of point features.
polygonOptions	FusionTablesPolygonOptions	Options which control the appearance of polygons.
polylineOptions	FusionTablesPolylineOptions	Options which control the appearance of polylines.
where	string	The SQL predicate to be applied to the layer.

### google.maps.FusionTablesHeatmap object specification

Specifies the appearance for a FusionTablesLayer when rendered as a heatmap.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
enabled	boolean	If true, render the layer as a heatmap.

## google.maps.FusionTablesMarkerOptions object specification

Options which control the appearance of point features in a FusionTablesLayer.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
iconName	string	The name of a Fusion Tables supported icon

## google.maps.FusionTablesPolygonOptions object specification

Options which control the appearance of polygons in a FusionTablesLayer.

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fillColor	string	The fill color, defined by a six-digit hexadecimal number in RRGGBB format (e.g. #00AAFF).	
fillOpacity	number	The fill opacity between 0.0 and 1.0.	
strokeColor	string	The fill color, defined by a six-digit hexadecimal number in RRGGBB format (e.g. #00AAFF).	
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0.	
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels, between 0 and 10.	

# $google.maps. Fusion Tables Polyline Options\ object\ specification$

Options which control the appearance of polylines in a FusionTablesLayer.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
strokeColor	string	The fill color, defined by a six-digit hexadecimal number in RRGGBB format (e.g. #00AAFF).	
strokeOpacity	number	The stroke opacity between 0.0 and 1.0.	
strokeWeight	number	The stroke width in pixels.	

### google.maps.FusionTablesMouseEvent object specification

The properties of a mouse event on a FusionTablesLayer.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
infoWindowHtml	string	Pre-rendered HTML content, as placed in the infowindow by the default UI.
latLng	LatLng	The position at which to anchor an infowindow on the clicked feature.
pixelOffset	<u>Size</u>	The offset to apply to an infowindow anchored on the clicked feature.
row	Object.< <u>FusionTablesCell</u> >	A collection of FusionTablesCell objects, indexed by column name, representing the contents of the table row which included the clicked feature.

### google.maps.FusionTablesCell object specification

Describes a single cell from a Fusion Tables table.

Properties	Туре	Description
columnName	string	The name of the column in which the cell was located.
value	string	The contents of the cell.

### google.maps.KmlLayer class

A KmlLayer adds geographic markup to the map from a KML, KMZ or GeoRSS file that is hosted on a publicly accessible web server. A KmlFeatureData object is provided for each feature when clicked.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
KmlLayer(opts? :KmlLayerOptions)	Creates a kmllayer which renders the contents of the specified KML/KMZ file (https://developers.google.com/kml/documentation/kmlreference) or GeoRSS file (http://www.georss.org).

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getDefaultViewport()	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Get the default viewport for the layer being displayed.
getMap()	Map	Get the map on which the KML Layer is being rendered.
getMetadata()	KmlLayerMetadata	Get the metadata associated with this layer, as specified in the layer markup.
getStatus()	KmlLayerStatus	Get the status of the layer, set once the requested document has loaded.
getUrl()	string	Gets the URL of the KML file being displayed.
getZIndex()	number	Gets the z-index of the KML Layer.
setMap(map: Map)	None	Renders the KML Layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer is removed.
setUrl(url:string)	None	Sets the URL of the KML file to display.
setZIndex(zIndex:number)	None	Sets the z-index of the KML Layer.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>KmlMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is clicked.
defaultviewport_changed	None	This event is fired when the KML layers default viewport has changed.
status_changed	None	This event is fired when the KML layer has finished loading. At this point it is safe to read the status property to determine if the layer loaded successfully.

### google.maps.KmlLayerOptions object specification

This object defines the properties that can be set on a KmlLayer object.

Properties	Туре	Description	
clickable	boolean	If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.	
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.	
preserveViewport	boolean	By default, the input map is centered and zoomed to the bounding box of the contents of the layer. If this option is set to true, the viewport is left unchanged, unless the map's center and zoom were never set.	
screenOverlays	boolean	Whether to render the screen overlays. Default true.	
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.	
url	string	The URL of the KML document to display.	
zIndex	number	The z-index of the layer.	

# google.maps.KmlLayerMetadata object specification

Metadata for a single KML layer, in JSON format.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
author	KmlAuthor	The layer's <atom:author>, extracted from the layer markup.</atom:author>
description	string	The layer's <description>, extracted from the layer markup.</description>
hasScreenOverlays	boolean	Whether the layer has any screen overlays.
name	string	The layer's <name>, extracted from the layer markup.</name>
snippet	string	The layer's <snippet>, extracted from the layer markup</snippet>

# google.maps.KmlLayerStatus class

The status returned by KmlLayer on the completion of loading a document.

### Constant

Constant	Description
DOCUMENT_NOT_FOUND	The document could not be found. Most likely it is an invalid URL, or the document is not publicly available.
DOCUMENT_TOO_LARGE	The document exceeds the file size limits of KmlLayer.
FETCH_ERROR	The document could not be fetched.
INVALID_DOCUMENT	The document is not a valid KML, KMZ or GeoRSS document.
INVALID_REQUEST	The KmlLayer is invalid.
LIMITS_EXCEEDED	The document exceeds the feature limits of KmlLayer.
OK	The layer loaded successfully.
TIMED_OUT	The document could not be loaded within a reasonable amount of time.

UNKNOWN	The document failed to load for an unknown reason.

## google.maps.KmlMouseEvent object specification

The properties of a click event on a KML/KMZ or GeoRSS document.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
featureData	<u>KmlFeatureData</u>	A KmlFeatureData object, containing information about the clicked feature.
latLng	LatLng	The position at which to anchor an infowindow on the clicked feature.
pixelOffset	Size	The offset to apply to an infowindow anchored on the clicked feature.

## google.maps.KmlFeatureData object specification

Data for a single KML feature in JSON format, returned when a KML feature is clicked. The data contained in this object mirrors that associated with the feature in the KML or GeoRSS markup in which it is declared.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
author	KmlAuthor	The feature's <atom:author>, extracted from the layer markup (if specified).</atom:author>
description	string	The feature's <description>, extracted from the layer markup.</description>
id	string	The feature's <id>, extracted from the layer markup. If no <id> has been specified, a unique ID will be generated for this feature.</id></id>
infoWindowHtml	string	The feature's balloon styled text, if set.
name	string	The feature's <name>, extracted from the layer markup.</name>
snippet	string	The feature's <snippet>, extracted from the layer markup.</snippet>

## google.maps.KmlAuthor object specification

Contains details of the author of a KML document or feature.

Properties	Туре	Description
email	string	The author's e-mail address, or an empty string if not specified.
name	string	The author's name, or an empty string if not specified.
uri	string	The author's home page, or an empty string if not specified.

### google.maps.TrafficLayer class

A traffic layer.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
TrafficLayer()	A layer that displays current road traffic.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description	
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.	
setMap(map: Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.	

### google.maps.TransitLayer class

A transit layer.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
TransitLayer()	A layer that displays transit lines.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description	
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.	
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.	

### google.maps.StreetViewPanorama class

Displays the panorama for a given LatLng or panorama ID. A StreetViewPanorama object provides a Street View "viewer" which can be stand-alone within a separate <div> or bound to a Map.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description	
StreetViewPanorama(container:Node, opts?: <u>StreetViewPanoramaOptions</u> )	Creates a panorama with the passed StreetViewPanoramaOptions.	

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getLinks()</pre>	Array.< <u>StreetViewLink</u> >	Returns the set of navigation links for the Street View panorama.
getPano()	string	Returns the current panorama ID for the Street View panorama. This id is stable within the browser's current session only.
getPhotographerPov()	StreetViewPov	Returns the heading and pitch of the photographer when this panorama was taken. For Street View panoramas on the road, this also reveals in which direction the car was travelling. This data is available after the pano_changed event.
<pre>getPosition()</pre>	LatLng	Returns the current LatLng position for the Street View panorama.
getPov()	StreetViewPov	Returns the current point of view for the Street View panorama.
<pre>getVisible()</pre>	boolean	Returns true if the panorama is visible. It does not specify whether Street View imagery is available at the specified position.
<pre>getZoom()</pre>	number	Returns the zoom level of the panorama. Fully zoomed-out is level 0, where the field of view is 180 degrees. Zooming in increases the zoom level.
registerPanoProvider(provider:function(string):StreetViewPanoramaData)	None	Set the custom panorama provider called on pano change to load custom panoramas.
setOptions(options: <u>StreetViewPanoramaOptions</u> )	None	Sets a collection of key-value pairs.
setPano(pano:string)	None	Sets the current panorama ID for the Street View panorama.
setPosition(latLng:LatLng)	None	Sets the current LatLng position for the Street View panorama.
setPov(pov: <u>StreetViewPov</u> )	None	Sets the point of view for the Street View panorama.
setVisible(flag:boolean)	None	Sets to true to make the panorama visible. If set to false, the panorama will be hidden whether it is embedded in the map or in its own <div>.</div>
setZoom(zoom:number)	None	Sets the zoom level of the panorama. Fully zoomed-out is level 0, where the field of view is 180 degrees. Zooming in increases the zoom level.

Properties	Туре	Description
controls	Array.< <u>MVCArray</u> . <node>&gt;</node>	Additional controls to attach to the panorama. To add a control to the panorama, add the control's <div> to the MVCArray corresponding to the ControlPosition where it should be rendered.</div>
		Aveatray conceptioning to the concrete states where it should be removed.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description	
closeclick	Event	This event is fired when the close button is clicked.	
links_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's links change. The links change asynchronously following a pano id change.	
pano_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's pano id changes. The pano may change as the user navigates through the panorama or the position is manually set. Note that not all position changes trigger a pano_changed.	
position_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's position changes. The position changes as the user navigates through the panorama or the position is set manually.	
pov_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's point-of-view changes. The point of view changes as the pitch, zoom, or heading changes.	
resize	None	Developers should trigger this event on the panorama when its div changes size: <a href="mailto:google.maps.event.trigger">google.maps.event.trigger</a> (panorama, 'resize').	
visible_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's visibility changes. The visibility is changed when the Pegman is dragged onto the map, the close button is clicked, or <code>setVisible()</code> is called.	
zoom_changed	None	This event is fired when the panorama's zoom level changes.	

# google.maps.StreetViewPanoramaOptions object specification

Options defining the properties of a StreetViewPanorama object.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
panoProvider(panoId:string)	<u>StreetViewPanoramaData</u>	Custom panorama provider, which takes a string pano id and returns an object defining the panorama given that id. This function must be defined to specify custom panorama imagery.

Properties	Туре	Description
addressControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the address control.
addressControlOptions	StreetViewAddressControlOptions	The display options for the address control.
clickToGo	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of click-to-go.
disableDefaultUI	boolean	Enables/disables all default UI. May be overridden individually.
disableDoubleClickZoom	boolean	Enables/disables zoom on double click. Disabled by default.
enableCloseButton	boolean	If true, the close button is displayed. Disabled by default.

imageDateControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the imagery acquisition date control. Disabled by default.	
linksControl	boolean The enabled/disabled state of the links control.		
panControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the pan control.	
panControlOptions	PanControlOptions	The display options for the pan control.	
pano	string	The panorama ID, which should be set when specifying a custom panorama.	
position	LatLng	The LatLng position of the Street View panorama.	
pov	StreetViewPov The camera orientation, specified as heading and pitch, for the panorama.		
scrollwheel	boolean	If false, disables scrollwheel zooming in Street View. The scrollwheel is enabled by default.	
visible	boolean	If true, the Street View panorama is visible on load.	
zoomControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the zoom control.	
zoomControlOptions	ZoomControlOptions	The display options for the zoom control.	

### google.maps.StreetViewAddressControlOptions object specification

Options for the rendering of the Street View address control.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
position	ControlPosition	Position id. This id is used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_LEFT.

### google.maps.StreetViewLink object specification

A collection of references to adjacent Street View panos.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
description	string	A localized string describing the link.	
heading	number	The heading of the link.	
pano	string	A unique identifier for the panorama. This id is stable within a session but unstable across sessions.	

### google.maps.StreetViewPov object specification

A point of view object which specifies the camera's orientation at the Street View panorama's position. The point of view is defined as heading and pitch.

Properties	Type	Description
. roportion	.,,,,,	Doodiiption

heading	number	The camera heading in degrees relative to true north. True north is 0°, east is 90°, south is 180°, west is 270°.
pitch	number	The camera pitch in degrees, relative to the street view vehicle. Ranges from 90° (directly upwards) to -90° (directly downwards).

# $google.maps. Street View Panorama Data\ object\ specification$

The representation of a panorama returned from the provider defined using registerPanoProvider.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
copyright	string	Specifies the copyright text for this panorama.
imageDate	string	Specifies the year and month in which the imagery in this panorama was acquired. The date string is in the form YYYY-MM.
links	Array.< <u>StreetViewLink</u> >	Specifies the navigational links to adjacent panoramas.
location	StreetViewLocation	Specifies the location meta-data for this panorama.
tiles	<u>StreetViewTileData</u>	Specifies the custom tiles for this panorama.

### google.maps.StreetViewLocation object specification

A representation of a location in the Street View panorama.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
description	string	A localized string describing the location.
latLng	LatLng	The lating of the panorama.
pano	string	A unique identifier for the panorama. This is stable within a session but unstable across sessions.

## google.maps.StreetViewTileData object specification

The properties of the tile set used in a Street View panorama.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getTileUrl(pano:string, tileZoom:number, tileX:number, tileY:number)</pre>	string	Gets the tile image URL for the specified tile.  pano is the panorama ID of the Street View tile.  tileZoom is the zoom level of the tile.  tilex is the x-coordinate of the tile.  tiley is the y-coordinate of the tile.  Returns the URL for the tile image.

#### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
centerHeading	number	The heading (in degrees) at the center of the panoramic tiles.
tileSize	Size	The size (in pixels) at which tiles will be rendered.
worldSize	Size	The size (in pixels) of the whole panorama's "world".

### google.maps.StreetViewService class

A StreetViewService object performs searches for Street View data.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getPanoramaById(pano:string, callback:function(StreetViewPanoramaData, StreetViewStatus))</pre>	None	Retrieves the data for the given pano id and passes it to the provided callback as a StreetViewPanoramaData object. Pano ids are unique per panorama and stable for the lifetime of a session, but are liable to change between sessions.
<pre>getPanoramaByLocation(latlng:LatLng, radius:number, callback:function(StreetViewPanoramaData, StreetViewStatus))</pre>	None	Retrieves the StreetViewPanoramaData for a panorama within a given radius of the given LatLng. The StreetViewPanoramaData is passed to the provided callback. If the radius is less than 50 meters, the nearest panorama will be returned.

## google.maps.StreetViewStatus class

The status returned by the StreetViewService on completion of a Street View request.

#### Constant

Constant	Description
OK	The request was successful.
UNKNOWN_ERROR	The request could not be successfully processed, yet the exact reason for failure is unknown.
ZERO_RESULTS	There are no nearby panoramas.

### google.maps.StreetViewCoverageLayer class

A layer that illustrates the locations where Street View is available.

This class extends MVCObject.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
StreetViewCoverageLayer()	Creates a new instance of StreetViewCoverageLayer.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If the map is set to null, the layer will be removed.

# google.maps.MapsEventListener object specification

This class is opaque. It has no methods and no constructor. Its instances are returned from addListener(), addDomListener() and are eventually passed back to removeListener().

### google.maps.event namespace

#### **Static Methods**

Methods	Return Value	Description
addDomListener(instance:Object, eventName:string, handler:Function, capture?:boolean)	<u>MapsEventListener</u>	Cross browser event handler registration. This listener is removed by calling removeListener(handle) for the handle that is returned by this function.
<pre>addDomListenerOnce(instance:Object, eventName:string, handler:Function, capture? :boolean)</pre>	<u>MapsEventListener</u>	Wrapper around addDomListener that removes the listener after the first event.
addListener(instance:Object, eventName:string, handler:Function)	<u>MapsEventListener</u>	Adds the given listener function to the given event name for the given object instance. Returns an identifier for this listener that can be used with removeListener().
addListenerOnce(instance:Object, eventName:string, handler:Function)	<u>MapsEventListener</u>	Like addListener, but the handler removes itself after handling the first event.
clearInstanceListeners(instance:Object)	None	Removes all listeners for all events for the given instance.
clearListeners(instance:Object, eventName:string)	None	Removes all listeners for the given event for the given instance.
removeListener(listener: MapsEventListener)	None	Removes the given listener, which should have been returned by addListener above.
<pre>trigger(instance:Object, eventName:string,   var_args:*)</pre>	None	Triggers the given event. All arguments after eventName are passed as arguments to the listeners.

### google.maps.MouseEvent object specification

This object is returned from various mouse events on the map and overlays, and contains all the fields shown below.

#### **Methods**

Methods	Return Value	Description
stop()	None	Prevents this event from propagating further.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
latLng	LatLng	The latitude/longitude that was below the cursor when the event occurred.

### google.maps.LatLng class

A LatLng is a point in geographical coordinates: latitude and longitude.

- Latitude ranges between -90 and 90 degrees, inclusive. Values above or below this range will be clamped to the nearest value within this range. For example, specifying a latitude of 100 will set the value to 90.
- Longitude ranges between -180 and 180 degrees, inclusive. Values above or below this range will be wrapped such that they fall within the range [-180, 180). For example, 480, 840 and 1200 will all be wrapped to 120 degrees.

Although the default map projection associates longitude with the x-coordinate of the map, and latitude with the y-coordinate, the latitude coordinate is always written first, followed by the longitude.

Notice that you cannot modify the coordinates of a Latlng. If you want to compute another point, you have to create a new one.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
LatLng(lat:number, lng:number, noWrap? :boolean)	Creates a LatLng object representing a geographic point. Latitude is specified in degrees within the range [-90, 90]. Longitude is specified in degrees within the range [-180, 180]. Set nowrap to true to enable values outside of this range. Note the ordering of latitude and longitude.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
equals(other:LatLng)	boolean	Comparison function.
lat()	number	Returns the latitude in degrees.
lng()	number	Returns the longitude in degrees.
toString()	string	Converts to string representation.
toUrlValue(precision? :number)	string	Returns a string of the form "lat,lng" for this LatLng. We round the lat/lng values to 6 decimal places by default.

### google.maps.LatLngBounds class

A LatLngBounds instance represents a rectangle in geographical coordinates, including one that crosses the 180 degrees longitudinal meridian.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
LatLngBounds(sw?:LatLng, ne?:LatLng)	Constructs a rectangle from the points at its south-west and north-east corners.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
contains(latLng:LatLng)	boolean	Returns true if the given lat/lng is in this bounds.
equals(other:LatLngBounds)	boolean	Returns true if this bounds approximately equals the given bounds.
extend(point:LatLng)	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Extends this bounds to contain the given point.
getCenter()	LatLnq	Computes the center of this LatLngBounds
getNorthEast()	LatLng	Returns the north-east corner of this bounds.
getSouthWest()	LatLnq	Returns the south-west corner of this bounds.
intersects(other:LatLngBounds)	boolean	Returns true if this bounds shares any points with this bounds.
isEmpty()	boolean	Returns if the bounds are empty.
toSpan()	LatLnq	Converts the given map bounds to a lat/lng span.
toString()	string	Converts to string.
toUrlValue(precision?:number)	string	Returns a string of the form "lat_lo,lng_lo,lat_hi,lng_hi" for this bounds, where "lo" corresponds to the southwest corner of the bounding box, while "hi" corresponds to the northeast corner of that box.
union(other: <u>LatLngBounds</u> )	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Extends this bounds to contain the union of this and the given bounds.

# google.maps.Point class

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Point(x:number, y:number)	A point on a two-dimensional plane.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
equals(other: Point)	boolean	Compares two Points
toString()	string	Returns a string representation of this Point.

Properties Type	Description
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x	number	The X coordinate
У	number	The Y coordinate

### google.maps.Size class

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Size(width:number, height:number, widthUnit?:string, heightUnit?:string)	Two-dimensonal size, where width is the distance on the x-axis, and height is the distance on the y-axis.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
equals(other: <u>Size</u> )	boolean	Compares two Sizes.
toString()	string	Returns a string representation of this Size.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
height	number	The height along the y-axis, in pixels.	
width	number	The width along the x-axis, in pixels.	

# google.maps.MVCObject class

Base class implementing KVO.

The MVCObject constructor is guaranteed to be an empty function, and so you may inherit from MVCObject by simply writing MySubclass.prototype = new google.maps.MVCObject();. Unless otherwise noted, this is not true of other classes in the API, and inheriting from other classes in the API is not supported.

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
MVCObject()	Creates an MVCObject.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
addListener(eventName:string, handler:Function)	<u>MapsEventListener</u>	Adds the given listener function to the given event name. Returns an identifier for this listener that can be used with <code>google.maps.event.removeListener</code> .
		i

<pre>bindTo(key:string, target:MVCObject, targetKey?:string, noNotify?:boolean)</pre>	None	Binds a View to a Model.
changed(key:string)	None	Generic handler for state changes. Override this in derived classes to handle arbitrary state changes.
get(key:string)	*	Gets a value.
notify(key:string)	None	Notify all observers of a change on this property. This notifies both objects that are bound to the object's property as well as the object that it is bound to.
set(key:string, value:*)	None	Sets a value.
setValues(values:Object undefined)	None	Sets a collection of key-value pairs.
unbind(key:string)	None	Removes a binding. Unbinding will set the unbound property to the current value. The object will not be notified, as the value has not changed.
unbindAll()	None	Removes all bindings.

# google.maps.MVCArray class

This class extends MVCObject.

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
MVCArray(array?:Array)	A mutable MVC Array.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
clear()	None	Removes all elements from the array.
<pre>forEach(callback:function(*, number))</pre>	None	Iterate over each element, calling the provided callback. The callback is called for each element like: callback(element, index).
getArray()	Array	Returns a reference to the underlying Array. Warning: if the Array is mutated, no events will be fired by this object.
getAt(i:number)	*	Returns the element at the specified index.
getLength()	number	Returns the number of elements in this array.
<pre>insertAt(i:number, elem:*)</pre>	None	Inserts an element at the specified index.
pop()	*	Removes the last element of the array and returns that element.
push(elem:*)	number	Adds one element to the end of the array and returns the new length of the array.
removeAt(i:number)	*	Removes an element from the specified index.
setAt(i:number, elem:*)	None	Sets an element at the specified index.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
insert_at	number	This event is fired when <code>insertAt()</code> is called. The event passes the index that was passed to <code>insertAt()</code> .
remove_at	number, *	This event is fired when <code>removeAt()</code> is called. The event passes the index that was passed to <code>removeAt()</code> and the element that was removed from the array.
set_at	number, *	This event is fired when <code>setAt()</code> is called. The event passes the index that was passed to <code>setAt()</code> and the element that was previously in the array at that index.

# google.maps.geometry.encoding namespace

Utilities for polyline encoding and decoding.

## Library

geometry

#### **Static Methods**

Methods	Return Value	Description
decodePath(encodedPath:string)	Array.< <u>LatLnq</u> >	Decodes an encoded path string into a sequence of LatLngs.
encodePath(path:Array.< <u>LatLng</u> >  <u>MVCArray</u> .< <u>LatLng</u> >)	string	Encodes a sequence of LatLngs into an encoded path string.

# google.maps.geometry.spherical namespace

Utility functions for computing geodesic angles, distances and areas. The default radius is Earth's radius of 6378137 meters.

### Library

geometry

#### **Static Methods**

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>computeArea(path:Array.&lt;<u>LatLng</u>&gt;  MVCArray.&lt;<u>LatLng</u>&gt;, radius?:number)</pre>	number	Returns the area of a closed path. The computed area uses the same units as the radius. The radius defaults to the Earth's radius in meters, in which case the area is in square meters.
<pre>computeDistanceBetween(from:LatLng, to:LatLng, radius? :number)</pre>	number	Returns the distance between two LatLngs.
computeHeading(from: LatLng, to: LatLng)	number	Returns the heading from one LatLng to another LatLng. Headings are expressed in degrees clockwise from North within the range [-180,180).
<pre>computeLength(path:Array.&lt;<u>LatLng</u>&gt;  MVCArray.&lt;<u>LatLng</u>&gt;, radius?:number)</pre>	number	Returns the length of the given path.
computeOffset(from: <a href="LatLng">LatLng</a> , distance:number,	LatLng	Returns the LatLng resulting from moving a distance from an origin in the specified

heading:number, radius?:number)		heading (expressed in degrees clockwise from north).
<pre>computeOffsetOrigin(to:LatLng, distance:number, heading:number, radius?:number)</pre>	LatLng	Returns the location of origin when provided with a LatLng destination, meters travelled and original heading. Headings are expressed in degrees clockwise from North. This function returns null when no solution is available.
<pre>computeSignedArea(loop:Array.<latlng> MVCArray.<latlng>, radius?:number)</latlng></latlng></pre>	number	Returns the signed area of a closed path. The signed area may be used to determine the orientation of the path. The computed area uses the same units as the radius. The radius defaults to the Earth's radius in meters, in which case the area is in square meters.
<pre>interpolate(from: LatLnq, to: LatLnq, fraction:number)</pre>	LatLng	Returns the LatLng which lies the given fraction of the way between the origin LatLng and the destination LatLng.

# google.maps.geometry.poly namespace

Utility functions for computations involving polygons and polylines.

#### Library

geometry

#### **Static Methods**

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>containsLocation(point:LatLng, polygon:Polygon)</pre>	boolean	Computes whether the given point lies inside the specified polygon.
<pre>isLocationOnEdge(point:LatLng, poly:Polygon Polyline, tolerance?:number)</pre>	boolean	Computes whether the given point lies on or near to a polyline, or the edge of a polygon, within a specified tolerance. Returns true when the difference between the latitude and longitude of the supplied point, and the closest point on the edge, is less than the tolerance. The tolerance defaults to 10 <sup>-9</sup> degrees.

# google.maps.adsense.AdUnit class

Implements AdSense for Content advertising on an associated map. To use an AdUnit, you must obtain and specify an AdSense for Content publisher ID within the AdUnit's constructor options.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

adsense

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
AdUnit(container:Node, opts:AdUnitOptions)	Creates an AdSense for Content display ad on the associated map.

## Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBackgroundColor()	string	Returns the AdUnit's background color.
getBorderColor()	string	Returns the AdUnit's border color.
getChannelNumber()	string	Returns the channel number in use by this AdUnit.
getContainer()	Node	Returns the containing element of the AdUnit.
getFormat()	AdFormat	Returns the format in use by this AdUnit.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map to which this AdUnit's ads are targeted.
getPosition()	ControlPosition	Returns the ControlPosition at which this AdUnit is displayed on the map.
getPublisherId()	string	Returns the specified AdSense For Content publisher ID.
getTextColor()	string	Returns the AdUnit's text color.
getTitleColor()	string	Returns the AdUnit's title color.
getUrlColor()	string	Returns the AdUnit's URL color.
setBackgroundColor(backgroundColor:string)	None	Sets the AdUnit's background color.
setBorderColor(borderColor:string)	None	Sets the AdUnit's border color.
setChannelNumber(channelNumber:string)	None	Specifies the channel number for this AdUnit. Channel numbers are optional and can be created for Google AdSense tracking.
setFormat(format: AdFormat)	None	Specifies the display format for this AdUnit.
setMap(map: Map)	None	Associates this AdUnit with the specified map. Ads will be targeted to the map's viewport. The map must be specified in order to display ads.
setPosition(position:ControlPosition)	None	Sets the <code>ControlPosition</code> at which to display the <code>AdUnit</code> on the map. If the position is set to null, the <code>AdUnit</code> is removed from the map.
setTextColor(textColor:string)	None	Sets the AdUnit's text color.
setTitleColor(titleColor:string)	None	Sets the AdUnit's title color.
setUrlColor(urlColor:string)	None	Sets the AdUnit's URL color.

# google.maps.adsense.AdUnitOptions object specification

# Library

adsense

Properties	Туре	Description
backgroundColor	string	The AdUnit's background color. (Optional)
borderColor	string	

		The AdUnit's border color. (Optional)
channelNumber	string	The AdSense For Content channel number for tracking the performance of this AdUnit. It must be stored as a string as it will typically be a large UINT64. (Optional)
format	AdFormat	the Format of the AdUnit. See <a href="https://google.com/adsense/adformats">https://google.com/adsense/adformats</a> . (Optional)
map	<u>Map</u>	The map associated with this AdUnit. Ads will be targeted to the location the map's viewport. (Required)
position	ControlPosition	The position of the AdUnit. If specified, the AdUnit will be displayed at this position. Otherwise, it will not be added to the map. (Optional)
publisherId	string	Your AdSense for Content publisher ID. Required and must be set at the time of initialization. (Required)
textColor	string	The Adunit's text color. (Optional)
titleColor	string	The Adunit's title color. (Optional)
urlColor	string	The Adunit's URL color. (Optional)

# google.maps.adsense.AdFormat class

Identifiers used to specify an AdSense For Content format. See <a href="https://google.com/adsense/adformats">https://google.com/adsense/adformats</a>.

## Library

adsense

### Constant

Constant	Description
BANNER	A horizontal "banner" ad. (468x60px)
BUTTON	A small ad. (125x125px)
HALF_BANNER	A smaller horizontal "banner" ad. (234x60px)
LARGE_HORIZONTAL_LINK_UNIT	A large horizontal ad link unit. (728x15px)
LARGE_RECTANGLE	A large rectangular ad. (336x280px)
LARGE_VERTICAL_LINK_UNIT	A large vertical ad link unit. (180x90px)
LEADERBOARD	A fully horizontal display area. (728x90px)
MEDIUM_RECTANGLE	A medium rectangular ad. (300x250px)
MEDIUM_VERTICAL_LINK_UNIT	A medium vertical ad link unit. (160x90px)
SKYSCRAPER	A large vertical ad. (120x600px)
SMALL_HORIZONTAL_LINK_UNIT	A small horizontal ad link unit. (468x15px)
SMALL_RECTANGLE	A small rectangular ad. (180x150px)
SMALL_SQUARE	A smaller square ad. (200x200px)
SMALL_VERTICAL_LINK_UNIT	A small vertical ad link unit. (120x90px)
SQUARE	A square ad with large type. (250x250px)

VERTICAL_BANNER	A medium-sized vertical ad. (120x240px)
WIDE_SKYSCRAPER	A wide, vertical ad using larger type. (160x600px)
X_LARGE_VERTICAL_LINK_UNIT	An extra large vertical ad link unit. (200x90px)

# google.maps.panoramio.PanoramioLayer class

A  ${\tt PanoramioLayer}$  displays photos from Panoramio as a rendered layer.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

panoramio

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
PanoramioLayer(opts?: <u>PanoramioLayerOptions</u> )	A layer that displays data from Panoramio.

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
getTag()	string	
getUserId()	string	
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.
setOptions(options: <u>PanoramioLayerOptions</u> )	None	
setTag(tag:string)	None	
setUserId(userId:string)	None	

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>PanoramioMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is clicked.

# $google.maps.panoramio.PanoramioLayerOptions\ object\ specification$

This object defines the properties that can be set on a PanoramioLayer object.

### Library

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
clickable	boolean	If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.	
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.	
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.	
tag	string	A panoramio tag used to filter the photos which are displayed. Only photos which have been tagged with the supplied string will be shown.	
userId	string	A Panoramio user ID. If provided, only photos by this user will be displayed on the map. If both a tag and user ID are provided, the tag will take precedence.	

# google.maps.panoramio.PanoramioFeature object specification

Describes a single Panoramio feature.

### Library

panoramio

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
author	string	The username of the user who uploaded this photo.
photoId	string	The unique identifier for this photo, as used in the Panoramio API (see <a href="http://www.panoramio.com/api/widget/api.html">http://www.panoramio.com/api/widget/api.html</a> ).
title	string	The title of the photo.
url	string	The URL of the photo.
userId	string	The unique identifier for the user who uploaded this photo, as used in the Panoramio API (see <a href="http://www.panoramio.com/api/widget/api.html">http://www.panoramio.com/api/widget/api.html</a> ).

# $google.maps.panoramio.PanoramioMouse Event\ object\ specification$

The properties of a mouse event on a PanoramioLayer.

## Library

panoramio

Properties	Туре	Description
featureDetails	<u>PanoramioFeature</u>	A PanoramioFeature object containing information about the clicked feature.
infoWindowHtml	string	Pre-rendered HTML content to display within a feature's InfoWindow when clicked.
latLng	LatLng	The position at which to anchor an info window on the clicked feature.
pixelOffset	Size	The offset to apply to an info window anchored on the clicked feature.

# google.maps.places.Autocomplete class

A service to provide Place predictions based on a user's text input. It attaches to an input element of type text, and listens for text entry in that field. The list of predictions is presented as a drop-down list, and is updated as text is entered.

This class extends MVCObject.

### Library

places

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
Autocomplete(inputField:HTMLInputElement, opts? :AutocompleteOptions)	Creates a new instance of Autocomplete that attaches to the specified input text field with the given options.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBounds()	LatLngBounds	Returns the bounds to which predictions are biased.
getPlace()	PlaceResult	Returns the details of the Place selected by user if the details were successfully retrieved. Otherwise returns a stub Place object, with the name property set to the current value of the input field.
setBounds(bounds: <u>LatLngBounds</u> )	None	Sets the preferred area within which to return Place results. Results are biased towards, but not restricted to, this area.
setComponentRestrictions(restrictions: ComponentRestrictions)	None	Sets the component restrictions. Component restrictions are used to restrict predictions to only those within the parent component. E.g., the country.
setTypes(types:Array. <string>)</string>	None	Sets the types of predictions to be returned. Supported types are 'establishment' for businesses and 'geocode' for addresses. If no type is specified, both types will be returned. The setTypes method accepts a single element array.

#### **Events**

place_changed	None	This event is fired when a PlaceResult is made available for a Place the user has selected. If the user enters the name of a Place that was not suggested by the control and presses the Enter key, or if a Place detail request fails, a place_changed event will be fired that contains the user input in the name property, with no other properties defined.
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# google.maps.places.AutocompleteOptions object specification

The options that can be set on an Autocomplete object.

## Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	The area in which to search for places. Results are biased towards, but not restricted to, places contained within these bounds.
componentRestrictions	ComponentRestrictions	The component restrictions. Component restrictions are used to restrict predictions to only those within the parent component. E.g., the country.
types	Array. <string></string>	The types of predictions to be returned. Four types are supported: 'establishment' for businesses, 'geocode' for addresses, '(regions)' for administrative regions and '(cities)' for localities. If nothing is specified, all types are returned. In general only a single type is allowed. The exception is that you can safely mix the 'geocode' and 'establishment' types, but note that this will have the same effect as specifying no types.

# google.maps.places.AutocompletePrediction object specification

## Library

places

Properties	Туре	Description
description	string	This is the unformatted version of the query suggested by the Places service.
id	string	A stable ID for this place, intended to be interoperable with those returned by the <u>place search service</u> .
matched_substrings	Array.< <u>PredictionSubstring</u> >	A set of substrings in the place's description that match elements in the user's input, suitable for use in highlighting those substrings. Each substring is identified by an offset and a length, expressed in unicode characters.
reference	string	A reference that can be used to retrieve details about this place using the place details service (see <a href="PlacesService">PlacesService</a> . getDetails()).
terms	Array.< <u>PredictionTerm</u> >	Information about individual terms in the above description, from most to least specific. For example, "Taco Bell", "Willitis", and "CA".

# google.maps.places.PredictionTerm object specification

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
offset	number	The offset, in unicode characters, of the start of this term in the description of the place.
value	string	The value of this term, e.g. "Taco Bell".

# google.maps.places.PredictionSubstring object specification

### Library

places

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
length	number	The length of the substring.
offset	number	The offset to the substring's start within the description string.

# google.maps.places.AutocompleteService class

Contains methods related to retrieving Autocomplete predictions.

### Library

places

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
AutocompleteService()	Creates a new instance of the AutocompleteService.

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getPlacePredictions(request: AutocompletionRequest, callback:function(Array.&lt; AutocompletePrediction&gt;, PlacesServiceStatus))</pre>	None	Retrieves place autocomplete predictions based on the supplied autocomplete request.
<pre>getQueryPredictions(request:QueryAutocompletionRequest, callback:function(Array.<queryautocompleteprediction>, PlacesServiceStatus))</queryautocompleteprediction></pre>	None	Retrieves query autocomplete predictions based on the supplied query autocomplete request.

# google.maps.places.AutocompletionRequest object specification

An Autocompletion request to be sent to the AutocompleteService.

## Library

places

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Bounds for prediction biasing. Predictions will be biased towards, but not restricted to, the given bounds.  Both location and radius will be ignored if bounds is set.	
componentRestrictions	ComponentRestrictions	The component restrictions. Component restrictions are used to restrict predictions to only those within the parent component. E.g., the country.	
input	string	The user entered input string.	
location	LatLng	Location for prediction biasing. Predictions will be biased towards the given location and radius. Alternatively, bounds can be used.	
offset	number	The character position in the input term at which the service uses text for predictions (the position of the cursor in the input field).	
radius	number	The radius of the area used for prediction biasing. The radius is specified in meters, and must always be accompanied by a location property. Alternatively, bounds can be used.	
types	Array. <string></string>	The types of predictions to be returned. Four types are supported: 'establishment' for businesses, 'geocode' for addresses, '(regions)' for administrative regions and '(cities)' for localities. If nothing is specified, all types are returned.	

# google.maps.places.ComponentRestrictions object specification

Defines the component restrictions that can be used with the autocomplete service.

### Library

places

country	string	Restricts predictions to the specified country (ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 country code, case insensitive). E.g., us, br, au.
oound1	DOLLING	restricts predictions to the specified obtainty (100 0100 1 74pha 2 obtainty obde, base inscribitive). E.g., do, bi, du.

# google.maps.places.PlaceAspectRating object specification

Defines information about an aspect of the place that users have reviewed.

### Library

places

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
rating	number	The rating of this aspect. For individual reviews this is an integer from 0 to 3. For aggregated ratings of a place this is an integer from 0 to 30.
type	string	The aspect type, e.g. "food", "decor", "service", "overall".

# google.maps.places.PlaceDetailsRequest object specification

A Place details query to be sent to the PlacesService.

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
reference	string	The reference of the Place for which details are being requested.

# google.maps.places.PlaceGeometry object specification

Defines information about the geometry of a Place.

### Library

places

Properties	Туре	Description
location	LatLng	The Place's position.

# google.maps.places.PlacePhoto object specification

Represents a photo element of a Place.

### Library

places

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getUrl(opts: PhotoOptions)	string	Returns the image URL corresponding to the specified options. You must include a PhotoOptions object with at least one of maxWidth or maxHeight specified.

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
height	number	The height of the photo in pixels.
html_attributions	Array. <string></string>	Attribution text to be displayed for this photo.
width	number	The width of the photo in pixels.

# google.maps.places.PhotoOptions object specification

Defines photo-requesting options.

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
maxHeight	number	The maximum height in pixels of the returned image.	
maxWidth	number	The maximum width in pixels of the returned image.	

# google.maps.places.PlaceResult object specification

Defines information about a Place.

# Library

places

Properties	Туре	Description	
address_components	Array.< <u>GeocoderAddressComponent</u> >	The collection of address con	nponents for this Place's location.
aspects	Array.< <u>PlaceAspectRating</u> >	The rated aspects of this Place are on a scale of 0 to 30.	ce, based on Google and Zagat user reviews. The ratings
formatted_address	string	The Place's full address.	
formatted_phone_number	string	The Place's phone number, for	ormatted according to the <u>number's regional convention</u> .
geometry	PlaceGeometry	The Place's geometry-related	I information.
html_attributions	Array. <string></string>	Attribution text to be displayed	d for this Place result.
icon	string	URL to an image resource the	at can be used to represent this Place's category.
id	string	information about this Place, searches. As ids can occasion	nis Place. This identifier may not be used to retrieve and to verify the identity of a Place across separate onally change, it is recommended that the stored id for a returned in later Details requests for the same Place, and
international_phone_number	string	The Place's phone number in country code, and is prefixed	international format. International format includes the with the plus (+) sign.
name	string		
permanently_closed	boolean		Place is permanently closed. If the place is not permanently t in search or details responses.
photos	Array.< <u>PlacePhoto</u> >	Photos of this Place. The coll	lection will contain up to ten PlacePhoto objects.
price_level	number	The price level of the Place,	on a scale of 0 to 4. Price levels are interpreted as follows:
		Value	Description
		0	Free
		1	Inexpensive
		2	Moderate
		3	Expensive
		4	Very Expensive
rating	number	A rating, between 1.0 to 5.0,	based on user reviews of this Place.
reference	string	(via <u>PlacesService</u> .getDetail to retrieve additional information	e used to retrieve up-to-date information about this Place $ls()$ ). reference contains a unique token that you can use ion about this Place in a Place Details request. You can any time in future to refresh cached data about this Place,

		but the same token is not guaranteed to be returned for any given Place across different searches.
review_summary	string	The editorial review summary. Only visible in details responses, for customers of Maps API for Business and when <code>extensions: 'review_summary'</code> is specified in the details request. The <code>review_summary</code> field is experimental, and subject to change.
reviews	Array.< <u>PlaceReview</u> >	A list of reviews of this Place.
types	Array. <string></string>	An array of types for this Place (e.g., ["political", "locality"] or ["restaurant", "establishment"]).
url	string	URL of the associated Google Place Page.
vicinity	string	A fragment of the Place's address for disambiguation (usually street name and locality).
website	string	The authoritative website for this Place, such as a business' homepage.

# google.maps.places.PlaceReview object specification

Represents a single review of a place.

## Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
aspects	Array. <placeaspectrating></placeaspectrating>	The aspects rated by the review. The ratings on a scale of 0 to 3.
author_name	string	The name of the reviewer.
author_url	string	A link to the reviewer's profile. This will be undefined when the reviewer's profile is unavailable.
language	string	An IETF language code indicating the language in which this review is written. Note that this code includes only the main language tag without any secondary tag indicating country or region. For example, all the English reviews are tagged as 'en' rather than 'en-AU' or 'en-UK'.
text	string	The text of a review.

# google.maps.places.PlaceSearchPagination object specification

An object used to fetch additional pages of Places results.

## Library

places

Methods	Return Value	Description
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nextPage()	None	Fetches the next page of results. Uses the same callback function that was provided to the first search request.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
hasNextPage	boolean	Indicates if further results are available. true when there is an additional results page.

# google.maps.places.PlaceSearchRequest object specification

A Place search query to be sent to the PlacesService.

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	LatLngBounds	The bounds within which to search for Places. Both location and radius will be ignored if bounds is set.
keyword	string	A term to be matched against all available fields, including but not limited to name, type, and address, as well as customer reviews and other third-party content.
location	LatLng	The location around which to search for Places.
maxPriceLevel	number	Restricts results to only those places at the specified price level or lower. Valid values are in the range from 0 (most affordable) to 4 (most expensive), inclusive. Must be greater than or equal to minPrice, if specified.
minPriceLevel	number	Restricts results to only those places at the specified price level or higher. Valid values are in the range from 0 (most affordable) to 4 (most expensive), inclusive. Must be less than or equal to maxPrice, if specified.
name	string	Restricts the Place search results to Places that include this text in the name.
openNow	boolean	Restricts results to only those places that are open right now.
radius	number	The distance from the given location within which to search for Places, in meters. The maximum allowed value is 50 000.
rankBy	RankBy	Specifies the ranking method to use when returning results.
types	Array. <string></string>	Restricts the Place search results to Places with a type matching at least one of the specified types in this array. Valid types are given <a href="here">here</a> .

# google.maps.places.PlacesService class

Contains methods related to searching for Places and retrieving details about a Place.

### Library

places

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
PlacesService(attrContainer:HTMLDivElement   Map)	Creates a new instance of the PlacesService that renders attributions in the specified container.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getDetails(request: PlaceDetailsRequest, callback:function(PlaceResult, PlacesServiceStatus))</pre>	None	Retrieves details about the Place identified by the given reference.
<pre>nearbySearch(request:PlaceSearchRequest, callback:function(Array.<placeresult>, PlacesServiceStatus,PlaceSearchPagination))</placeresult></pre>	None	Retrieves a list of Places in a given area. The PlaceResults passed to the callback are stripped-down versions of a full PlaceResult. A more detailed PlaceResult for each Place can be obtained by sending a Place Details request with the desired Place's reference value.
radarSearch(request: <u>RadarSearchRequest</u> , callback:function(Array.< <u>PlaceResult</u> >, <u>PlacesServiceStatus</u> ))	None	Similar to the nearbySearch function, with the following differences: the search response will include up to 200 Places, identified only by their geographic coordinates and Place reference.
<pre>textSearch(request: TextSearchRequest, callback:function(Array.<placeresult>, PlacesServiceStatus))</placeresult></pre>	None	Similar to the nearbySearch function, with the following differences: it retrieves a list of Places based on the query attribute in the given request object; bounds or location + radius parameters are optional; and the region, when provided, will not restrict the results to places inside the area, only bias the response towards results near it.

# google.maps.places.PlacesServiceStatus class

The status returned by the PlacesService on the completion of its searches.

### Library

places

### Constant

Constant	Description
INVALID_REQUEST	This request was invalid.
OK	The response contains a valid result.
OVER_QUERY_LIMIT	The application has gone over its request quota.
REQUEST_DENIED	The application is not allowed to use the PlacesService.
UNKNOWN_ERROR	The PlacesService request could not be processed due to a server error. The request may succeed if you try again.
ZERO_RESULTS	No result was found for this request.

google.maps.places.QueryAutocompletePrediction object specification

Represents a single Query Autocomplete prediction.

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
description	string	This is the unformatted version of the query suggested by the Places service.
matched_substrings	Array.< <u>PredictionSubstring</u> >	A set of substrings in the place's description that match elements in the user's input, suitable for use in highlighting those substrings. Each substring is identified by an offset and a length, expressed in unicode characters.
terms	Array.< <u>PredictionTerm</u> >	Information about individual terms in the above description. Categorical terms come first (e.g., "restaurant"). Address terms appear from most to least specific. For example, "San Francisco", and "CA".

# google.maps.places.QueryAutocompletionRequest object specification

An QueryAutocompletion request to be sent to the  ${\tt QueryAutocompleteService}.$ 

## Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	LatLngBounds	Bounds for prediction biasing. Predictions will be biased towards, but not restricted to, the given bounds. Both location and radius will be ignored if bounds is set.
input	string	The user entered input string.
location	LatLng	Location for prediction biasing. Predictions will be biased towards the given location and radius. Alternatively, bounds can be used.
offset	number	The character position in the input term at which the service uses text for predictions (the position of the cursor in the input field).
radius	number	The radius of the area used for prediction biasing. The radius is specified in meters, and must always be accompanied by a location property. Alternatively, bounds can be used.

# google.maps.places.RadarSearchRequest object specification

A Radar Search request to be sent to the PlacesService.

### Library

places

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	LatLngBounds	Bounds used to bias results when searching for Places (optional). Both location and radius will be ignored if bounds is set. Results will not be restricted to those inside these bounds; but, results inside it will rank higher.
keyword	string	A term to be matched against all available fields, including but not limited to name, type, and address, as well as customer reviews and other third-party content.
location	LatLng	The center of the area used to bias results when searching for Places.
name	string	Restricts results to Places that include this text in the name.
radius	number	The radius of the area used to bias results when searching for Places, in meters.
types	Array. <string></string>	Restricts the Place search results to Places with a type matching at least one of the specified types in this array. Valid types are given <a href="here">here</a> .

# google.maps.places.RankBy class

Ranking options for a PlaceSearchRequest.

### Library

places

#### Constant

Constant	Description
DISTANCE	Ranks place results by distance from the location.
PROMINENCE	Ranks place results by their prominence.

# google.maps.places.SearchBox class

A service to provide query predictions based on a user's text input. It attaches to an input element of type text, and listens for text entry in that field. The list of predictions is presented as a drop-down list, and is updated as text is entered.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

places

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
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#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getBounds()	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Returns the bounds to which query predictions are biased.
getPlaces()	Array.< <u>PlaceResult</u> >	Returns the query selected by the user, or null if no places have been found yet, to be used with places_changed event.
setBounds(bounds: LatLngBounds)	None	Sets the region to use for biasing query predictions. Results will only be biased towards this area and not be completely restricted to it.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
places_changed	None	This event is fired when the user selects a query, getPlaces should be used to get new places.

# google.maps.places.SearchBoxOptions object specification

The options that can be set on a SearchBox object.

### Library

places

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	LatLngBounds	The area towards which to bias query predictions. Predictions are biased towards, but not restricted to, queries targeting these bounds.

# google.maps.places.TextSearchRequest object specification

A text search request to be sent to the PlacesService.

### Library

places

Properties	Туре	Description
bounds	<u>LatLngBounds</u>	Bounds used to bias results when searching for Places (optional). Both location and radius will be ignored if bounds is set.

		Results will not be restricted to those inside these bounds; but, results inside it will rank higher.
location	LatLng	The center of the area used to bias results when searching for Places.
query	string	The request's query term. e.g. the name of a place ('Eiffel Tower'), a category followed by the name of a location ('pizza in New York'), or the name of a place followed by a location disambiguator ('Starbucks in Sydney').
radius	number	The radius of the area used to bias results when searching for Places, in meters.
types	Array. <string></string>	Restricts the Place search results to Places with a type matching at least one of the specified types in this array. Valid types are given <a href="here">here</a> .

# google.maps.drawing.DrawingManager class

Allows users to draw markers, polygons, polylines, rectangles, and circles on the map. The DrawingManager's drawing mode defines the type of overlay that will be created by the user. Adds a control to the map, allowing the user to switch drawing mode.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

drawing

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
DrawingManager(options? :DrawingManagerOptions)	Creates a DrawingManager that allows users to draw overlays on the map, and switch between the type of overlay to be drawn with a drawing control.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getDrawingMode()	<u>OverlayType</u>	Returns the DrawingManager's drawing mode.
getMap()	Map	Returns the Map to which the DrawingManager is attached, which is the Map on which the overlays created will be placed.
setDrawingMode(drawingMode: <a href="OverlayType">OverlayType</a> )	None	Changes the DrawingManager's drawing mode, which defines the type of overlay to be added on the map. Accepted values are MARKER, POLYGON, POLYLINE, RECTANGLE, CIRCLE, Or null. A drawing mode of null means that the user can interact with the map as normal, and clicks do not draw anything.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Attaches the DrawingManager object to the specified Map.
setOptions(options: <u>DrawingManagerOptions</u> )	None	Sets the DrawingManager's options.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
circlecomplete	Circle	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing a circle.

markercomplete	Marker	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing a marker.
overlaycomplete	<u>OverlayCompleteEvent</u>	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing an overlay of any type.
polygoncomplete	Polygon	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing a polygon.
polylinecomplete	Polyline	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing a polyline.
rectanglecomplete	Rectangle	This event is fired when the user has finished drawing a rectangle.

# google.maps.drawing.DrawingManagerOptions object specification

Options for the drawing manager.

## Library

drawing

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
circleOptions	CircleOptions	Options to apply to any new circles created with this <code>DrawingManager</code> . The <code>center</code> and <code>radius</code> properties are ignored, and the <code>map</code> property of a new circle is always set to the <code>DrawingManager</code> 's map.
drawingControl	boolean	The enabled/disabled state of the drawing control. Defaults to true.
drawingControlOptions	DrawingControlOptions	The display options for the drawing control.
drawingMode	<u>OverlayType</u>	The DrawingManager's drawing mode, which defines the type of overlay to be added on the map. Accepted values are MARKER, POLYGON, POLYLINE, RECTANGLE, CIRCLE, Or null. A drawing mode of null means that the user can interact with the map as normal, and clicks do not draw anything.
map	Map	The Map to which the DrawingManager is attached, which is the Map on which the overlays created will be placed.
markerOptions	MarkerOptions	Options to apply to any new markers created with this <code>DrawingManager</code> . The <code>position</code> property is ignored, and the <code>map</code> property of a new marker is always set to the <code>DrawingManager</code> 's map.
polygonOptions	PolygonOptions	Options to apply to any new polygons created with this <code>DrawingManager</code> . The <code>paths</code> property is ignored, and the <code>map</code> property of a new polygon is always set to the <code>DrawingManager</code> 's map.
polylineOptions	PolylineOptions	Options to apply to any new polylines created with this <code>DrawingManager</code> . The <code>path</code> property is ignored, and the <code>map</code> property of a new polyline is always set to the <code>DrawingManager</code> 's map.
rectangleOptions	RectangleOptions	Options to apply to any new rectangles created with this <code>DrawingManager</code> . The <code>bounds</code> property is ignored, and the <code>map</code> property of a new rectangle is always set to the <code>DrawingManager</code> 's map.

# $google.maps.drawing. Drawing Control Options\ object\ specification$

Options for the rendering of the drawing control.

### Library

drawing

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
drawingModes	Array.< <u>OverlayType</u> >	The drawing modes to display in the drawing control, in the order in which they are to be displayed. The hand icon (which corresponds to the null drawing mode) is always available and is not to be specified in this array. Defaults to [MARKER, POLYLINE, RECTANGLE, CIRCLE, POLYGON].
position	ControlPosition	Position id. Used to specify the position of the control on the map. The default position is TOP_LEFT.

# google.maps.drawing.OverlayCompleteEvent object specification

The properties of an overlaycomplete event on a DrawingManager.

### Library

drawing

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
overlay	Marker   Polygon   Polyline   Rectangle   Circle	The completed overlay.
type	<u>OverlayType</u>	The completed overlay's type.

# google.maps.drawing.OverlayType class

The types of overlay that may be created by the DrawingManager.

## Library

drawing

### Constant

Constant	Description
CIRCLE	Specifies that the DrawingManager creates circles, and that the overlay given in the overlaycomplete event is a circle.
MARKER	Specifies that the DrawingManager creates markers, and that the overlay given in the overlaycomplete event is a marker.
POLYGON	Specifies that the DrawingManager creates polygons, and that the overlay given in the overlaycomplete event is a polygon.
POLYLINE	Specifies that the DrawingManager creates polylines, and that the overlay given in the overlaycomplete event is a polyline.
RECTANGLE	Specifies that the DrawingManager creates rectangles, and that the overlay given in the overlaycomplete event is a rectangle.

# google.maps.weather.CloudLayer class

A layer showing cloud imagery.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

weather

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
CloudLayer()	Creates a new cloudLayer instance that displays a cloud overlay.

### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.

# google.maps.weather.WeatherLayer class

A layer that displays weather icons.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

weather

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
WeatherLayer(opts?:WeatherLayerOptions)	Creates a new WeatherLayer instance that displays weather icons.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.
setOptions(options: WeatherLayerOptions)	None	Sets the WeatherLayer's options.

#### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>WeatherMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the weather layer is clicked.

# google.maps.weather.WeatherLayerOptions object specification

This object defines the properties that can be set on a WeatherLayer object.

### Library

weather

### **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
clickable	boolean	If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.
labelColor	LabelColor	The color of labels on the weather layer. If this is not explicitly set, the label color is chosen automatically depending on the map type.
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows when weather icons are clicked.
temperatureUnits	TemperatureUnit	The units to use for temperature.
windSpeedUnits	WindSpeedUnit	The units to use for wind speed.

# google.maps.weather.TemperatureUnit class

The temperature unit displayed by the weather layer.

#### Library

weather

#### Constant

Constant	Description	
CELSIUS	Specifies that temperatures should be displayed in degrees Celsius.	
FAHRENHEIT Specifies that temperatures should be displayed in degrees Fahrenheit.		

# google.maps.weather.WindSpeedUnit class

The wind speed unit displayed by the weather layer.

### Library

weather

### Constant

Constant	Description
KILOMETERS_PER_HOUR	Specifies that wind speeds should be displayed in kilometers per hour.
METERS_PER_SECOND	Specifies that wind speeds should be displayed in meters per second.
MILES_PER_HOUR	Specifies that wind speeds should be displayed in miles per hour.

# google.maps.weather.LabelColor class

The color of the labels displayed on the weather layer.

### Library

weather

### Constant

Constant	Description
BLACK	Weather labels will be displayed as black text with a white border.
WHITE	Weather labels will be displayed as white text with a black border.

# google.maps.weather.WeatherMouseEvent object specification

The properties of a mouse event on a WeatherLayer.

### Library

weather

Properties	Туре	Description
featureDetails	WeatherFeature	A WeatherFeature object containing information about the clicked feature.
infoWindowHtml	string	Pre-rendered HTML content to display within a feature's InfoWindow when clicked.
latLng	LatLng	The position at which to anchor an info window on the clicked feature.

# google.maps.weather.WeatherFeature object specification

Describes a single Weather feature.

## Library

weather

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
current	WeatherConditions	The current weather conditions at this location.	
forecast	Array.< <u>WeatherForecast</u> >	A forecast of weather conditions over the next four days. The forecast array is always in chronological order.	
location	string	The location name of this feature, e.g. "San Francisco, California".	
temperatureUnit	<u>TemperatureUnit</u>	The temperature units being used.	
windSpeedUnit	WindSpeedUnit	The wind speed units being used.	

# google.maps.weather.WeatherConditions object specification

Describes a single weather feature.

### Library

weather

Properties	Туре	Description
day	string	The current day of the week in long form, e.g. "Monday".
description	string	A description of the conditions, e.g. "Partly Cloudy".
high	number	The highest temperature reached during the day.
humidity	number	The current humidity, expressed as a percentage.
low	number	The lowest temperature reached during the day.
shortDay	string	The current day of the week in short form, e.g. "M".
temperature	number	The current temperature, in the specified temperature units.
windDirection	string	The current wind direction.
windSpeed	number	The current wind speed, in the specified wind speed units.

# google.maps.weather.WeatherForecast object specification

Describes a single day's weather forecast.

#### Library

weather

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description	
day	string	The day of the week in long form, e.g. "Monday".	
description	string	A description of the conditions, e.g. "Partly Cloudy".	
high	number	The highest temperature reached during the day.	
low	number	The lowest temperature reached during the day.	
shortDay	string	The day of the week in short form, e.g. "M".	

# google.maps.visualization.MapsEngineLayer class

A MapsEngineLayer allows you to display data from Google Maps Engine or the Google Earth Gallery.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

visualization

### Constructor

Constructor	Description
MapsEngineLayer(options: MapsEngineLayerOptions)	Creates a new instance of MapsEngineLayer.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getLayerId()	string	Returns the ID of the Maps Engine layer being displayed, if set.
getLayerKey()	string	Returns the key of the layer to be displayed.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
getMapId()	string	Returns the ID of the Maps Engine map to which the layer belongs.
getOpacity()	number	Returns the opacity of the layer. Applies only to imagery layers.

<pre>getProperties()</pre>	MapsEngineLayerProperties	Returns properties of the Maps Engine layer, which are available once the layer has loaded.
getStatus()	<u>MapsEngineStatus</u>	Returns the status of the layer, which is available once the requested layer has loaded.
getZIndex()	number	Returns the z-index.
setLayerId(layerId:string)	None	Sets the ID of a single Maps Engine layer to display. Changing this value will cause the layer to be redrawn.
setLayerKey(layerKey:string)	None	Sets the key of the layer to be displayed. Maps Engine layer keys are only unique within a single map, and can be changed by map owners. Changing this value will cause the layer to be redrawn.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.
setMapId(mapId:string)	None	Sets the ID of the Maps Engine map that contains the layer with the given layerkey. Changing this value will cause the layer to be redrawn.
setOpacity(opacity:number)	None	Sets the opacity of the layer, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Applies only to imagery layers. Note: Be careful of setting this option for other layer types, as it may become effective in the future.
setOptions(options: <a href="MapsEngineLayerOptions">MapsEngineLayerOptions</a> )	None	
setZIndex(zIndex:number)	None	Sets the z-index. Only applies to Vector and KML layers.

### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description
click	<u>MapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is clicked.
properties_changed	None	This event is fired when the layer has finished loading, and the layer's properties are available for reading.
status_changed	None	This event is fired when the layer has finished loading, and the status is available to determine if the layer loaded successfully.

# $google.maps.visualization. Maps Engine Layer Options\ object\ specification$

This object defines the properties that can be set on a MapsEngineLayer object. layerId, or both mapId and layerKey, must be set.

## Library

visualization

Properties	Туре	Description
accessToken	string	The authentication token returned by an OAuth 2.0 authentication request.
clickable	boolean	If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.
fitBounds	boolean	If this option is set to true, the map viewport is centered and zoomed to the bounding box of the contents of the layer.  Default value is false. Applies only to KML layers. Note: Be careful when setting this option for other layer types, as it may

		become effective in the future.
layerId	string	The ID of a single Maps Engine layer to display.
layerKey	string	The key of the layer to display. Maps Engine layer keys are only unique within a single map, and can be changed by map owners.
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.
mapId	string	The ID of the Maps Engine map that contains the layer with the given layerKey.
opacity	number	The opacity of the layer, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 1. Applies only to imagery layers. Note: Be careful of setting this option for other layer types, as it may become effective in the future.
suppressInfoWindows	boolean	Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.
zIndex	number	The z-index of the layer. Only applies to Vector and KML layers.

# google.maps.visualization.MapsEngineLayerProperties object specification

This object defines the properties of a Maps Engine layer.

## Library

visualization

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
name	string	The name of the layer.

# google.maps.visualization.MapsEngineMouseEvent object specification

The properties of a mouse event on a MapsEngineLayer.

## Library

visualization

Properties	Туре	Description
featureId	string	The feature ID, guaranteed to be unique within the layer.
infoWindowHtml	string	Pre-rendered HTML content, as placed in the infowindow by the default UI.
latLng	LatLng	The position at which to anchor an infowindow on the clicked feature.
pixelOffset	Size	The offset to apply to an infowindow anchored on the clicked feature.

# google.maps.visualization.MapsEngineStatus object specification

The status returned by MapsEngineLayer when a layer has loaded.

### Library

visualization

#### Constant

Constant	Description
INVALID_LAYER	The requested layer is not a valid layer.
OK	The layer loaded successfully.
UNKNOWN_ERROR	The layer failed to load for an unknown reason.

# google.maps.visualization.DynamicMapsEngineLayer class

A  ${\tt DynamicMapsEngineLayer}$  allows you to display data from  ${\tt Google\ Maps\ Engine}$  or the  ${\tt Google\ Earth\ Gallery}$ .

This class extends MVCObject.

### Library

visualization

## Constructor

Constructor	Description
DynamicMapsEngineLayer(options: <u>DynamicMapsEngineLayerOptions</u> )	Creates a new instance of DynamicMapsEngineLayer.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getFeatureStyle(featureId:string)	<u>FeatureStyle</u>	Returns the style for the given feature, with which individual style properties can be retrieved or set.
getLayerId()	string	Returns the ID of the Maps Engine layer being displayed, if set.
getLayerKey()	string	Returns the key of the layer to be displayed.
getMap()	Map	Returns the map on which this layer is displayed.
getMapId()	string	Returns the ID of the Maps Engine map to which the layer belongs.
getOpacity()	number	Returns the opacity of the layer. Applies only to imagery layers.
getStatus()	<u>MapsEngineStatus</u>	Returns the status of the layer, set once the requested layer has loaded.

setLayerId(layerId:string)	None	Sets the ID of a single Maps Engine layer to display.
setLayerKey(layerKey:string)	None	Sets the key of the layer to be displayed. Maps Engine Layer Keys are only unique within a single map, and can be changed by map owners. Changing this value will cause the layer to be redrawn.
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the layer on the specified map. If map is set to null, the layer will be removed.
setMapId(mapId:string)	None	Sets the ID of the Maps Engine map to which the layer belongs. Changing this value will cause the layer to be redrawn.
setOpacity(opacity:number)	None	Sets the opacity of the layer, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Applies only to imagery layers. Note: Be careful of setting this option for other layer types, as it may become effective in the future.
setOptions(options: <u>DynamicMapsEngineLayerOptions</u> )	None	

### **Events**

Events	Arguments	Description	
click	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is clicked.	
dblclick	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when a feature in the layer is double clicked.	
mousedown	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a mousedown on a feature in the layer.	
mousemove	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the mouse moves over a feature in the layer.	
mouseout	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the mouse leaves a feature in the layer.	
mouseover	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired when the mouse enters a feature in the layer.	
mouseup	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a mouseup on a feature in the layer.	
properties_changed	None	This event is fired when the layer's properties are available for reading.	
rightclick	<u>DynamicMapsEngineMouseEvent</u>	This event is fired for a rightclick on a feature in the layer.	
status_changed	None	This event is fired when the layer has finished loading, and the status is available to determine if the layer loaded successfully.	

# $google.maps.visualization. Dynamic Maps Engine Layer Options\ object\ specification$

This object defines the properties that can be set on a DynamicMapsEngineLayer object. layerId, or both mapId and layerKey must be set.

## Library

visualization

Properties	Туре	Description
accessToken	string	The authentication token returned by an OAuth 2.0 authentication request.
clickable boolean If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.		If true, the layer receives mouse events. Default value is true.

layerId	string	The ID of the Maps Engine layer to display.	
layerKey	string	The key of the layer to display from the specified map.	
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.	
mapId	string	The ID of the Maps Engine map that contains the layer with the given layerKey.	
opacity	number	The opacity of the layer, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 1. Applies only to imagery layers. Note: Be careful of setting this option for other layer types, as it may become effective in the future.	
suppressInfoWindows boolean Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.		Suppress the rendering of info windows when layer features are clicked.	

# $google.maps.visualization. Dynamic Maps Engine Mouse Event\ object\ specification$

The properties of a mouse event on a DynamicMapsEngineLayer.

### Library

visualization

#### Methods

Methods	Return Value	Description
<pre>getDetails(callback:function(MapsEngineMouseEvent))</pre>	None	Takes a callback that will be called with details about the feature that may be used to render an info window.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
featureId	string	The feature ID, guaranteed to be unique within the layer.
latLng	Lating The latitude/longitude that was below the cursor when the event occurred.	

# google.maps.visualization.FeatureStyle object specification

## Library

visualization

Methods	Return Value	Description
reset(property:string)	None	Resets the given style property to its original value.
resetAll()	None	Resets all style properties to their original values.

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
fillColor	string	The feature's fill color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
fillopacity string Fill opacity, expressed as a decimal between 0 and 1 inclusive. This property may be set as a number, b as a string.		Fill opacity, expressed as a decimal between 0 and 1 inclusive. This property may be set as a number, but it will always be returned as a string.
iconAnchor string The icon's anchor point is the pixel in the source image that is aligned with the point's geographic whitespace-separated pair of numbers: x y. Defaults to the center of the icon.		The icon's anchor point is the pixel in the source image that is aligned with the point's geographical location, expressed as a whitespace-separated pair of numbers: x y. Defaults to the center of the icon.
iconClip	string	The rectangular region of the icon's image (in image pixel coordinates) to use, as a whitespace-separated 4-tuple of numbers: x y width height. For example, to use a 32x32 icon situated at (0, 64) in a sprite sheet, specify 0 64 32 32.
iconImage	string	The image to render at the point. Currently, only url() is supported.
iconOpacity	string	Icon opacity, expressed as a decimal between 0 and 1 inclusive. This property may be set as a number, but it will always be returned as a string.
iconSize string lcon size, expressed as a string with two measurements (with pixel or percentage as unit) separated by whitespa		Icon size, expressed as a string with two measurements (with pixel or percentage as unit) separated by whitespace.
strokeColor	string	The feature's stroke color. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
strokeOpacity	string	Stroke opacity, expressed as a decimal between 0 and 1 inclusive. This property may be set as a number, but it will always be returned as a string.
strokeWidth	string	Stroke width in pixels. This property may be set as a number, but it will always be returned as a string.
zIndex	string	Rendering order. Features with greater zIndex are rendered on top.

# google.maps.visualization.HeatmapLayer class

A layer that provides a client-side rendered heatmap, depicting the intensity of data at geographical points.

This class extends MVCObject.

## Library

visualization

#### Constructor

Constructor	Description
HeatmapLayer(opts?: <u>HeatmapLayerOptions</u> )	Creates a new instance of HeatmapLayer.

Methods	Return Value	Description
getData()	MVCArray. <latlng weightedlocation></latlng weightedlocation>	Returns the data points currently displayed by this heatmap.
getMap()	Мар	

setData(data: MVCArray. < Lating   WeightedLocation >   Array. < Lating   WeightedLocation > )	None	Sets the data points to be displayed by this heatmap.	
setMap(map:Map)	None	Renders the heatmap on the specified map. If map is set to null, the heatmap will be removed.	

# $google.maps.visualization. Heatmap Layer Options\ object\ specification$

This object defines the properties that can be set on a HeatmapLayer object.

### Library

visualization

## **Properties**

Properties	Туре	Description
data	MVCArray. <latlng></latlng>	The data points to display. Required.
dissipating	boolean	Specifies whether heatmaps dissipate on zoom. By default, the radius of influence of a data point is specified by the radius option only. When dissipating is disabled, the radius option is intepreted as a radius at zoom level 0.
gradient	Array. <string></string>	The color gradient of the heatmap, specified as an array of CSS color strings. All CSS3 colors are supported except for extended named colors.
map	Map	The map on which to display the layer.
maxIntensity	number	The maximum intensity of the heatmap. By default, heatmap colors are dynamically scaled according to the greatest concentration of points at any particular pixel on the map. This property allows you to specify a fixed maximum.
opacity	number	The opacity of the heatmap, expressed as a number between 0 and 1. Defaults to 0.6.
radius	number	The radius of influence for each data point, in pixels.

# google.maps.visualization.WeightedLocation object specification

A data point entry for a heatmap. This is a geographical data point with a weight attribute.

## Library

visualization

Properties	Туре	Description
location	LatLng	The location of data point.
weight	number	The weighting value of the data point.

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