一、Linux 安装 rz/sz 工具进行文件传输

环境: centos-6.5-x86-64;

前期: Windows 环境可安装 WinSCP, 将软件拷贝到 Linux 虚拟机中。

第1章 安装 Irzsz

1.1 方法一: yum 命令安装

yum install -y lrzsz

如果 yum 未配置,命令不能使用,请先配置 yum 源,步骤如下:

1.1.1 拷贝 iso 镜像到本地

如/mnt/cdrom/CentOS-6.5-x86_64-bin-DVD1.iso,如果/mnt/cdrom 不存在请创建该目录:

mkdir /mnt/cdrom

mkdir /mnt/centosyum(挂载点目录)。

1.1.2 挂载 ISO 镜像:

```
[root@localhost mnt]# mount /mnt/cdrom/CentOS-6.5-x86 64-bin-DVD1.iso /mnt/centosyum/ -o
[root@localhost mnt]# mount
/dev/sda2 on / type ext4 (rw)
proc on /proc type proc (rw)
sysfs on /sys type sysfs (rw)
devpts on /dev/pts type devpts (rw,gid=5,mode=620)
tmpfs on /dev/shm type tmpfs (rw,rootcontext="system u:object r:tmpfs t:s0")
/dev/sdal on /boot type ext4 (rw)
/dev/sda6 on /icooper type ext4 (rw)
/dev/sda3 on /usr type ext4 (rw)
none on /proc/sys/fs/binfmt misc type binfmt misc (rw)
vmware-vmblock on /var/run/vmblock-fuse type fuse.vmware-vmblock (rw,nosuid,nodev,defaul
t permissions, allow other)
gvfs-fuse-daemon on /root/.gvfs type fuse.gvfs-fuse-daemon (rw,nosuid,nodev)
/mnt/cdrom/CentOS-6.5-x86 64-bin-DVD1.iso on /mnt/centosyum type iso9660 (rw,loop=/dev/l
oop0)
```

1.1.3 设置开机自动挂载:

```
[root@localhost mnt]# cat /etc/fstab
# /etc/fstab
# Created by anaconda on Thu Jan 12 00:57:18 2017
# Accessible filesystems, by reference, are maintained under '/dev/disk'
# See man pages fstab(5), findfs(8), mount(8) and/or blkid(8) for more info
UUID=3009529c-b16e-406c-a7c2-f73166d1e625 /
                                                                           defaults
                                                                                           1 1
UUID=ac5c3c34-408f-4254-b428-a66b98454a19 /boot
                                                                           defaults
                                                                                           1 2
                                                                   ext4
UUID=2ddd39cb-ebb0-4873-910b-af1bcc7eea5e /icooper
                                                                   ext4
                                                                           defaults
                                                                                           1 2
UUID=87f810fe-eebb-4744-982c-aea838f999a5 /usr
                                                                           defaults
                                                                                           1 2
                                                                   ext4
UUID=8ff084fc-da51-4b0c-afd4-9715450307c4 swap
                                                                   swap
                                                                           defaults
                                                                                           0 0
tmpfs
                        /dev/shm
                                                tmpfs
                                                        defaults
                                                                         0 0
devpts
                        /dev/pts
                                                devpts gid=5, mode=620 0 0
                                                         defaults
                                                                         0 0
sysfs
                        /sys
                                                sysfs
proc
                                                proc
                                                         defaults
                                                                         0 0
                        /proc
                                                         defaults
                                                                         0 0
#/home/user1
                        /icooper
                                                ext4
/mnt/cdrom/CentOS-6.5-x86 64-bin-DVD1.iso
                                                 /mnt/centosyum iso9660 loop,defaults
[root@localhost mnt]# mount -a
```

执行 mount -a 自动检测并激活挂载,若未报错,执行 df-h 即可看到结果。

1.1.4 配置 yum 仓库

新增 yum 配置文件,建议先删除(移走)所有在线 yum 源,命令如下:

```
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# pwd
/etc/yum.repos.d
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# ls
CentOS-Base.repo CentOS-Debuginfo.repo CentOS-Media.repo CentOS-Vault.repo
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# mv CentOS-Base.repo CentOS-Base.repo.bak
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# mv CentOS-Debuginfo.repo CentOS-Debuginfo.repo.bak
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# mv CentOS-Media.repo CentOS-Media.repo.bak
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# mv CentOS-Vault.repo CentOS-Vault.repo.bak
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# vim yum.repo
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# cat yum.repo
[c6.5-media]
name = Local source
baseurl = file:///mnt/centosyum
gpgcheck = 0
enabled = 1
gpgkey = file:///mnt/centosyum/RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-6
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# yum clean all
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Cleaning repos: c6.5-media
Cleaning up Everything
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# cd /mnt/centosyum/
[root@localhost centosyum]# yum install createrepo
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, refresh-packagekit, security
Determining fastest mirrors
c6.5-media
                                                                              | 4.0 kB
                                                                                           00:00 ...
c6.5-media/primary db
                                                                              i 4.4 MB
                                                                                           00:00 ...
Setting up Install Process
```

createrepo 是 linux 下的创建仓库的软件包。create 是创建的意思, repo 是 repository 的缩写,是仓库的意思。

Installed: createrepo.noarch 0:0.9.9-18.el6 Dependency Installed: deltarpm.x86 64 0:3.5-0.5.20090913git.el6 python-deltarpm.x86 64 0:3.5-0.5.20090913git.el6 Complete! [root@localhost centosyum]# createrepo . Directory /mnt/centosyum/. must be writable. [root@localhost centosyum]# ls CentOS BuildTag isolinux RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-Debug-6 EFI **Packages** RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-Security-6 **EULA** RELEASE-NOTES-en-US.html RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-Testing-6 repodata GPL TRANS.TBL images RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-6

完成以上操作 yum 仓库就配置好了。

1.2 方法二:源文件编译方法

lrzsz 在 linux 里可代替 ftp 上传和下载。

lrzsz 官网入口: http://freecode.com/projects/lrzsz/

Irzsz 是一个 unix 通信套件提供的 X,Y,和 ZModem 文件传输协议。

安装配置 lrzsz, 命令如下:

mkdir /home//tools

cd /home//tools #将安装包 lrzsz-0.12.20.tar.gz

tar -zxvf lrzsz-0.12.20.tar.gz

cd lrzsz-0.12.20

#./configure --prefix=/usr/local/lrzsz #执行失败见章节 1.3

make && make install

cd /usr/bin

ln -s /usr/local/lrzsz/bin/lrz rz

ln -s /usr/local/lrzsz/bin/lsz sz

#rz #上传文件,执行命令rz,会跳出文件选择窗口,选择好文件,点击确认即可。

sz #下载文件, 执行命令 sz

1.3 安装 gcc

1.3.1 输入 gcc 提示 gcc 命令没找到, 说明未安装:

gcc

-bash: gcc: command not found

1.3.2 准备并安装 rpm 包

1.将需要的 rpm 包拷贝到 linux 操作系统里,方法如下:

- (1) 可去网上下载;
- (2) 直接从光盘镜像中拷贝;
- (3) 挂载镜像, rpm 包在挂载目录/mnt/centosyum/Packages 下(参考章节 1.2.1 和 1.22)

2.依次安装以下软件包:

```
# rpm -ivh kernel-headers-2.6.32-71.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh glibc-headers-2.12-1.7.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh glibc-devel-2.12-1.7.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh mpfr-2.4.1-6.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh ppl-0.10.2-11.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh cpp-4.4.4-13.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh binutils-2.20.51.0.2-5.11.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh cloog-ppl-0.15.7-1.2.el6.i686.rpm
# rpm -ivh gcc-4.4.4-13.el6.i686.rpm
```

1.3.3 验证是否安装

输入 gcc,提示没有输入文件,说明安装 ok # gcc

gcc: 没有输入文件