

### **Bioinformatics Specialists**

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## NovoBarCode V1.00

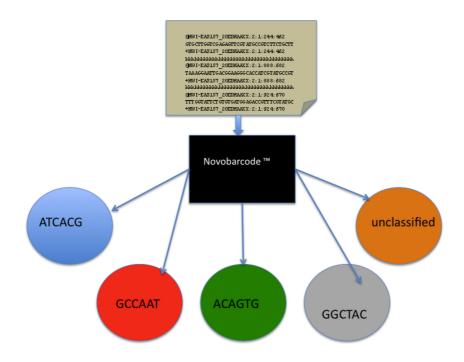
## **Synopsis**

Novobarcode demultiplexes Illumina/Solexa GAII™ reads based on a set of tag/index sequences, it can process

- Illumina indexed reads with index tag sequence in the header.
- Tag sequence embedded in 5' or 3' end of reads
- Tag seguence on one or both reads of a pair
- Multiple file formats including prb.txt
- Mismatches in tags with classification to most probable tag
- Uses base quality scores in calculating tag alignment scores

In this version classification is based on an ungapped alignment against the tag sequence. The alignment uses base qualities and will classify the read against the most probable tag. Reads with low quality tag alignments are written to a catch-all file with the tag sequence intact.

Except in Illumina format, the tag sequence is stripped from classified reads.





# The Tag File (Mandatory)

The tag file defines the tag sequences; the approx distance between tags in terms of bp difference; and the location of the tags on the read. You should include every tag that was used in your sample preparation. Leaving tags out of the tag file can result in misclassification of reads as Novobarcode will classify a read according to tag that it aligns to with the lowest score and subject to the quality threshold specified with the -t option.

Distance 9	Specifies the approx distance in bp differences between a tag and its nearest neighbour. This is used in establishing a quality value for exact tag matches and for when only one tag is specified.  Example Distance 3  Will mean that tags that match exactly are given an alignment quality of 3*30 = 90.			
	If only one tag is specified the quality would be 3*30 – 2*Sc where Sc is the alignment score.			
Format r1 [r2]	Specifies the location of the tag within the read. This is ignored if the tags are in the FASTQ headers using Illumina format. r1 indicates position of the tag on single end reads or the first read of a pair. Values are:			
	5	Barcode is in 5' end of read 1		
	3	Barcode is in 3' end of read 2		
	Н	Barcode is in Header record using Illumina Casava (pre V1.8) pipeline format.		
	N	There is no barcode on Read 1 of a pair, in this case read 2 must have barcode on 5' end.		
	r2 specifies tag location on second read of a pair. Legal values are:			
	5	Barcode is in 5' end of read 2		
	N	There is no barcode on Read 2 of a pair, in this case read 2 must have barcode on 5' end.		
	Examples:			
	Format 5 5	Paired end with tag on 5' end of both reads		
	Format 3	Single end where tag is on 3' end of the first read 1		
	Format H	Single or paired end with barcode in the sequence		



	1			
		header		
	Format N 5	Paired end with barcode on 5' end of read2		
	Format 5	Single or paired end with tag on 5' end of read 1.		
Tag Line		and Format records are followed by tag lines. has two fields, a tag identifier and the tag		

Fields in above records should be separated by a single white space character.

# **Command Line Options**

#### **Usage:**

novobarcode options

Options:

-help Print command line usage options.

-b *tagfile* Required. Specifies the bar code tag file as described above.

-d folder Sets the folder name for demux'd read files. Default is current

folder.

-f file1 [file2] Required. Specifies read file(s). Two filenames if paired end. :

FASTA, PRB, FASTQ, Solexa FASTQ files are supported.

-F format [option] Specifies the format of the read file. Normaly Novobarcode can detect the

format of read files and this option is not required. However starting with

Illumina pipeline version 1.3 the scale for quality values has been changed. If you are using the new format Illumina \*\_sequence.txt files with index tags embedded in the reads you need to add the option '-F

ILMFQ' to ensure correct interpretation of quality values.-b

Other values for the -F option are:

FA Fasta format read files with no qualities.

SLXFQ Fastq format with Solexa style quality values.



$10\log_{10}$	$_{0}(P/(1$	-P))	+	'@'

STDFQ Fastq format with Sanger coding of quality values.

 $-10\log_{10}(Perr) + '!'$ 

ILMFQ Fastq with Illumina coding of quality values.

 $-10\log_{10}(Perr) + '@'$ 

PRB Illumina \_prb.txt format.

PRBnSEQ Illumina \_prb.txt with \_seq.txt files.

QSEQ Illumina QSEQ files

ILM1.8 Illumina Casava V1.8 fastq files with Sanger coding of

quality values. -10log<sub>10</sub>(Perr) + '!'.

The *[option]* applies to QSEQ and ILM1.8 format files and species how reads flagged as low quality by Illumina base caller will be processed.

--ILQ\_SKIP Flagged reads are not classified (i.e are written to the

NC folder)

--ILQ\_USE Flag is ignored and reads are treated as per any other

read.

--ILQ\_QC Same as ILQ\_SKIP

--GZIP If this option is set the demuxed read files will be gzip'd and be

given a .gz file extension.

-i *qseqtagfile* If the index tags for the reads are in a separate QSEQ format file

(rather than embedded in 5' or 3' of read) than it should be

specified here.

Use of -i option is only available if all the read files are in QSEQ

format.

In this case demuxed files will be written in QSEQ format and

adapter trimming will not function.

--QSEQ OUT Forces output in QSEQ format when input is QSEQ and tags are

in 5' or 3' of a read. Without this option the reads are written in

fastq format.

-I 9 Sets index/barcode read length if shorter than the tag length. It is

used to control how many bases are trimmed off the read.

-t 99 Specifies a minimum tag alignment score difference (quality)

between best tag and next best tag. Alignment scores are calculated using base qualities as per novoalign. A mismatch at a

high quality base (phred quality > 30) will score 30.

If the quality, or score difference, is less than this reads are written

to the catch all file.

Default is 30 \* Distance/2

-a [adapter sequence] Designed for use with 3' index tags on single end reads, this

option allows DNA fragments that are shorter than the read length.

Both the tag and adapter are trimmed from the read.

The -a option can also be used with 5' tags and with tags in the



Illumina read header.

At the moment it does not work in conjunction with the -i option.

--NC OFF

Turns off creation of NC folder and the writing of the unclassified reads. This is useful if you are extracting a single index tag from a set of reads and have no interest in the unclassified reads..

## **Example:**

```
novobarcode -b tags.txt -f s 1 0001 prb.txt -t30 -l 7
```

This will read the tag file, create a folder and file for each tag and then classify the reads. A tag alignment quality of 30 is required. Quality is calculated as in Novoalign and a value of 30 corresponds to approx 1 mismatch or probability of 0.999 that tag aligned is correct. (I.e. the next best tag has at least one more mismatch)

The -I 7 option specifies that the sequence read for the tag is 7 bp long. The actual tag sequences may be shorter.

### **Output:**

```
novobarcode -b tags.txt -f s 4 0050 prb.txt -t 30 -l 7
ID Tag
           Count
5 ACAGTG 8388
8 ACTTGA 10317
1 ATCACG 8050
  CAGATC 44278
  CGATGT 8487
12 CTTGTA 8062
  GATCAG 11
  GCCAAT 6194
11 GGCTAC 12369
10 TAGCTT 0
  TGACCA 5082
  TTAGGC 3266
NC NC
           4537
```

A simple count of matching reads to each tag is produced.

Output pathnames for demultiplexed reads are created by pre pending the tag sequence as a folder name to the input read filename. So for command such as novobarcode -f <filename> the classified reads will be written to files <tag>/<filename> and unclassified reads to NC/<filename>

When a folder name is specified using the -d <folder> option then classified reads are written to files <folder>/<tag>/<filename>

For Solexa \*\_prb.txt read files, Novobarcode will look for a corresponding \*\_seq.txt file in the same folder as the prb file. If found the \_seq.txt records will be classified along with the prb records.



For FASTA format read files Novobarcode will look for a corresponding Phred quality file and, if found, the quality values will be used during tag alignment and the quality records will be classified along with the fasta sequences.

#### **Performance**

Tests on Mac OS 10.5 and Linux x86\_64 for classifying 119,041 length 43 reads are shown below:

Operating System	Elapsed Time (seconds)	%CPU	No. Threads
Linux x86_64	5.94	99%	1
Mac OS 10.5	6.73	86%	1

Please send feedback to <a href="mailto:support@novocraft.com">support@novocraft.com</a>

## **Classification Process**

When there is more than one tag in the tag file Novobarcode will assign reads to the tag with the best alignment, in this case it's important that all tags used in the experiment are included in the tag file.

- 1. Tag sequence from read is checked against all tags for an exact match. If an exact match is found then assignment is made an quality is given as 30\*distance
- 2. Else tag sequence from the read is aligned against each tag using ungapped alignment with match/mismatch scoring based on qualities as in Novoalign. The read is assigned to the tag with the lowest alignment score and given a quality equal to difference between the lowest score and next lowest score.
- 3. For paired end with tag in both reads both reads must align to the same tag or one read of the pair is not classified.
- 4. If the quality of the classification is above the threshold (-t option) the tag is trimmed from the read and the read output to the appropriate tag file else it is written to the NC folder.

When there is a single tag in the tag file we assume that you are extracting just this tag from a file of reads that includes other tags.

- 1. The tag sequence from the read is checked against the tag for an exact match. If found then assignment is made and a quality of 30\*distance is given
- 2. Else the tag sequence from the read is aligned against the tag using ungapped alignment with match/mismatch scoring based on qualities as in Novoalign. Alignment quality is calculated as 30\*Distance 2\*Score. In addition read will not be classified if the number of mismatches iss greater than Distance/2
- 3. For a paired end with tag in both reads the classifications must be to same tag or one read must have failed classification and the other passed.



4. If quality of classification is above the threshold (-t option) the tag is trimmed from the read and the read output to the appropriate tag file.

# **Appendix**

Tag File Example

```
Distance 3
Format
        5 5
1
  ATCACG
2
  CGATGT
3
  TTAGGC
4
  TGACCA
5
 ACAGTG
6
 GCCAAT
7
 CAGATC
8
 ACTTGA
9
 GATCAG
10 TAGCTT
11 GGCTAC
12 CTTGTA
```

## **Read File Formats**

### Illumina Cassava

The index tag is in the header line. This format is specified using the 'H' option on the **Format** line of the tag file.

## FASTQ with tag on 5' end of read.



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