UNIX Quick Reference

This card represents a brief summary of some of the more frequently used UNIX commands that all users should be at least somewhat familiar with. Some commands listed have much more functionality than can be included on this card. Please consult their respective manual pages for more information (man command).

Filesystem Management	
ls	List "normal" files.
ls file	List only file.
ls -a	List all files.
ls -1	Verbosely list "normal" files.
ls -al	Verbosely list all files.
ls -al file	Verbosely list only file.
rm file	Remove file.
rm -r dir	Remove dir and all subdirs.
mv file1 file2	Move/Rename file1 to file2.
mv $dir1\ dir2$	Move/Rename dir1 to dir2.
cp file1 file2	Copy file1 to file2.
cd dir	Change directory to dir.
$\mathtt{mkdir}\ dir$	Make a directory dir.
${\tt rmdir}\ dir$	Remove the directory dir.
chown user file	Change owner of file to user.
$\mathtt{chgrp}\ \mathit{group}\ \mathit{file}$	Change group of file to group.
$\verb chmod nnn file$	Change permissions on file to
	755 rwxr-xr-x
	700 rwx
	644 rw-rr
	600 rw
$\mathtt{locate}\ file$	Find file (fast, not reliable).
${\tt find}~dir{\tt -name}~file$	Find file in subdir of dir

(very slow, reliable).

Account Management

Change your password. passwd Change your login shell. chsh Change your finger info. chfn

Show who is logged on. who Show who is doing what. W

Show your disk quota info. quota -v du -k dirShow disk usage of dir. Show filesystem usage. df -k

File Manipulation

vi file Edit *file* with vi editor. pico fileEdit *file* with pico editor. Count words/lines in file. wc file Show contents of file. $\verb"more" file$ Show first n lines of file. $\verb|head| - n file$ tail -n fileShow last n lines of file. grep pattern file Search file for pattern.

cat file1 file2 > file3 Append file2 to file1 and save results as file3.

Process (Job) Mananagement

Show the top cpu processes. top Show info about all processes. ps -elf

Kill process pid. kill pid

Kill stubborn process pid. kill -9 pid Interrupt a foreground process.

Suspend a foreground process. ^Z Show jobs from this session. jobs

Send process to background. bg Bring process to foreground. fg Run command at lower priority.

nice command Lower priority of pid by n.

renice -n n pid

Time the execution of command. time command

Archiving and Compression

ar cf file.tar filesArchive files as file.tar tar xf file.tar Extract archive file.tar. gzip file Compress file to file.gz. Uncompress file.gz. gzip -d file.gz ${\tt compress}\; file$ Compress file to file.Z.

Uncompress file.Z. uncompress file.Z

Printing

lpr file Print file to default printer.

lpr -Pprinter file Print file to printer.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{ 1pq} & \mbox{ Show default print queue.} \\ \mbox{ 1pq } \mbox{ -P} printer & \mbox{ Show } printer \mbox{ printer} \end{array}$

lprm - Purge default printer.

lprm -Pprinter - Purge printer.

lprm job Remove job on default printer.

lprm -Pprinter job Remove job on printer.

Compilation

 $\begin{array}{lll} \hbox{(Fortran)} & \hbox{\it f77 options file1.f... fileN.f} \\ \hbox{(C)} & \hbox{\it cc options file1.c... fileN.c} \\ \hbox{(C++)} & \hbox{\it CC options file1.C... fileN.C} \\ \end{array}$

Some of the more important compiler options are summarised below. Please note that some compilers are slightly different than others, the options included here are common to most compilers.

-o file.x Create executable called file.x.

-g Include info for debugging.

-c Compile, but do not link objects.

-0N Optimize executable $(1 \le N \le 3)$.

-1 foo Include library lib foo.a.

The dbx Debugger

rerun	Rerun from beginning.
${ t stop \ in} \ sub$	Set breakpoint in sub routine.
${ t stop \ at \ } N$	Set breakpoint at line N .
${\tt trace}\ var$	Set a tracewatch on <i>var</i> iable.
status	Show breakpoints and traces.
$\mathtt{delete}\ N$	Delete N th breakpoint/trace.
delete all	Delete all breakpoints/traces.
cont	Continue running (after a stop).
step	Execute the next line and stop.
next	Same as step, but steps over calls.
list	List 10 lines of source.
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List 10 lines of source.
List N List 10 lines from line N.
print var Print the value of variable.

dump Print the value of all variables.

quit Quit the debugger.

Getting Help

man command
man -k keyword

Show the manual for *command*. Search man pages for *keyword*.

I/O Redirection

< file Redirect file to STDIN.

> file Redirect STDOUT to file.

>! file Redirect STDOUT to file (overwrite).

>> file Redirect STDOUT to file (append).

>& file Redirect STDOUT & STDERR to file. | tee file Show STDOUT and copy to file.

Redirect STDOUT of one command to

STDIN of another (ie: ls | more).

Environment Variables (csh/tcsh)

echo var Show value of var.

printenv Show value of all variables.

setenv var value Set value of var to val.

unsetenv var Remove the variable var.

Aliases (csh/tcsh)

alias Show all aliases.

alias name Show alias name.

alias name "command" Create an alias called name for command.

The vi Editor (Basics)

<Esc> Return to command mode.

:q Quit.

:q! Quit and discard changes.

:w Save.

:w file Save as file.

:wq Save and quit.

:wq! Save and quit (for readonly files).

ZZ Save and quit.

i Insert text mode.

a Append text mode.

R Replace text mode.

u Undo last action.

U Redo last action.

. Repeat last command.

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The vi Editor (Editing)
       Insert new line below cursor.
0
0
       Insert new line above cursor.
       Replace character.
r
Nx
       Delete N characters.
       Delete N lines.
dNd
       Delete word (punctuation exluded).
dw
       Delete word (punctuation included).
dW
       Delete here to end of line.
D
       Yank N lines to buffer.
yNy
       Paste buffer after cursor.
р
       Paste buffer before cursor.
Ρ
J.
       Join current and next line.
The vi Editor (Movement and Searching)
Ø
                      Go to start of line.
$
                      Go to end of line.
G
                      Go to last line.
Ng
                      Go to Nth line.
^f
                      Page down.
^h
                      Page up.
%
                      Find matching brackets.
                      Search forward for pattern.
/pattern
?pattern
                      Search backward for pattern.
                      Go to next pattern.
n
N
                      Go back to previous pattern.
 :1,$s/pat1/pat2/g
                      Replace all pat1 with pat2.
The vi Editor (vim Extensions)
                      Visual block mode.
                      Center current line.
 :center
                      Left-align current line.
 :left
                      Right-align current line.
 :right
                      Show the cursor position.
 :set ruler
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:syntax on

:set wrapmargin=n

:help

Enable syntax highlighting.

Wrap line when < n columns

Additional help.

remain.

