# Xiaoyang Li

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### OFFICE CONTACT INFORMATION

University of Chicago Department of Economics 1126 E 59 Street Chicago, IL 60637 USA

## Personal Information

Citizenship Canada

Date of Birth 15 December 1997

#### Research Fields

Macroeconomics, Innovation, Firm Dynamics

#### EDUCATION

### University of Chicago

Chicago, IL

2019–2025 (expected)

PLACEMENT

Ph.D. in Economics

Co-directors: Manasi Deshpande, mdeshpande@uchicago.edu, +1 (773) 702-8260

Evan Rose, ekrose@uchicago.edu, +1 (773) 834-3116

Coordinator: Kathryn Falzareno, kfalzareno@uchicago.edu, +1 (773) 702-3026

REFERENCES

Chang-tai Hsieh

Phyllis & Irwin Winkelried Distinguished Service Professor Booth School of Business, University of Chicago chang-tai.hsieh@chicagobooth.edu; +1 (773) 834-0590

Mikhail Golosov

Homer J. Livingston Professor of Economics Department of Economics, University of Chicago golosov@uchicago.edu; +1 (773) 702-6405

University of Toronto

B.S. Triple Major in Mathematics, Economics, Statistics

#### Esteban Rossi-Hansberg

Glen A. Lloyd Distinguished Service Professor Department of Economics, University of Chicago rossihansberg@uchicago.edu; +1 (773) 702-8490

> Toronto, ON, Canada 2015–2019

#### Working Papers

# "Industry Shakeouts after an Innovation Breakthrough" (Job Market Paper)

Existing literature holds that after an innovation breakthrough revolutionizes an industry, the number of active firms first rises, and then later falls, in a "shakeout". This paper challenges that view with new empirical evidence across the entire economy. I introduce a statistical strategy that detects breakthroughs through sustained anomalies in net firm entry rates, surpassing narrative-based approaches by avoiding heuristic biases and being applicable across all industries. The strategy's reliability is demonstrated by its alignment with well-known breakthroughs and its robustness when tested against existing studies. Contrary to established beliefs, most industries do not shakeout, or experience a decline in the number of firms, following a breakthrough. The absence of shakeouts is explained using a model in which the breakthrough is a shock to the potential productivity of future cohorts of firms. I find that the absence of shakeouts suggests breakthroughs, at least in the US over the past forty years, have primarily occurred in industries with low returns to scale and in technologies with modest learning-by-doing effects.

"Much ado about Property Rights: China's Agricultural Wedges" (with Wei Lin & Shijian Yang)

Recent work in misallocation centers on estimating the effects of removing policy distortions on aggregate productivity and output. However, the efficacy of reversing distortions on allocation strongly depends on whether the agents affected have market incentives and on the relationships between the individual distortions. We show that a 2003 Chinese land law, which abolished a decades-old policy of egalitarian land reallocation and allowed land rentals, improved allocation among farmers that sell to the market, but not in general. Using a rich panel dataset of the production and sales behavior of Chinese farmers, we decompose the wedges by factor input. We quantify the impact of the 2003 land law on individual factor distortions and calculate the impact of the law on output. We show that impact of the law is relatively small compared to potential welfare gains from the complete elimination of individual wedges.

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STATA, Python, MATLAB, R

LATEX, Github, MS Excel, Powerpoint

Other Computing Skills

Presentations		
Yiran Fan Memorial Conference, UChicago (Capital Theor	ry, Applied Macro Theory lunch)	2024
UChicago (Capital Theory, Applied Macro Theory lunch)	2023	
RESEARCH ASSISTANCE		
Rotman School of Management, University of Toronto		Toronto, ON, Canada
Professor Nathaniel Baum-Snow		2018
Professor Daniel Trefler		2017
TEACHING		
University of Chicago		Chicago, IL
TA, Competitive Strategy (EMBA)	Prof. Luis Garicano	Winter 2024
TA, Advanced Macroeconomic Analysis (Masters)	Prof. Harald Uhlig	2021, 2022, 2023
TA, Honors Macro Theory and Policy (Undergraduate)	Prof. Kotaro Yoshida	2022, 2023
University of Toronto		Toronto, ON, Canada
TA, Honors Macro, Micro, Econometrics	Economics Centre	2017-2019
Honors and Awards		
Research Scholarship, University of Toronto Excellence Aw	vards	2018
Nanda Choudhry Prize in Economics, University of Toront	CO	2017
Fraser-Crawford Scholar, Trinity College in the University	2016 – 2017	
Dean's List Scholar, University of Toronto		2016-2018
University of Toronto Scholar, University of Toronto		2015
Academic Service		
Committee of PhD Economics Student Club: Head of the	2022 -2023	
Coordinator for Prof Greg Kaplan's Reading Group	2022 - 2024	
Mathematics Undergraduate Representative, University of	2018 -2019	
Extracurricular Activities		
University of Chicago Symphony Orchestra: Second violin.		2019–2020
Hart House Orchestra, University of Toronto: First violin,		<i>017.</i> 2015–2019
SKILLS LANGUAGES		
Computing Languages and Packages Fluent: English, Mandarin		

Working: French

Reading: Latin