

# CSC311H1 Assignmnet 3

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1. (a) The dimension of  $W^{(1)}$  is  $d \times d$   
 The dimension of  $W^{(2)}$  is  $1 \times d$   
 The dimension of  $z_1$  is  $d \times 1$   
 The dimension of  $z_2$  is  $d \times 1$

(b) The number of parameters is  $d^2 + d$ .

(c)  $\bar{y} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{1}{2}(y - t)^2 = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{1}{2}(y^2 - 2yt + t^2) = \frac{1}{2}(2y - 2t) = y - t$

$$\bar{W}^{(2)} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial W^2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial W^2} = \bar{y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial W^2} = \bar{y} z_2 = (y - t) z_2$$

$$\bar{z}_2 = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial z_2} = \bar{y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial z_2} = \bar{y} W^{(2)} = (y - t) W^{(2)}$$

$$\bar{h} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial h} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial h} = \bar{z}_2 \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial h} = \bar{z}_2 \cdot 1 = \bar{z}_2 = (y - t) W^{(2)}$$

$$\bar{z}_1 = \bar{h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial z_1} = \bar{h} \cdot \frac{e^{-z_1}}{(1 + e^{-z_1})^2} = (y - t) W^{(2)} \cdot \frac{e^{-z_1}}{(1 + e^{-z_1})^2}$$

$$\bar{W}^{(1)} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \bar{z}_1 \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \bar{z}_1 x = (y - t) W^{(2)} \cdot \frac{e^{-z_1}}{(1 + e^{-z_1})^2} x$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial x} = \bar{z}_1 \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial x} + \bar{z}_2 \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial x} = \bar{z}_1 W^{(1)} + \bar{z}_2 = (y - t) W^{(2)} \cdot \frac{e^{-z_1}}{(1 + e^{-z_1})^2} W^{(1)} + (y - t) W^{(2)}$$

2. (a) case 1: when  $k = k'$

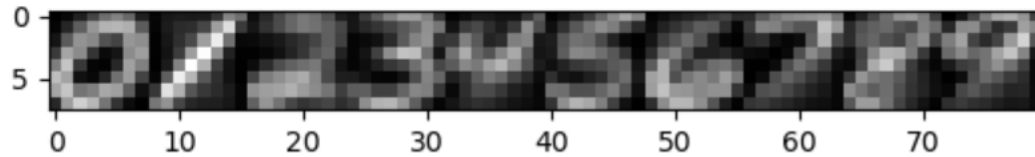
$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_{k'}} \\
&= \frac{e^{z_{k'}} \sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}} - e^{z_{k'}} e^{z_{k'}}}{(\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}})^2} \\
&= \frac{e^{z_k}}{\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}}} \cdot \frac{\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}} - e^{z_{k'}}}{\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}}} \\
&= \frac{e^{z_k}}{\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}}} \cdot (1 - \frac{e^{z_k}}{\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}}}) \\
&= y_k (1 - y_k) \\
&= y_k - y_k^2
\end{aligned}$$

case 2: when  $k \neq k'$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_{k'}} \\
&= -e^{z_k} (\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}})^{-2} (e^{z_{k'}}) \\
&= -\frac{e^{z_k} e^{z_{k'}}}{(\sum_{k'=1}^K e^{z_{k'}})^2} \\
&= -y_k y_{k'}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(b) \quad & \frac{\partial L_{CE}(t, y(x; W))}{\partial W_k} \\
&= \frac{\partial L_{CE}}{\partial y_k} \frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_{k'}} \frac{\partial z_{k'}}{\partial w_k} \\
&= \frac{\partial}{\partial y_k} (-t^T \cdot \log y) \cdot (y_k - y_k^2) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial w_k} (W_{k'}^T \cdot x_k + b) \\
&= (\frac{-t_k}{y_k} + \frac{1-t_k}{1-y_k}) \cdot (y_k - y_k^2) \cdot x \\
&= \frac{-t_k + t_k y_k + y_k - t_k y_k}{y_k (1-y_k)} \cdot y_k (1-y_k) \cdot x \\
&= \frac{y_k - t_k}{y_k (1-y_k)} \cdot y_k (1-y_k) \cdot x \\
&= (y_k - t_k) \cdot x
\end{aligned}$$

### 3. 3.0



#### 3.1.1

K == 1

Train accuracy: 1.0

Test accuracy: 0.96875

K == 15

Train accuracy: 0.9637142857142857

Test accuracy: 0.961

**3.1.2** If there exists any encounter tie, the model will choose the smaller k value.

#### 3.1.3

Best K: 4

Cross validation accuracy: 0.9655714285714284

Train accuracy: 0.9864285714285714

Test accuracy: 0.97275

#### 3.2.1

The model please see the code of q\_3\_2\_1\_MLP.py.

#### 3.2.2

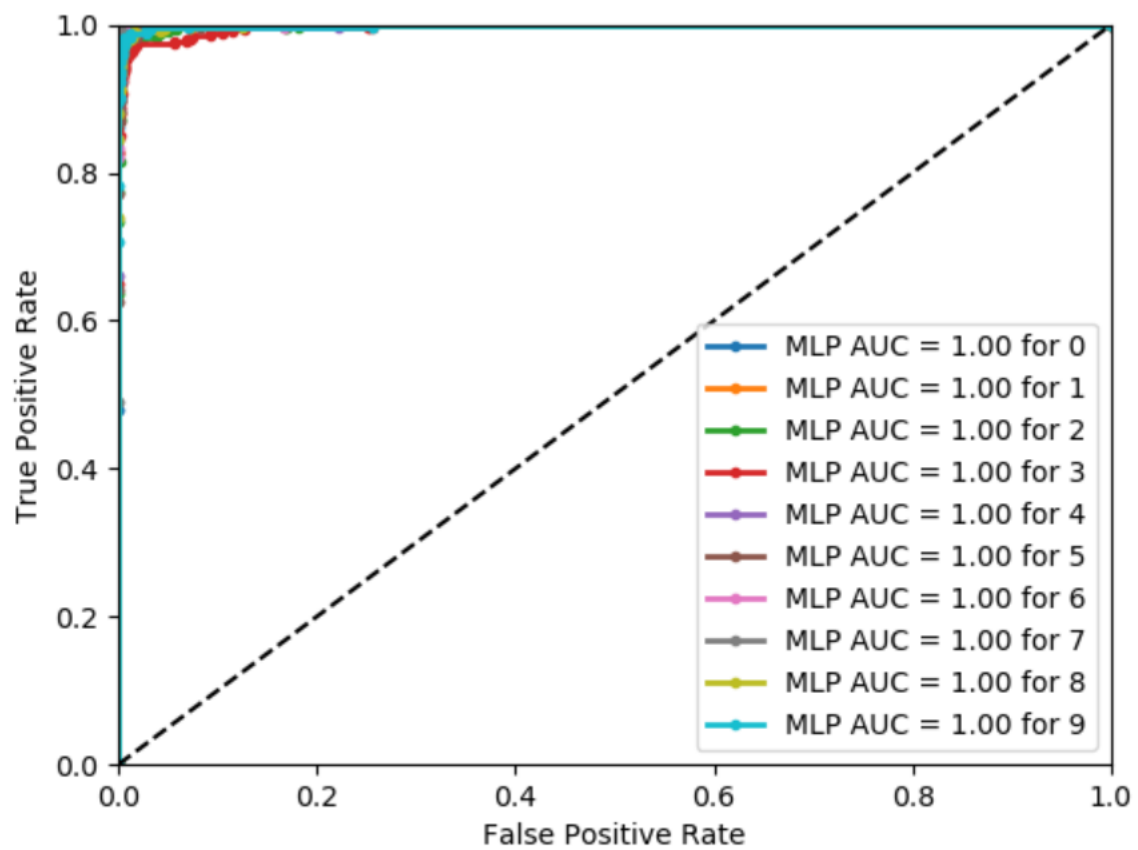
The model please see the code of svm.py.

#### 3.2.3

The model please see the code of ada.py.

### 3.3

The data for MLP:



precision for 0: 0.9829418225242457	precision for 3: 0.6565035578152791
recall for 0: 0.5802291666666667	recall for 3: 0.8386094339622642
confusion matrix for 0 [[3595 5] [ 2 398]]	confusion matrix for 3 [[3584 16] [ 25 375]]
precision for 1: 0.9997270003745484	precision for 4: 0.6989667217860346
recall for 1: 0.5059790640394088	recall for 4: 0.8304987479131889
confusion matrix for 1 [[3595 5] [ 0 400]]	confusion matrix for 4 [[3594 6] [ 2 398]]
precision for 2: 0.7409511254016866	precision for 5: 0.7623310086295725
recall for 2: 0.8034484389782403	recall for 5: 0.7943675000000001
confusion matrix for 2 [[3586 14] [ 19 381]]	confusion matrix for 5 [[3583 17] [ 13 387]]

precision for 6: 0.762336799140295

recall for 6: 0.7978205765407557

confusion matrix for 6 [[3589 11]  
[ 9 391]]

precision for 7: 0.9744219102986995

recall for 7: 0.5972858565737051

confusion matrix for 7 [[3593 7]  
[ 10 390]]

precision for 9: 0.66223955540305

precision for 8: 0.822019401068258

recall for 9: 0.844314393939394

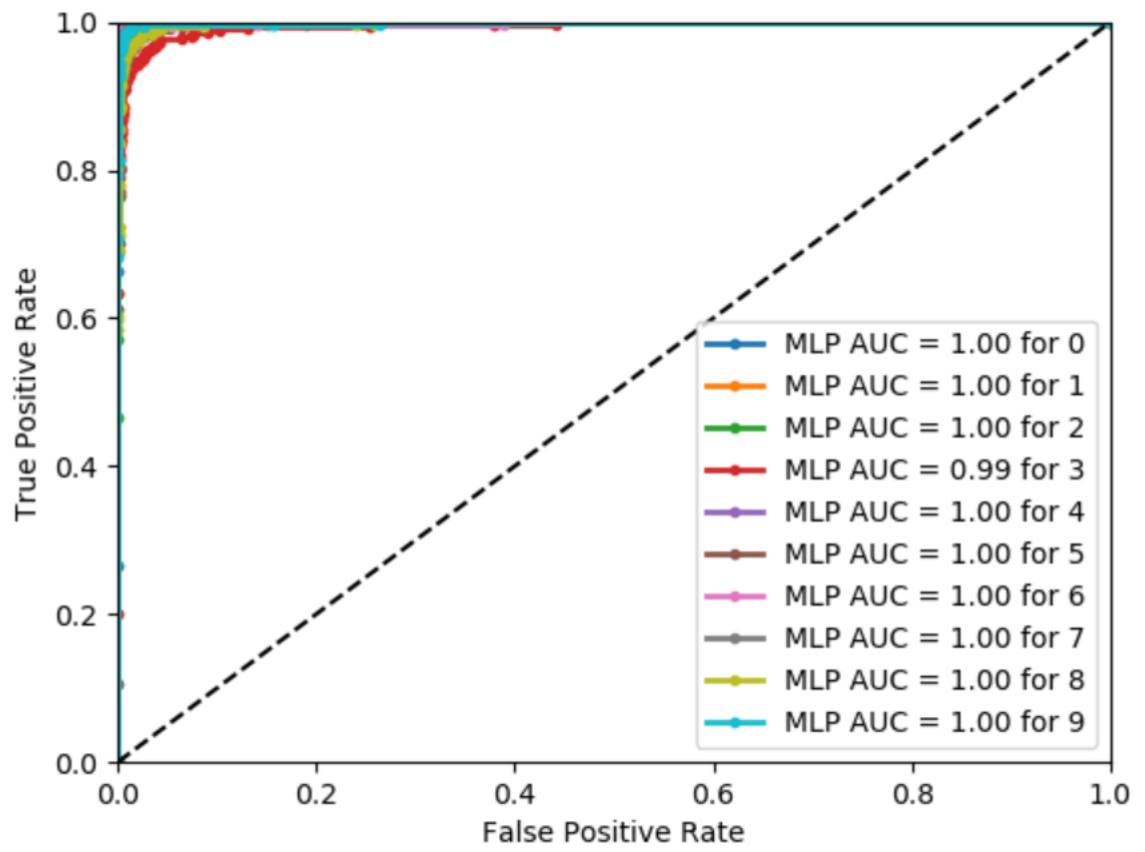
recall for 8: 0.7591254416961132

confusion matrix for 9 [[3588 12]  
[ 14 386]]

confusion matrix for 8 [[3587 13]  
[ 12 388]]

accuracy: 0.9735

The data for SVM classifier:



precision for 0: 0.9942292440258093	precision for 3: 0.5153300646638895
recall for 0: 0.5219964454976304	recall for 3: 0.8882881526104417
confusion matrix for 0 [[3594 6] [ 4 396]]	confusion matrix for 3 [[3574 26] [ 36 364]]
precision for 1: 0.9421230392253723	precision for 4: 0.8933315928136542
recall for 1: 0.654152397260274	recall for 4: 0.7081502890173411
confusion matrix for 1 [[3582 18] [ 5 395]]	confusion matrix for 4 [[3591 9] [ 7 393]]
precision for 2: 0.913558395770426	precision for 5: 0.7283466356320877
recall for 2: 0.6727139461172742	recall for 5: 0.8071382488479264
confusion matrix for 2 [[3578 22] [ 21 379]]	confusion matrix for 5 [[3578 22] [ 23 377]]



precision for 6: 0.5542863807105123

recall for 6: 0.8852913429522754

confusion matrix for 6 [[3591 9]  
[ 9 391]]

precision for 7: 0.7853540563238982

recall for 7: 0.7845365466101697

confusion matrix for 7 [[3589 11]  
[ 7 393]]

precision for 9: 0.6541276293569214

precision for 8: 0.6554884890411131

recall for 9: 0.8471015567086733

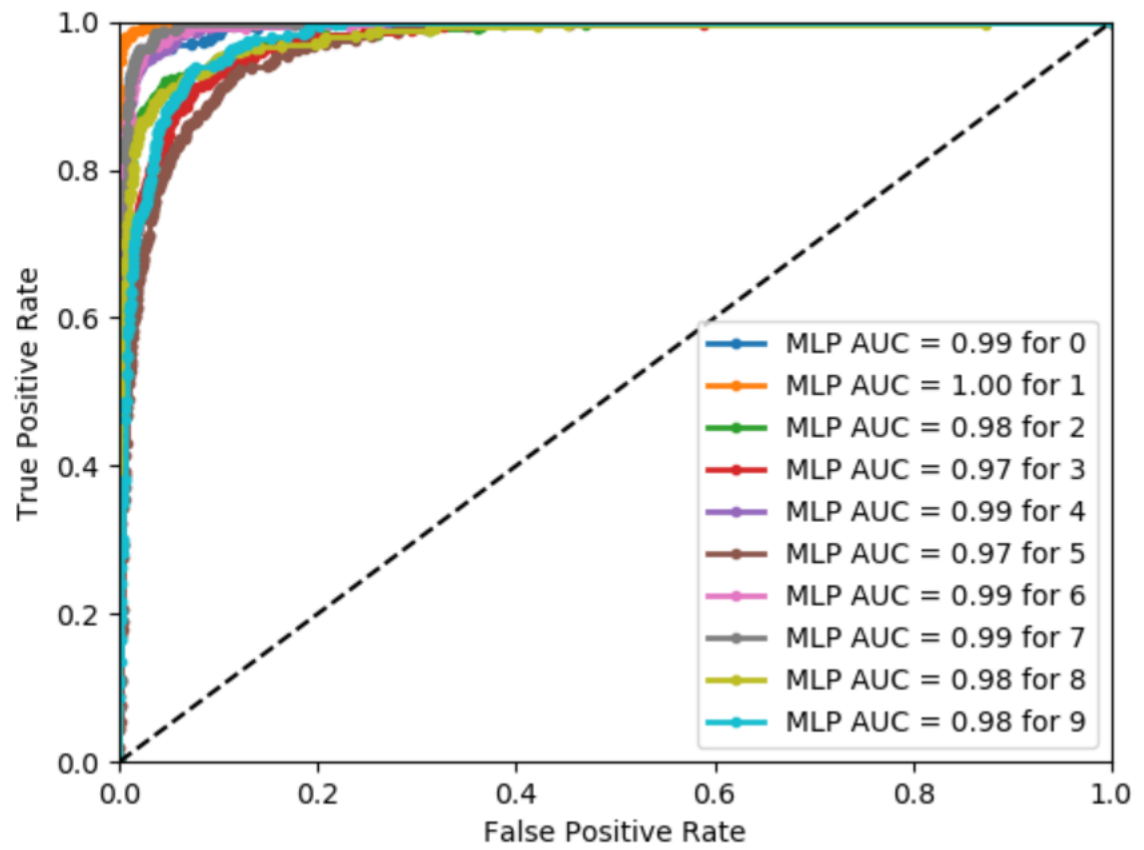
recall for 8: 0.8412227648384674

confusion matrix for 9 [[3589 11]  
[ 16 384]]

confusion matrix for 8 [[3581 19]  
[ 25 375]]

accuracy: 0.96175

The data for AdaBoost classifier:



precision for 0: 0.5984058976927893	precision for 3: 0.42038130227357395
recall for 0: 0.8550373376623376	recall for 3: 0.8834415971394519
confusion matrix for 0 [[3592 8] [ 39 361]]	confusion matrix for 3 [[3490 110] [ 45 355]]
precision for 1: 0.8055374682997654	precision for 4: 0.6373867400770861
recall for 1: 0.7709652076318745	recall for 4: 0.8368471104608632
confusion matrix for 1 [[3597 3] [ 33 367]]	confusion matrix for 4 [[3576 24] [ 29 371]]
precision for 2: 0.4872108437203294	precision for 5: 0.4602613397256764
recall for 2: 0.8747774054571567	recall for 5: 0.8415915805022157
confusion matrix for 2 [[3564 36] [ 46 354]]	confusion matrix for 5 [[3501 99] [ 94 306]]

precision for 6: 0.6430374115438604

recall for 6: 0.834805122494432

confusion matrix for 6  $\begin{bmatrix} 3573 & 27 \\ 59 & 341 \end{bmatrix}$

precision for 7: 0.6992370840647648

recall for 7: 0.8050708591674047

confusion matrix for 7  $\begin{bmatrix} 3585 & 15 \\ 80 & 320 \end{bmatrix}$

precision for 9: 0.631158944294017

precision for 8: 0.3447375315540176

recall for 9: 0.7705165289256198

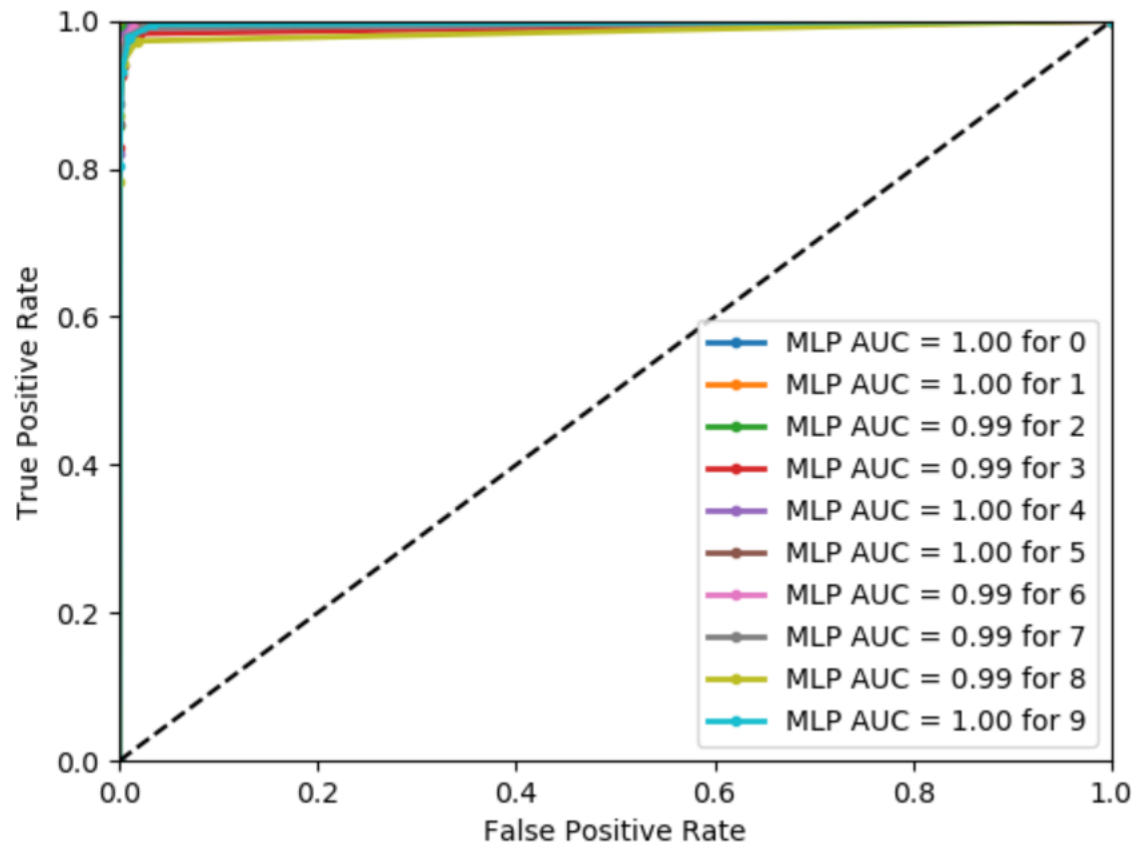
recall for 8: 0.9228230812641085

confusion matrix for 9  $\begin{bmatrix} 3516 & 84 \\ 35 & 365 \end{bmatrix}$

confusion matrix for 8  $\begin{bmatrix} 3517 & 83 \\ 29 & 371 \end{bmatrix}$

accuracy: 0.87775

The data for KNN:



precision for 0: 0.9808136021798262	precision for 3: 0.8144832665864149
recall for 0: 0.7925000000000001	recall for 3: 0.7833333333333332
confusion matrix for 0 [[3592 8] [ 0 400]]	confusion matrix for 3 [[3582 18] [ 14 386]]
precision for 1: 0.984091745691322	precision for 4: 0.8258124109538288
recall for 1: 0.7462500000000001	recall for 4: 0.7891666666666667
confusion matrix for 1 [[3586 14] [ 0 400]]	confusion matrix for 4 [[3585 15] [ 9 391]]
precision for 2: 0.8359975671006626	precision for 5: 0.8039074839314694
recall for 2: 0.7916666666666666	recall for 5: 0.7958333333333334
confusion matrix for 2 [[3595 5] [ 10 390]]	confusion matrix for 5 [[3577 23] [ 14 386]]

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precision for 6: 0.824882862196295

recall for 6: 0.8112499999999999

confusion matrix for 6 [[3592    8]
 [ 13  387]]

precision for 7: 0.8054294100733729

recall for 7: 0.8016666666666667

confusion matrix for 7 [[3577   23]
 [ 11  389]]
precision for 9: 0.7898940233139685

precision for 8: 0.8207381654726787
recall for 9: 0.785

recall for 8: 0.7616666666666667
confusion matrix for 9 [[3585   15]
 [ 25  375]]

confusion matrix for 8 [[3595    5]
 [ 38  362]]
accuracy: 0.9865714285714285

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## Report

From the ROC curve, we can clearly see that the AdaBoost classifier's area that below the curve is smaller than other classifiers' area. That means that AdaBoost has lower accuracy than other model. Also, the accuracy and most of precision and recall are lower than other model. Thus, AdaBoost performs worst.

KNN model and SVM classifier have large area that under the curve, also, they all have large accuracy. At the same time, their precision and recall are higher than other two models. That means that those two models have lower error rate. So I think KNN model and SVM perform better.

The result kind of satisfied my prediction. In my prediction, KNN will perform best since it uses the a large number of data to analyze and we have already gotten a best k value before we predict.