Ali Choubdaran

Education

London School of Economics (LSE), PhD in Finance	2021 – Present
London School of Economics (LSE), MRes in Finance	2019 - 2021
Sharif University of Technology, MSc in Economics	2016 - 2019
Sharif University of Technology, BSc in Electrical Engineering	2011 - 2016

Technical Skills

Statistics & Econometrics: Hypothesis Testing, Monte Carlo Simulation, GMM, MLE, Time-Series Analysis, Panel Data, Diff-in-Diff, Instrumental Variables, Bayesian Inference, Stochastic Calculus

Machine Learning & NLP: Deep Learning, Scikit-learn, XGBoost, LightGBM, TensorFlow, PyTorch, SHAP, Topic Modeling, Sentiment Analysis, NER, Embedding Similarity

Programming & Tools: Python (Pandas, NumPy, SciPy, Seaborn, Statsmodels), C++, SQL, Git, Jupyter, VS Code, LaTeX, AWS, GCP, BigQuery

Mathematical Foundations: Optimization, Signal Processing, Numerical Methods, Linear Algebra, Differential Equations

Work Experience

London School of Economics and Political Science (LSE)

London, UK 2020 – Present

Graduate Teaching Assistant / Summer School Instructor

- o Taught undergraduate and graduate courses in Finance and Economics
- Awarded multiple LSE teaching awards for excellence (avg evaluation: 4.84/5)

Academic Papers

Disagreement Horizon and Timing Alpha in Share Repurchase Programs

- GCP/EDGAR: Developed a multi-threaded Python pipeline on GCP to process 300k+ 10-Q/10-K filings
- \circ NLP: Linked repurchase figures to underlying programs by matching text references to table-reported data
- o Dataset Construction: Created largest-to-date buyback completion dataset (4000+ firms, 20 years)
- Panel Econometrics: Showed completion behavior reveals managers' private information horizon
- o Trading Strategy Design: Designed a completion-contingent strategy outperforming buy-and-hold by 5%

Flow-Induced Mispricing and Share Repurchases: Evidence from a Natural Experiment

- Causal Inference: Causally linked fund flows to buybacks using the 2003 mutual fund scandal
- o Instrumental Variables: Quantified flow effects on buybacks using firm-level exposure to scandal funds
- Alpha Analysis: Demonstrated buyback anomaly exists only in announcements following outflows
- Trading Strategy Design: Developed limit-to-arbitrage strategy delivering 2× buyback anomaly performance

Inter-sectoral Labor Mobility Costs and Macroeconomic Adjustment

- Structural Macro-Labor Model: Built a discrete-choice model of inter-sector labor allocation
- Simulated Method of Moments: Estimated parameters using 20 years of Labor Force & Household data
- o Demographic Results: Women, older, and less-educated workers face costs 50%, 30%, and 50% higher
- o Policy Simulation: Simulated oil price & policy shocks; liberalisation cut tradable-sector employment by 5pp
- Policy Implications: Retraining/relocation subsidies cut mobility costs 20% and boost employment 2pp

Corporate Trading and Systematic Liquidity Risk: Evidence from Share Repurchases

- Big Data/TAQ: Analyzed millisecond-level quote and trade data to construct firm-level liquidity metrics
- o Market Microstructure: Separated idiosyncratic vs. systematic liquidity exposure during OMR periods
- Empirical Design: Found firm trading during OMRs reduces systematic liquidity exposure by 15%
- Asset Pricing: Linked reduced systematic liquidity exposure to a 1.2% lower cost of capital
- Asset Allocation: Showed how OMRs, by reducing systematic liquidity, boost appeal to under-diversified funds

Applied Quantitative Research

Fine-Tuning LLaMA-8B to Predict Market Reaction to Corporate News

- Web Scraping: Collected & processed 20k+ press releases from official websites of U.S. public firms
- Event Labeling: Classified news using 2-day/2-hour abnormal returns, creating short-/medium-term labels
- LLM Querying: Queried LLaMA-8B to predict market impact and provide reasoning
- Supervised Reasoning: Selected and scored reasoning chains leading to correct predictions
- Fine-Tuning: Trained the model on validated rationales, increasing accuracy from 63% to 86%

Inferring Subjective Probabilities from Option Prices via Time-Varying Pricing Kernels

- o Risk-Neutral Extraction: Derived 30-day risk-neutral return distributions from S&P 500 option prices
- SDF Dynamics: Modeled SDF as a polynomial in market return with coefficients as functions of implied moments
- Estimation: Constrained maximum-likelihood estimation to parameter sets consistent with belief moments
- Puzzle Resolution: Demonstrated the monotonicity puzzle arises from ignoring time variation in pricing kernel
- Market Timing Strategy: Timed S&P 500 vs Treasuries using inferred beliefs, improving Sharpe ratio by 50%

NLP-Based FOMC Speech Sentiment Analysis for Polymarket Forecasting

- Speech Parsing: Collected and processed historical Fed policymaker speeches from 2020 2024
- Sentiment Modeling: Built rule-based and ML models to detect hawkish vs. dovish tone shifts
- o Polymarket Training: Trained models to predict changes in Polymarket probabilities for Fed rate decisions
- o Predictive Gain: Improved directional accuracy by 12% over an autoregressive baseline

Alternative Consumer Spending Dataset via Vision Crawling (Early Stage)

- Vision Crawling: Engineered a system to scrape seat maps from 5,000+ cinemas, stadiums, and theaters
- LLM-Powered Extraction: Applied vision models to detect seat occupancy from visual layouts
- Macro Signal Design: Aggregated occupancy trends into real-time consumer demand indicators
- o Policy & Market Use: Designed to anticipate shifts in spending ahead of CPI and retail sales data

Awards

LSE Graduate Fellowship (2019–2024); LSE Teaching Excellence Award (2023); LSE Summer School Teaching Award (2023); LSE Students' Union Teaching Excellence Award (2024); 3rd in National MSc Economics Exam (20,000+candidates, 2016).