# 2023 数据库概论第三次作业

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#### 0.1

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1.
     \Pi_{SNO}(\sigma_{S.CITY=Beijing \lor S.CITY=Tianjing}(SPJ \bowtie S))
     \Pi_{SNO}(\sigma_{S.CITY=J.CITY}(S\bowtie SPJ\bowtie J))
     \Pi_{SNO}(SPJ) - \Pi_{SNO}(\sigma_{S.CITY=J.CITY}(S \bowtie SPJ \bowtie J))
     \Pi_{SNO,JNO}(SPJ) \div \Pi_{JNO}(\sigma_{CITY=Beijing}(J))
     \Pi_{PNO}(P) - \Pi_{P.PNO}(\sigma_{P.PRICE < Q.PRICE}(P \times \rho_Q(P)))
0.2
      1.
     \Pi_{SC1.sno}(\sigma_{SC1.sno=SC2.sno}(\rho_{SC1}(\sigma_{cno=c1}(SC)) \times \rho_{SC2}(\sigma_{cno=c2}(SC)))) -
\Pi_{sno}(\sigma_{sno\neq c1\wedge sno\neq c2}(SC))
     2.
     我们记 s1 选择的课程表为
     S1CNO \leftarrow \Pi_{cno}(\sigma_{sno=s1}(SC)),
     s1 没有选择的课程表为
     LEFT \leftarrow \Pi_{cno}(SC) - S1CNO
     原问题所求为
     \Pi_{sno,cno}(SC) \div S1CNO - \Pi_{SC.sno}(SC_{SC.cno=LEFT.cno}^{\bowtie}LEFT)
     3.
      S1CNO 定义同上题,原问题所求为
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 $\Pi_{sno}(SC) - \Pi_{sno}(SC_{SC.cno=S1CNO.cno}^{\bowtie}S1CNO)$ 

0.3

$$\sigma_{\theta_1}(\sigma_{\theta_2}(R))$$

$$=\sigma_{\theta_1}(\{t|t \in R, \theta_2(T) = True\})$$

$$=\{t'|t' \in \{t|t \in R, \theta_2(T) = True\}, \theta_1(t') = True\}$$

$$=\{t|t \in R, \theta_1(t) = True \land \theta_2(t) = True\}$$
同理,  $\sigma_{\theta_2}(\sigma_{\theta_1}(R)) = \{t|t \in R, \theta_1(t) = True \land \theta_2(t) = True\}$   
因而  $\sigma_{\theta_1}(\sigma_{\theta_2}(R)) = \sigma_{\theta_2}(\sigma_{\theta_1}(R))$ 

#### 0.4

(1)

记 C1CNO 为 c1 的课程号,C2CNO 为 c2 的课程号。元组关系验算:

 $\{t|\exists w_1, w_2 \in SC(w_1[cno] = C1CNO \land w_2[cno] = C2CNO \land w_1[sno] = t[sno] \land w_2[sno] = t[sno])\}$ 

域关系验算:

$$\{ \langle a \rangle | \exists g_1, g_2 (\langle a, C1CNO, g_1 \rangle \in SC \land \langle a, C2CNO, g_2 \rangle \in SC) \}$$
(2)

记 S1SNO 为 s1 同学的学号,C1CNO 为 c1 的课程号。元组关系验算:

 $\{t|\exists w_0 \in SC, \exists w \in SC(w[sno] = t[sno] \land w_0[sno] = S1SNO \land w[cno] = C1CNO \land w_0[cno] = C1CNO \land w[grade] > w_0[grade])\}$ 

域关系验算:

 $\{ \langle a \rangle | \exists c_1, c_2(\langle a, C1CNO, c_1 \rangle) \in SC, \langle S1SNO, C1CNO, c_2 \rangle \in SC, c_1 \rangle c_2 \}$ 

#### 0.5

$$\sigma_{R.A=S.A \land R.B \neq S.B}(R \times \rho_S(R)) = \Phi$$
  
$$\sigma_{R.A=S.A \land (R.B \neq S.B \lor R.C \neq S.C)}(R \times \rho_S(R)) = \Phi$$