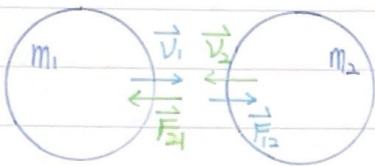
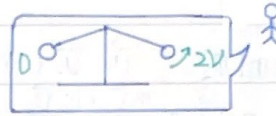
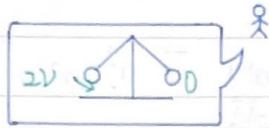
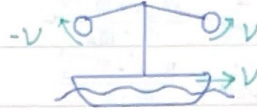


# Momentum

## Introduction

Descartes : momentum  $m\vec{v}(t)$

Huygens :



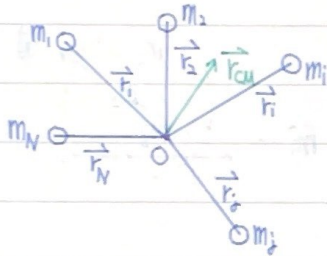
$$\frac{dm_1 \vec{v}_1(t)}{dt} = \vec{F}_{21} \quad \frac{dm_2 \vec{v}_2(t)}{dt} = \vec{F}_{12}$$

$$\frac{dm_1 \vec{v}_1(t)}{dt} + \frac{dm_2 \vec{v}_2(t)}{dt} = \vec{F}_{21} + \vec{F}_{12} = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [m_1 \vec{v}_1(t) + m_2 \vec{v}_2(t)] = 0$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_1(t) + m_2 \vec{v}_2(t) = \text{constant}$$

measure mass by mechanics (momentum): internal mass



$$\vec{r}_{cm}(t) = \frac{m_1 \vec{r}_1(t) + m_2 \vec{r}_2(t) + \dots + m_N \vec{r}_N(t)}{\sum_{i=1}^N m_i} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N m_i \vec{r}_i(t)}{\sum_{i=1}^N m_i}$$

$$\left( \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \right) \vec{r}_{cm}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \vec{r}_i, \quad \left( \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \right) \frac{d\vec{r}_{cm}(t)}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \frac{d\vec{r}_i}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \vec{v}_i(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \right) \frac{d\vec{r}_{cm}(t)}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{d m_i \vec{v}_i(t)}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N \vec{F}_i = \sum_{i=1}^N \left( \sum_{j \neq i} \vec{F}_{ij} \right) + \sum_{i=1}^N \vec{F}_{i,ext}$$

$$\vec{F}_i = \sum_{j \neq i} \vec{F}_{ij} + \vec{F}_{i,ext}$$

since  $\vec{F}_{ij} + \vec{F}_{ji} = 0$ , then  $= \sum_{i=1}^N \vec{F}_{i,ext} = \sum_{i=1}^N m_i \frac{d^2 \vec{r}_{cm}(t)}{dt^2}$

if  $\vec{F}_{i,ext} = m_i \vec{g}$ , then  $\frac{d^2 \vec{r}_{cm}(t)}{dt^2} = \vec{g}$

## Collisions of Two Particles

momentum conservation  $m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2 = m_1 \vec{v}_1' + m_2 \vec{v}_2'$

$$\vec{v}_{cm} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1' + m_2 \vec{v}_2'}{m_1 + m_2}$$

center

the velocity of  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  :  $\vec{u}_1$   $\vec{u}_2$  (before collisions)  $\vec{u}_1'$   $\vec{u}_2'$  (after collisions)

$$\vec{u}_1 = \vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_{cm} = \vec{v}_1 - \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{m_2 (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2)}{m_1 + m_2}$$

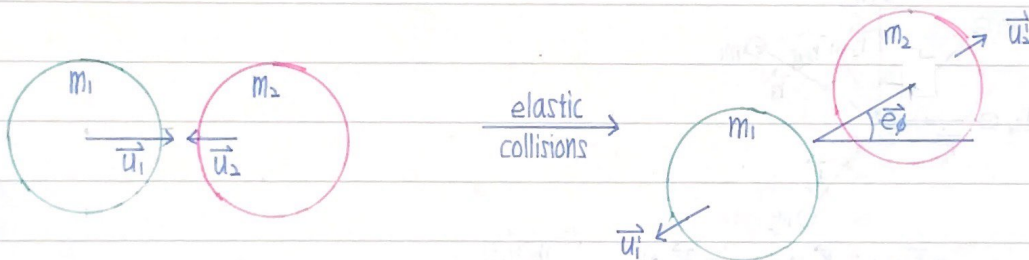
$$\vec{u}_2 = \vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_{cm} = \vec{v}_2 - \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{m_1 (\vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_1)}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\vec{u}_1' = \vec{v}_1' - \vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{m_2 (\vec{v}_1' - \vec{v}_2')}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\vec{u}_2' = \vec{v}_2' - \vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{m_1 (\vec{v}_2' - \vec{v}_1')}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$m_1 \vec{u}_1 + m_2 \vec{u}_2 = 0 \quad m_1 \vec{u}_1' + m_2 \vec{u}_2' = 0$$

$$\frac{|\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2|}{|\vec{v}_1' - \vec{v}_2'|} = e \quad e=1 \text{ elastic collisions}$$



$$|\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2| = |\vec{v}_1' - \vec{v}_2'| \vec{e}_\phi \quad \text{only direction change}$$



$$\vec{v}_{cm} = \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2} = \vec{v}_{cm}'$$

$$\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2 = |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\phi$$

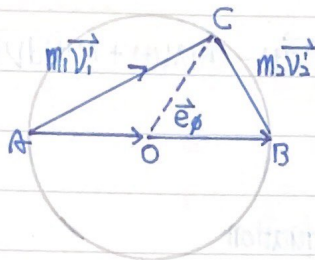
$$\vec{v}_1' = \vec{u}_1' + \vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{m_2 (\vec{v}_1' - \vec{v}_2')}{m_1 + m_2} + \vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{m_2 |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\phi}{m_1 + m_2} + \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\vec{v}_2' = \vec{u}_2' + \vec{v}_{cm}' = \frac{-m_1 |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\phi}{m_1 + m_2} + \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_1' = \frac{m_1 m_2 |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\theta}{m_1 + m_2} + \frac{m_1 m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$m_2 \vec{v}_2' = \frac{-m_1 m_2 |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\theta}{m_1 + m_2} + \frac{m_2 m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

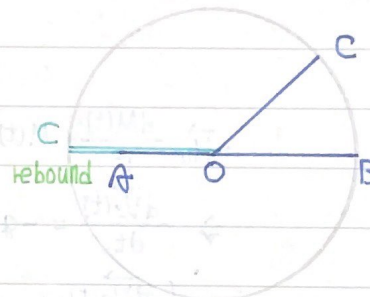
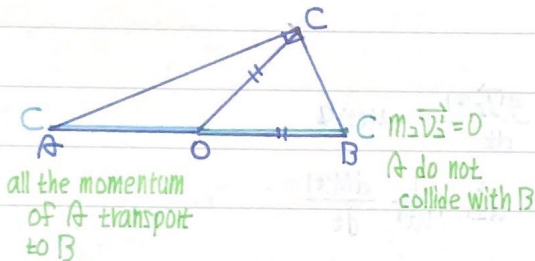
let  $\frac{m_1 m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$  be  $\vec{AO}$ ,  $\frac{m_2 m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$  be  $\vec{OB}$  and  $\frac{m_1 m_2 |\vec{v}_1| \vec{e}_\theta}{m_1 + m_2}$  be  $\vec{OC}$



$$\frac{|\vec{AO}|}{|\vec{OB}|} = \frac{|\vec{AO}|}{|\vec{OC}|} = \frac{m_1}{m_2}$$

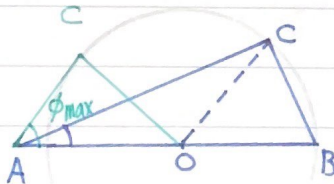
case I  $m_1 = m_2$

case II  $m_2 > m_1$



ex:  $\alpha$  particle scattering

case III  $m_1 > m_2$



$$\sin(\phi_{\max}) = \frac{m_2}{m_1}$$

$$\max(m_2 \vec{v}_2') = 2 \frac{m_1 m_2 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2} \Rightarrow \max(\vec{v}_2') = \frac{m_1 \vec{v}_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

ex: discovery neutron

$$\frac{\max(|\vec{v}_H|)}{\max(|\vec{v}_N|)} = \frac{3.3 \times 10^9}{4.7 \times 10^8} = \frac{1}{m_1 + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{m_1 + 14}, \quad m_1 = 1.15$$



NO.

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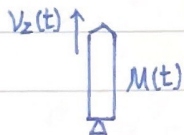
Rocket Propulsion : the masses of parts of the system change with time



$$\begin{aligned}
 & [M(t) + dM(t)] [\vec{V}(t) + d\vec{V}(t)] - M(t)\vec{V}(t) - \vec{u} dM(t) \\
 &= M(t)\vec{V}(t) + dM(t)\vec{V}(t) + M(t)d\vec{V}(t) + \underbrace{dM(t)d\vec{V}(t)}_{\text{ignore}} - M(t)\vec{V}(t) - \vec{u} dM(t) \\
 &= -[\vec{u} - \vec{V}(t)] dM(t) + M(t)d\vec{V}(t)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underbrace{-[\vec{u} - \vec{V}(t)]}_{\text{relative velocity}} \frac{dM(t)}{dt} + M(t) \frac{d\vec{V}(t)}{dt} = \sum \vec{F}_i \leftarrow \text{Tsiolkovsky equation}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{u}_{\text{rel}} \frac{dM(t)}{dt} + M(t) \frac{d\vec{V}(t)}{dt} = \sum \vec{F}_i$$



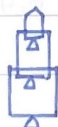
$$-\vec{u}_{z1} \frac{dM(t)}{dt} + M(t) \frac{d\vec{V}_z(t)}{dt} = -M(t)g$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\vec{V}_z(t)}{dt} = -g + \vec{u}_{z1} \frac{1}{M(t)} \frac{dM(t)}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{d\vec{V}_z(t)}{dt} dt = \int -g dt + \vec{u}_{z1} \int_0^t \frac{dM(t)}{M(t)} \frac{1}{dt} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{V_z(t) - V_z(0)}_{\substack{\text{ss} \\ 7.9 \text{ km/s}}} = -gt + \underbrace{\vec{u}_{z1}}_{\substack{\text{2} \sim 3 \text{ km/s}}} \ln \frac{M(t)}{M(0)}$$

3-stage launch vehicle



shell	fuel	weight	accumulation	
1	6	7	7	$ \vec{u}_{z1}  \ln \frac{777}{777-600} =  \vec{u}_{z1}  1.48$
10	60	70	77	$ \vec{u}_{z1}  \ln \frac{77}{77-10} =  \vec{u}_{z1}  1.51$
100	600	700	777	$ \vec{u}_{z1}  \ln \frac{7}{7-1} =  \vec{u}_{z1}  1.95$