

HOMEWORK 2

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1. PROBLEM 1

Given a connection ∇ with torsion T and curvature R , prove that

A.

$$\wp_{X,Y,Z} (R(X, Y, Z) + T(T(X, Y), Z) + \nabla_Z T(X, Y)) = 0.$$

Solution:

Let's start the solution by defining torsion T and curvature R . The torsion of ∇ is the tensor field $T = T_\nabla$ of bidegree $(1, 2)$ defined for each $X, Y, Z \in TM$ by

$$T(X, Y) = \nabla(X, Y) - \nabla(Y, X) - [X, Y].$$

And also the curvature of ∇ is defined as:

$$R(X, Y, Z) = \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) - \nabla([X, Y], Z).$$

Let's write the relation between torsion and curvature explicitly,

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad R(X, Y, Z) + T(T(X, Y), Z) + \nabla_Z T(X, Y) &= \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) \\ &\quad - \nabla([X, Y], Z) + \nabla(\nabla(X, Y), Z) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y)) - [\nabla(X, Y), Z] \\ &\quad + \nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y)) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) - \nabla(Z, [X, Y]). \end{aligned}$$

The term $\nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y))$ cancels out and it reduces to:

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad R(X, Y, Z) + T(T(X, Y), Z) + \nabla_Z T(X, Y) &= \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) \\ &\quad - \nabla([X, Y], Z) + \nabla(\nabla(X, Y), Z) - [\nabla(X, Y), Z] - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) - \nabla(Z, [X, Y]). \end{aligned}$$

Moreover, the next term in cycle with order (Z, X, Y) can be given as:

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad R(Z, X, Y) + T(T(Z, X), Y) + \nabla_Y T(Z, X) &= \nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y)) - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) \\ &\quad - \nabla([Z, X], Y) + \nabla(\nabla(Z, X), Y) - [\nabla(Z, X), Y] - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) - \nabla(Y, [Z, X]). \end{aligned}$$

Finally, the term (Y, Z, X) is given as:

$$(4) \quad R(Y, Z, X) + T(T(Y, Z), X) + \nabla_X T(Y, Z) = \nabla(Y, \nabla(Z, X)) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) \\ - \nabla([Y, Z], X) + \nabla(\nabla(Y, Z), X) - [\nabla(Y, Z), X] - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) - \nabla(X, [Y, Z]).$$

Note that

$$(5) \quad \nabla(\nabla(Y, Z), X) - [\nabla(Y, Z), X] - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) = \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) \\ = \nabla(X, [Y, Z]).$$

After replacing this result into equation 4, it reduces to:

$$(6) \quad R(Y, Z, X) + T(T(Y, Z), X) + \nabla_X T(Y, Z) = \nabla(Y, \nabla(Z, X)) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) \\ - \nabla([Y, Z], X).$$

It also means that last four terms of equation 2 and 3 drops out and if they are all added together, the following summation is obtained:

$$(7) \quad \nabla(Y, \nabla(Z, X)) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) - \nabla([Y, Z], X) + \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) \\ - \nabla([X, Y], Z) + \nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y)) - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) - \nabla([Z, X], Y)$$

In summation 7,

$$(8) \quad \nabla(Y, \nabla(Z, X)) - \nabla(Y, \nabla(X, Z)) - \nabla([Z, X], Y) = \nabla(Y, [Z, X]) - \nabla([Z, X], Y) = [Y, [Z, X]],$$

$$(9) \quad \nabla(Z, \nabla(X, Y)) - \nabla(Z, \nabla(Y, X)) - \nabla([X, Y], Z) = \nabla(Z, [X, Y]) - \nabla([X, Y], Z) = [Z, [X, Y]],$$

$$(10) \quad \nabla(X, \nabla(Y, Z)) - \nabla(X, \nabla(Z, Y)) - \nabla([Y, Z], X) = \nabla(X, [Y, Z]) - \nabla([Y, Z], X) = [X, [Y, Z]].$$

Therefore, the summation 7 can be written more compactly as:

$$(11) \quad [Y, [Z, X]] + [Z, [X, Y]] + [X, [Y, Z]] = 0.$$