EE 110 Homework 3 Name: Xilai Zhang UID: 804796478node analysis,  $Y_n = \begin{bmatrix} S+1 & -s \\ -s & 2s+2 \end{bmatrix}$  det  $[Y_n] = S^2 + 4s + 2 = 0$  natural frequencies  $S_{1,2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{2}$ node analysis.  $Y_n = \begin{bmatrix} 1+5 & 0 \\ 1 & 5+1 \end{bmatrix}$  det  $[Y_n] = s^2 + 2s + 1$  natural frequencies  $s_{1,2} = -1$ b. det [Zn(s]] = \*(s+1)2(s+3) =0 => s1,z=+, s3,4=±J3j  $\det\left[Y_{n}(s)\right] = \frac{(s+1)^{2}(s^{2}+3)}{s^{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow S_{1,2} = 1, S_{3,4} = \pm \sqrt{3}j \quad \text{The natural frequencies are the same},$ also due to inductive loop, there is an extra natural frequency at D C.  $I_{1}(s) = \frac{I_{0} \Delta_{11}}{z_{m}(s)} = I_{0} \frac{s^{4}+s^{3}+3s^{2}+2s+1}{s(s+1)^{2}(s^{2}+3)} \Rightarrow i(t) = \frac{I_{0}}{3} + k_{1}e^{-t} + k_{12}te^{-t} + k_{3}\cos(J_{3}t + Q_{3})$  the constant term 3 in the i(t) expression means that we have a natural frequency at s=0. a. node analysis:  $Y_n = \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & -1 \\ + & s+2 \end{bmatrix}$  det  $[Y_n] = 0 \Rightarrow s_1 = -1, s_2 = -3$  $b \cdot \theta_{2}(s) = \frac{(s+2)V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{1}}(6^{-})}{5^{2} + 4s + 3} = \frac{\frac{V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2}}{5 + 1} + \frac{\frac{-V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2}}{5 + 3} + \frac{\frac{V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2}}{5 + 3} + \frac{\frac{V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2}}{5 + 3} + \frac{\frac{V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2}}{5 + 3} + \frac{V_{c_{1}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-}) + V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_{2}}(6^{-})}{2} + \frac{V_{c_$ to eliminate S=-1, let Vc1(0)=-Vc2(0-) would be enough C. to eliminate S=-3, let Vc, (0)=V(2(0)) E= = 1/2 C1 Vc, (0) + 1/2 (2 Vc, (0)) = | thus Vc, (0) = Vc, (0) = IV

5. a. 
$$H(s) = \lambda \{h(t)\} = |+\frac{(sta) \cos \varphi - w \sin \varphi}{(sta)^2 + w^2}$$

b.  $H(s) = \lambda \{h(t)\} = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{(s+3)^2 + \frac{2}{s^2}}$ 

c.  $H(s) = \lambda \{h(t)\} = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{(s+3)^2 + \frac{2}{s^2}}$ 

6.  $\frac{1}{2IM_1}$ 

a.  $\frac{1}{2M_2}$ 

a.  $\frac{1}{2IM_1}$ 

a.  $\frac{1}{2M_2}$ 

b.  $\frac{1}{2IM_1}$ 

b.  $\frac{1}{2IM_2}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_1}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_2}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_1}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_2}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_1}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_2}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_1}$ 

c.  $\frac{1}{4M_$ 

C. from a and b,  $\frac{e_2(s)}{e_1(s)} = \frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)} = \frac{s}{s^3 + s^2 + 2s}$