1. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

In the following Javascript code, what is the value of the variable flag?

let a = 5;

let b = "5";

let flag = (a === b); // 3 "=" in "==="

True False

10 "55"

2. FILL IN THE BLANK 20 sec • 1 pt

Complete the following HTML code to define the **onclick** event for the button, so that the **onBtn()** function will be invoked when we click on this button.

<button >Click me</button>

onclick="onBtn()"

3. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

What is the value of the variable \mathbf{c} in the following Javascript code if we enter 5 in the prompt window? let $\mathbf{a} = \text{prompt}(\text{"Enter an integer: "});$

let b = 5:

let c = a + b:

console.log(c);

10 55

5 15

4. FILL IN THE BLANK 30 sec • 1 pt

Please write a JavaScript statement to create a new dog object (**my_dog**) with the **breed** set to "German Shepherd" and **age** set to 5, using the provided **Dog constructor function**.

// dog constructor

function Dog(breed, age){

this.breed = breed;

this.age = age;}

let my dog = new Dog("German Shepherd",5);

Alternatives

Shepherd",5);

let my_dog = new Dog("German

const my_dog = new Dog("German

var my_dog = new Dog("German

'Shepherd",5);

'Shepherd",5);

5. FILL IN THE BLANK 20 sec • 1 pt

Please write a statement to show the value of variable **a** in the console of a web browser. (the code for debugging)

console.log(a); 6. FILL IN THE BLANK 20 sec • 1 pt Complete the following HTML code to provide an external Javascript link named quiz2.js (Assue the HTML code and Javascript code are stored in the same folder). <head> <title>JavaScript Demo</title> <script type="text/javascript"</pre> ></script> </head> src="quiz2.js" 20 sec • 1 pt 7. MULTIPLE CHOICE What is the correct JavaScript syntax to change the content of the HTML element below? This is a demonstration. document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = document.getElement("p").innerHTML = "Hello World!"; "Hello World!"; #demo.innerHTML = "Hello World!"; document.getElementByName("p").innerHTML = "Hello World!"; 20 sec • 1 pt 8. MULTIPLE CHOICE Inside which HTML element do we put the JavaScript? <javascript> <js> <scripting> <script> 20 sec • 1 pt 9. MULTIPLE CHOICE Where is the correct place to insert a JavaScript? The <head> section Both the <head> section and the <body> section are correct The <body> section

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20 sec • 1 pt 10. MULTIPLE CHOICE

How do you create a function in JavaScript?

function myFunction()

function = myFunction()

function:myFunction()

20 sec • 1 pt

How can you add a comment in a JavaScript?

//This is a comment

<!--This is a comment-->

'This is a comment

12. MULTIPLE CHOICE

11. MULTIPLE CHOICE

20 sec • 1 pt

How do you declare a JavaScript variable?

v carName;

int carName

variable carName;

let carName;

13. MULTIPLE CHOICE

20 sec • 1 pt

What is the correct way to write a JavaScript array?

let colors = (1:"red", 2:"green", 3:"blue");

let colors = 1 = ("red"), 2 = ("green"), 3 = ("blue");

let colors = ["red", "green", "blue"];

let colors = "red", "green", "blue";

14. MULTIPLE CHOICE

20 sec • 1 pt

How to insert a comment that has more than one line?

//This comment has more than one line// <!--This comment has more than one line-->

/*This comment has

more than one line*/

20 sec • 1 pt

The **Document Object Model (DOM)** is structured as a hierarchy that most closely resembles which of the following?

A ladder A tree

A maze A pyramid

16. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

In the **Document Object Model (DOM)**, each node represents what?

A link A section

A view An HTML element

17. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

Which of the following is the correct way to select multiple elements by their IDs using querySelectorAll()?

document.querySelectorAll("#id1, #id2"); document.querySelectorAll("#id1 #id2");

document.querySelectorAll(".id1, .id2"); document.querySelectorAll("id1, id2");

18. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

What type of object does document.querySelectorAll("#id1, #id2") return?

An array A NodeList

A single HTML element null

19. OPEN ENDED 1 min • 1 pt

Coding Question:

Write a JavaScript program that does the following:

Selects a button element with the ID "myButton".

Uses addEventListener() to attach a **click event** to the button that changes the webpage's background color to a red color.

Also attach a double-click event to the same button that resets the background color to white.

Provide the full JavaScript code for this functionality.

Expected Behavior:

When the button is clicked once, the webpage's background color should change to red.

When the button is double-clicked, the webpage's background color should reset to white.

Evaluate responses using AI: OFF

```
View Answer explanation
JavaScript:
// Select the button
const button = document.getElementById("myButton");
// Event listener for single click - change background color
button.addEventListener("click", function() { document.body.style.backgroundColor = "red"});
// Event listener for double click - reset background color
button.addEventListener("dblclick", function() { document.body.style.backgroundColor = "white"; });
HTML:
<button id="myButton">Click Me</button>
                                                                                                       20 sec • 1 pt
20. MULTIPLE CHOICE
Which JavaScript method is used to select the first matching HTML element based on a CSS selector?
   getElementById()
                                                              querySelector()
   querySelectorAll()
                                                              getElementsByClassName()
                                                                                                       20 sec • 1 pt
21. MULTIPLE CHOICE
Which of the following correctly iterates over the fruits array using forEach()?
let fruits = ["Apple", "Banana", "Cherry"];
   fruits.forEach( (fruit) => console.log(fruit));
                                                              fruits.forEach(fruit, index => console.log(fruit));
   forEach(fruit in fruits) { console.log(fruit); }
                                                              fruits.loopEach(fruit => console.log(fruit));
                                                                                                       20 sec • 1 pt
22. MULTIPLE CHOICE
What JavaScript code produces the following output?
Index 0: Apple
Index 1: Banana
Index 2: Mango
   let fruits = ["Apple", "Banana", "Mango"];
                                                              let fruits = ["Apple", "Banana", "Mango"];
   fruits.forEach((fruit) => {
                                                              fruits.forEach((index, fruit) => {
   console.log(`Index ${fruit}: ${index}`);
                                                              console.log(`Index ${index}: ${fruit}`);
   });
                                                              });
   let fruits = ["Apple", "Banana", "Mango"];
                                                              let fruits = ["Apple", "Banana", "Mango"];
   fruits.forEach((fruit, index) => {
                                                              fruits.map((fruit, index) => {
   console.log(`Index ${index}: ${fruit}`);
                                                              console.log(\index \findex\); \fruit\}\);
   });
                                                              });
```

23. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

What happens when the following code is executed?

```
let cars = ["BMW", "Volvo", "Saab"];
cars.unshift("Nissan");
console.log(cars);
   ["BMW", "Volvo", "Saab", "Nissan"]
                                                              ["Nissan", "BMW", "Volvo", "Saab"]
   ["BMW", "Volvo", "Saab"]
                                                              ["Nissan"]
                                                                                                      20 sec • 1 pt
24. FILL IN THE BLANK
Fill in the blank to correctly sort an array of objects by a numeric property (e.g., age) in ascending order:
let people = [ { name: "Charlie", age: 35 }, { name: "Alice", age: 25 }, { name: "Bob", age: 30 } ];
people.sort((a, b) \Rightarrow ____);
   a.age-b.age
View Answer explanation
a.age-b.age
                                                                                                      20 sec • 1 pt
25. MULTIPLE CHOICE
Which of the following correctly sorts an array of objects alphabetically by name in descending order (Z →
A)?
   people.sort((a, b)
                                                              people.sort((a, b)
   => a.name.localeCompare(b.name));
                                                              => b.name.localeCompare(a.name));
   people.sort((a, b) => a.name - b.name);
                                                              people.sort((a, b) => b.name - a.name);
                                                                                                      20 sec • 1 pt
26. FILL IN THE BLANK
Fill in the blank to correctly sort a copy of the array without modifying the original array:
let numbers = [100, 20, 3]:
let sortedNumbers = numbers.____().sort((a, b) \Rightarrow a - b);
```

27. OPEN ENDED

slice

1 min • 1 pt

Coding Question:

Write a JavaScript program that dynamically generates and displays a list inside a <div> element with the ID "listContainer". Your program should:

Create an array called animals containing "Dog", "Cat", "Elephant", and "Tiger".

Use a loop to generate an unordered list () where each animal is a list item ().

Insert the generated list inside the <div> element with the ID "listContainer".

Evaluate responses using AI: OFF

```
View Answer explanation
```

```
JavaScript:
```

// Step 1: Define an array of animals let

animals = ["Dog", "Cat", "Elephant", "Tiger"];

// Step 2: Initialize an empty string to store the HTML for the list

let listHTML = "";

// Step 3: Loop through the array and add each item as a list element

for (let i = 0; i < animals.length; i++) { listHTML += "" + animals[i] + ""; }

// Step 4: Close the unordered list tag

listHTML += "";

// Step 5: Insert the dynamically created list inside the div with ID "listContainer"

document.getElementById("listContainer").innerHTML = listHTML;

HTML:

<div id="listContainer"></div>

28. MULTIPLE CHOICE 20 sec • 1 pt

```
What will be the output of the following JavaScript code? for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) { if (i === 2) { continue; } console.log(i); }
```

01234

0134

0 1

234

29. FILL IN THE BLANK 20 sec • 1 pt

Fill in the blank to correctly **exit the loop** when i is equal to 3:

```
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    if (i === 3) { ____; }
    console.log("The number is " + i); }
```

break

30. OPEN ENDED 1 min • 1 pt

Coding Question:

Create a JavaScript function named **changeTextColor()**. Your function should:

- 1. Get the selected color from a dropdown list with the ID "textColorSelect".
- 2. Use a switch statement to check the selected color.
- 3. Change the text color of a paragraph element with the ID "textMessage".
- 4. **Display a message** inside "textMessage" that confirms the selected color (e.g., "You selected Blue!"). HTML code:

<select id="textColorSelect">

- <option value="default">Select a Color</option>
- <option value="red">Red</option>
- <option value="blue">Blue
- <option value="green">Green</option>
- </select>
- Select a color to change this text color.
- <button onclick="changeTextColor()">Change Text Color/button>

Evaluate responses using AI: OFF

```
View Answer explanation
function changeTextColor() {
let selectedColor = document.getElementById("textColorSelect").value;
let textMessage = document.getElementById("textMessage");
switch (selectedColor) {
case "red":
textMessage.style.color = "red";
textMessage.innerText = "You selected Red!";
case "blue":
textMessage.style.color = "blue";
textMessage.innerText = "You selected Blue! ";
break;
case "green":
textMessage.style.color = "green";
textMessage.innerText = "You selected Green!";
break;
default:
textMessage.innerText = "Invalid color selected!";
textMessage.style.color = "black";
break;
}
}
```