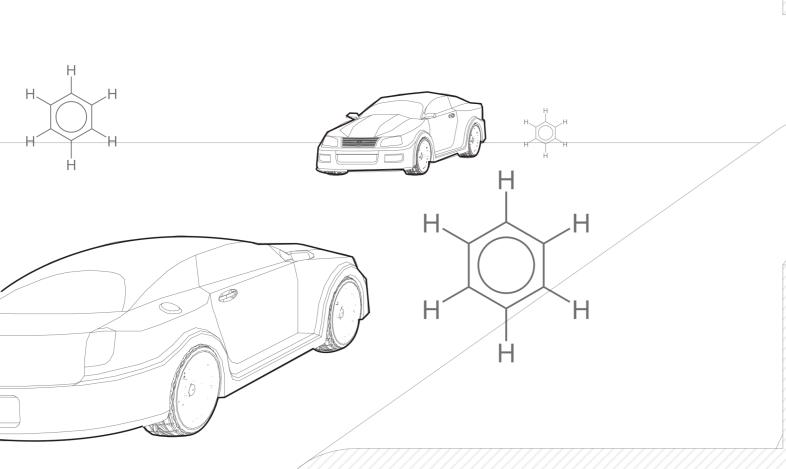
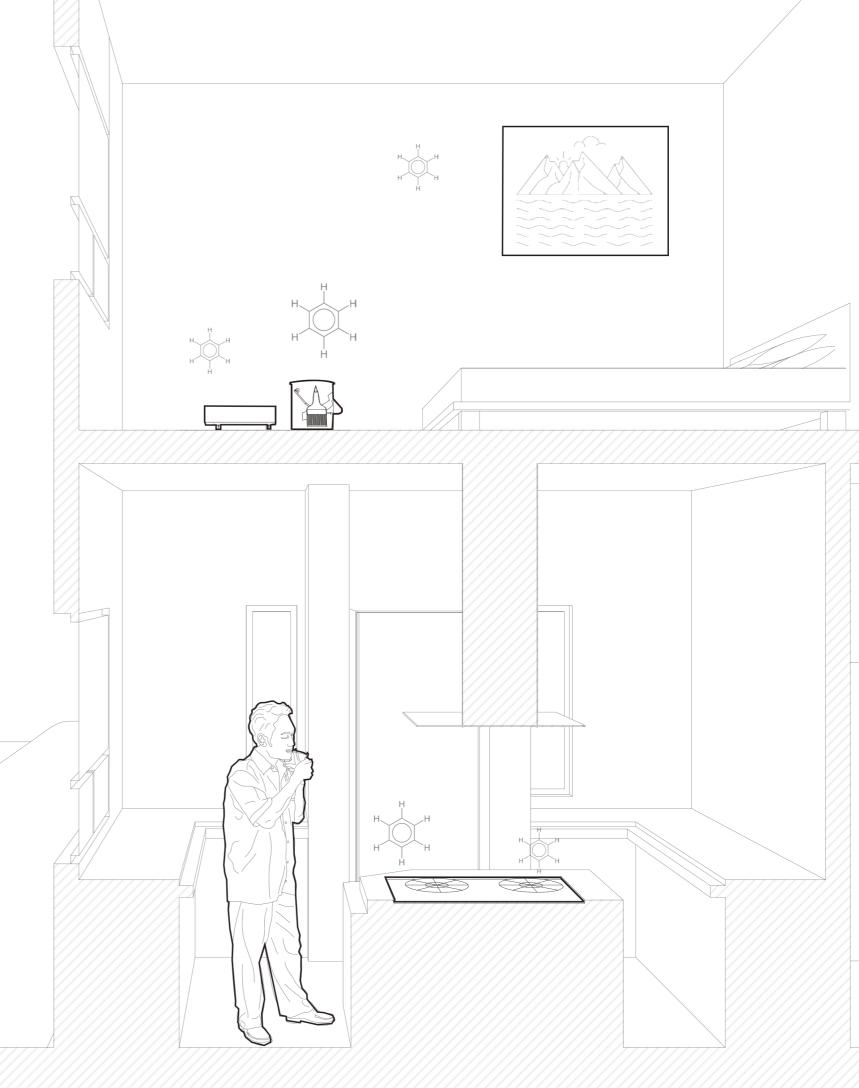
OUTDOOR BENZENE HIGHLY IMPACTS INDOOR CONCENTRATIONS GLOBALLY

PUBLICATION: Liu C.*† (supervisor), **Huang X. † (Co-first Author)**, Li J., Outdoor benzene highly impacts indoor concentrations globally, Science of the Total Environment (IF:7.963), DOI:10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.137640.

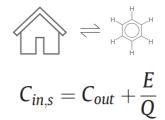
MY CONTRIBUTION: literature review, data collection, data process, data analysis, figure preparation, manuscript preparation & submission. (co-first author with supervisor)





INTRODUCTION

- •Benzene is Group 1 carcinogen with severe health threat.
- •Benzene mainly arises from indoor and outdoor anthropogenic sources, while the contribution of outdoor sources have not been fully recognized and regulated.



$$C_{in,s} = C_{out} + \frac{E}{Q}$$

Indoor sources

Outdoor sources

Combustion activities



Smoking

Gas equipment



Painting







Adhesive



Vehicles



Industries



Coal heating



Health threat



Lack of recognition, quantification, and regulations.

RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS

- 118 pairs of O-I measurement from 46 studies globally were summarized and analyzed.
- Developing countries/regions showed worse pollution than the developed ones.
- O/I ratio higher than 0.5 suggests a key role of outdoor benzene in indoor exposure.
- Outdoor benzene should be considered in engineering control and policy development.



Global-scale Study

118 measurements

46 studies

23 countries/regions

Developing countries/regions:

33 % Outdoor concentrations above guideline

o.69 Median O/I Ratio

Developed countries/regions:

4% Outdoor concentrations above guideline

o.84 Median O/I Ratio

Significant outdoor contribution



Policy Improvement

- · More protective guidelines
- · Worst-case indoor air quality testing

Engineering Control

· Cleaning unit

