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1.

**Proof:** Assume there exists  $M_{P1}$  and  $M_{P2}$  such that  $M_{P1} \neq M_{P2}$ . Consider one leaf node v for tree T. Since T has a perfect match, the parent vertex of v denoted as u could only have one childb(Otherwise some leaf vertices will not be saturated). Then we remove all the leaf vertices which gives us  $\{e_1, e_2, ... e_n\}$ . We repeat this process untill we have no vertices. Since in every iteration the edges between the leaf vertices and parent vertices are unique, the set  $e_1, e_2, ..., e_n$  which is the set of edges in perfect match, is unique. Thus  $M_{p1}$  must equal to  $M_{p2}$ .

**Proof:** Since the match  $|M| = \frac{|V(G)|}{2}$ , we know M is a perfect match. We know G has a perfect match M iff  $o(G-S) \leq |S|, \forall S \subseteq V(G)$  from the Tutte condition. In this case, S is a single vertex v. Since graph G has a perfect match,  $o(G-v) \leq 1$ . There are two exhuastive cases, o(G-v) = 0 or o(G-v) = 1. If o(G-v) = 0, there are no odd components, which means all components are even. Thus we have |V(G)| - 1 (since we removed one vertex) being even. Since we know |V(G)| is even, |V(G)| - 1 must be odd, which forms a contradiction. Thus it must be the case o(G-v) = 1, which means G has exactly one odd component.

**Proof:** We need to prove two statements. (1). S is a vertex cover  $\implies \bar{S}$  is an independent set. (2).  $\bar{S}$  is an independent set  $\implies S$  is a vertex cover.

Let us first prove S is a vertex cover  $\Longrightarrow \bar{S}$  is an independent set. Let us assume that  $\exists (u,v) \in E(\bar{S})$ , then  $\nexists(u,v) \in E(S)$  by the definition of a complement graph. Since  $u \in V(S)$ ,  $v \in V(S)$ , and  $\nexists(u,v) \in E(S)$ , S is not an vertex cover which leads to a contradiction. Thus  $\forall u,v \in \bar{S}, \nexists(u,v) \in E(\bar{S})$ . In other words, no vertices in  $\bar{S}$  are connected. Thus  $\bar{S}$  is an vertex cover.

Let us next prove  $\bar{S}$  is an independent set of graph  $G = (V, E) \implies S$  is a vertex cover. If  $\bar{S}$  is an independent set, then  $\forall (u, v) \in E(G)$ , at most one vertex is in  $\bar{S}$  otherwise it is not an independent set. Therefore at least one vertex is in S. Therefore every pair of vertices has at least one endpoint in S, which implies S is an vertex cover.

4.  $|8| \le |\text{vetex cover}| \le 21$ 

From the Konig theorem, we know the cardinality of minimum vertex cover of G equals the cardinality of the maximum match of G. Thus minimum vertex cover = |M| = 9 - 1(one vertex is unsaturated). The maximum vertex cover is the cardinality of the vertex set since all vertices must cover the edge set of G.

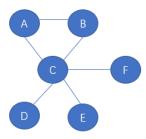
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5.  $0 < |M| \le 12$ .

From the Konig theorem, we know the cardinality of minimum vertex cover of G equals the cardinality of the maximum match of G. Thus the upper bound for the matching of G is 12. Thus  $|M| \leq 12$ . Also, since the graph is connected, the matching is non-empty

6.

Let us draw the following graph One match here is edge set  $\{AB, CE\}$ . The maximum match here

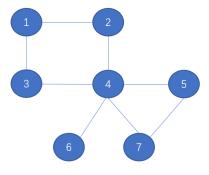


has cardinality of 2. We prove this using tutte's condition.

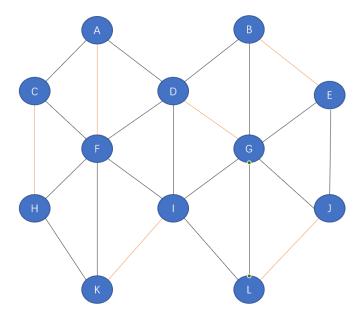
Since there are 6 vertices,  $|M_p| = \frac{|V(G)|}{2} = 3$ . We proceed to prove the graph does not have a perfect match, thus  $|M_{max}| < 3$ .

If there exists a perfect match for graph G, then  $o(G-S) \leq |S|$ ,  $\forall S \subseteq G$ . However, if we remove the vertex c, the odd components are  $\{F\}, \{D\}, \{E\}$ . Thus we have o(G-S) = 3 > 1 > |S|. Thus the graph does not have a perfect match. Since we have found a match M such that |M| = 2 and proved  $|M_{max}| < 3$ , the match we found above is the maximum match.

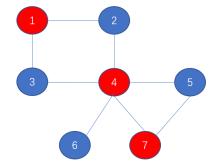
7. (a). Let S=4, then if we remove S, the odd components are  $\{1,2,3\},\{6\}$ . Thus o(G-S)=2>1>|S|. Thus Tutte's condition does not hold and perfect match does not exist.



## (b). Let us draw the following graph Note here it is a perfect match since all vertices have been saturated.



## 8. (a). Vertex cover



## (b). Edge cover

