Evaluation Of The Computer-Vison Based System, Dynamic Beats, Designed To Aid In Stroke Rehabilitation

Denis Sokolov

Dept. of Bioengineering
ds5618@ic.ac.uk

Dong Chen

Dept. of Bioengineering
dc820@ic.ac.uk

Qianmeng Liang
Dept. of Bioengineering
ql1120@ic.ac.uk

Xinyang Sun

Dept. of Bioengineering
xs920@ic.ac.uk

I. INTRODUCTION

Dynamic Beats is a project focused on sensorimotor control recovery using a wearable device combined with computer-vision based software. It allows for a user to perform exercises guided by tutorial videos which are made by professionals with expertise in rehabilitation. The computer is used to analyse the position of key points on the body whilst the wearable device tracks speed and angular acceleration of a specific body part. Combined with live audio feedback, each user has their own personal experience whilst providing clinicians with accurate and useful data that they can use to assess the patients progress. This data is also used to calculate scores that reflect the quality of the patients movement and produce graphs that can be easily interpreted by the user and clinicians after initial guidance.

II. STROKE PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

Stroke is the leading cause of death and disability worldwide [1]. Cell death because of poor blood flow to the brain causes strokes which can occur for all age groups and to cure the sequelae of Stroke, long-term effort is required. The sequalae of stroke include [2]:

- Psychological impact: depression, family difficulties
- Cognitive impact: communication, concentration, memory
- Movement problems: spasticity and hypertonicity, inversion of the foot and ankle, wrist and hand flexion

Regarding movement problems, genu recurvatum, hemiplegic shoulder pain and wrist/hand flexion are the three mean conditions that troubled patient's daily life [3]. Using hemiplegic shoulder pain as an example, up to 72% of hemiplegia occurs following a stroke [4] [5]. The syndrome is characterized by pain, swelling, hyperesthesia and vasomotor instability of the wrist and hand, coupled with shoulder pain and decreased range of motion [6]. It is well documented that physiotherapy emphasizing range of motion exercises results in positive responses from patients which occur from as little as three months from treatment starting [7].

Therefore, our goal was to help patients recover from movement problems of both upper limbs and lower limbs remotely, meanwhile providing useful data for clinical analysis. Currently, in-person physiotherapy is used but there are drawbacks such as: high cost; inefficiency, since one physiologist is limited in time and can't handle too many patients; difficulty in measuring improvement due to lack of data. Also, with the COVID-19 pandemic, remote physiotherapy is urgently needed.

With our system, patients can perform exercises focusing on range of motion at home without spending large amounts of money on physiotherapy and data is collected for clinicians. The data collected is used to produce a series of scores for each exercise which can be easily interpreted by patients and clinicians. Figure 1 and Figure 2, showing the deviation from ideal movement and the relevant angles respectively, are example graphs produced by our system.

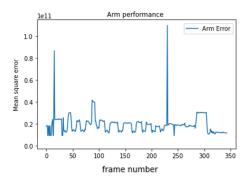


Fig. 1. Arm MSE during exercise

III. SOLUTION CONCEPTS

Our project was constructed with a laptop and a wearable device. This rehabilitation approach was chosen as laptops are a common item in many households and it allows for augmentative and alternative communication interventions between itself the wearable device. The laptop, using freely available software, is used to evaluate fine movements accurately and perform calculations on gathered data whilst also providing real time audio feedback. The wearable device can analyse kinematic and kinetic parameters of

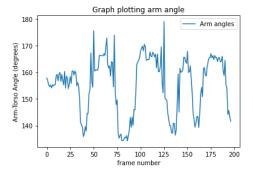


Fig. 2. Arm angle during exercise

human movements which can then be sent to the laptop via Bluetooth and hence musculoskeletal functions can be quantitatively assessed [8]. Through these concepts our system can provide a low cost, convenient and portable solution to users without the limitation of specific user environments.

Hilde Feys highlighted sensory feedback's relevance as an assisting stimulus to the motor cortex [9]. We also found that the mirror neuron system is utilised during observation of others performing an exercise and imitation of the exercise [10]. Furthermore, Marco Franceschini's work concluded that consistent action observation with physical training is better than static image observation with physical training during the early phase of stroke recovery [10]. For these reasons we decided that audio feedback and tutorial videos in tandem would provide an optimal experience that maximises the chances of successful rehabilitation. It would also allow us to tailor the tutorials based on relevant activities of daily living such as holding objects, opening a door or eating with a spoon. We also considered that some patients might show tremor on hands or legs. Haemorrhagic strokes typically induce the onset of tremor and other movement disorders more than ischemic strokes [11] but using the wearable device fixed on limbs, we can gauge rotational speed and evaluate patients' tremor conditions.

IV. PROTOTYPES AND DESIGN CHOICES

A. Wearable Arduino Prototyping

Our original design revolved around a Arduino Nano 33 BLE Sense which had the capacity to detect velocity and acceleration. Furthermore, the temperature sensor on the Arduino would be used to monitor the user's skin surface temperature. Using the velocity data gathered from the IMU of the Arduino we could control the playback of a song chosen by a user which would be played through a small buzzer. The song would then be disrupted if the user moves too quickly or too slowly and hence indicate to the user to change pace. The temperature sensor would be used in junction with an LED that changed colours depending on the temperature range the user was in after a calibration stage.

Through this visual feedback, the user could gauge their effort levels.

This particular Arduino module was used for two reasons. Firstly, it already had many of the sensing systems integrated into the module which meant that no extra devices would be required. If additional modules had been needed, then more data would have to be sent via Bluetooth which could result in more technical issues for the user. Secondly, the small size of the module allows for the device to be placed on part of the body without adding considerable weight which may hinder the user's ability to perform an exercise; especially in the context of patients suffering with neuromuscular diseases that lead to muscle atrophy [12].

The literature states that increasing the number of repetitions is important for successful rehabilitation [13]. Using a song for audio feedback would provide motivation for the user to continue the exercise whilst also providing audio cues. The limitation of using a buzzer however, was that song choices available to the user were small as well as poor audio quality. We justified using the temperature sensor because the literature found that over exertion could lead to more damage occurring and the LED's visual feedback could prevent this from happening [14].

Initially, the data gathered from the Arduino was not sent to a central computer because this would require extra computation from the centralised device which would slow analysis of other factors detected by our system. However, this changed when we decided to play the sound from the laptop rather than a buzzer. This method had 3 distinct advantages; Firstly, the audio quality and volume improved; Secondly, the number of songs available increased; Thirdly, the Arduino no longer needed to play the notes which meant that it could gather data at a faster rate and provide more information for our system to use. We also decided to not use the temperature sensor as this required close proximity to the skin which would prevent casing the Arduino. Additionally, reading the temperature from the sensor broke the connection between the centralised device and the Arduino which slowed down the rate of data transfer, thus reducing the accuracy of graphs produced.

After many iterations, our final wearable device consisted of an Arduino Nano 33 BLE Sense that was coded to send velocity and angular acceleration data to a laptop. It was encased in a small electrical junction box adapted to the Arduino that protected the electrics from external damage and was also light enough to have no adverse effect on the patients ability to move. The box was then attached to a snappy band bracelet using velcro. The snappy band allowed the device to wrap around limbs of various sizes catering for patients of varying size whereas the velcro allowed the device to be easily removed and placed onto another body part mid exercise if needed. Figure 3 shows all components fully assembled.



Fig. 3. Fully assembled hardware components. This includes the BLE Sense, electrical junction box, snappy bracelet and velcro.

B. Computer Vision Software Prototyping

Using the coding program Python, tutorial videos and instructions that the user could follow were displayed on the screen. Simultaneously, the user can see themselves on the screen using the in-built camera on the laptop or webcam. Having both the tutorial and themselves on screen allows the user to more accurately mimic the exercise and hence perform it with higher quality. Through the use of freely available software, Openpose, and our own developed code, we could calculate the mean square error (MSE) between the positional data of a well performed repetition and the user's repetition in real time and the angles between different parts of body such as the knee joint angle. The key points of the user's body as seen by Openpose is shown in Figure 4. The software component of our system can be divided into four parts: body key point recognition, calibration, MSE and angle calculation, final score calculation.

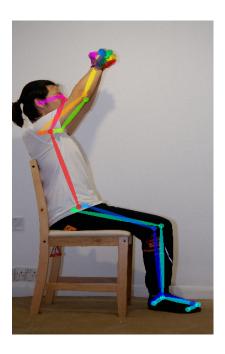


Fig. 4. Recognition of body keypoints

To recognise and track the position of key points on the

users body, we used Openpose. It can recognise 25 keypoints on the body, mostly joints, and 27 key points on each hand [15] [16].

The calibration stage allows us to calculate distances between key points to then use during calculation of MSE. To do this, we applied a homography transformation which sets a connection between a pair of images taken from the same camera. Figure 5 visualises the mathematical transformation which is expressed in equation 1. During calibration the user is guided to copy 5 positions within the exercise and we take 1 picture at each position. These will be used as a reference to when the user performs the movement well and will be compared with the frames taken as the user performs the exercise in real time. Extracting 8 key points from each reference picture we are able to use 40 point pairs to calculate distances between the reference pictures and the users actual position during the exercise. The principle is that as the user performs the exercise, their posture will move closer and further away from the reference frames. We can then calculate the MSE between the live exercise frames and the reference frames using the distances calculated by the homograph transformation. This can then be plot onto a graph indicating the users deviation from the ideal movement. We chose 5 reference frames in total as our own trials show that it was the optimal compromise between the accuracy that comes with more frames and the smoothness of the program with less frames.

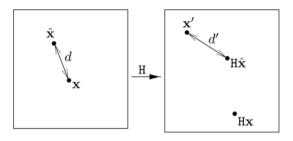


Fig. 5. Two images linked by homography H. Points x and x' are measured points, \hat{x} is the point minimizing d^2 and d'^2 where d and d' are the distances x to \hat{x} and x' to $H\hat{x}$ [17]

$$x' = Hx = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

(x, y, 1): coordinates in original image (x', y', z'): coordinates in calibrated images $h_{11} - h_{32}$: parameters inhomography matrix

We calculated the MSE using the MSE function shown in equation 2. Every live frame had 5 MSE's calculated, one against each reference frame taken in the calibration stage. Among the 5 MSEs, we record the smallest MSE calculated. When the recorded MSE spikes higher than usual, we can

see this in the plot and know that the posture at that time is far from any reference frames and is likely to be an incorrect position, indicating a poor movement. A spike that illustrates this can be seen in Figure 1. When the MSE spikes, the program also captures this frame and saves it to the laptop which can be sent to a professional via email. We decided to do this because on its own, the MSE does not tell the user or the clinician much. However, a picture allows the clinician to identify what is wrong and can give advice to the patient on how to improve their movement.

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x_i')^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - y_i')^2 \right)$$
 (2)

(x,y): coordinates in original image (x',y'): coordinates in calibrated images

Using the key points extracted and applying simple trigonometric functions the angle between different limbs can be obtained. We believe that angles are the best way to convey the range of motion to the user as using a parameter such as distance could vary largely between patients of different sizes. For our particular exercise, we chose to compute the angle between arm and upper body and knee angle as the exercise is about emphasizing the range of arm and leg movement.

A score summarising the users performance was then calculated using all the MSE data gathered. The reason for computing a final score is to present users with a straightforward assessment of their performance during the exercise. This way the user can track their own progress in a simple manner and stay motivated when they see gradual increases in their score. These scores can also be used in a "competitive" manner between patients as the disparity in the stage of the disease they suffer from would actually be accounted for due to the nature of our calibration stage which sets the "standard" for every patient individually.

An Arduino Nano IoT is used to communicate between the wearable device and the laptop. As the laptop plays the music, the data received from the wearable is used to disrupt the music if the velocity recorded is outside of a certain range. This allows for immediate audio feedback to the patient but also provides a stimulus for the user to perform the exercise in a controlled manner. The velocity data is also summarised into a score that the patient can see. An example of how the scores are output are shown in Figure 6.

V. RELEVANCE OF THE DYNAMIC BEATS SYSTEM

A. Clinical relevance

Our system provides the user and the clinician with access to velocity, acceleration and angle data coupled with calculated scores based on MSE's. It outputs this data in simple numerical scores that the user can use to track their progress whereas the

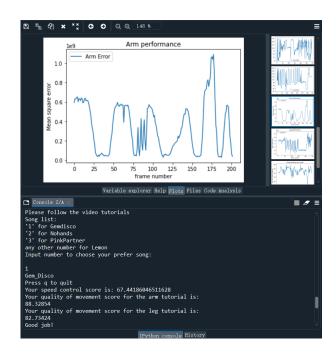


Fig. 6. Illustration of how output scores are displayed to the user

graphs recording the MSE are more suitable for clinicians to analyse in tandem with photos showing where the exercise was performed poorly. From this, the clinician can give specific instructions to each individual patient. Immediate audio feedback also aids the user in controlling their pace whilst motivating them to do more repetitions which, based on the aforementioned literature, is key to successful rehabilitation.

VI. DESIGN EVALUATION, LESSONS LEARNED AND PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

The functionality of the Dynamic Beats System was practically tested by different users of varying heights and gender and in different environments. We found the system was very robust both physically and regarding software. The wearable device showed no signs of breaking throughout testing and the software handled various erroneous input from users. After slight explanation the outputs were widely understood and the user experience was considered enjoyable. Over all the system provided relevant data to clinicians whilst also providing a motivational platform for patients to go through rehabilitation programs.

One of the most impressive aspects of our system was its adaptability. It can be used for a large multitude of 2D, planar exercises that do not have to necessarily be associated with stroke with just a few changes to the code. In demonstrations we exemplified that this could be used for both lower and upper limb movements but it is not limited to this as other movements such as those of the hand can also be tracked and analysed using the same software. This means that the system can act as a all-in-one integrated system for a number of

neuro-muscular diseases unlike many others current systems.

However, its adaptability is derived from its heavy reliance on complicated software and computer vision. Consequently, the system suffered from a user interface that wasn't very easily navigated and could confuse some users not experienced with computers. This is especially important if the system is to be used at home with no professional nearby to help. Moreover, it was advised that the term MSE was not the best way to describe what we were showing. To improve the system in these areas we could have developed an application that provided a UI that was more user friendly and changed the MSE term to be a "deviation from ideal movement".

Another limitation that could be improved in future iterations would be to allow for 3D motions. Currently our system can only track 2D exercises due to the Openpose software used. At the cost of more complicated software, the range of exercises that can be used with the system is almost limitless.

Finally, the social and game-like aspect of our system could have been improved. Currently we provide scores that can be used in a competitive manner by patients but it is not integrated into a game. A possible solution would be to design a "Just Dance" like game where the patient must mimic the tutorial video to the beat of their chosen music. This would have increased the motivation to complete sessions.

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APPENDIX

A. software python code

```
cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_7)
# From Python
                                                    cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
# It requires OpenCV installed for Python
import sys
import cv2
import os
from sys import platform
                                                 def params(args):
                                                     # Custom Params (refer to
import argparse
import time
                                                        include/openpose/flags.hpp for more
import numpy as np
                                                        parameters)
import threading
                                                     params = dict()
                                                     params["model_folder"] = "../../models/"
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import serial
                                                     params["hand"] = True
import math
                                                     # Add others in path?
import pygame
                                                     for i in range(0, len(args[1])):
                                                        curr_item = args[1][i]
def instruction():
                                                        if i != len(args[1])-1: next_item =
                                                           args[1][i+1]
                                                        else: next_item = "1"
   size = (1500, 900)
   t_wait = 5000 #wait for 5 seconds
                                                        if "--" in curr_item and "--" in
                                                           next_item:
   ins_1 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_1.png')
                                                           key = curr_item.replace('-','')
                                                           if key not in params: params[key] =
   ins_1 = cv2.resize(ins_1, size)
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                        elif "--" in curr_item and "--" not in
  cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_1)
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                           next_item:
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                           key = curr_item.replace('-','')
                                                           if key not in params: params[key] =
   ins_2 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_2.png')
                                                              next_item
   ins_2 = cv2.resize(ins_2, size)
                                                    return params
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
  cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_2)
                                                 def compare (x,y):
  cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                    a = x[1]
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                    b = y[1]
                                                    if a > b:
   ins_3 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_3.png')
                                                       return x
   ins_3 = cv2.resize(ins_3, size)
                                                     else:
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                       return y
   cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_3)
                                                  def find_arm_min(a,b,c,d,e):
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                    1 = []
                                                    l.append(a)
   ins_4 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_4.png')
                                                    1.append(b)
   ins_4 = cv2.resize(ins_4, size)
                                                    1.append(c)
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                    1.append(d)
   cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_4)
                                                     1.append(e)
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                     1.sort()
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                     return 1[4]
   ins_5 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_5.png')
                                                 def find_leg_min(a,b,c,d):
   ins_5 = cv2.resize(ins_5, size)
                                                     1 = []
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                     l.append(a)
   cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_5)
                                                    1.append(b)
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                    1.append(c)
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                     l.append(d)
                                                     1.sort()
   ins_6 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_6.png')
                                                    return 1[3]
   ins_6 = cv2.resize(ins_6, size)
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                  def keypoints_extract(Body_Keypoints,
  cv2.imshow("instructions", ins_6)
                                                     Right hand keypoints,
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                     Left_hand_keypoints):
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                    Body_Keypoints = np.delete(Body_Keypoints,
                                                        -1, axis=2)
```

ins_7 = cv2.imread('instruction/ins_7.png')

 $ins_7 = cv2.resize(ins_7, size)$

cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)

```
Right_hand_keypoints =
                                                    knee = list(compare(left_knee, right_knee))
      np.delete(Right_hand_keypoints, -1,
                                                    left_ankle = Body_Keypoints[0, 14]
  Left_hand_keypoints =
                                                    right_ankle = Body_Keypoints[0, 11]
      np.delete(Left_hand_keypoints, -1,
                                                    ankle = list(compare(left_ankle,
      axis=2)
                                                        right_ankle))
   #print (Body_Keypoints)
   # print(Left_hand_keypoints)
                                                    left_little_toe = Body_Keypoints[0, 20]
   # print(Right_hand_keypoints)
                                                    right_little_toe = Body_Keypoints[0, 23]
                                                    little_toe = list(compare(left_little_toe,
                                                        right_little_toe))
  nose = list(Body_Keypoints[0,0])
                                                    left_heel = Body_Keypoints[0, 21]
  left_eye = Body_Keypoints[0, 16]
                                                    right_heel = Body_Keypoints[0, 24]
  right_eye = Body_Keypoints[0, 15]
                                                    heel = list(compare(left_heel, right_heel))
  eye = list(compare(left_eye, right_eye))
                                                    leg_keypoints = [shoulder, hip, knee,
   # print(eye)
                                                        ankle, little_toe, heel]
  left_ear = Body_Keypoints[0, 18]
  right_ear = Body_Keypoints[0, 17]
                                                    return leg_keypoints
  ear = list(compare(left_ear, right_ear))
  left_shoulder = Body_Keypoints[0, 5]
                                                 def eliminate_zero(keypoint1, keypoint2):
  right_shoulder = Body_Keypoints[0, 2]
                                                    keypoint_1 = np.array([i[0] for i in
   shoulder = list(compare(left_shoulder,
                                                        keypoint1])
                                                    # print(keypoint1)
      right_shoulder))
                                                    keypoint_2 = np.array([i[0] for i in
  left_elbow = Body_Keypoints[0, 6]
                                                       keypoint2])
  right_elbow = Body_Keypoints[0, 3]
                                                    # print(keypoint2)
  elbow = list(compare(left_elbow,
                                                    index_1 = list(np.where(keypoint_1 ==
      right_elbow))
                                                        0)[0]) # find which index = 0
                                                    index_2 = list(np.where(keypoint_2 ==
  left_wrist = Body_Keypoints[0, 7]
                                                        0)[0])
  right_wrist = Body_Keypoints[0, 4]
                                                    # print(index_1)
                                                    # print(index_2)
  wrist = list(compare(left_wrist,
                                                    index = sorted(set(index_1+index_2)) #sort
      right_wrist))
                                                       and delete repetition
  left_hand5 = Right_hand_keypoints[0, 5]
                                                    def zeros(index):
  right_hand5 = Right_hand_keypoints[0, 5]
                                                      nonzero\_index = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
  hand5 = list(compare(left_hand5,
                                                       intersection =
      right_hand5))
                                                          list(set(nonzero_index).intersection(set(index))
                                                       for i in intersection:
  left_hand17 = Left_hand_keypoints[0, 17]
                                                          if i in nonzero_index:
  right_hand17 = Right_hand_keypoints[0, 17]
                                                             nonzero_index.remove(i)
  hand17 = list(compare(left_hand17,
                                                       return nonzero_index
      right_hand17))
                                                    nonzero_index = zeros(index)
                                                    nonzero_keypoints1 = []
                                                    nonzero_keypoints2 = []
  arm_keypoints = [nose, eye, ear, shoulder,
      elbow, wrist, hand5, hand17]
                                                    for i in nonzero_index:
   #print(keypoints)
                                                       nonzero_keypoints1.append(keypoint1[i])
  return arm_keypoints
                                                       nonzero_keypoints2.append(keypoint2[i])
                                                    #print('nonezero Keypoints:')
                                                    #print(nonzero_keypoints1)
def keypoints_extract_leg(Body_Keypoints):
  Body_Keypoints = np.delete(Body_Keypoints,
                                                    #print(nonzero_keypoints2)
      -1, axis=2)
                                                    return nonzero_keypoints1,
                                                        nonzero_keypoints2
  left_shoulder = Body_Keypoints[0, 5]
  right_shoulder = Body_Keypoints[0, 2]
                                                 def eliminate_zero_leg(keypoint1, keypoint2):
  shoulder = list(compare(left_shoulder,
                                                    keypoint_1 = np.array([i[0] for i in
      right_shoulder))
                                                        keypoint1])
                                                    # print(keypoint1)
  left_hip = Body_Keypoints[0, 12]
                                                    keypoint_2 = np.array([i[0] for i in
  right_hip = Body_Keypoints[0, 9]
                                                       keypoint2])
  hip = list(compare(left_hip, right_hip))
                                                    # print(keypoint2)
                                                    index_1 = list(np.where(keypoint_1 ==
  left_knee = Body_Keypoints[0, 13]
                                                        0)[0]) # find which index = 0
  right_knee = Body_Keypoints[0, 10]
```

```
index_2 = list(np.where(keypoint_2 ==
                                                    elif datafromUser == '8':
                                                       pygame.mixer.music.load("Unstoppable.mp3")
      0)[0])
   # print(index_1)
                                                       print("Unstoppable")
                                                    elif datafromUser == '9':
   # print(index_2)
   index = sorted(set(index_1+index_2)) #sort
                                                       pygame.mixer.music.load("YOUTH.mp3")
      and delete repetition
                                                        print("YOUTH")
  def zeros(index):
                                                    elif datafromUser == '10':
     nonzero\_index = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
                                                       pygame.mixer.music.load("There For
     intersection =
                                                           You.mp3")
         list(set(nonzero_index).intersection(set(index))int("There For You")
     for i in intersection:
        if i in nonzero_index:
                                                       pygame.mixer.music.load("Lemon.mp3")
           nonzero_index.remove(i)
                                                       print("Lemon")
     return nonzero_index
  nonzero_index = zeros(index)
                                                    #cv2.waitKey(10000)
  nonzero_keypoints1 = []
  nonzero_keypoints2 = []
                                                    ser = serial.Serial('COM6', 9600,timeout=1)
   for i in nonzero_index:
                                                    time.sleep(2)
     nonzero_keypoints1.append(keypoint1[i])
                                                    # Read and record the data
     nonzero_keypoints2.append(keypoint2[i])
                                                    #i = 0
   #print('nonezero Keypoints:')
   #print (nonzero_keypoints1)
   #print(nonzero_keypoints2)
                                                    pygame.mixer.music.play(5) #add a -1 like
  return nonzero_keypoints1,
      nonzero_keypoints2
                                                        so: pygame.mixer.music.play(-1) and
                                                        the music will repeat forever
def score(data):
                                                    while(1):
   _range = np.max(data) - np.min(data)
  scores = 100-((data - np.min(data)) /
      _range) *60
                                                       data =[]
  return np.mean(scores)
                                                       b = ser.readline() # read a byte string
                                                       string_n = b.decode() # decode byte
                                                           string into Unicode
def arduino_control():
  global realtime_recg_j
                                                        string = string_n.rstrip() # remove \n
  global datafromUser
                                                           and \r
                                                       string= string.strip(' ')
                                                        #print('times:',i)
  pygame.mixer.init()
  bad, good=0,0
                                                       #print(string)
  recordSpeed=[]
                                                       if not string:
   #######detecting signal for start####
                                                          continue #print("The string is
   ############################
                                                              empty")
                                                       else:
                                                           for s in string.split(' '):
                                                              s=float(s)
  if datafromUser == '1':
                                                              data.append(s)
     pygame.mixer.music.load("hotline_bling.mp3")
                                                             if len(data)%3==0:
     print("Hotline Bling")
                                                                 #print(data)
  elif datafromUser == '2':
                                                                 recordSpeed.append(data)
     pygame.mixer.music.load("Nohands.mp3")
                                                                 if (abs(data[0])<5 and</pre>
     print("Nohands")
                                                                     abs(data[1])<5 and
  elif datafromUser == '3':
                                                                    abs (data[2]) < 5) \
     pygame.mixer.music.load("bad guy.mp3")
                                                                    or (abs(data[0])>100 or
     print("Bad Guy")
                                                                       abs(data[1])>100 or
  elif datafromUser == '4':
                                                                       abs (data[2])>100 ):
     pygame.mixer.music.load("Attention.mp3")
                                                                    pygame.mixer.music.pause()
     print("Attention")
                                                                       #pause
  elif datafromUser == '5':
                                                                    time.sleep(0.6)
     pygame.mixer.music.load("DDU-DU
                                                                    pygame.mixer.music.unpause()
         DDU-DU.mp3")
                                                                    bad+=1
     print("DDU-DU DDU-DU")
                                                                 else:
  elif datafromUser == '6':
                                                                    good+=1
     pygame.mixer.music.load("Fire.mp3")
                                                      if realtime_recg_j > 440:
     print("Fire")
                                                          break
   elif datafromUser == '7':
                                                       \# k = cv2.waitKey(2)
     pygame.mixer.music.load("River.mp3")
                                                       # if (k & 0xff == ord('q')):
                                                       # break
     print("River")
```

```
# if i > 50:
      # break
                                                    flag = 1
      # i+=1
  ser.close() #close serial port
                                                    tutorial_c = cv2.VideoCapture(
                                                     'Bobath_Tutorial/Bobath_leq.mp4')
                                                    while(tutorial_c.isOpened()):
  pygame.mixer.music.stop()
                                                       ret, frame = tutorial_c.read()
   #calculate result
                                                       frame = cv2.resize(frame, (600, 1000))
  record=np.array(recordSpeed)
                                                       cv2.imshow('Tutorial_c', frame)
  row, col=np.shape(record)
                                                       k = cv2.waitKev(1)
                                                       #press q to quit
  for i in range(row):
                                                       realtime_recg_j+=1
     if (abs(record[i][0])<5 and</pre>
                                                       if realtime_recg_j > 450:
         abs(record[i][1])<5 and</pre>
                                                          break
         abs(record[i][2])<5)\
                                                       if realtime_recq_j == 300:
                                                          text_gj =
     or (abs(record[i][0])>100 or
                                                              cv2.imread('instruction/text_great.png')
         abs(record[i][1])>100 or
                                                           text_gj = cv2.resize(text_gj,
         abs(record[i][2])>100 ):
                                                              (1500,900)
                                                           cv2.namedWindow("GOOD JOB", 1)
     else:
        good+=1
                                                           cv2.imshow("GOOD JOB", text_gj)
                                                          cv2.waitKey(4000)
  score=good/(good+bad) *100
                                                          cv2.destroyAllWindows()
  print('Your speed control score is:',
                                                       if (k & 0xff == ord('q')):
      score)
                                                          break
                                                    tutorial_c.release()
                                                    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
def Tutorial_videos():
  global flag
  print('Press q to quit')
  global realtime_recg_i
                                                 def error_cal(std_points, usr_points, F):
  global realtime_recg_j
                                                    ones = np.ones(len(std_points))
  tutorial_a = cv2.VideoCapture(
                                                    std_1 = np.c_[std_points, ones.T]
                                                    usr_1 = np.c_[usr_points, ones.T]
  'Bobath_Tutorial/Bobath_arm.mp4')
  while(tutorial_a.isOpened()):
                                                    i = 0
     ret, frame = tutorial_a.read()
                                                    error_sum = 0
     frame = cv2.resize(frame, (600, 1000))
                                                    while i < len(std_points):</pre>
                                                       single_e =
     cv2.imshow('Tutorial_a', frame)
     k = cv2.waitKey(1)
                                                           np.abs(np.dot(np.dot(std_1[i:i+1],
     #press q to quit
                                                           F), usr_1[i:i+1].T))
     realtime_recg_i+=1
                                                       error_sum += single_e
     if realtime_recg_i > 450:
                                                       i+=1
        break
     if realtime_recg_i == 300:
                                                    return error_sum
        text_gj =
            cv2.imread('instruction/text_gj.png')
                                                 def mean_square_error(std_points, usr_points,
        text_gj = cv2.resize(text_gj,
            (1500,900))
                                                    H):
         cv2.namedWindow("GOOD JOB", 1)
                                                    i = 0
         cv2.imshow("GOOD JOB", text_gj)
                                                    estimate_point = []
                                                    ones = np.ones(len(std_points))
        cv2.waitKey(4000)
        cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                    std_1 = np.c_[std_points,ones.T]
      if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
                                                    while i < len(std_points):</pre>
        break
                                                       estimate_point.append(np.dot(H,
  tutorial_a.release()
                                                           std_1[i].T))
                                                        #single_e =
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                           np.abs(np.dot(np.dot(std_1[i:i+1],
  text_transfer =
                                                           F), use_1[i:i+1].T))
      cv2.imread('instruction/text_transfer.png')
                                                        #error+=single_e
  text_transfer = cv2.resize(text_transfer,
                                                       i += 1
      (1500,900)
                                                    estimate_point = np.delete(estimate_point,
  cv2.namedWindow("Transfer", 1)
                                                        -1, axis=1)
  cv2.imshow("Transfer", text_transfer)
                                                    mse = ((np.float32(estimate_point) -
  cv2.waitKey(30000)
                                                       np.float32(usr_points)) **
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                        2).mean(axis=0)
```

```
(point_1[0] - point_3[0]) * (point_1[0]
   return mse[0]*mse[1]
                                                            - point_3[0]) + (point_1[1] -
def get_degree(keypoints):
                                                           point_3[1]) * (point_1[1] -
   # keypoints = [nose, eye, ear, shoulder,
                                                           point_3[1])) #h-a
      elbow, wrist, hand5, hand17]
                                                     c = math.sqrt(
                                                        (point_1[0] - point_2[0]) * (point_1[0]
   point_1 = keypoints[3] # shoulder
                                                            - point_2[0]) + (point_1[1] -
   point_2 = keypoints[4] # elbow
                                                           point_2[1]) * (point_1[1] -
  point_3 = keypoints[5] # wrist
                                                           point_2[1])) #h-k
  point_4 = keypoints[2] # nose
  a = math.sqrt(
                                                     if a==0 or c==0:
      (point_2[0] - point_3[0]) * (point_2[0]
                                                       B = 0
         - point_3[0]) + (point_2[1] -
                                                        #print('Cannot detect the angle')
                                                     else:
         point_3[1]) * (point_2[1] -
         point_3[1])) # w-e
                                                     \#A = math.degrees(math.acos((a * a - b * b
                                                        -c * c) / (-2 * b * c))
  b = math.sqrt(
      (point_1[0] - point_3[0]) * (point_1[0]
                                                        B = math.degrees(math.acos((b * b - a *
         - point_3[0]) + (point_1[1] -
                                                           a - c * c) / (-2 * a * c)))
         point_3[1]) * (point_1[1] -
                                                    return B
         point_3[1])) #s-w
   c = math.sqrt(
                                                 def set_threshold(t_list):
      (point_1[0] - point_2[0]) * (point_1[0]
                                                    r = 1
         - point_2[0]) + (point_1[1] -
                                                    t_{max} = max(t_{list})
         point_2[1]) * (point_1[1] -
         point_2[1])) #s-e
                                                    t_{min} = min(t_{list})
   d = math.sqrt(
                                                    t = t_min + (t_max - t_min) *r
      (point_4[0] - point_2[0]) * (point_4[0]
         - point_2[0]) + (point_4[1] -
                                                    return t
         point_2[1]) * (point_4[1] -
         point_2[1])) #n-e
   e = math.sqrt(
                                                 def video_calib_video():
      (point_1[0] - point_4[0]) * (point_1[0]
         - point_4[0]) + (point_1[1] -
                                                    global video_calib_i
         point_4[1]) * (point_1[1] -
                                                    global video_calib_j
         point_4[1])) #n-s
   if a==0 or c ==0:
                                                     tutorial a =
     B = 0
                                                        cv2.VideoCapture('Bobath_Tutorial/Bobath_arm.mp4'
      #print('Cannot detect the angle')
                                                    print('Press q to quit')
                                                     video_calib_i = 0
   \#A = math.degrees(math.acos((a * a - b * b)))
                                                     while video_calib_i<=180:</pre>
      -c * c) / (-2 * b * c)))
                                                       ret, frame = tutorial_a.read()
                                                        frame = cv2.resize(frame, (600, 1000))
      B = 180 - math.degrees(math.acos((b * b)))
         -a*a-c*c) / (-2*a*c)))
   if c==0 or e==0:
                                                        cv2.imshow('Tutorial Part 1 of 2',
     D = 0
                                                           frame)
      #print('Cannot detect the angle')
                                                        video_calib_i+=1
   #C = math.degrees(math.acos((c * c - a * a
                                                        k = cv2.waitKey(2)
      -b * b) / (-2 * a * b)))
      D = 180 - math.degrees(math.acos((d * d)))
                                                        if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
         -c * c - e * e) / (-2 * c * e)))
                                                           break
   #print(B, D)
                                                     tutorial_a.release()
   return B, D
                                                     cv2.destroyAllWindows()
def get_leg_degree(leg_keypoints):
   # leg_keypoints = [shoulder, hip, knee,
                                                     tutorial_b =
      ankle, little_toe, heel]
                                                        cv2.VideoCapture('Bobath_Tutorial/Bobath_leg.mp4'
                                                     print('Press q to quit')
  point_1 = leg_keypoints[1] # hip
                                                     video_calib_j = 0
  point_2 = leg_keypoints[2] # knee
                                                    while video_calib_j<=180:</pre>
  point_3 = leg_keypoints[3] # ankle
                                                        ret, frame = tutorial_b.read()
                                                        frame = cv2.resize(frame, (600, 1000))
   a = math.sqrt(
      (point_2[0] - point_3[0]) * (point_2[0]
         - point_3[0]) + (point_2[1] -
                                                        cv2.imshow('Tutorial Part 2 of 2',
         point_3[1]) * (point_2[1] -
                                                           frame)
         point_3[1])) #a-k
                                                        video_calib_j+=1
  b = math.sqrt(
                                                        k = cv2.waitKey(2)
```

```
if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
                                                   opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
        break
                                                   opWrapper.configure(params)
  tutorial_b.release()
                                                   opWrapper.start()
  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
  return 0
                                                   datum_calib = op.Datum()
def video_calib():
                                                   video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                   while video_calib_i<=180:</pre>
  global t_1
  global t 2
                                                      ret 1, frame 1=video.read()
  global t_3
                                                      rows, cols, ch = frame_1.shape
  global t_4
                                                      frame_1 = cv2.resize(frame_1, (1000,
  global t_5
                                                          600))
  global t_6
                                                      datum_calib.cvInputData = frame_1
  global t_7
                                                      opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum_calib])
  global t_8
  global t_9
                                                      #cv2.imshow("Warm-up Part 1 of 2",
                                                         datum_calib.cvOutputData)
  global H_arm
                                                      cv2.imshow("Warm-up Part 1 of 2",
  global H_leg
                                                         frame_1)
  global video_calib_i
                                                      calib_user_arm_keypoints =
  global video_calib_j
                                                          keypoints_extract(datum_calib.poseKeypoints,
                                                          datum_calib.handKeypoints[1],
  arm\_error\_list\_1 = []
                                                          datum_calib.handKeypoints[0])
  arm_error_list_2 = []
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_1_counter,
  arm_error_list_3 = []
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_1
  arm_error_list_4 = []
  arm_error_list_5 = []
                                                          eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_1,
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints)
  leg_error_list_1 = []
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_2_counter,
   leg_error_list_2 = []
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_2
   leg_error_list_3 = []
  leg_error_list_4 = []
                                                          eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_2,
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints)
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_3_counter,
  parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_3
  parser.add_argument("--image_path",
      help="Process an image. Read all
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints)
      standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_4_counter,
                                                         calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_4
      etc.).")
  args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                         eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_4,
                                                         calib_user_arm_keypoints)
  params = dict()
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_5_counter,
  params["model_folder"] = "../../models/"
                                                         calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_5
  params["hand"] = True
                                                          eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_5,
   # Add others in path?
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints)
   for i in range(0, len(args[1])):
     curr_item = args[1][i]
                                                      error_arm_1 = mean_square_error(
     if i != len(args[1])-1: next_item =
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_1_counter,
         args[1][i+1]
                                                          calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_1,
     else: next_item = "1"
                                                          H_arm)
     if "--" in curr_item and "--" in
                                                      error_arm_2 = mean_square_error(
         next_item:
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_2_counter,
        key = curr_item.replace('-','')
                                                         calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_2,
         if key not in params: params[key] =
                                                          H_arm)
                                                      error_arm_3 = mean_square_error(
     elif "--" in curr_item and "--" not in
                                                      Standard_keypoints_arm_3_counter,
         next item:
                                                         calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_3,
        key = curr_item.replace('-','')
         if key not in params: params[key] =
                                                     error_arm_4 = mean_square_error(
            next_item
```

```
Standard_keypoints_arm_4_counter,
                                                      Standard_keypoints_leg_3_counter,
      calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_4,
                                                          calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_3,
   error_arm_5 = mean_square_error(
                                                    error_leg_4 = mean_square_error(
   Standard_keypoints_arm_5_counter,
                                                      Standard_keypoints_leg_4_counter,
      calib_user_arm_keypoints_counter_5,
                                                          calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_4,
   arm_error_list_1.append(error_arm_1)
                                                      leg_error_list_1.append(error_leg_1)
   arm_error_list_2.append(error_arm_2)
                                                     leg_error_list_2.append(error_leg_2)
   arm error list 3.append(error arm 3)
                                                     leg error list 3.append(error leg 3)
   arm_error_list_4.append(error_arm_4)
                                                     leg_error_list_4.append(error_leg_4)
  arm_error_list_5.append(error_arm_5)
                                                      k = cv2.waitKey(50)
   k = cv2.waitKey(50)
                                                      if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
   if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
                                                         break
      break
                                                 t_1 = set_threshold(arm_error_list_1)
while video_calib_j<=180:</pre>
                                                  t_2 = set_threshold(arm_error_list_2)
                                                  t_3 = set_threshold(arm_error_list_3)
   ret_1, frame_1=video.read()
                                                 t_4 = set_threshold(arm_error_list_4)
                                              t_6 = set_threshold(leg_error_list_1)
t_7 = set_threshold(leg_error_list_1)
t_8 = set_threshold(leg_error_list_1)
   rows, cols, ch = frame_1.shape
   frame_1 = cv2.resize(frame_1, (1000,
   datum_calib.cvInputData = frame_1
   opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum_calib])
                                                  t_9 = set_threshold(leg_error_list_4)
                                                 '''print("Threshold 1 : %d" %t_1)
   #cv2.imshow("Warm-up Part 2 of 2",
                                              print("Threshold 2 : %d" %t_2)
print("Threshold 3 : %d" %t_3)
      datum_calib.cvOutputData)
   cv2.imshow("Warm-up Part 2 of 2",
                                                 print("Threshold 4 : %d" %t_4)
      frame_1)
                                                print("Threshold 5: %d" %t_5)
print("Threshold 6: %d" %t_6)
print("Threshold 7: %d" %t_7)
print("Threshold 8: %d" %t_8)
print("Threshold 9: %d" %t_9)'''
   calib_user_leg_keypoints =
       keypoints_extract_leg(
   datum_calib.poseKeypoints)
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1_counter, calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_1
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                                 video.release()
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1,
                                                  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
      calib_user_leg_keypoints)
   Standard_keypoints_leg_2_counter,
                                              def realtime_recognition():
      calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_2
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                                  global H_arm
   Standard_keypoints_leg_2,
                                                  global H_leg
      calib_user_leg_keypoints)
   Standard_keypoints_leg_3_counter,
                                                 global Standard_keypoints_1
                                               global Standard_keypoints_2
global Standard_keypoints_3
      calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_3
                                                 global Standard_keypoints_4
      = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                                 global Standard_keypoints_5
   Standard_keypoints_leg_3,
      calib_user_leg_keypoints)
                                                 global Standard_keypoints_6
   Standard_keypoints_leg_4_counter,
      = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                                  global leg_error_list
   Standard_keypoints_leg_4,
      calib_user_leg_keypoints)
                                                 global t_1
                                                 global t_2
   error_leg_1 = mean_square_error(
                                                 global t_3
                                                 global t_4
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1_counter,
      calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_1,
                                                 global t_5
      H_leg)
   error_leg_2 = mean_square_error(
                                                  global t_6
  Standard_keypoints_leg_2_counter,
                                                 global t_7
                                                 global t_8
      calib_user_leg_keypoints_counter_2,
                                                  global t_9
   error_leg_3 = mean_square_error(
                                                   global realtime_recg_i
```

```
global realtime_recg_j
global arm_error_list
                                                     ret_1, frame_1=video_realtime.read()
global leg_error_list
                                                     rows, cols, ch = frame_1.shape
global flag
                                                     frame_1 = cv2.resize(frame_1, (1000,
                                                         600))
angle_1 = []
                                                     datum_realtime.cvInputData = frame_1
angle_2 = []
                                                     opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum_realtime])
                                                     #cv2.imshow("Realtime_recognition",
fault count arm = 0
                                                        datum realtime.cvOutputData)
fault\_count\_leg = 0
                                                     cv2.imshow("Realtime_recognition",
                                                         frame_1)
rate = 0.5
t_arm = [t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4, t_5]
t_{leg} = [t_6, t_7, t_8, t_9]
                                                     k = cv2.waitKey(50)
#fault_arm = min(arm_error_list) +
                                                     #press q to quit
   rate*(max(arm_error_list) - min
                                                     if (k \& 0xff == ord('q')):
    (arm_error_list))
                                                        break
#fault_leg = min(leg_error_list) +
   rate*(max(leg_error_list) - min
                                                     realtime_user_arm_keypoints =
    (leg_error_list))
                                                         keypoints_extract(datum_realtime.poseKeypoints
fault_arm = rate*min(t_arm)
                                                         datum_realtime.handKeypoints[1],
fault_leg = rate*min(t_leg)
                                                         datum_realtime.handKeypoints[0])
                                                     realtime_user_leg_keypoints =
                                                         keypoints_extract_leg(datum_realtime.poseKeypo
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
   default="
                                                     if k:
../../examples/media/COCO_val2014_000000000192.jpg",#time = cv2.waitKey(50)
help="Process an image.
                                                        if realtime_recg_i < 450:</pre>
Read all standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                           angle_1.append(
   etc.).")
                                                           get_degree(realtime_user_arm_keypoints)[0])
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_1_counter,
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                                               = eliminate_zero(
params = dict()
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_1,
params["model_folder"] = "../../models/"
                                                               realtime_user_arm_keypoints)
params["hand"] = True
                                                           error_arm_1 = mean_square_error(
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_1_counter,
# Add others in path?
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
for i in range(0, len(args[1])):
                                                               H_arm)
   curr_item = args[1][i]
                                                           #print(error_start)
   if i != len(args[1])-1: next_item =
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_2_counter,
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter
      args[1][i+1]
   else: next_item = "1"
                                                               = eliminate_zero(
   if "--" in curr_item and "--" in
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_2,
      next_item:
                                                               realtime_user_arm_keypoints)
      key = curr_item.replace('-','')
                                                           error_arm_2 = mean_square_error(
      if key not in params: params[key] =
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_2_counter,
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
   elif "--" in curr_item and "--" not in
                                                               H_arm)
                                                           #print (error_end)
      next_item:
      key = curr_item.replace('-','')
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_3_counter,
      if key not in params: params[key] =
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter
         next_item
                                                               = eliminate_zero(
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_3,
                                                               realtime_user_arm_keypoints)
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
opWrapper.configure(params)
                                                           error_arm_3 = mean_square_error(
opWrapper.start()
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_3_counter,
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
datum_realtime = op.Datum()
                                                               H_arm)
video_realtime =
                                                           #print(error_start)
   cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                           Standard_keypoints_arm_4_counter,
                                                               realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                                               = eliminate_zero(
```

while (video_realtime.isOpened()):

```
Standard_keypoints_arm_4,
                                                     Standard_keypoints_leg_4,
      realtime_user_arm_keypoints)
                                                         realtime_user_leq_keypoints)
   error_arm_4 = mean_square_error(
                                                     error_leg_4 = mean_square_error(
   Standard_keypoints_arm_4_counter,
                                                     Standard_keypoints_leg_4_counter,
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
                                                         realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
      H_arm)
                                                         H_leq)
   #print (error_end)
                                                     #print(error_start)
   Standard_keypoints_arm_5_counter,
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                                     leg_error = find_leg_min(
                                                     error_leg_1, error_leg_2,
       = eliminate_zero(
   Standard_keypoints_arm_5,
                                                         error_leg_3, error_leg_4)
      realtime_user_arm_keypoints)
   error_arm_5 = mean_square_error(
                                                     leg_error_list.append(leg_error)
   Standard_keypoints_arm_5_counter,
                                                     if leg_error > fault_leg:
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
                                                        cv2.imwrite(
                                                        'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_higherror_'+
      H_arm)
   #print(error_start)
                                                            frame_1)
   arm_error =
                                                        fault_count_leg+=1
       find_arm_min(error_arm_1,
       error_arm_2, error_arm_3,
                                                  else:
       error_arm_4, error_arm_5)
                                                     break
   arm_error_list.append(arm_error)
   if arm_error > fault_arm:
                                            video_realtime.release()
      cv2.imwrite(
      'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_higherroprint("Your quality of movement score for
      +str(fault_count_arm)+'.jpg',
                                               the arm tutorial is:")
          frame_1)
                                            print (score (arm_error_list))
                                            print("Your quality of movement score for
      fault_count_arm+=1
                                                the leg tutorial is:")
elif realtime_recg_j < 450:</pre>
                                            print(score(leg_error_list))
   angle_2.append(get_leg_degree(
                                            print("Good job!")
   realtime_user_leg_keypoints))
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1_counter,
      realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                            #rate = 0.05
                                            #line_arm = min(arm_error_list) +
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1,
                                               rate*(max(arm_error_list) - min
      realtime_user_leg_keypoints)
                                                (arm_error_list))
   error_leg_1 = mean_square_error(
                                            #line_leg = min(leg_error_list) +
   Standard_keypoints_leg_1_counter,
                                               rate*(max(leg_error_list) - min
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
                                                (leg_error_list))
       H_leq)
   #print (error_start)
                                            plt.plot(arm_error_list, label='Arm Error')
   Standard_keypoints_leg_2_counter,
                                            #plt.axhline(y=line_arm, label='succeed
      realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                               line', color='r')
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                            plt.xlabel("frame number")
                                            plt.ylabel("Mean square error")
   Standard_keypoints_leg_2,
      realtime_user_leg_keypoints)
                                            plt.title("Arm performance")
   error_leg_2 = mean_square_error(
                                            plt.legend()
   Standard_keypoints_leg_2_counter,
                                            plt.show()
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
                                            plt.plot(leg_error_list,label='Leg error')
       H_leq)
   #print (error_end)
                                            plt.xlabel("frame number")
                                            plt.ylabel("Mean square error")
   Standard_keypoints_leg_3_counter,
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                            plt.title("Leg performance")
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                            #plt.axhline(y=line_leg,label='succeed
   Standard_keypoints_leg_3,
                                               line', color='r')
      realtime_user_leg_keypoints)
                                            plt.legend()
   error_leg_3 = mean_square_error(
                                            plt.show()
   Standard_keypoints_leg_3_counter,
                                            plt.plot(angle_1, label='Arm angles')
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter,
                                            plt.xlabel("frame number")
       H_leg)
                                            plt.ylabel("Arm-Torso Angle (degrees)")
   #print(error_start)
                                            plt.title("Graph plotting arm angle")
   Standard_keypoints_leg_4_counter,
       realtime_user_keypoints_counter
                                            plt.legend()
       = eliminate_zero_leg(
                                            plt.show()
```

```
plt.plot(angle_2, label='Leg angles')
                                                     print("'2' for Nohands")
                                                     print("'3' for Bad Guy")
   plt.xlabel("frame number")
                                                     print("'4' for Attention")
   plt.ylabel("Knee joint angle (degrees)")
                                                     print("'5' for DDU-DU DDU-DU")
   plt.title("Graph plotting knee joint
                                                     print("'6' for Fire")
      angle")
                                                     print("'7' for River")
print("'8' for Unstoppable")
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
                                                     print("'9' for YOUTH")
                                                     print("'10' for There For You")
try:
                                                     print("any other number for Lemon")
                                                     print(' ')
   # Import Openpose (Windows/Ubuntu/OSX)
                                                     print("Input number to choose your prefer
   dir_path =
      os.path.dirname(os.path.realpath(__file__))
                                                         song:")
   try:
      # Windows Import
                                                     datafromUser=input()
      if platform == "win32":
         # Change these variables to point to
                                                     cv2.waitKey(15000)
            the correct folder (Release/x64
            etc.)
                                                     part1 =
         sys.path.append(dir_path +
                                                        cv2.imread('instruction/text_part1.png')
             '/.../.../python/openpose/Release');
                                                     part1 = cv2.resize(part1, size)
         os.environ['PATH'] =
                                                     cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
            os.environ['PATH'] + ';' +
                                                     cv2.imshow("instructions", part1)
             dir_path + '/../x64/Release;'
                                                     cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
             + dir_path + '/../../bin;'
                                                     cv2.destroyAllWindows()
         import pyopenpose as op
      else:
                                                     Standard_keypoints_arm = []
         # Change these variables to point to
                                                     User_keypoints_arm = []
            the correct folder (Release/x64
             etc.)
                                                     Standard_keypoints_leg = []
         sys.path.append('../../python');
                                                     User_keypoints_leg = []
         # If you run 'make install' (default
             path is '/usr/local/python' for
                                                     arm_error_list = []
             Ubuntu), you can also access the
                                                     leg_error_list = []
             OpenPose/python module from
            there. This will install
             OpenPose and the python library
                                                     delav = 1000
             at your desired installation
                                                     t\_show = 1500
             path. Ensure that this is in
                                                     # Posture-arm-1
            your python path in order to use
                                                     parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                     parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                         default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_arm_1.jpg",
            sys.path.append('/usr/local/python')
                                                         help="Process an image. Read all
         from openpose import pyopenpose as op
                                                         standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
   except ImportError as e:
                                                         etc.).")
      print('Error: OpenPose library could
                                                     args = parser.parse_known_args()
         not be found. Did you enable
          'BUILD_PYTHON' in CMake and have
                                                     params1 = params(args)
         this Python script in the right
                                                     # Starting OpenPose
          folder?')
                                                     opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
      raise e
                                                     opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                     opWrapper.start()
   t_wait = 7000
   size = (1500, 900)
   flag = 0
                                                     # Process Image
                                                     datum = op.Datum()
   pygame.mixer.init()
                                                     imageToProcess =
   pygame.mixer.music.load("PinkPartner.mp3")
                                                         cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
   pygame.mixer.music.play(5) #add a -1 like
                                                     datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
       so: pygame.mixer.music.play(-1) and
                                                     opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
       the music will repeat forever
                                                     # Display Image
                                                     Standard keypoints arm 1 =
   instruction()
                                                         keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
   print("Song list:")
                                                         datum.handKeypoints[1],
   print("'1' for Hotline Bling")
                                                         datum.handKeypoints[0])
```

```
print('Please imitate the posture')
                                                    Standard_keypoints_arm.append(i)
Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
                                                for i in User_keypoints_arm_1_nonzero:
   (600, 1000))
                                                   User_keypoints_arm.append(i)
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
                                                 # Posture-arm-2
cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 time_left = 3
while time_left > 0:
  print('Countdown for taking a
                                                    help="Process an image. Read all
                                                    standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
     photo:',time_left)
  time.sleep(1)
                                                    etc.).")
  time_left = time_left - 1
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 params1 = params(args)
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                 # Starting OpenPose
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
ret, frame=video.read()
                                                 opWrapper.configure(params1)
cv2.imwrite(
                                                 opWrapper.start()
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'1'+'.jpg',
video.release()
                                                 # Process Image
user_bobath_arm_1 = cv2.imread(
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
                                                 imageToProcess =
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'1'+'.jpg')
user_bobath_arm_1 =
                                                    cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_arm_1, (1000,
                                                 datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
   600))
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_arm_1)
                                                 # Display Image
cv2.waitKey(t_show)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 Standard_keypoints_arm_2 =
                                                    keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                    datum.handKeypoints[1],
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                    datum.handKeypoints[0])
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 print('Please imitate the posture')
   default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_1.jpg", Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                     (600, 1000))
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                 cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                 time_left = 3
params1 = params(args)
                                                 while time_left > 0:
# Starting OpenPose
                                                   print('Countdown for taking a
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                       photo:',time_left)
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                    time.sleep(1)
opWrapper.start()
                                                    time_left = time_left - 1
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
# Process Image
datum = op.Datum()
                                                 ret, frame=video.read()
imageToProcess =
                                                 cv2.imwrite(
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'2'+'.jpg',
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                     frame)
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                 video.release()
                                                 user_bobath_arm_2 = cv2.imread(
                                                 'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'2'+'.jpg')
User_keypoints_arm_1 =
                                                 user_bobath_arm_2 =
   keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                    cv2.resize(user_bobath_arm_2, (1000,
   datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                     600))
   datum.handKeypoints[0])
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_arm_2)
Standard_keypoints_arm_1_nonzero,
                                                 cv2.waitKey(t_show)
   User_keypoints_arm_1_nonzero =
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
   eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_1,
   User_keypoints_arm_1)
                                                 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
for i in Standard_keypoints_arm_1_nonzero:
```

```
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 print('Please imitate the posture')
   default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_2.jpg", Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                     (600, 1000))
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                 cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                 time_left = 3
                                                 while time_left > 0:
params1 = params(args)
# Starting OpenPose
                                                    print('Countdown for taking a
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                        photo:',time_left)
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                    time.sleep(1)
opWrapper.start()
                                                     time_left = time_left - 1
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
# Process Image
datum = op.Datum()
                                                 ret, frame=video.read()
imageToProcess =
                                                 cv2.imwrite(
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'3'+'.jpg',
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                 video.release()
                                                 user_bobath_arm_3 = cv2.imread(
                                                 'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'3'+'.jpg')
                                                 user_bobath_arm_3 =
User_keypoints_arm_2 =
   keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                     cv2.resize(user_bobath_arm_3, (1000,
                                                     600))
   datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
   datum.handKeypoints[0])
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_arm_3)
Standard_keypoints_arm_2_nonzero,
                                                 cv2.waitKey(t_show)
   User_keypoints_arm_2_nonzero =
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
   eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_2,
   User_keypoints_arm_2)
                                                 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
for i in Standard_keypoints_arm_2_nonzero:
                                                 parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                     default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_3.jpg",
   Standard_keypoints_arm.append(i)
for i in User_keypoints_arm_2_nonzero:
                                                     help="Process an image. Read all
                                                     standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
  User_keypoints_arm.append(i)
                                                     etc.).")
# Posture-arm-3
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 params1 = params(args)
   default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_arm_3.jpg",
                                                 # Starting OpenPose
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                 opWrapper.configure(params1)
   etc.).")
                                                 opWrapper.start()
args = parser.parse_known_args()
params1 = params(args)
# Starting OpenPose
                                                 # Process Image
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 imageToProcess =
opWrapper.start()
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
# Process Image
datum = op.Datum()
imageToProcess =
                                                 User_keypoints_arm_3 =
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                     keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[1],
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[0])
                                                 Standard_keypoints_arm_3_nonzero,
# Display Image
                                                     User_keypoints_arm_3_nonzero =
Standard_keypoints_arm_3 =
                                                     eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_3,
   keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                     User_keypoints_arm_3)
   datum.handKeypoints[1],
   datum.handKeypoints[0])
                                                 for i in Standard_keypoints_arm_3_nonzero:
```

```
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
   Standard_keypoints_arm.append(i)
                                                    default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_4.jpg",
for i in User_keypoints_arm_3_nonzero:
   User_keypoints_arm.append(i)
                                                    help="Process an image. Read all
                                                    standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
# Posture-arm-4
                                                    etc.).")
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
params1 = params(args)
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 # Starting OpenPose
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 opWrapper.configure(params1)
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                 opWrapper.start()
params1 = params(args)
# Starting OpenPose
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 # Process Image
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
                                                 imageToProcess =
opWrapper.start()
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
# Process Image
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
datum = op.Datum()
imageToProcess =
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 User_keypoints_arm_4 =
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                     keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[0])
# Display Image
                                                 Standard_keypoints_arm_4_nonzero,
Standard_keypoints_arm_4 =
                                                     User_keypoints_arm_4_nonzero =
   keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                     eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_4,
   datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                    User_keypoints_arm_4)
   datum.handKeypoints[0])
print('Please imitate the posture')
                                                 for i in Standard_keypoints_arm_4_nonzero:
Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
                                                    Standard_keypoints_arm.append(i)
    (600, 1000))
                                                 for i in User_keypoints_arm_4_nonzero:
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                    User_keypoints_arm.append(i)
cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                 # Posture-arm-5
time_left = 3
                                                 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
while time_left > 0:
                                                 parser.add_argument("--image_path",
   print('Countdown for taking a
                                                     default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_arm_5.jpg",
      photo:',time_left)
                                                    help="Process an image. Read all
                                                    standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
   time.sleep(1)
   time_left = time_left - 1
                                                    etc.).")
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                 params1 = params(args)
                                                 # Starting OpenPose
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
ret,frame=video.read()
cv2.imwrite(
                                                 opWrapper.configure(params1)
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'4'+'.jpg',
                                                 opWrapper.start()
   frame)
video.release()
user_bobath_arm_4 = cv2.imread(
                                                 # Process Image
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'4'+'.jpg')
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
user_bobath_arm_4 =
                                                 imageToProcess =
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_arm_4, (1000,
                                                    cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
   600))
                                                 datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_arm_4)
cv2.waitKey(t_show)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 # Display Image
                                                 Standard_keypoints_arm_5 =
                                                     keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                     datum.handKeypoints[0])
```

```
print('Please imitate the posture')
                                                    Standard_keypoints_arm.append(i)
Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
                                                 for i in User_keypoints_arm_5_nonzero:
   (600, 1000))
                                                    User_keypoints_arm.append(i)
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
cv2.waitKey(delay)
time_left = 3
                                                  '''print("All Standard Arm Keypoints:")
while time_left > 0:
  print('Countdown for taking a
                                                 print(Standard_keypoints_arm)
     photo:',time_left)
                                                 print("All User Arm Keypoints:")
                                                 print(User_keypoints_arm)'''
  time.sleep(1)
  time_left = time_left - 1
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 Standard_keypoints_arm =
                                                     np.int32(Standard_keypoints_arm)
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                 User_keypoints_arm =
                                                     np.int32(User_keypoints_arm)
                                                  \#F, mask =
ret, frame=video.read()
cv2.imwrite(
                                                     cv2.findFundamentalMat(Standard_keypoints,
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'5'+'.jpg',
                                                     User_keypoints, cv2.FM_LMEDS)
                                                  H_arm, status =
video.release()
                                                     cv2.findHomography(Standard_keypoints_arm,
user_bobath_arm_5 = cv2.imread(
                                                     User_keypoints_arm)
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_'+'5'+'.jpg')
                                                  #print("Arm homography matrix")
user_bobath_arm_5 =
                                                  #print(H_arm)
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_arm_5, (1000,
   600))
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                  # Posture-leg-1
cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_arm_5)
                                                 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 parser.add_argument("--image_path",
cv2.waitKey(t_show)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                     default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_leg_1.jpg",
                                                     help="Process an image. Read all
                                                     standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                     etc.).")
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
   default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_arm_5.jpg",
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 params1 = params(args)
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                  # Starting OpenPose
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                 opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 opWrapper.start()
params1 = params(args)
# Starting OpenPose
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 # Process Image
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 imageToProcess =
opWrapper.start()
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                  datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
# Process Image
datum = op.Datum()
imageToProcess =
                                                  # Display Image
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                 Standard_keypoints_leg_1 =
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                     keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                 print('Please imitate the posture')
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                  Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
                                                     (600, 1000))
User_keypoints_arm_5 =
                                                  cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
   keypoints_extract(datum.poseKeypoints,
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
   datum.handKeypoints[1],
                                                 cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                 time_left = 3
   datum.handKeypoints[0])
                                                 while time_left > 0:
Standard_keypoints_arm_5_nonzero,
                                                    print('Countdown for taking a
                                                        photo:',time_left)
   User_keypoints_arm_5_nonzero =
                                                    time.sleep(1)
   eliminate_zero(Standard_keypoints_arm_5,
   User_keypoints_arm_5)
                                                     time_left = time_left - 1
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
for i in Standard_keypoints_arm_5_nonzero:
```

```
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
ret,frame=video.read()
                                                  # Process Image
cv2.imwrite('User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'1'+'.datúm = op.Datum()
   frame)
                                                 imageToProcess =
video.release()
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
user_bobath_leg_1 =
                                                  datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
   cv2.imread('User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'1' topWjapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
user_bobath_leg_1 =
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_leg_1, (1000,
                                                  # Display Image
   600))
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                  Standard_keypoints_leg_2 =
cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_leg_1)
                                                     keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
cv2.waitKey(t_show)
                                                 print('Please imitate the posture')
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
                                                     (600, 1000))
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 cv2.waitKey(delay)
   default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_1.jpg", time_left = 3
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 while time_left > 0:
                                                    print('Countdown for taking a
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                        photo:',time_left)
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                    time.sleep(1)
                                                    time_left = time_left - 1
params1 = params(args)
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
# Starting OpenPose
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
opWrapper.configure(params1)
opWrapper.start()
                                                 ret,frame=video.read()
                                                 cv2.imwrite(
                                                  'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'2'+'.jpg',
# Process Image
                                                     frame)
datum = op.Datum()
                                                 video.release()
                                                 user_bobath_leg_2 = cv2.imread(
imageToProcess =
                                                 'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'2'+'.jpg')
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                 user bobath leg 2 =
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                     cv2.resize(user_bobath_leg_2, (1000,
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
User_keypoints_leg_1 =
                                                 cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_leg_2)
   keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                 cv2.waitKey(t_show)
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
Standard_keypoints_leg_1_nonzero,
   User_keypoints_leg_1_nonzero =
   eliminate_zero_leg(Standard_keypoints_leg_1, parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 parser.add_argument("--image_path",
   User_keypoints_leg_1)
                                                     default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_2.jpg",
for i in Standard_keypoints_leg_1_nonzero:
                                                     help="Process an image. Read all
   Standard_keypoints_leg.append(i)
                                                     standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
for i in User_keypoints_leg_1_nonzero:
                                                     etc.).")
   User_keypoints_leg.append(i)
                                                 args = parser.parse_known_args()
# Posture-leg-2
                                                 params1 = params(args)
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 # Starting OpenPose
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
   default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_leg_2.jpg", opWrapper.configure(params1)
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 opWrapper.start()
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
   etc.).")
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                  # Process Image
                                                 datum = op.Datum()
params1 = params(args)
                                                 imageToProcess =
# Starting OpenPose
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
opWrapper.start()
```

```
600))
User_keypoints_leg_2 =
                                                  cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
   keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                  cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_leg_3)
                                                  cv2.waitKey(t_show)
Standard_keypoints_leg_2_nonzero,
                                                  cv2.destroyAllWindows()
   User_keypoints_leg_2_nonzero =
   eliminate_zero_leg(Standard_keypoints_leg_2,
   User_keypoints_leg_2)
                                                  parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                  parser.add_argument("--image_path",
for i in Standard_keypoints_leg_2_nonzero:
                                                     default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_3.jpg",
   Standard_keypoints_leg.append(i)
                                                     help="Process an image. Read all
for i in User_keypoints_leg_2_nonzero:
                                                      standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
   User_keypoints_leg.append(i)
                                                      etc.).")
                                                  args = parser.parse_known_args()
# Posture-leg-3
                                                  params1 = params(args)
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                  # Starting OpenPose
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                  opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
   default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_leg_3.jpg",
                                                  opWrapper.configure(params1)
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                  opWrapper.start()
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
   etc.).")
                                                  # Process Image
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                  datum = op.Datum()
params1 = params(args)
                                                  imageToProcess =
# Starting OpenPose
                                                      cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                  datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                  opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
opWrapper.start()
                                                  User_keypoints_leg_3 =
# Process Image
                                                      keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
datum = op.Datum()
imageToProcess =
                                                  Standard_keypoints_leg_3_nonzero,
                                                      User_keypoints_leg_3_nonzero =
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
                                                      eliminate_zero_leg(Standard_keypoints_leg_3,
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                     User_keypoints_leg_3)
                                                  for i in Standard_keypoints_leg_3_nonzero:
# Display Image
                                                     Standard_keypoints_leg.append(i)
Standard_keypoints_leg_3 =
                                                  for i in User_keypoints_leg_3_nonzero:
   keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                     User_keypoints_leg.append(i)
print('Please imitate the posture')
Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
   (600, 1000))
                                                  # Posture-leg-4
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                  parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
                                                  parser.add_argument("--image_path",
cv2.waitKey(delay)
                                                      default="Standard_Bobath/Bobath_leg_4.jpg",
                                                     help="Process an image. Read all
time_left = 3
                                                     standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
while time_left > 0:
   print('Countdown for taking a
                                                      etc.).")
      photo:',time_left)
                                                  args = parser.parse_known_args()
   time.sleep(1)
   time_left = time_left - 1
                                                  params1 = params(args)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                  # Starting OpenPose
                                                  opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                  opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                  opWrapper.start()
ret, frame=video.read()
cv2.imwrite(
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'3'+'.jpg',
                                                  # Process Image
                                                  datum = op.Datum()
   frame)
video.release()
                                                  imageToProcess =
user_bobath_leg_3 = cv2.imread(
                                                     cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'3'+'.jpg')
                                                  datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
user_bobath_leg_3 =
                                                  opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_leg_3, (1000,
```

```
for i in Standard_keypoints_leg_4_nonzero:
# Display Image
                                                    Standard_keypoints_leq.append(i)
Standard_keypoints_leg_4 =
                                                  for i in User_keypoints_leg_4_nonzero:
   keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                    User_keypoints_leg.append(i)
print('Please imitate the posture')
                                                  '''print("All Standard Leg Keypoints:")
Output = cv2.resize(datum.cvOutputData,
   (600, 1000))
                                                  print (Standard_keypoints_leg)
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 print("All User Leg Keypoints:")
cv2.imshow("Bobath", Output)
                                                 print(User_keypoints_leg)'''
cv2.waitKey(delay)
time left = 3
                                                 Standard keypoints leg =
while time_left > 0:
                                                     np.int32(Standard_keypoints_leg)
  print('Countdown for taking a
                                                 User_keypoints_leg =
      photo:',time_left)
                                                     np.int32(User_keypoints_leg)
                                                 \#F, mask =
   time.sleep(1)
   time_left = time_left - 1
                                                     cv2.findFundamentalMat(Standard_keypoints,
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                     User_keypoints, cv2.FM_LMEDS)
                                                 H_leg, status =
video = cv2.VideoCapture(0,cv2.CAP_DSHOW)
                                                     cv2.findHomography(Standard_keypoints_leg,
                                                     User_keypoints_leg)
ret,frame=video.read()
                                                  #print("Leg homography matrix")
cv2.imwrite(
                                                  #print(H_leg)
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'4'+'.jpg',
   frame)
video.release()
user_bobath_leg_4 = cv2.imread(
                                                 part2 =
'User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_'+'4'+'.jpg')
                                                     cv2.imread('instruction/text_part2.png')
user_bobath_leg_4 =
                                                 part2 = cv2.resize(part2, size)
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
   cv2.resize(user_bobath_leg_4, (1000,
   600))
                                                 cv2.imshow("instructions", part2)
cv2.namedWindow("Bobath", 1)
                                                 cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
cv2.imshow("Bobath", user_bobath_leg_4)
                                                 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
cv2.waitKey(t_show)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                 print("Try to follow the video for
                                                     warm-up")
                                                 t_1 = 0
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                                 t_2 = 0
parser.add_argument("--image_path",
                                                 t_3 = 0
   default="User_Bobath/user_bobath_leg_4.jpg", t_4 = 0
                                                 t_5 = 0
   help="Process an image. Read all
                                                 t_6 = 0
   standard formats (jpg, png, bmp,
                                                 t_7 = 0
   etc.).")
                                                 t_8 = 0
args = parser.parse_known_args()
                                                 t_9 = 0
params1 = params(args)
                                                 t_10 = 0
# Starting OpenPose
opWrapper = op.WrapperPython()
                                                 video_calib_i = 0
opWrapper.configure(params1)
                                                 video_calib_j = 0
opWrapper.start()
                                                 t3 = threading. Thread (target=video_calib,
# Process Image
                                                     name='control')
datum = op.Datum()
                                                 t.4 =
imageToProcess =
                                                     threading. Thread (target=video_calib_video,
   cv2.imread(args[0].image_path)
                                                     name='control')
datum.cvInputData = imageToProcess
opWrapper.emplaceAndPop([datum])
                                                 t3.start()
                                                 t4.start()
User_keypoints_leg_4 =
                                                 t3.join()
   keypoints_extract_leg(datum.poseKeypoints)
                                                 t4.join()
                                                 part3 =
Standard_keypoints_leg_4_nonzero,
   User_keypoints_leg_4_nonzero =
                                                     cv2.imread('instruction/text_part3.png')
   eliminate_zero_leg(Standard_keypoints_leg_4, part3 = cv2.resize(part3, size)
   User_keypoints_leg_4)
                                                 cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
                                                 cv2.imshow("instructions", part3)
```

```
cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                     VOID SETUP
   pygame.mixer.music.stop()
                                                  void setup() {
   print("Please follow the video tutorials")
                                                   Serial.begin(9600);
                                                   while (!Serial);
   realtime_recg_i = 0
                                                   BLE.begin();
                                                   BLE.scanForUuid(BLE_UUID_PERIPHERAL);//
   realtime_recg_j = 0
      threading.Thread(target=Tutorial_videos,
      name='control')
                                                     VOID LOOP
                                                     _____
   +2 =
      threading.Thread(target=realtime_recognitionpid loop() {
      name='control')
                                                   // check if a peripheral has been discovered
                                                   BLEDevice peripheral = BLE.available();
      threading. Thread (target=arduino_control,
      name='control')
   t5.start()
                                                   if (peripheral) {
   t1.start()
                                                      if (peripheral.localName() != "BLE_IMU") {
   t2.start()
                                                      return;
                                                     // stop scanning
                                                     BLE.stopScan();
   t1.join()
                                                     LED_IMU(peripheral);
   t2.join()
  t5.join()
                                                        again
   finish =
      cv2.imread('instruction/text_finish.png') }
   finish = cv2.resize(finish, size)
   cv2.namedWindow("instructions", 1)
   cv2.imshow("instructions", finish)
                                                     FUNCTIONS
   cv2.waitKey(t_wait)
                                                     _____
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
                                                   if (peripheral.connect()) {
except Exception as e:
                                                   } else {
  print(e)
                                                     return;
   sys.exit(-1)
                                                   //while
B. arduino central device code
```

```
#include <ArduinoBLE.h>
//#include <Arduino LSM9DS1.h>
#define BLE_UUID_PERIPHERAL
   "19B10000-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214"
   //please change to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_LED
   "19B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-E104768A1214"
   //please change to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCX
   "29B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please change to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCY
   "39B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please change to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCZ
   "49B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please change to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL
```

```
// peripheral disconnected, start scanning
     BLE.scanForUuid(BLE_UUID_PERIPHERAL);}
  void LED_IMU(BLEDevice peripheral) {
  // Serial.println("Discovering attributes
     . . . ");
   if (peripheral.discoverAttributes()){
  // Serial.println("Attributes discovered");
   }
   else {
  // Serial.println("Attribute discovery
     failed!");
    peripheral.disconnect();
    return;
   BLECharacteristic accXCharacteristic =
       peripheral.characteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCX);
   BLECharacteristic accYCharacteristic =
       peripheral.characteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCY);
   BLECharacteristic accZCharacteristic =
       peripheral.characteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCZ);
   float x, y, z;
   while (peripheral.connected()) {
     accXCharacteristic.readValue( &x, 4 );
     accYCharacteristic.readValue( &y, 4 );
    accZCharacteristic.readValue( &z, 4 );
     Serial.print(x);
     Serial.print(' ');
     Serial.print(y);
     Serial.print(' ');
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```

```
Serial.print(z);
Serial.print('\n');
delay(800);
}//while
// Serial.println("Peripheral disconnected");
}
```

C. adaptable arduino peripheral code

```
| BLE_IMU_PERIPHERAL - Wireless IMU
    Communication with central device
 | Arduino Boards Tested: Nano 33 BLE Sense
    as a peripheral & Nano 33 BLE as central.
 | Code not tested for multiple peripherals
 | This sketch works alongside the
    BLE_IMU_CENTRAL sketch to communicate
     with an Arduino Nano 33 BLE.
 | This sketch can also be used with a
     generic BLE central app, like LightBlue
     (iOS and Android) or
 | nRF Connect (Android), to interact with
    the services and characteristics created
     in this sketch.
 | This example code is adapted from the
    ArduinoBLE library, available in the
    public domain.
 | Authors: Aaron Yurkewich & Pilar Zhang Qiu
 | Latest Update: 25/02/2021
 _____
#include <ArduinoBLE.h>
#include <Arduino_LSM9DS1.h>
#include <Arduino_HTS221.h>
#include "Arduino.h"
#define BLUE 11
#define GREEN 10
#define RED 9
int redValue = 100;
int greenValue = 100;
int blueValue = 100;
float temp_cali;
float temperature;
float humidity;
const int ledPin = LED_BUILTIN; // pin to use
   for the LED
float x, y, z;
int counter = 0;
// ----- BLE UUIDs -----
#define BLE_UUID_PERIPHERAL
   "19B10000-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214"
   //please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_LED
   "19B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-E104768A1214"
   //please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
#define BLE UUID CHARACT ACCX
   "29B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
```

```
//please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCZ
    "49B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
//#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_tem
    "59B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"
   //please chnage to a unique value that
   matches BLE_IMU_CENTRAL
BLEService
   LED_IMU_Service(BLE_UUID_PERIPHERAL); //
   BLE LED Service
// BLE LED Switch Characteristic - custom
   128-bit UUID, read and writable by central
BLEByteCharacteristic
   switchCharacteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_LED,
   BLERead | BLEWrite);
BLEFloatCharacteristic
   accXCharacteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCX,
   BLERead | BLENotify | BLEWrite);
BLEFloatCharacteristic
  accYCharacteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCY,
   BLERead | BLENotify | BLEWrite);
BLEFloatCharacteristic
   accZCharacteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCZ,
   BLERead | BLENotify | BLEWrite);
//BLEFloatCharacteristic
   temCharacteristic(BLE_UUID_CHARACT_tem,
   BLERead | BLENotify | BLEWrite);
// ---- VOID SETUP ----
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 //while (!Serial); //uncomment to view the
     IMU data in the peripheral serial monitor
 // begin IMU initialization
 if (!IMU.begin()) {
   Serial.println("Failed to initialize
      IMU!");
  while (1);
 // begin BLE initialization
 if (!BLE.begin()) {
 Serial.println("starting BLE failed!");
 while (1);
 // set advertised local name and service
    UUITD:
 BLE.setLocalName("BLE_IMU");
 BLE.setAdvertisedService(LED_IMU_Service);
 // add the characteristic to the service
 LED_IMU_Service.addCharacteristic(
```

#define BLE_UUID_CHARACT_ACCY

"39B10001-E8F2-537E-4F6C-a204768A1215"

```
switchCharacteristic);
 LED_IMU_Service.addCharacteristic(
 accXCharacteristic);
 LED_IMU_Service.addCharacteristic(
 accYCharacteristic);
 LED_IMU_Service.addCharacteristic(
 accZCharacteristic);
 //LED_IMU_Service.addCharacteristic(
 temCharacteristic);
 // add service
 BLE.addService(LED_IMU_Service);
 // set the initial value for the
     characeristic:
 switchCharacteristic.writeValue(0);
 // start advertising
 BLE.advertise();
 Serial.println("BLE LED Peripheral");
 if (!HTS.begin()) {
  Serial.println("Failed to initialize
      humidity temperature sensor!");
  while (1);
 pinMode (RED, OUTPUT);
 pinMode (GREEN, OUTPUT);
 pinMode (BLUE, OUTPUT);
 digitalWrite(RED, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(GREEN, LOW);
 digitalWrite(BLUE, LOW);
 analogWrite(BLUE, blueValue);
 analogWrite(RED, redValue);
 analogWrite(GREEN, greenValue);
// -----
   VOID LOOP
   _____
void loop() {
 // listen for BLE peripherals to connect:
 BLEDevice central = BLE.central();
 // if a central is connected to peripheral:
 if (central) {
  Serial.print("Connected to central: ");
   // print the central's MAC address:
   Serial.println(central.address());
// while the central is still connected to
   peripheral:
while (central.connected()) {
// if (HTS.begin()) {
// temperature = HTS.readTemperature();
// temCharacteristic.writeValue(temperature);
// Serial.print("Temperature = ");
// Serial.print(temperature);
// Serial.println(" ");
// Serial.print('\t');
// HTS.end();
// }
```

```
// print an empty line
 Serial.println();
if (IMU.gyroscopeAvailable()) {
  IMU.readGyroscope(x, y, z);
  accXCharacteristic.writeValue(x);
  accYCharacteristic.writeValue(y);
  accZCharacteristic.writeValue(z);
  Serial.print(x);
  Serial.print('\t');
  Serial.print(y);
  Serial.print('\t');
  Serial.print(z);
  Serial.println('\t');
 Serial.print ("test1");
Serial.print ("we have left the while loop");
Serial.println('\t');
```