

Name:

Due: Monday, Nov 30th, 2020

Instructions:

Please include essential steps in your solution. For most of the problems, answers without essential steps may receive a score of 0.

1. Circle leading entries and determine which of the following matrices are in echelon form or reduced echelon form.

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{(a)} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(b)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(c)} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(d)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{(e)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(f)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(g)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} & \text{(h)} [1 \ 3] \end{array}$$

2. Use Gaussian elimination to find the general solution to the system. Show the elementary operations you use.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x_1 + x_2 & = & 1 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 & = & 1 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 & = & 2 \end{array}$$

3. Show that the following nonlinear systems become linear if we view the unknowns as $1/x$, $1/y$, and $1/z$ rather than x , y , and z . Use this to find the solution sets of the nonlinear systems. (You must also account for the possibilities that one of x, y, z is zero.)

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x - y + 3xy & = & 0 \\ 4x + 2y - xy & = & 0 \end{array}$$

4. Find the rank of the augmented and coefficient matrix of the following linear systems and the solution sets to the following systems.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & \begin{array}{l} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 2 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 - 2x_4 = 1 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 - 2x_4 = 4 \end{array} & \text{(b)} & \begin{array}{l} x_3 + x_4 = 0 \\ -2x_1 - 4x_2 = 0 \\ 3x_1 + 6x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{array} \end{array}$$

5. For what values of c are the following systems inconsistent, with unique solution, or with infinitely many solutions?

$$cx_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 2$$

$$x_1 + cx_2 + x_3 = 2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + cx_3 = 2$$