

ENSC 2113

Engineering Mechanics: Statics

Lecture 24
Section 7.1



College of Engineering, Architecture & Technology

7.1: Internal Forces

In 3 dimensions, 6 degrees of freedom = 6 internal forces:

<u>D.O.F.</u>	<u>Internal Force</u>	<u>Symbol</u>
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Δ_y	Axial (Normal)	N
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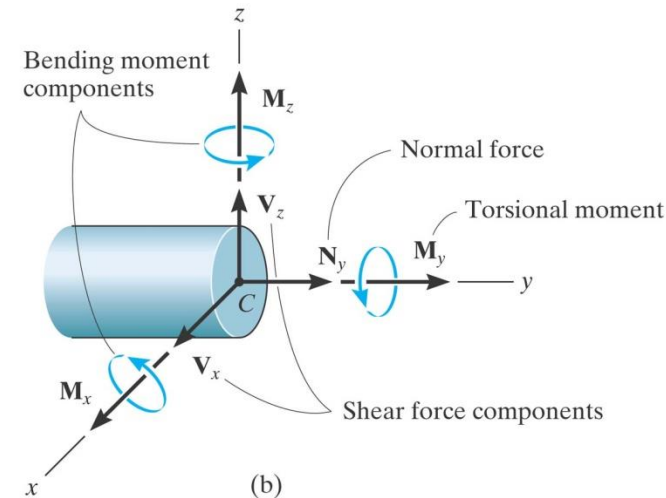
Δ_x	Shear	V_x
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Δ_z	Shear	V_z
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Θ_y	Torsion	T
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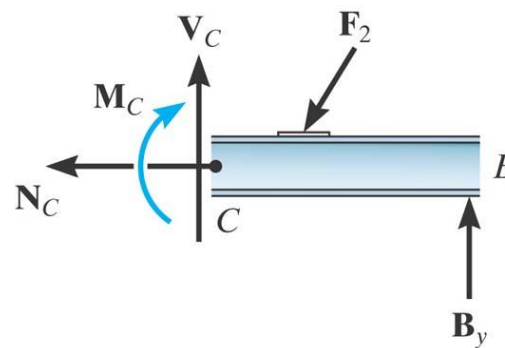
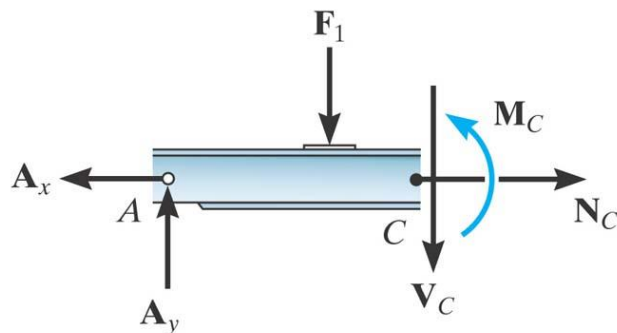
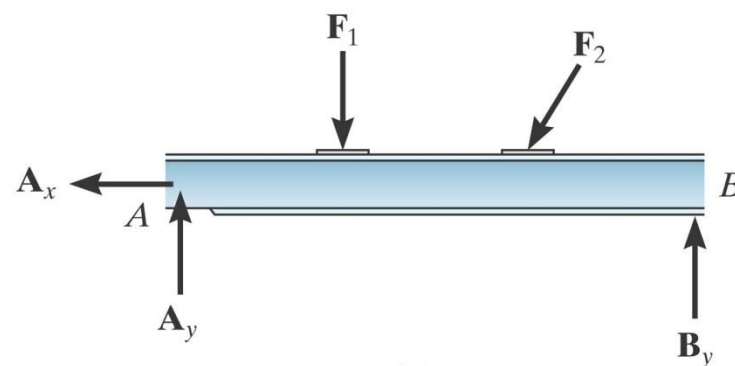
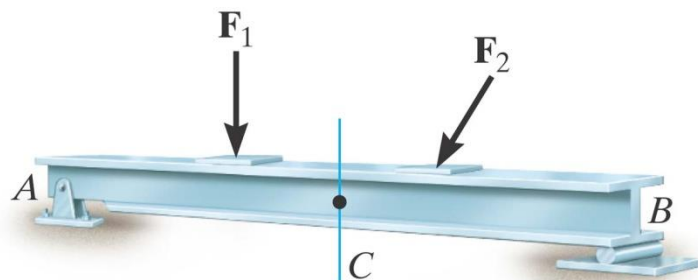
Θ_x	Moment	M_x
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Θ_z	Moment	M_z
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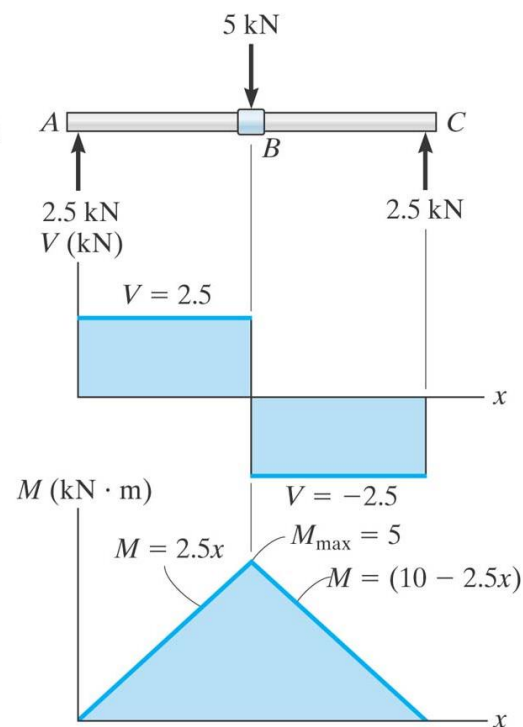
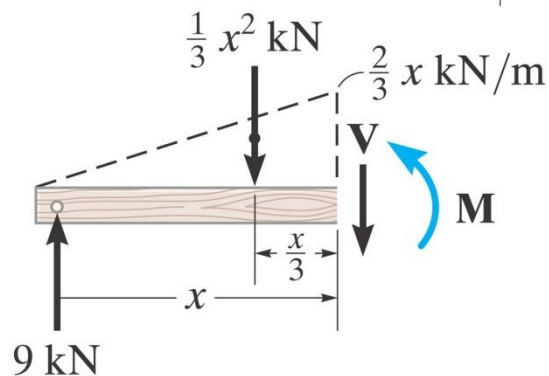
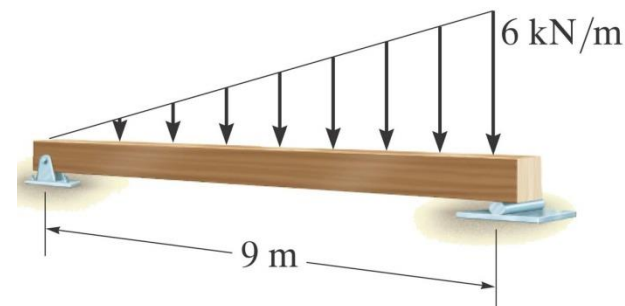
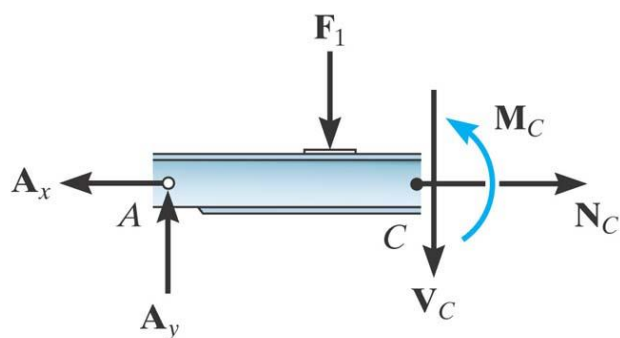
In 2 dimensions, 3 degrees of freedom = 3 internal forces:

<u>D.O.F.</u>	<u>Internal Force</u>	<u>Symbol</u>
Δ_x	Axial (Normal)	N
Δ_y	Shear	V
Θ	Moment	M



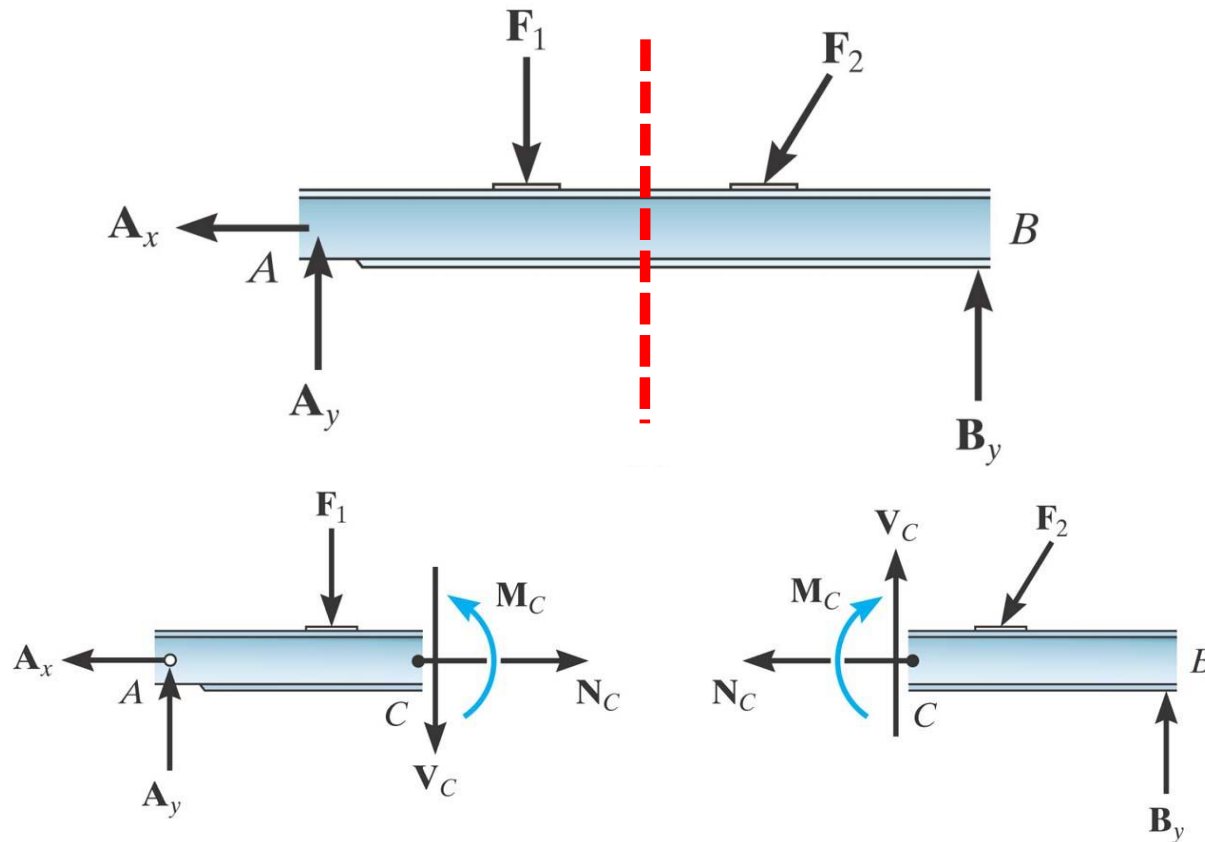
We can solve for internal forces in one of 3 ways:

- 1) Cut a **FBD** at a specific location (*Section 7.1*).
- 2) Cut a **FBD** w/in a general region of a member & derive eqns for the internal forces in that region (*Section 7.2*).
- 3) Apply relationships between load, force & moment to graphically describe the forces & moments (*Section 7.3*).

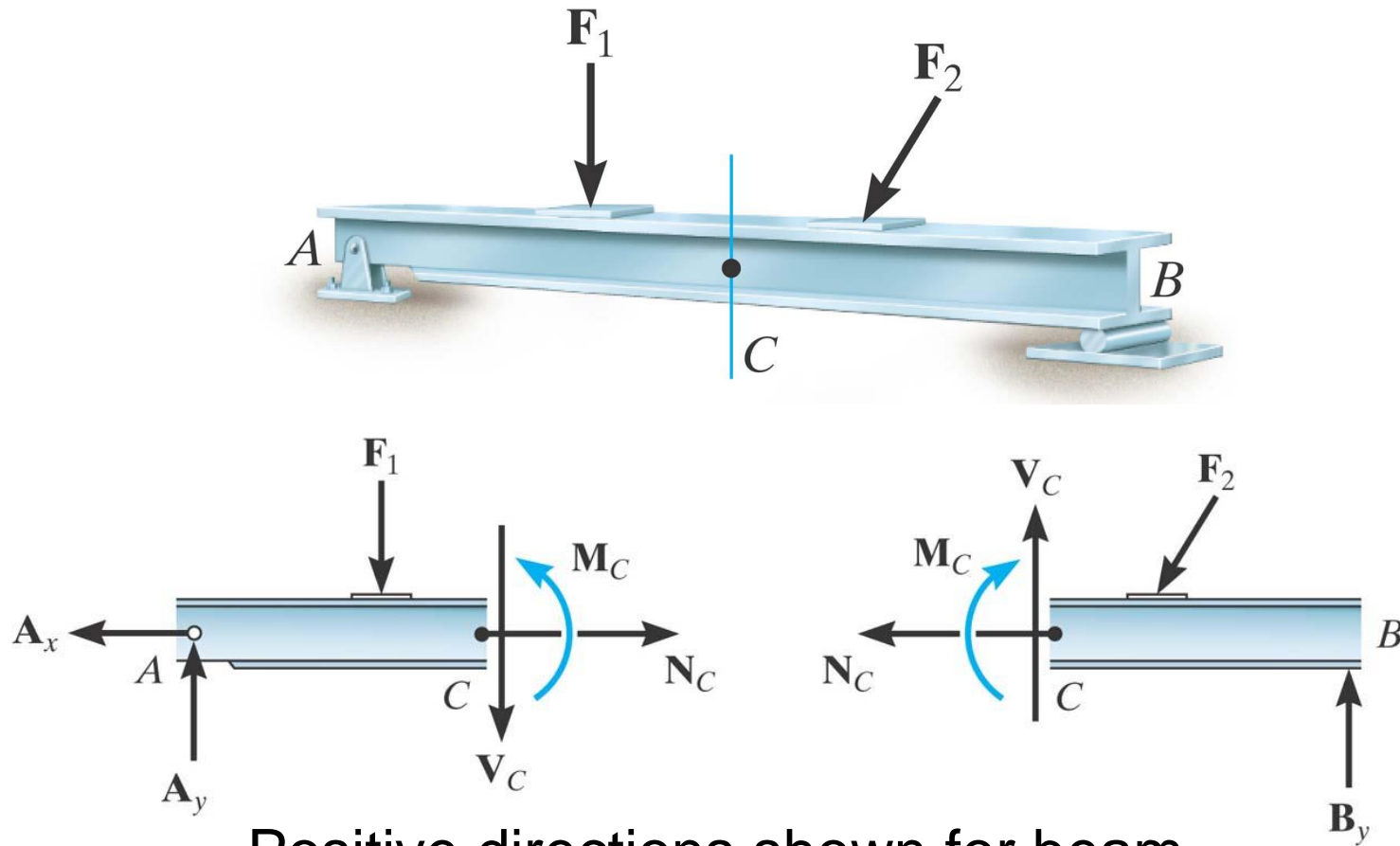


Procedure for determining internal forces at a location:

- 1) Draw **FBD** of entire structure & solve for support reactions if they are needed.
- 2) Draw **FBD** at location where internal forces are to be found.
- 3) Apply equilibrium eqns to **FBD** & solve for up to 3 internal forces.



Positive direction for internal forces depends on which side of the section cut you use.



Positive directions shown for beam

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