Emergency Communication Systems

- Identify features of emergency communication systems.
- Explain why mass notification systems are used.
- Determine the application of mass notification systems.



- A system for the protection of life by indicating the existence of an emergency situation and communicating information necessary to facilitate an appropriate response and action
- Use of ECS both inside and outside buildings has become more common place
- Public increasingly demands actionable information in real time
- To basic categories
 - One-way
 - Two-way



- NFPA 72 Chapter 24
- New as of 2010
- Before, everything fire hardened
- Need ability to have security override
- Protection of life
- Not just for fire
- Message must be intelligible
 - Can use nonlisted if needed



- If someone is constantly in FCC, can be used for other things
- Must have message templates for all scenarios
- Alert tone (2 cycles) before message
- Layer 1: inside building, authorized users send out message
- Layer 2: outside building, authorized users send out message
- Layer 3: notification through individual measures

- Layer 4: notification by public measures
- Risk analysis: fire and non-fire, survivability of system
 - Consider all potential scenarios



EVACS

- In-Building Fire Emergency Voice/Alarm Communications Systems
- Automatic response
- Normal alarm system use
- Can override fire alarm with mass notification
- Can do relocation/partial evacuation
- Evacuation signal not required in exits
 - Can have mass notification signals there



In-Building MNS

- Manual or automatic
- Live message does not automatically give priority
- Can send different messages to different buildings
- Manual activation boxes cannot be red
- Strobes marked with Alert



Wide-Area Mass Notification Systems

- Multiple levels of password protection
- Door latch to high powered speakers monitored
- 3 days of standby power
- Can tie in with regional



DRMNS

 Distributed Recipient Mass Notification Systems

- To targeted recipients
- Multiple delivery methods







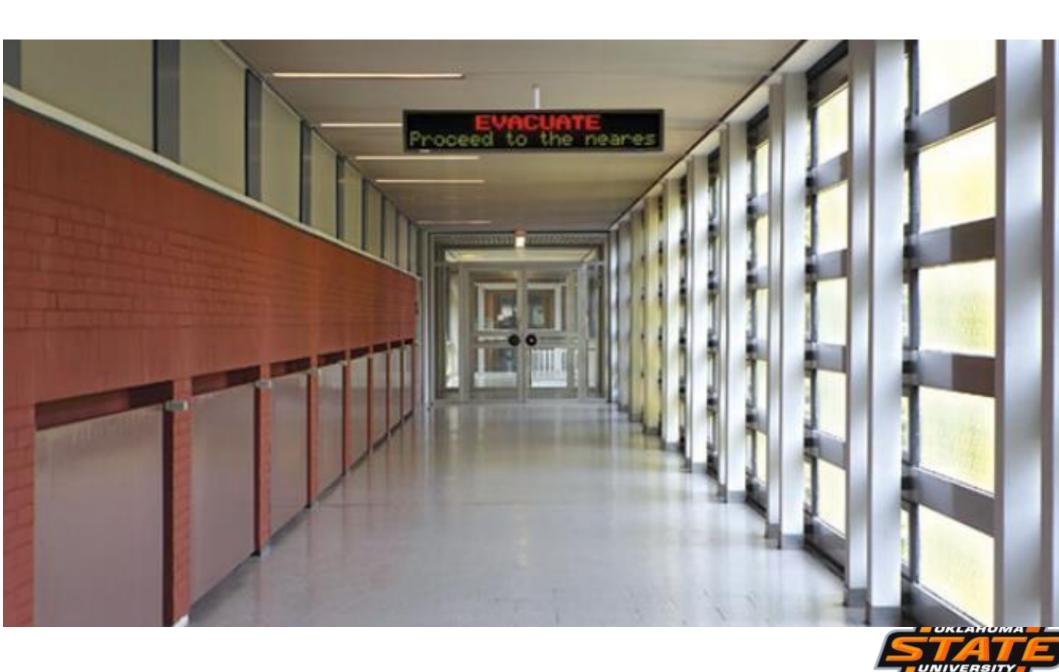
Two-way ECS

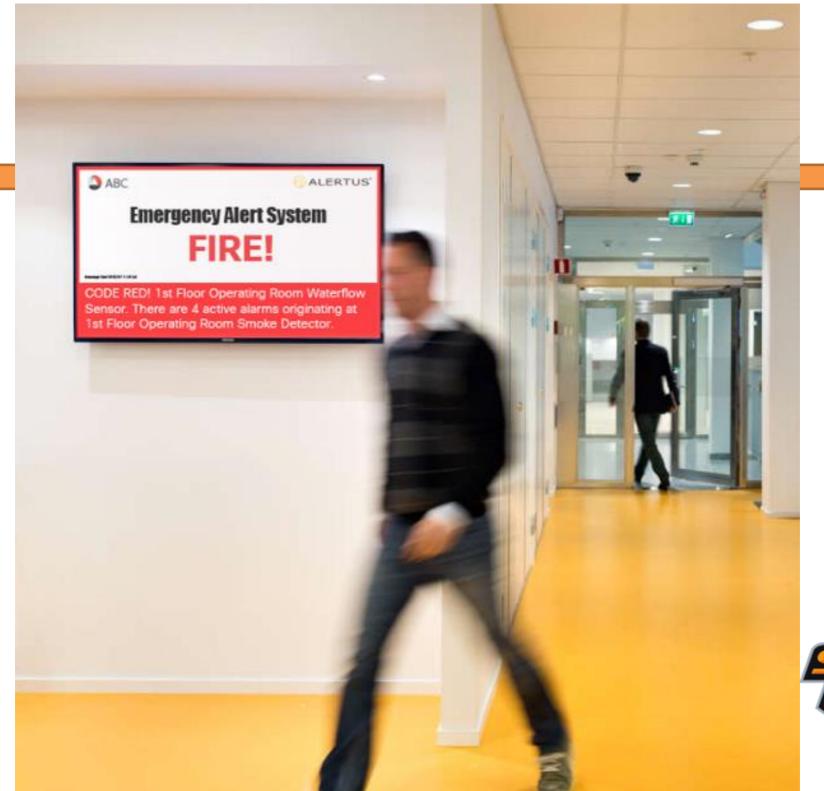
- Two-Way Emergency Communication Systems
 - Two categories
 - Those anticipated to be used by building occupants
 - Those anticipated to be used by firefighters, police or other emergency service personnel
 - Used to not only communicate but to exchange information related to instructions, condition of persons, condition of surroundings, etc.
 - Includes
 - In-building wired communications
 - Two way radios (may require FCC license)
 - Area of refuge systems
 - Stairway systems
 - Elevator landing systems



Visual and Audible Messages

- Messages combining text and voice
 - Place visual monitor in conspicuous location
 - Ensure proper contrast between text and background
 - Use pictorials with text
 - Text is easier to read when written with a mixture of upper and lower case letters rather than using all capital letters
 - Display text simultaneously with voice message
 - This can also be used for bilingual messages
 - Limit the use of flashing words or visual mess







NFPA 72 – Annex G

- Guidelines for Emergency Communication Strategies for Buildings and Campuses
- Contains message templates for different emergency scenarios
- Not required

