

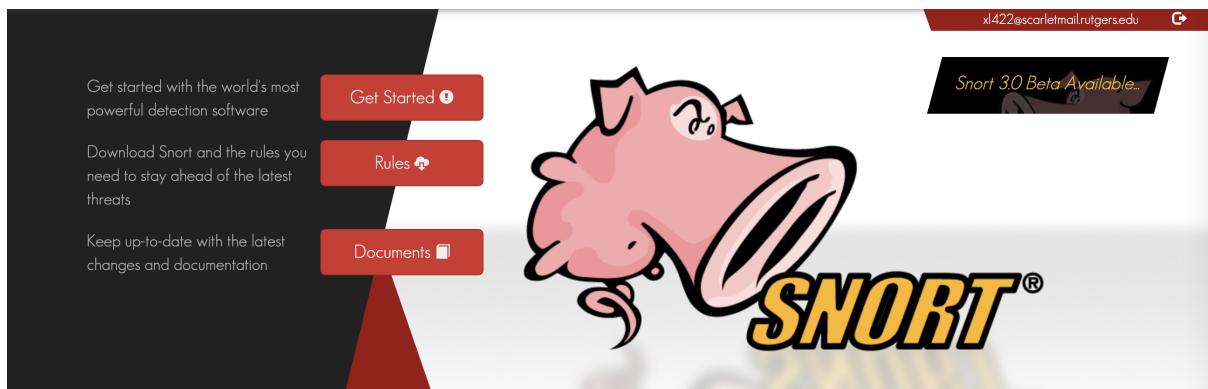
Assignment 5 Report

Group Name: Aw, Snap!

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Introduction on Snort:

It is an open source intrusion prevention system capable of real-time traffic analysis and packet logging. For this assignment, we are gonna use the Snort to analyze the Lab03-01.exe



Install snort on Ubuntu 16.04:

1. First we use the command lines below to get the source codes of snort.

```
$ wget https://www.snort.org/downloads/snort/daq-2.0.6.tar.gz  
$ wget https://www.snort.org/downloads/snort/snort-2.9.13.tar.gz
```

2. Then we extract the source package with the codes below.

```
$ tar xvzf daq-2.0.6.tar.gz  
$ tar xvzf snort-2.9.13.tar.gz
```

3. Before installing the packages, we need install some development packages that daq depends on with the command lines shown below.

```
$ sudo apt-get install flex  
$ sudo apt-get install bison  
$ sudo apt-get install libpcap-dev
```

4. Then enter the path of the daq, compile and install the package with the command lines below.

```
$ cd daq-2.0.6  
$ ./configure && make && make install
```

And the figure below shows that daq has been installed successfully.

```
if you ever happen to want to link against installed libraries
in a given directory, LIBDIR, you must either use libtool, and
specify the full pathname of the library, or use the '-L' flag during linking and do at least one of the following:
- add LIBDIR to the 'LD_LIBRARY_PATH' environment variable
  during execution
- add LIBDIR to the 'LD_RUN_PATH' environment variable
  during linking
- use the '-Wl,-rpath -Wl,LIBDIR' linker flag
- have your system administrator add LIBDIR to '/etc/ld.so.conf'

See any operating system documentation about shared libraries for
more information, such as the ld(1) and ld.so(8) manual pages.
```

```
-----[snip]-----
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-data-am'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6/os-daq-modules'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6/os-daq-modules'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6'
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-exec-am'.
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-data-am'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6'
root@ubuntu:/home/leticia/snort/daq-2.0.6# █
```

5. Then we need to install some development packages that snort depends on, otherwise the configuration script will report an error due to the lack of libpcap-dev, libdumbnet-dev.

```
$ sudo apt-get install libpcap-dev
$ sudo apt-get install libdumbnet-dev
$ sudo apt-get install zlib1g-dev
```

6. Then we create a directory in local, then enter the extracted snort directory, compile and install snort with the command line below.

```
$ mkdir /usr/local/snort
$ ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/snort/ --enable-sourcefire && make &&
make install
```

The figure below shows that the snort has been successfully.

```

make[3]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools/u2spewfoo'
 /bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/snort/bin'
: /bin/bash ../../libtool --mode=install /usr/bin/install -c u2spewfoo '/usr/
ocal/snort/bin'
libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c u2spewfoo /usr/local/snort/bin/u2spewfoo
make[3]: Nothing to be done for 'install-data-am'.
make[3]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools/u2spewfoo'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools/u2spewfoo'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools'
make[3]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools'
make[3]: Nothing to be done for 'install-data-am'.
make[3]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1/tools'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1'
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-exec-am'.
 /bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/snort/share/man/man8'
 /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 snort.8 '/usr/local/snort/share/man/man8'
 /bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/snort/lib/pkgconfig'
 /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 snort.pc '/usr/local/snort/lib/pkgconfig'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1'
root@ubuntu:/home/leticia/snort/snort-2.9.11.1# █

```

7. Before validating the configuration of the snort, we first find the IP address of the system. Then we use the commands line below to valid the configuration of the snort. And we can use the lo as the test environment since the we want to locally analyse the Lab03-01.exe.

```

yingyue@hkx-OptiPlex-5040:~/snort-2.9.13$ ifconfig
docker0  Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 02:42:9d:e0:1e:60
          inet addr:172.17.0.1 Bcast:172.17.255.255 Mask:255.255.0.0
                  UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
                  RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
                  TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
                  collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
                  RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)

eno1    Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 34:17:eb:dc:4c:f4
          inet addr:172.16.79.45 Bcast:172.16.79.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::1e47:6135:3ebb/64 Scope:Link
                  UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
                  RX packets:29101 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
                  TX packets:7352 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
                  collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
                  RX bytes:16713539 (16.7 MB) TX bytes:2392729 (2.3 MB)
                  Interrupt:20 Memory:f7c00000-f7c20000

lo      Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
                  UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
                  RX packets:446 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
                  TX packets:446 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
                  collisions:0 txqueuelen:1
                  RX bytes:35841 (35.8 KB) TX bytes:35841 (35.8 KB)

```

Configuration of the snort:

Then we use the command lines below to valid the configuration of the snort.

```
$ sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i lo

yinyue@hxx-OptiPlex-5040:~$ sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i lo
[sudo] password for yinyue:
Running in Test mode

     === Initializing Snort ===
Initializing Output Plugins!
Initializing Preprocessors!
Initializing Plug-ins!
Parsing Rules file "/etc/snort/snort.conf"
PortVar 'HTTP_PORTS' defined : [ 36 80:90 311 383 555 591 593 631 801 808 818 9
01 972 1158 1220 1414 1533 1741 1830 1942 2231 2301 2381 2578 2809 2980 3029 303
7 3057 3128 3443 3702 4000 4343 4848 5000 5117 5250 5450 5600 5814 6080 6173 698
8 7000:7001 7005 7071 7144:7145 7510 7770 7777:7779 8000:8001 8008 8014:8015 802
0 8028 8040 8080:8082 8085 8090 8118 8123 8180:8182 8222 8243 8280 8300 833
8 8344 8400 8443 8500 8509 8787 8800 8888 8899 8983 9000 9002 9060 9080 9090:909
1 9111 9290 9443 9447 9710 9788 9999:10000 11371 12601 13014 15489 19980 29991 3
300 34412 34443:34444 40007 41080 44449 50000 50002 51423 53331 55252 55555 567
2 ]
PortVar 'SHELLCODE_PORTS' defined : [ 0:79 81:65535 ]
PortVar 'ORACLE_PORTS' defined : [ 1024:65535 ]
PortVar 'SSH_PORTS' defined : [ 22 ]
PortVar 'FTP_PORTS' defined : [ 21 2100 3535 ]
PortVar 'SIP_PORTS' defined : [ 5060:5061 5600 ]
PortVar 'FILE_DATA_PORTS' defined : [ 36 80:90 110 143 311 383 555 591 593 631
801 808 818 901 972 1158 1220 1414 1533 1741 1830 1942 2231 2301 2381 2578 2809
2980 3029 3037 3128 3443 3702 4000 4343 4848 5000 5117 5250 5450 5600 5814
6080 6173 6988 7000:7001 7005 7071 7144:7145 7510 7770 7777:7779 8000:8001 8008
8014:8015 8020 8028 8040 8080:8082 8085 8088 8090 8118 8123 8180:8182 8222 8243
8280 8300 8333 8344 8400 8443 8500 8509 8787 8800 8888 8899 8983 9000 9002 9060
9080 9090:9091 9111 9290 9443 9447 9710 9788 9999:10000 11371 12601 13014 15489
19980 29991 33300 34412 34443:34444 40007 41080 44449 50000 50002 51423 53331 55
252 55555 56712 ]
PortVar 'GTP_PORTS' defined : [ 2123 2152 3386 ]
Detection:
  Search-Method = AC-Full-Q
  Split Any/Any group = enabled
  Search-Method-Optimizations = enabled
  Maximum pattern length = 20
```

```
yinyue@hxx-OptiPlex-5040:~
[ Number of patterns truncated to 20 bytes: 640 ]
--cap DAQ configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "lo".

     === Initialization Complete ===

      -*-> Snort! <*-.
o" ,,-)~ Version 2.9.13 GRE (Build 15013)
     By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
     Copyright (C) 2014-2019 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
     Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
     Using libpcap version 1.7.4
     Using PCRE version: 8.42 2018-03-20
     Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11

     Rules Engine: SF_SNORT_DETECTION_ENGINE Version 3.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_IMAP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_DNS Version 1.1 <Build 4>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_SMB Version 1.1 <Build 9>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_SDF Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_MODBUS Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_GTP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: appid Version 1.1 <Build 5>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_DNP3 Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_FTPTELNET Version 1.2 <Build 13>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_DCERPC2 Version 1.0 <Build 3>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_REPUTATION Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_SIP Version 1.1 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_SSLPP Version 1.1 <Build 4>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_POP Version 1.0 <Build 1>
     Preprocessor Object: SF_SSH Version 1.1 <Build 3>

Snort successfully validated the configuration!
Snort exiting
```

And the figures above shows that we successfully validated the configuration of the snort.

Launch snort and monitor:

1. After validating the configuration of the snort, we want to launch the snort and monitor the loc IP address.

```
$ sudo snort -A console -q -u snort -g snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i lo
```

The figure below shows that we successfully launch the snort.

```
yingyue@hkx-OptiPlex-5040:~$ sudo snort -A console -q -u snort -g snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i lo
```

2. As we know, the Ubuntu system cannot execute exe file. Therefore, we install Wine on Ubuntu with the command lines below.

```
$ sudo add-apt-repository ppa:ubuntu-wine/ppa  
$ sudo apt-get update  
$ sudo apt-get install wine1.8  
$ sudo apt-get install winetricks
```

```
yingyue@hkx-OptiPlex-5040: ~/Downloads/Practical Malware Analysis Labs/BinaryCollection/Chapter_3L$ wine Lab03-01.exe  
wine: Bad EXE format for Z:\home\yingyue\Downloads\Practical Malware Analysis Labs\BinaryCollection\Chapter_3L\Lab03-01.exe.  
yingyue@hkx-OptiPlex-5040:~/Downloads/Practical Malware Analysis Labs/BinaryCollection/Chapter_3L$ wine Lab03-01.exe  
wine: Bad EXE format for Z:\home\yingyue\Downloads\Practical Malware Analysis Labs\BinaryCollection\Chapter_3L\Lab03-01.exe.
```

3. Then, we are able to execute the Lab03-01.exe with the command lines below.

```
wine Lab03-01.exe
```

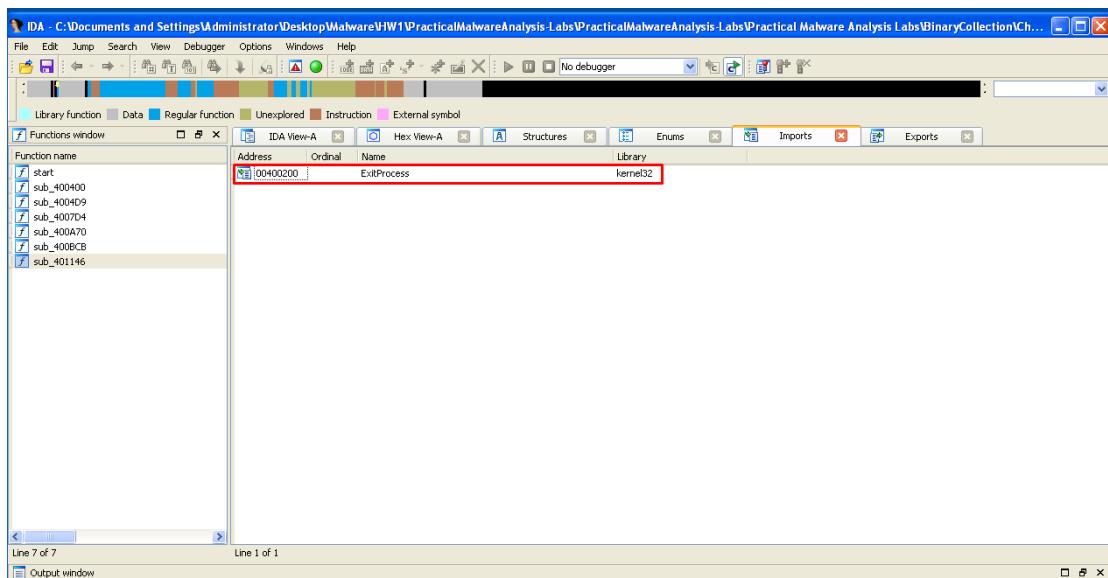
4. However, there are no log information at lo on snort detecting the call to <http://www.practicalmalwareanalysis.com> (DNS resolve) or the SSL connection or the TCP stream. We have tried our best to figure out the reason behind. However, we still can't find the solution. And we will continue to find the reason in the future.

```
yingyue@hkx-OptiPlex-5040:~$ sudo snort -A console -q -u snort -g snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i lo
```

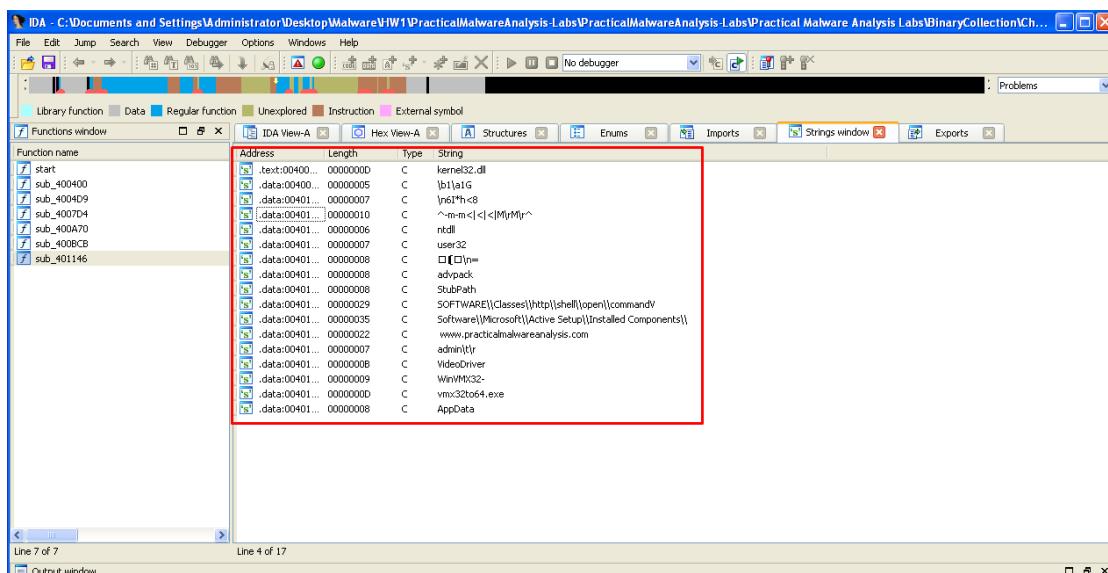
Analysis of Lab 03-01.exe

Since we cannot use the snort to analyze the malware, we tried to pick up the IDAPRO PEid Wireshark to analyze the malware, here is the result of analysis.

The import of the Lab 03-01.exe



We use IDA pro for basic dynamic analysis of lab 3-1. And it reveals that the only import is ExitProcess from the kernel32 library.

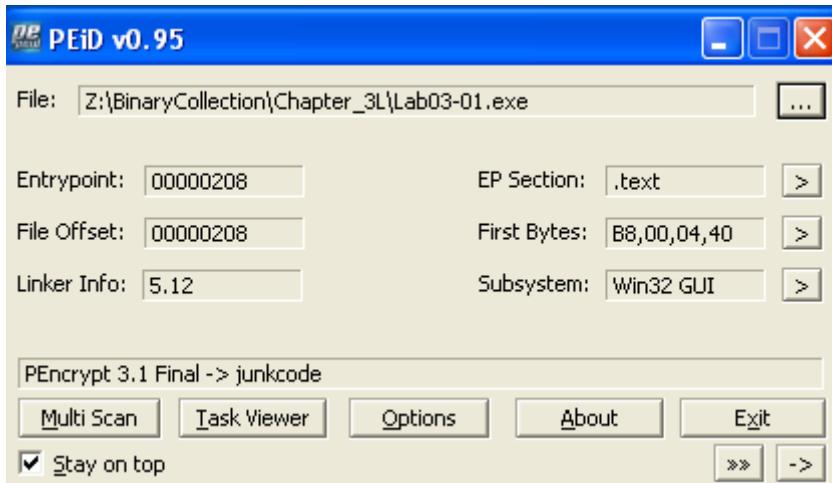


From the strings, we can obtain more information.

First, we monitor the registry of **SOFTWARE\Classes\http\shell\open\commandV**, **Software\Microsoft\Active Setup\Installed Components**. Then, we monitor the network traffic of <http://www.practicalmalwareanalysis.com>.

Finally, we monitor the **vmx32to64.exe**, because it may hide somewhere in the infected machines.

We first run the lab 3-1.exe on PEiD to make sure that the malware has not been packed before.



We are sure that the malware has not been packed before.

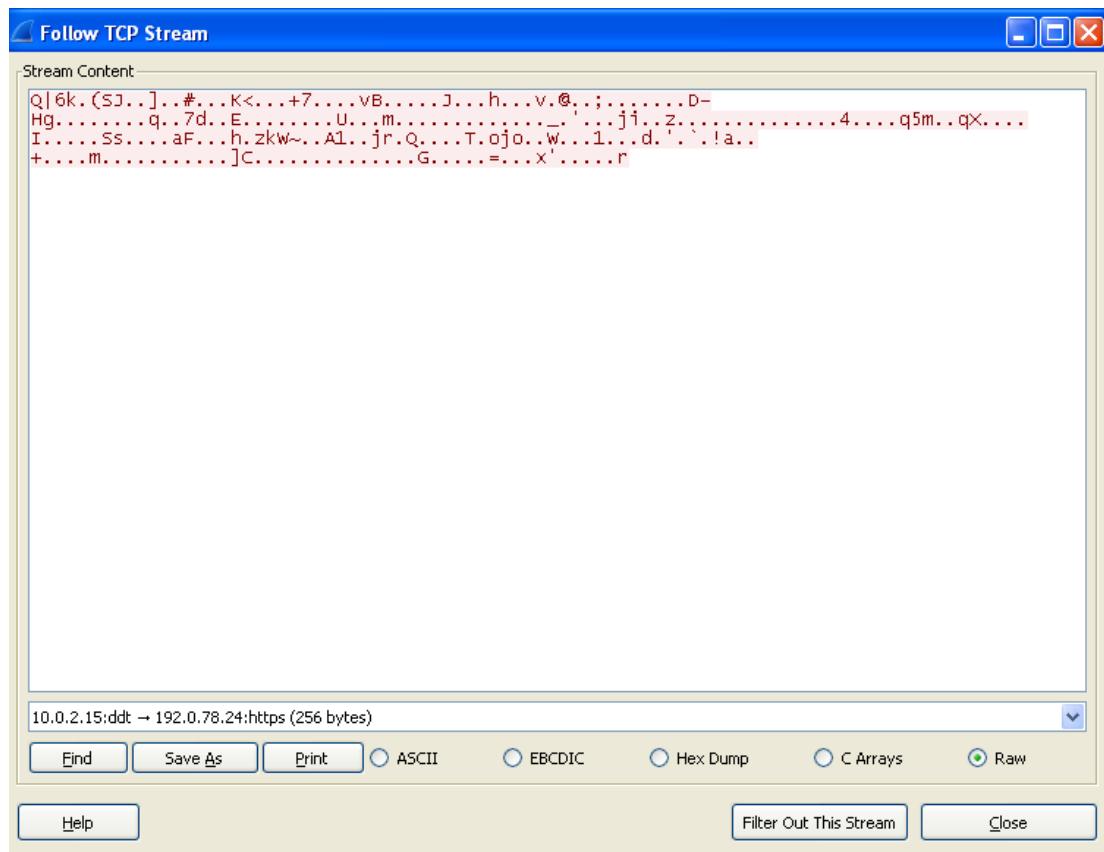
Regshot

After using Regshot, we compare the registry and found out that the malware is trying to execute c:\windows\system32\vmx32to64.exe.

Wireshark

1 J 1.20506900 192.0.2.15	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > SBL [FIN, ACK] Seq=257 Ack=64240 Win=65535 Len=0
16 1.20518200 192.0.2.15	192.0.2.15	TCP	54 SBL > https [ACK] Seq=257 Ack=2 Win=64240 Len=0
18 1.20536600 192.0.2.15	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > SBL [ACK] Seq=258 Ack=238 Win=65535 Len=0
19 13.1384020 192.0.2.15	192.0.2.255	BROWSER	243 Local Master Announcement XP_MODE, Workstation, Server, NT Workstation, Potential Browser, Master Browser
20 16.5376870 192.0.2.15	128.6.1.1	DNS	76 Standard query 0x4bea A time.windows.com
21 16.5414430 128.6.1.1	192.0.2.15	DNS	131 Standard query response 0x4bea CNAME time.microsoft.akadns.net A 52.179.17.38
22 16.5432230 192.0.2.15	128.6.1.1	DNS	70 Standard query 0xb570 SRV _LDAP._TCP
23 16.5471670 128.6.1.1	192.0.2.15	DNS	145 Standard query response 0xb570 No such name
24 31.2150550 192.0.2.15	128.6.1.1	DNS	92 Standard query 0x6c84 A www.practicalmalwareanalysis.com
25 31.2254640 128.6.1.1	192.0.2.15	DNS	138 Standard query response 0x6c84 CNAME practicalmalwareanalysis.com A 192.0.78.24 A 192.0.78.25
26 31.2256350 192.0.2.15	192.0.78.24	TCP	62 netarx > https [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
27 31.2347460 192.0.78.24	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > netarx [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1460
28 31.2347700 192.0.2.15	192.0.78.24	TCP	54 netarx > https [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0
29 31.2348480 192.0.2.15	192.0.78.24	TCP	310 Continuation Data
30 31.2349900 192.0.78.24	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > netarx [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=257 Win=65535 Len=0
31 31.2438010 192.0.78.24	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > netarx [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=257 Win=65535 Len=0
32 31.2438100 192.0.2.15	192.0.78.24	TCP	54 netarx > https [ACK] Seq=257 Ack=2 Win=64240 Len=0
33 31.2439210 192.0.2.15	192.0.78.24	TCP	54 netarx > https [FIN, ACK] Seq=257 Ack=2 Win=64240 Len=0
34 31.2440560 192.0.78.24	192.0.2.15	TCP	60 https > netarx [ACK] Seq=2 Ack=258 Win=65535 Len=0

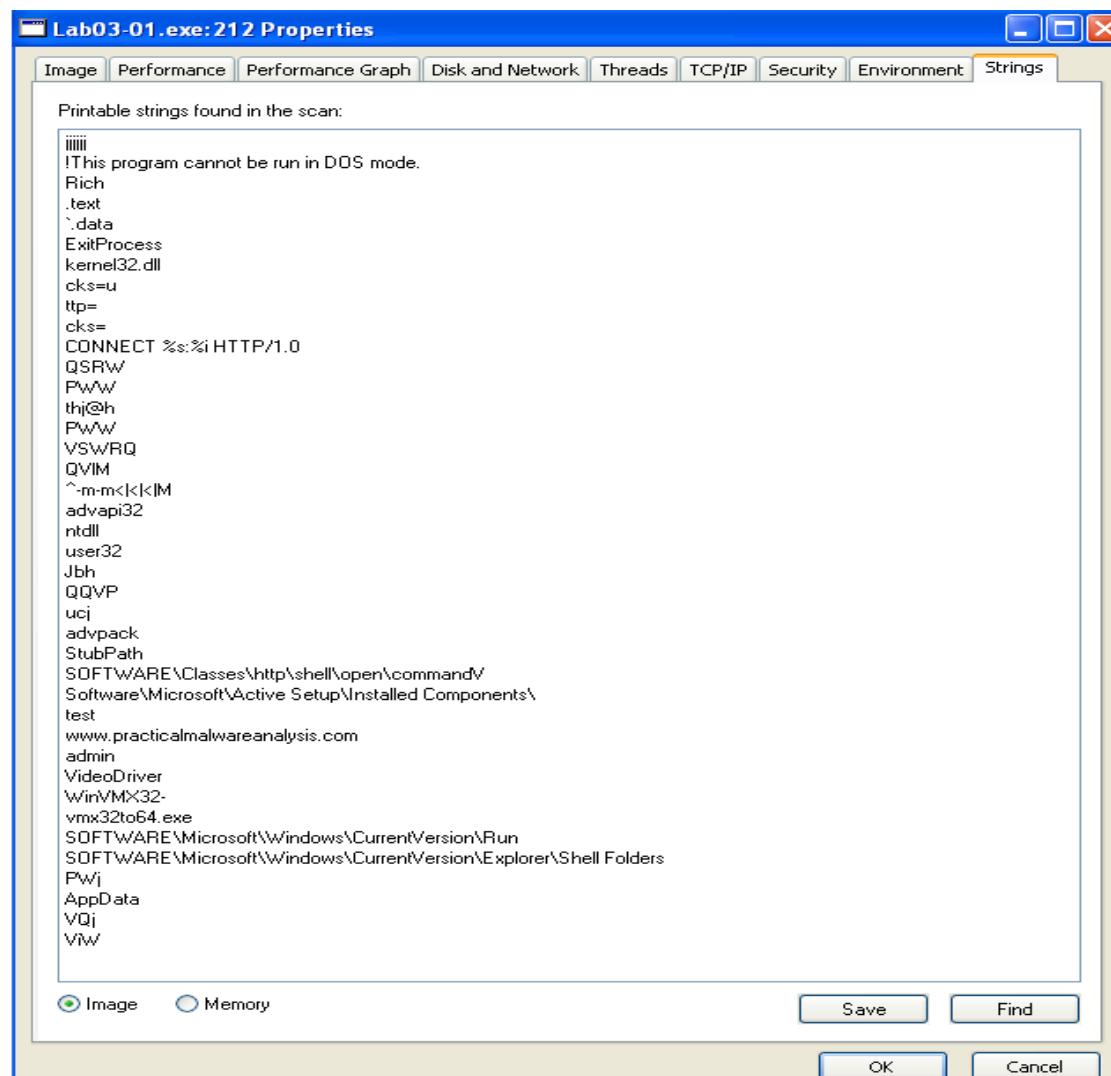
From the track history of Wireshark, we find that a call was made to www.practicalmalwareanalysis.com (DNS as a protocol). Then, an SSL connection has been made.



At last, we can see that some random 256 bytes being sent following the TCP data stream.

Process Explorer

Type	Name
Directory	\KnownDlls
Directory	\Windows
Directory	\BaseNamedObjects
File	C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop
File	\Device\KsecDD
Key	HKLM
Key	HKLM\SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Services\WinSock2\Parameters\Protocol_Catalog9
Key	HKLM\SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Services\WinSock2\Parameters\NameSpace_Catalog5
KeyedEvent	\KernelObjects\CritSecOutOfMemoryEvent
Mutant	\BaseNamedObjects\WinVMX32
Semaphore	\BaseNamedObjects\shell.{A48F1A32-A340-11D1-BC6B-00A0C90312E1}
Thread	Lab03-01.exe(4000): 4004
Thread	Lab03-01.exe(4000): 4004
WindowStation	\Windows\WindowStations\WinSta0
windowStation	\Windows\WindowStations\WinSta0



With the analysis from Process Explorer, we can see more strings and the mutex handle.

The basic signature is <http://www.practicalmalwareanalysis.com>. And they are the 256 random bytes being sent via port 443 following the TCP data stream.