

```

"""
EECS 445 - Introduction to Machine Learning
Fall 2022 - Project 2
Challenge
    Constructs a pytorch model for a convolutional neural network
    Usage: from model.challenge import Challenge
"""

import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
from math import sqrt
from utils import config
from torchvision import transforms
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

learning_rate = 0.00005
num_epochs = 50
batch_size = 10
IMG_SIZE = (64, 64)
num_classes = 2

class Challenge(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        """Define the architecture, i.e. what layers our network contains.
        At the end of __init__() we call init_weights() to initialize all model parameters (weights and biases)
        in all layers to desired distributions."""
        super().__init__()

        # TODO: define each layer of your network
        self.block_1 = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=3,
                      out_channels=64,
                      kernel_size=(3, 3),
                      stride=(1, 1),
                      #  $(1(32-1) - 32 + 3)/2 = 1$ 
                      padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=64,
                      out_channels=64,
                      kernel_size=(3, 3),
                      stride=(1, 1),
                      padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=(2, 2),
                         stride=(2, 2))
        )

        self.block_2 = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=64,
                      out_channels=128,
                      kernel_size=(3, 3),
                      stride=(1, 1),
                      padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=128,
                      out_channels=128,
                      kernel_size=(3, 3),
                      stride=(1, 1),
                      padding=1),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=(2, 2),
                         stride=(2, 2))
        )

        self.block_3 = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=128,
                      out_channels=256,
                      kernel_size=(3, 3),
                      stride=(1, 1),
                      padding=1),

```

```

        nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=256,
                  out_channels=256,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=256,
                  out_channels=256,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=(2, 2),
                     stride=(2, 2))
    )

    self.block_4 = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=256,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=(2, 2),
                     stride=(2, 2))
    )

    self.block_5 = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Conv2d(in_channels=512,
                  out_channels=512,
                  kernel_size=(3, 3),
                  stride=(1, 1),
                  padding=1),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=(2, 2),
                     stride=(2, 2))
    )

    self.classifier = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Linear(2048, 4096),
        nn.ReLU(True),

```

```

        nn.Dropout(p=0.65),
        nn.Linear(4096, 4096),
        nn.ReLU(True),
        nn.Dropout(p=0.65),
        nn.Linear(4096, num_classes),
    )

    self.init_weights()

def init_weights(self):
    """Initialize all model parameters (weights and biases) in all layers to desired distributions"""
    # TODO: initialize the parameters for your network
    torch.manual_seed(42)

    for m in [self.block_1, self.block_2, self.block_3, self.block_4, self.block_5, self.classifier]:
        if isinstance(m, torch.nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, torch.nn.Linear):

            nn.init.kaiming_uniform_(
                m.weight, mode='fan_in', nonlinearity='leaky_relu')
            if m.bias is not None:
                m.bias.detach().zero_()

def forward(self, x):
    """This function defines the forward propagation for a batch of input examples, by
    successively passing output of the previous layer as the input into the next layer (after applying
    activation functions), and returning the final output as a torch.Tensor object

    You may optionally use the x.shape variables below to resize/view the size of
    the input matrix at different points of the forward pass"""
    N, C, H, W = x.shape

    # TODO: forward pass
    x = self.block_1(x)
    x = self.block_2(x)
    x = self.block_3(x)
    x = self.block_4(x)
    x = self.block_5(x)
    # x = self.avgpool(x)
    # x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
    x = x.reshape(N, 2048) # 512*2*2
    # x = x.reshape(512, 4096)
    x = self.classifier(x)
    # probas = F.softmax(logits, dim=1)
    # probas = nn.Softmax(logits)
    return x
    # return logits

```