

Task 1

a) Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 F\{f(t)\} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A e^{-rt} \cos(\omega_0 t) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-r+i\omega)t} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt \\
 &= \frac{A}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{\omega_0} \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-r+i\omega)t} d\sin(\omega_0 t) \\
 &= \frac{A}{2\pi \omega_0} \left(0 - (-r+i\omega) \int_0^{\infty} \sin(\omega_0 t) e^{(-r+i\omega)t} dt \right) \\
 &= -\frac{A(-r+i\omega)}{2\pi \omega_0} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\omega_0} \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-r+i\omega)t} d\cos(\omega_0 t) \right) \\
 &= \frac{A(-r+i\omega)}{2\pi \omega_0^2} \left(1 - (-r+i\omega) \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-r+i\omega)t} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt \right) \\
 \therefore \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-r+i\omega)t} \cos(\omega_0 t) dt &= \frac{A(-r+i\omega)}{2\pi \omega_0^2 + A(-r+i\omega)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 F\{f(t)\} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A e^{-\frac{t^2}{2t_0}} e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 I &= \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}t_0} - \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{2}}\omega\right)^2 - \frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2} dt \\
 I &= \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}t_0} - \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{2}}\omega\right)^2} e^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2} dt \\
 I &= \frac{Ae^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2}}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}t_0} - \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{2}}\omega\right)^2} dt \\
 \text{suppose } z &= \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}t_0} - \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{2}}\omega \\
 I &= \frac{Ae^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2}}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-z^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}t_0} dz \\
 I &= -\frac{iAe^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2}}{2\pi \sqrt{2}t_0} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\infty} e^{-z^2} dz \\
 I &= -\frac{iAe^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2}}{2\pi \sqrt{2}t_0} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\infty} z^0 \cdot e^{-z^2} dz \\
 \therefore \text{Gamma function } \Gamma\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) &= 2 \int_0^{\infty} z^{2x-1} e^{-z^2} dz \\
 \text{when } x &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} \\
 \therefore I &= -\frac{iAe^{-\frac{t_0}{2}\omega^2}}{2\pi \sqrt{2}t_0}
 \end{aligned}$$

Task 2

(a)

$$f(t-t_0)$$

Solution:

$\therefore \hat{f}(\omega)$ is the frequency representation of $f(t)$

$$\therefore \hat{f}(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi} f(t) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

Suppose $\tilde{F}(\omega)$ is the frequency representation of $f(t-t_0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore \tilde{F}(\omega) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t-t_0) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{e^{i\omega t_0}}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t-t_0) e^{i\omega(t-t_0)} dt \\
 &= e^{i\omega t_0} \tilde{f}(\omega)
 \end{aligned}$$

b) $\frac{d}{dt} f(t)$

Solution:

$\therefore \hat{f}(\omega)$ is the frequency representation of $f(t)$

$$\therefore \tilde{f}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} d\omega$$

$$\therefore \frac{d}{dt} f(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d}{dt} \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} d\omega$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} f(t) = -i\omega \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} d\omega = F^{-1}\{-i\omega \hat{f}(\omega)\}$$

$$\therefore F\left\{\frac{d}{dt} f(t)\right\} = -i\omega \hat{f}(\omega)$$

Task 3

a)

Solution:

$\forall \epsilon > 0$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{0-\epsilon} \delta(t) f(t) dt + \int_{0-\epsilon}^{0+\epsilon} \delta(t) f(t) dt + \int_{0+\epsilon}^{\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt$$

$$= \int_{0-\epsilon}^{0+\epsilon} \delta(t) f(t) dt = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{0-\epsilon}^{0+\epsilon} \delta(t) f(t) dt$$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = f(0) \int_{0-\epsilon}^{0+\epsilon} \delta(t) dt = f(0) f(0)$$

e) Solution:

$$F\{\delta(t)\} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) e^{i\omega t} dt = \frac{1}{2\pi}$$

b)

Solution:

$\forall \epsilon > 0$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-t_0) f(t) dt = \int_{t_0-\epsilon}^{t_0+\epsilon} \delta(t-t_0) f(t) dt$$

$$= \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{t_0-\epsilon}^{t_0+\epsilon} \delta(t-t_0) f(t) dt$$

$$= f(t_0) \int_{t_0-\epsilon}^{t_0+\epsilon} \delta(t-t_0) dt = f(t_0)$$

c) Solution:

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1 \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(at) da t = 1$$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(at) da t = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt$$

$$|a| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(at) dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt$$

$$\therefore |a| \delta(at) = \delta(t)$$

$$\delta(at) = \frac{\delta(t)}{|a|}$$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(at) f(t) dt = \frac{1}{|a|} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = \frac{f(0)}{|a|}$$

d)

Solution: Suppose when $t=t_i$, $g(t_i)=0$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(g(t)) dg(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt$$

$\forall \epsilon > 0$

$$\therefore \int_{g(t_i-\epsilon)}^{g(t_i+\epsilon)} \delta(g(t)) dg(t) = \int_{t_i-\epsilon}^{t_i+\epsilon} \delta(t-t_i) dt$$

$$\int_{t_i-\epsilon}^{t_i+\epsilon} \frac{1}{g'(t)} \delta(g(t)) dt = \int_{t_i-\epsilon}^{t_i+\epsilon} \delta(t-t_i) dt$$

$$\therefore \delta(g(t)) = \frac{1}{|g'(t_i)|} \delta(t-t_i)$$

$$\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(g(t)) f(t) dt = \sum_i \frac{f(t_i)}{|g'(t_i)|}$$

Task 4:

a)

proof:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} [f \otimes g](t) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau e^{i\omega(t-\tau)} e^{-i\omega\tau} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau) e^{-i\omega\tau} d\tau \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t-\tau) e^{i\omega(t-\tau)} dt \\
 &= 2\pi F\{f\} \bar{F}\{g\}
 \end{aligned}$$

b)

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{F}\{\pi(t)\} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \pi(t) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{t_0}{2}}^{\frac{t_0}{2}} e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{e^{i\omega \frac{t_0}{2}} - e^{-i\omega \frac{t_0}{2}}}{2\pi i\omega} = \frac{t_0 \sin(\omega \frac{t_0}{2})}{2\pi \omega \frac{t_0}{2}} = \frac{t_0}{2\pi} \text{Sa}\left(\frac{\omega t_0}{2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{F}\{\cos(\omega_0 t)\} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos(\omega_0 t) e^{i\omega t} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i(\omega+\omega_0)t} + e^{i(\omega-\omega_0)t} dt
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \delta(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$\therefore \bar{F}\{\cos(\omega_0 t)\} = \frac{1}{2} [\delta(\omega+\omega_0) + \delta(\omega-\omega_0)]$$

According to the convolution theorem

$$\bar{F}\{f\} \otimes \bar{F}\{g\} = 2\pi F\{f \cdot g\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{F}\{f\} \otimes \bar{F}\{g\} &= \frac{t_0}{2\pi} \text{Sa}\left(\frac{\omega t_0}{2}\right) \otimes \frac{1}{2} [\delta(\omega+\omega_0) + \delta(\omega-\omega_0)] \\
 &= \frac{t_0^2}{16\pi^2} \left[\text{Sa}\left(\frac{t_0(\omega+\omega_0)}{2}\right) + \text{Sa}\left(\frac{t_0(\omega-\omega_0)}{2}\right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$