Jinsong Liu Task 1 Solution:  $= \int_{0}^{\infty} \exp \left[ -\frac{2(x^{2}+y^{2})}{w_{0}^{2}} \right] \exp \left( -2t^{2}/\tau_{0}^{2} \right)$ From the definition for the optical intensity I=|(5(1,t)) :The pulsed beam has a total energy of E=10m] II dxdydt = 10-3]  $\iiint \int_{0}^{\infty} \exp\left[-\frac{2(x^{2}+y^{2})}{W_{0}^{2}}\right] \exp(-2t^{2}/\zeta_{0}^{2}) dx dy dt = 10^{-3}$ ( = 1 ) FI | W = ( = 10)  $\int_{0} \cdot W_{0} \sqrt{\frac{L}{2}} \cdot W_{0} \sqrt{\frac{L}{2}} \cdot \zeta_{0} \sqrt{\frac{L}{2}} = 10^{-3} J$  $I_0 = \frac{10^{-10}}{W_0^2 \frac{KFR}{4h} \cdot 50 \times 10^{-12}} J/m^2.5$ il = Covi  $\bar{J}_0 = \frac{10^{-5}}{25 \times 10^{-6} \times \frac{15 \bar{n}}{15} \times 50 \times 10^{-12}} J/m^2.5$ Io = 2.88 × 1013 W/m2  $I(a, \beta, \bar{\omega}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \iint I_0 \exp\left[-\frac{2(x^2+y^2)}{w^2}\right] \exp\left[-\frac{2t^2}{6}\right] \exp\left[-i(ax+\beta y)\right] \exp(i\bar{\omega}t) dxdydt$  $=\frac{1}{8\pi^{3}}\iint_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left[-\frac{2(x^{2}+y^{2})}{W_{0}^{2}}\right] \exp\left[-i(\partial_{x}x+\beta y)\right] dxdy \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{2t^{2}}{C^{2}}+i\overline{\omega}t\right) dt$ 

 $= \frac{L_0}{8\bar{\iota}^3} \cdot W_0^2 \frac{I \iota J \bar{\iota}}{2 J \bar{\iota}} I_0 e^{-\frac{W_0^2 (d^2 + \beta^2)}{8}} \cdot e^{-\frac{I_0^2 \bar{\iota}^2}{8}}$  (Gaussian integral)  $= \frac{\int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{2 \pi}}{32 \pi^{2}} W_{0}^{2} = \frac{W_{0}^{2} (2^{2} + \beta^{2})}{8} \cdot e^{-\frac{C_{0}^{2} \overline{w}^{2}}{8}}$ 

 $=\frac{\text{L.Fr.}}{32n^{2}} W_{0}^{2} T_{0} e^{-\frac{N_{0}^{2}(2^{2}+\beta^{2})}{8}} \cdot e^{\frac{\int_{0}^{2} \overline{W}^{2}}{8}} \cdot e^{-i\frac{\partial_{0}^{2}+\beta^{2}}{2h}} Z \cdot e^{i\frac{\partial_{0}^{2}}{2h}} Z$  $I(a,\beta,\bar{\omega};z) = I(a,\beta,\bar{\omega}) \cdot \hat{H}_{\bar{F}} \cdot \tilde{H}_{p}$ 

 $I = \frac{10^{2\pi} \text{ M}^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ Colored}}{10^{2\pi} \text{ M}^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ Colored}} = \exp\left[-\omega^{2}(\frac{70^{2}}{8} - i\frac{D}{2})\right] \cdot \exp\left[-i\omega^{2}(\frac{70^{2}}{8} - i\frac{D}{2})\right] \cdot \exp\left[$ 

$$\frac{1}{1+(\frac{12}{20})^{2}} = \frac{1}{22R^{2}} W_{0}^{2} Z_{0} \sqrt{\frac{R^{2}}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt{\frac{R}{N_{0}^{2}+i\frac{2}{2R}}}} \sqrt$$

起心气量于产产产产的加强。

solution:

Solution:  

$$W(2) = W_0 \sqrt{1 + (\frac{22}{20})^2}$$

$$Z_0 = \frac{kW_0^2}{2} = \frac{\pi}{\lambda} W_0^2 = \frac{\pi}{520 \times 10^{-9}} 25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} \approx 151 \text{ m}$$

: When 
$$\frac{W(2)}{W_2} = \sqrt{2}$$
  $\frac{2}{2} = 75.5 \text{ m}$ 

$$\frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{20} = \frac{\frac{50^2 \times 10^{-24}}{2 \times 0.05 \times 10^{-24}} \text{ m}}{2 \times 0.05 \times 10^{-24}} = -\frac{25000 \text{ m}}{2 \times 0.05 \times 10^{-24}}$$

.. when 
$$\frac{\zeta(z)}{\zeta_0} = \sqrt{z}$$
  $Z' = 12500 \text{ m}$ 

.. spatial broadening is dominant.

d)
if 
$$\frac{W(2)}{W_0} = \frac{\zeta(2)}{\zeta_0}$$
 (horself named)
$$\int \frac{1+\left(\frac{22}{\zeta_0}\right)^2}{1+\left(\frac{42}{\zeta_0}\right)^2} = \int \frac{1+\left(\frac{42}{\zeta_0}\right)^2}{\zeta_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{kW_0^2}{2} = \left| -\frac{1}{2} \frac{7_0^2}{D} \right|$$

$$\therefore 7_0 = \sqrt{151 \times 2 \times 0.05 \times 10^{-24}} \le$$

扫描全能王创建

Jinsong Liu Task 2  $U_{i}(t) = U(t) \cdot \exp(i \zeta t^{2}) = B_{0} \exp(-\frac{t^{2}}{\zeta^{2}} + i \zeta t^{2})$ Solution:  $U_{1}(t) = B_{10} \exp\left(-(1-iG)\frac{t^{2}}{T^{2}}\right) = B_{10} \exp\left(-\frac{t^{2}}{T^{2}} + iC_{1}\frac{t^{2}}{T^{2}}\right)$ : B10 = B0 7 = 7, THE THE TOWN Gt' = Zt' 1. C1 = 7 %  $FT[U,(t)] = \frac{B_{10} I_{1} I_{1} I_{1} I_{1}}{2 \sqrt{\pi (HG^{2})}} exp\left[-\frac{w^{2} Z_{1}^{2} (HG)}{4(HG^{2})}\right]$  $: W_1^2 = \frac{4(1+C_1^2)}{7!^2} = \frac{4(1+5^2C_0^4)}{7!^2}$ (1) 3 HOP - (1) HOP = 10 W1= 2/1+ 52 64 6) Solution: from problem a), we can get  $U_1(w) = \frac{B_{10} \, I_1 \, \sqrt{1+iC_1}}{2 \, \sqrt{\pi(1+C_1^2)}} \exp \left[ -\frac{\omega^2 \zeta^2 (1+iC_1)}{4 (1+C_1^2)} \right]$ things in the donain.

$$U_{2}(\omega) = H_{e}(\omega)U_{1}(\omega) = \frac{B_{0}L_{1}I+ic_{1}}{2\sqrt{\pi(H_{G}^{2})}} \exp\left(-\frac{ib\omega^{2}}{4}\right) \exp\left[-\frac{\omega^{2}L^{2}(\iota+iC_{1})}{4(H_{G}^{2})}\right] = \frac{B_{0}L_{1}I+ic_{1}}{4(H_{G}^{2})} \exp\left(-\frac{ib\omega^{2}}{4(H_{G}^{2})}\right) = \frac{B_{0}L_{1}I+ic_{1}}{4(H_{G}^{2})} \exp\left(-\frac{ib\omega^{2}}{4(H_{G}^{2})}\right) = \frac{B_{0}L_{1}I+ic_{1}}{4(H_{G}^{2})} = \frac{B_{0}L_{1}I+ic_{1}}{$$

$$\begin{split} U_{2}(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{B_{10} I_{1} I_{1} I_{G}}{2 J_{\pi} I_{1} I_{G}^{2}} \exp \left[ -\frac{i b (H_{G}^{2}) w^{2} + w^{2} Z_{1}^{2} (I_{1} I_{G})}{4 (H_{G}^{2})} \right] \exp \left( -i w t \right) dw \\ &= \frac{B_{10} I_{1} J_{1} I_{G}}{2 J_{\pi} (H_{G}^{2})} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{I_{1}^{2} + i J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (H_{G}^{2})} \exp \left[ -\frac{t^{2} (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2})}{I_{1}^{2} + i J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (H_{G}^{2})} \right] \exp \left[ -\frac{t^{2} (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2})}{I_{1}^{2} + i J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (H_{G}^{2})} \right] \\ &= \frac{B_{10} I_{1} J_{1} I_{G}}{2 J_{\pi} (H_{G}^{2})} \sqrt{\frac{t^{2} - i J_{G}}{I_{1}^{2} + J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (H_{G}^{2})} \exp \left[ -\frac{t^{2} (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2})}{I_{1}^{2} + J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (H_{G}^{2})} \right]^{2}}{I_{1}^{2} + J_{G}} \exp \left[ -\frac{t^{2} (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2}) I_{G}^{2} + b (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2})}{I_{1}^{2} + J_{G}} I_{G}^{2} + b (I_{1}^{2} I_{G}^{2})} \right]^{2} \end{split}$$

.:  $U_2(t) = B_{20} \exp(-(1-ic_2)\frac{t^2}{C_2^2})$  is transform-limited

$$\frac{\int_{CS} (2^{\pm 0}) dt}{\int_{CS} (1 + b)(1 + c_1^2)} = 0$$

$$\frac{\int_{CS} (2^{\pm 0}) dt}{\int_{CS} (1 + c_1^2)} = 0$$

$$\frac{\int_{CS} (2^{\pm 0}) dt}{\int_{CS} (2^{\pm 0}) dt} = 0$$

c) solution:

From problem b)
$$(L(t) = \frac{B_0 T_1 \left[1+iC_1\right]}{2 \sqrt{R(1+C_1^2)}} \left[\frac{4 R(1+C_1^2) \left[T_1^2-i \left[C_1 T_1^2+b(1+C_1^2)\right]\right]}{T_1^4 + \left[C_1 T_1^2+b(1+C_1^2)\right]^2} \exp \left\{-\frac{t^2 (1+C_1^2) \left\{T_1^2-i \left[C_1 T_1^2+b(1+C_1^2)\right]\right\}}{T_1^4 + \left[C_1 T_1^2+b(1+C_1^2)\right]^2}\right\}$$

$$V_{2}(\omega) = \frac{B_{10} \sqrt{|I|+iG}}{\sqrt{|I|+iG'|}} \exp\left(-i\frac{b\omega^{2}}{4}\right) \exp\left[-\frac{\omega^{2} L'(I+iG)}{4(I+G^{2})}\right]$$

$$\frac{7^{2}}{1+7^{2}} = \frac{7^{4}}{(1+7^{2})^{2}7^{2}} = \frac{7^{2}}{1+7^{2}} = \frac{7^{2}}{1+7^{2}7^{4}}$$

$$T_2 = \sqrt{\frac{7^2}{1+\zeta_1^2 7^4}} = \frac{7}{\sqrt{1+\zeta_1^2 7^4}}$$

$$W_{2}^{2} = \frac{4(H\zeta^{2})}{\zeta_{1}^{2}} = \frac{4(H\zeta^{2}\zeta^{4})}{\zeta_{0}^{2}}$$

$$W_{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{H\zeta^{2}\zeta^{4}}}{\zeta_{0}}$$

d) solution:

QPM: It works in time domain,

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Wants = 100

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Task3

Jinsong Liu

Solution:

: n(w) the refractive index charges with w, it causes different group relocity of different frequency components .. The initial pulse will in general undergo temporal broadening

b) solution:  

$$\frac{1}{V_{ph}} = \frac{n(w_0)}{C} = (a_1 + a_2 w_0^2) + a_3 w_0^3 - \frac{1}{C}$$
  
 $\therefore V_{ph} = \frac{C}{a_1 + a_2 w_0^2 + a_3 w_0^3}$   
 $\frac{1}{V_g} = \frac{\partial k}{\partial w} \Big|_{w_0} = \frac{1}{C} \left[ n(w_0) + w_0 \frac{\partial n}{\partial w} \Big|_{w_0} \right] = \frac{1}{C} \left[ a_1 + a_2 w_0^2 + a_3 w_0^3 + w_0 (2a_2 w_0 + 3a_3 w_0^2) \right]$ 

$$\frac{1}{V_9} = \frac{1}{c} \left[ a_1 + a_2 w_2^2 + a_3 w_3^3 + 2 a_2 w_2^2 + 3 a_3 w_3^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{v_g} = \frac{1}{C} (a_1 + 3a_2 w_0^2 + 4a_3 w_0^3)$$

$$Vg = \frac{c}{a_1 + 3a_2 w_0^2 + 4a_3 w_0^3}$$

Solution:

: The temporal broadening is minimized at w= wo

$$D = \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \left( \frac{1}{v_g} \right) = -\frac{1}{v_g^2} \frac{\partial v_g}{\partial w} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial V_{g}}{\partial W} = 0 \quad \text{at } W = W_{0}$$

$$- \frac{C \left( 6\alpha_{2}W_{0} + 12\alpha_{3}W_{0}^{2} \right)}{\left( \alpha_{1} + 3\alpha_{2}W_{0}^{2} + 4\alpha_{3}W_{0}^{3} \right)^{2}} = 0$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{-a_2 \pm \sqrt{a_1^2}}{4a_3}$$

: 
$$W_0 \neq 0$$
  $W_0 = \frac{-2\Omega_2}{4\Omega_3} = -\frac{\Omega_2}{2\Omega_3}$ 

solution:  $k(w) = w \frac{n(w)}{c} = w \frac{(a_1 + a_2 w^2 + a_3 w^3)}{c}$ 

Taylor expansion of k(w): (at w=w)

 $k(\omega) \approx k(\omega) + \frac{\partial k}{\partial \omega}(\omega - \omega_{3}) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^{2}k}{\partial \omega}(\omega - \omega_{3})^{2}$   $= \frac{1}{C}(\alpha_{1}\omega_{0} + \alpha_{2}\omega_{3}^{2} + \alpha_{3}\omega_{3}^{4}) + \frac{1}{C}(\alpha_{1} + 3\alpha_{2}\omega_{3}^{2} + 4\alpha_{3}\omega_{3}^{2})(\omega - \omega_{3}) + \frac{1}{C}(6\alpha_{2}\omega_{3} + 12\alpha_{3}\omega_{3}^{2})(\omega - \omega_{3})^{2}$   $= \frac{1}{C}(\alpha_{1}\omega_{0} + \alpha_{2}\omega_{3}^{2} + \alpha_{3}\omega_{3}^{4}) + \frac{\alpha_{2}\omega_{3}}{C}(\frac{\alpha_{1}}{\alpha_{2}}\frac{1}{\omega_{3}} + 3\frac{1}{\omega_{3}} + 4\frac{\alpha_{3}}{\alpha_{3}})(\omega - \omega_{3})^{2}$   $= \frac{1}{C}(\alpha_{1}\omega_{0} + \alpha_{2}\omega_{3}^{2} + \frac{1}{\omega_{0}} + \frac{\alpha_{3}}{\alpha_{3}}) + \frac{\alpha_{2}\omega_{3}^{2}}{C}(\frac{\alpha_{1}}{\alpha_{2}}\frac{1}{\omega_{3}} + 3\frac{1}{\omega_{3}} + 4\frac{\alpha_{3}}{\alpha_{3}})(\omega - \omega_{3})^{2}$   $\therefore \frac{1}{\omega_{0}} < \frac{\alpha_{3}}{\alpha_{4}}$   $\therefore \frac{1}{\omega_{0}} < \frac{\alpha_{3}}{\alpha_{4}}$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} w_{0} = a_{1} \\ (\omega) \approx \frac{1}{c} a_{1} w_{0}^{4} + \frac{a_{3}}{a_{4}} + \frac{a_{3}}{a_{4}} + \frac{a_{4} w_{0}^{3}}{c} + \frac{a_{4} w_{0}^{3}}{a_{4}} + \frac{a_{5}}{a_{4}} + \frac{a_{5}}{a_{$