

# Lab Exercise: Implementing a Basic Rendering Pipeline in C#

## Objective

The objective of this lab is to build a basic 3D rendering pipeline from scratch in C#. You will implement key components of a rendering pipeline, including object representation, transformations, projection, and shading. By the end of this lab, you should have a functioning 3D renderer capable of rendering simple scenes with basic lighting.

## Part 1: Setting up the Renderer

### 1. Define Vector and Matrix Classes

- Objective: Create classes for Vector3 (3D vector) and Matrix4x4 (4x4 transformation matrix).
- Details: Implement basic vector operations (addition, subtraction, dot/cross products) and matrix operations (multiplication, transformations). Support 4D homogeneous coordinates.
- Expected Results: Unit tests to verify vector and matrix operations; no visual output.

### 2. Create a Basic Object Class (Mesh)

- Objective: Implement a Mesh class to represent 3D objects using vertices and faces.
- Details: Initialize the mesh with a simple 3D object (e.g., a cube).
- Expected Results: Unit tests to verify correct vertex and face representation; no visual output.

## Part 2: Transformations and Projection

### 1. Implement Transformations

- Objective: Add methods for translation, rotation, and scaling in the Matrix4x4 class.
- Expected Results: Unit tests to verify transformations on sample vectors; no visual output.

### 2. Define the Camera and Projection

- Objective: Create a Camera class with view and perspective projection matrices.
- Expected Results: Unit tests to verify correct transformation of coordinates to screen space; no

visual output.

### **Part 3: Rasterization and Shading**

#### **1. Rasterize Triangles**

- Objective: Implement a rasterizer to convert 3D triangles into 2D pixels.
- Expected Results: Visual output of a rendered 3D mesh (e.g., a cube). Verify triangle filling and screen mapping.

#### **2. Implement a Basic Lighting Model**

- Objective: Add Phong shading (ambient, diffuse, and specular) for a single point light source.
- Expected Results: Visual output of a shaded 3D object. Unit tests to validate color calculations.

#### **3. Depth Buffer (Z-Buffer) Implementation**

- Objective: Implement Z-buffering to resolve overlapping triangles.
- Expected Results: Visual output showing correct depth rendering in scenes with overlapping objects. Unit tests to verify depth comparisons.

### **Part 4: Rendering and Display**

#### **1. Render to Bitmap**

- Objective: Render the scene onto a 2D Bitmap object.
- Expected Results: Visual output of the final rendered scene in a Windows Form application.

#### **2. Add Interactivity**

- Objective: Enable user interaction (rotation, zoom, etc.) using keyboard or mouse inputs.
- Expected Results: Visual output showing dynamic transformations in real-time.

### **Extra Credit (Optional)**

#### **1. Texture Mapping**

- Add support for texture mapping to 3D objects.
- Expected Results: Visual output showing textured 3D objects.

## 2. Multiple Light Sources

- Add support for multiple light sources with distance-based attenuation.
- Expected Results: Visual output showing multiple light effects on the scene.

## 3. Additional Shading Models

- Experiment with Gouraud shading and compare it to Phong shading.
- Expected Results: Visual comparison of shading effects.

## **Submission Requirements**

- Code files for all implemented classes (Vector3, Matrix4x4, Mesh, Camera, Rasterizer, etc.).
- Screenshots of rendered outputs at different stages (e.g., static render, shading, Z-buffer test).
- A short report explaining the implementation and any challenges faced.