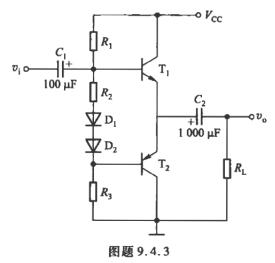
## Homework for Chapter 9

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May 20, 2020

9.4.3 一单电源互补对称电路如图题 9.4.3 所示,设  $T_1 \ T_2$  的特性完全对称, $v_i$  为正弦波, $V_{cc} = 12 \ V$ , $R_L = 8 \ \Omega_o$ 。试回答下列问题:(1) 静态时,电容  $C_2$  两端电压应是多少?调整哪个电阻能满足这一要求?(2) 动态时,若输出电压  $v_0$  出现交越失真,应调整哪个电阻?如何调整?(3) 若  $R_1 = R_3 = 1.1 \ k\Omega$ , $T_1$  和  $T_2$  的  $\beta = 40$ ,  $\mid V_{BE} \mid = 0.7 \ V$ , $P_{CM} = 400 \ mW$ ,假设  $D_1 \ D_2 \ R_2$  中任意一个开路,将会产生什么后果?



## 1 Problem 1

Adjust the value of  $R_1$  and  $R_3$  until:

$$V_{C2} = \frac{V_{CC}}{2} = 6 \text{ V}$$

## 2 Problem 2

Adjust the value of  $R_2$  should solve the Crossover Distortion issue.

## 3 Problem 3

When  $D_1$ ,  $D_2$  or  $R_2$  is open-circuited

$$P_{T1} = P_{T2} = \beta I_B V_{CE} = \beta \cdot \frac{V_{CC} - 2|V_{BE}|}{R_1 + R_3} \cdot \frac{V_{CC}}{2} = 1156 \text{ mW} > P_{CM}$$

Either  $T_1$  or  $T_2$  will be damaged.