

Homework for Analogue Electronics

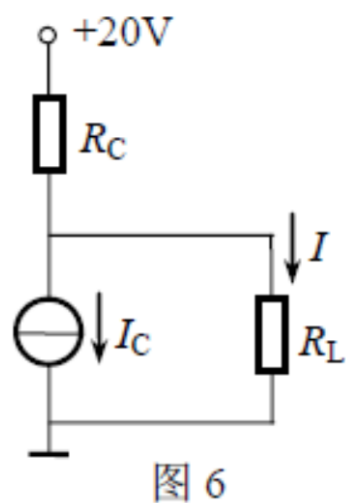
Xiping Hu

<http://thehxp.tech/>

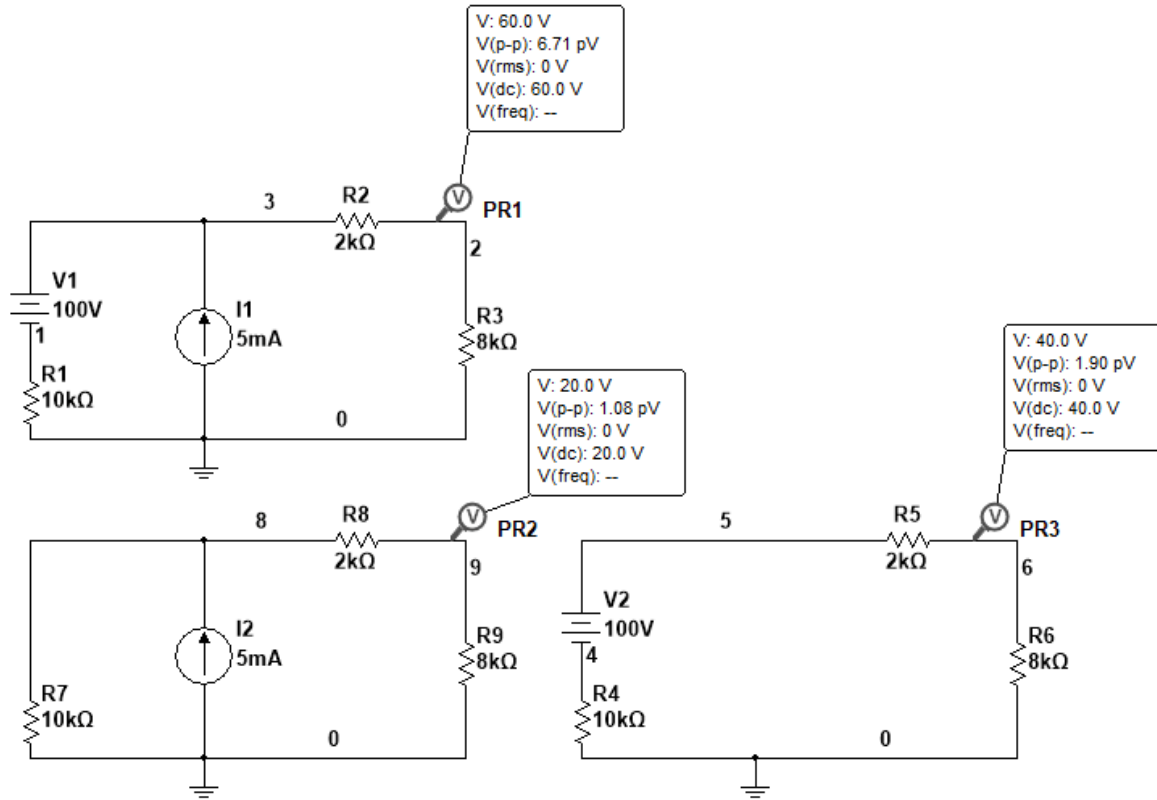
February 25, 2020

6、

图 6 电路中，已知 $I_C = 2.5 \text{ mA}$ ， $R_C = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ ， $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ，求电流 I 。



Solution We separate the whole circuit into these two sub-circuits, as the picture below shows.



For the circuit on the bottom left position, we write

$$I = 5 \text{ mA} \times \frac{10 \text{ k}\Omega}{2 \text{ k}\Omega + 8 \text{ k}\Omega + 10 \text{ k}\Omega} = 2.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$U = IR = 2.5 \text{ mA} \times 8 \text{ k}\Omega = 20 \text{ V}$$

For the circuit on the bottom right

$$I = \frac{100 \text{ V}}{10 \text{ k}\Omega + 2 \text{ k}\Omega + 8 \text{ k}\Omega} = 5 \text{ mA}$$

$$U = 5 \text{ mA} \times 8 \text{ k}\Omega = 40 \text{ V}$$

So, as for the original circuit

$$U_b = 20 \text{ V} + 40 \text{ V} = 60 \text{ V}$$