

# Homework for Chapter 7

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7.2.3 电路如图 7.2.2 所示的源极耦合差分式放大电路中  $+V_{DD} = +5\text{ V}$ ,  $-V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_0 = 0.2\text{ mA}$ , 电流源输出电阻  $r_o = 100\text{ k}\Omega$  (图中未画出),  $R_{d1} = R_{d2} = R_d = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ , FET 的  $K'_n \left( \frac{W}{L} \right) = 3\text{ mA/V}^2$ , 且  $r_o \gg r_{ds}$ , 计算时电路中  $r_{ds}$  ( $r_{ds} \gg R_d$ ) 可忽略, 求单端输出时的  $A_{vd2}$ 、 $A_{vc2}$  和  $K_{CMR}$ 。

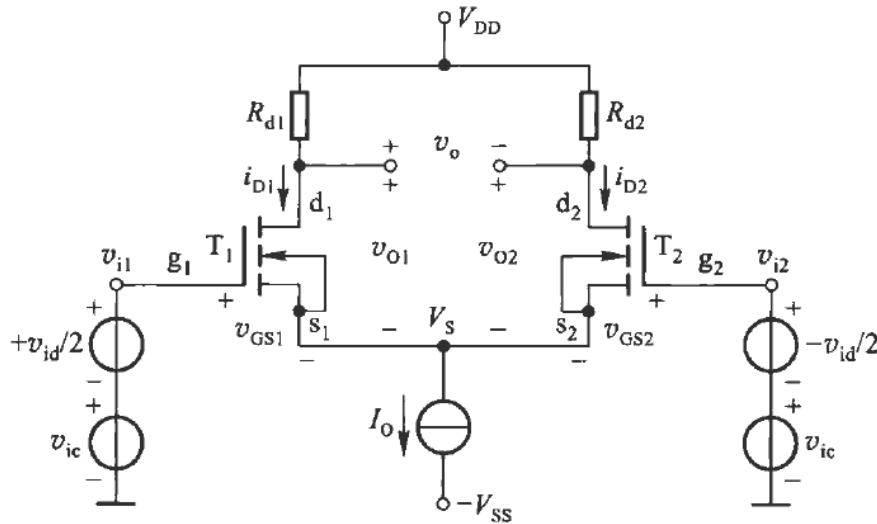


图 7.2.2 源极耦合差分式放大电路

(图中  $v_{i1} = v_{ic} + v_{id}/2$ ,  $v_{i2} = v_{ic} - v_{id}/2$ )

$$I_{D1} = \frac{I_0}{2} = K_n (V_{GS2} - V_{TN2})^2 \Rightarrow V_{GS2} - V_{TN2} = \sqrt{\frac{I_0/2}{K_n/2}} = 0.26\text{ V}$$

$$g_m = 2K_n (V_{GS2} - V_{TN2}) = 0.78\text{ mS}$$

$$\begin{cases} A_{vd2} = \frac{1}{2} g_m R_d = 3.9 \\ A_{vc2} = -\frac{R_d}{2r_o} = -0.05 \\ K_{CMR} = \left| \frac{A_{vd2}}{A_{vc2}} \right| = 78 \end{cases}$$