

# 11) FFNs

## Feedforward Networks (FFNs)

- The type of ANNs we've been working with
  - Fully connected: each node in a layer projects to each node in next layer
  - Feedforward: information propagates from input to output via activation

## Loss vs. Accuracy

- Former's curve shows whether model is learning effectively  
Latter's numeric value is the metric u care

## Why Normalize?

- Mis-normalization :
  - ① unnormalized train data
  - So always normalize both **train & test**



## Limitations of FFNs

- ① Scrambled data: "pixels" of each data is shuffled within the array
  - Observation: FFNs perform equally well on scrambled vs. unscrambled
- ② Shifted data: rolled ( $y \uparrow$  or  $\rightarrow x$ ) each data by certain pixel
  - Observation: FFNs perform poorly on shifted
- Conclusion: FFNs do NOT leverage **spatial information** of data
  - ② breaks the pattern of FFN-vectorized image input