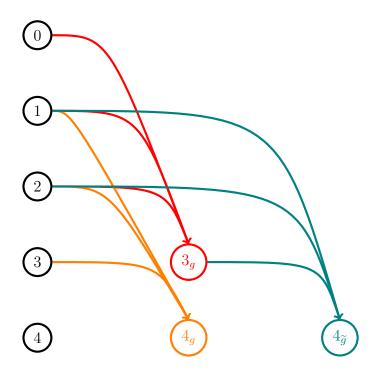
$$x(t) = x_0 + v_x t + \frac{a_x t^2}{2}$$

$$S_g = S_2 + \frac{S_2 - S_1}{\Delta t} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2\Delta t} \left(\frac{S_2 - S_1}{\Delta t} - \frac{S_1 - S_0}{\Delta t} \right) (\Delta t)^2 = 2.5 S_2 - 2 S_1 + 0.5 S_0, \qquad \Delta t = const$$

$$\theta(lat), \ \varphi(lon), \ h(alt)$$

0(self)			 101
	0	$\theta \varphi h t$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
	1	$\theta \varphi h t$	$1 \mid \theta \varphi h t$
	2	$\theta \varphi h t$	$2 \mid \theta \varphi h t$
	$\theta_g arphi_g h_g t_g$		$\theta_g arphi_g h_g t_g$
\overline{d}		 d	
v_a			v_a
d_g			d_g
v_{a_g}			v_{a_g}
0			0
id			id

 $D = \arccos\left(\sin\theta_1 \cdot \sin\theta_2 + \cos\theta_1 \cdot \cos\theta_2 \cdot \cos\left(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2\right)\right) \cdot R_E$ $d^2 = D^2 + h^2$ $v = \frac{\sqrt{d_0} - \sqrt{d_1}}{\Delta t}$



$$d_{4-4_g} \le d_{4-4_{\tilde{g}}} \to 3 = 3, 4_g = 4_g$$

 $d_{4-4_g} > d_{4-4_{\tilde{g}}} \to 3 = 3_g, 4_g = 4_{\tilde{g}}$