

# Future of EASM

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# Styles

[2] - accruing twice  
will make it disappear

```
main
  Int 8
  [2] "hello world"
  Str_len
  Add
  Print
end
```

```
main {
  Once Str "hello"
  Str_len
  Print
}
```

```
let x = 5
if x / 2 = 1
  Print "Odd!"
else
  Print "Even"
```

→

```
main
  Int 5
  Mov 0
  Load 0
  Int 2
  Mod
  Int 1
  Int - Cmp
End
```

odd-then  
"Odd"  
Print  
end

even-else  
"Even"  
Print  
end

For every Branches or seps. the compiler will generate  
a new section for it

Other style?

```
Int - Cmp
Mod
Load x
Int 2
Int 1
```

```
5
mov 0
Load 0
2
Mod
1
=
```

full empty

$= (-1 \cdot (\text{load } 0; 2) :: 1)$   
 $\text{eqv } (\text{mod } (\text{load } 0; 2); 1)$   
 $(= (\text{mod } x 2) 0)$   
 maybe we gotta do some left?

X  
not good

\* Maybe Try to implement Lua like syntax

That is, functional Programming.

That format is much easier to parse and convert to EASM like code.

\* OK, so traditionally lisp langs are interpreted, but maybe Bringing it down to Bytecode could be efficient.

Popular lisp Impls = Janit,  
Schuma

\* Maybe Hybrid lisp?

```
(fn fib [n]
  (if (< n 2)
      n
      (+ (fib (- n 1)) (fib (- n 2))))))
```

Can we further simplify it?

```
(fn fib [n]
  (if (< n 2)
      n
      + (fib (- n 1)) (fib (- n 2))
  )
  Print (fib 10))
```

or what if for function Body  
you replace Braces with Curly's

yeah so in this case we skipped Braces at a few places

```

fn fib [n] {
  if (< n 2)
    n
  + fib (- n 1) fib (- n 2)
}

```

so what made lisp languages use Curve  
Braces in place of curly Ones?

