frovedis::linear_regression_model<T>

NAME

linear_regression_model<T> - A data structure used in modeling the outputs of the froved linear regression algorithms.

SYNOPSIS

#include <frovedis/ml/glm/linear_model.hpp>

Constructors

```
linear_regression_model ()
linear_regression_model (size_t num_ftr, T intercpt=0.0)
linear_regression_model (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
linear_regression_model (linear_regression_model<T>&& model)
```

Overloaded Operators

```
linear_regression_model<T>& operator= (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
linear_regression_model<T>& operator= (linear_regression_model<T>&& model)
linear_regression_model<T> operator+ (const linear_regression_model<T>& model) const
linear_regression_model<T> operator- (const linear_regression_model<T>& model) const
void operator+= (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
void operator-= (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
```

Public Member Functions

```
std::vector<T> predict (DATA_MATRIX& mat)
size_t get_num_features () const
void save (const std::string& path) const
void savebinary (const std::string& path) const
void load (const std::string& path) const
void loadbinary (const std::string& path) const
void debug_print() const
node_locallinear_regression_model<T>> broadcast ()
```

DESCRIPTION

linear_regression_model<T> models the output of the froved linear regression algorithms, e.g., linear regression, lasso regression and ridge regression. Each of the trainer interfaces of these algorithms aim to optimize an initial model and output the same after optimization. This model has the below structure:

This is a template based data structure, where "T" is supposed to be "float" (single-precision) or "double" (double-precision). Note this is a serialized data structure. The detailed description can be found in subsequent sections.

Constructor Documentation

```
linear_regression_model ()
```

Default constructor. It creates an empty linear regression model with default "intercept" value as 0.0.

```
linear_regression_model (size_t num_ftr, T intercept=0.0)
```

Parameterized constructor. It accepts the number-of-features input from the user and allocates the memory for the model of the same size. If no initial value of the "intercept" is provided, it considers the default value as 0.0.

```
linear_regression_model (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
```

Copy constructor. It accepts an Ivalue object of the same type and deep-copies the same in the newly constructed object.

```
linear_regression_model (linear_regression_model<T>&& model)
```

Move constructor. It accepts an rvalue object of the same type and instead of copying, it moves the contents in the newly constructed object.

Overloaded Operator Documentation

```
linear_regression_model<T>& operator= (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)
```

It deep-copies the contents of the input lvalue model into the left-hand side model of the assignment operator "=".

```
linear regression model<T>& operator= (linear regression model<T>&& model)
```

Instead of copying, it moves the contents of the input rvalue model into the left-hand side model of the assignment operator "=".

linear_regression_model<T> operator+ (const linear_regression_model<T>& model) const

This operator is used to add two linear regression models and outputs the resultant model. If m1 and m2 are two models, expression like "m1 + m2" can easily be evaluated on them.

linear_regression_model<T> operator- (const linear_regression_model<T>& model) const

This operator is used to subtract two linear regression models and outputs the resultant model. If m1 and m2 are two models, expression like "m1 - m2" can easily be evaluated on them.

void operator+= (const linear_regression_model<T>& model)

This operator is used to add two linear regression models. But instead of returning a new model, it updates the target model with the resultant model. If m1 and m2 are two models, then "m1 += m2" will add m2 with m1 and update m1 itself.

void operator== (const linear regression model<T>& model)

This operator is used to subtract two linear regression models. But instead of returning a new model, it updates the target model with the resultant model. If m1 and m2 are two models, then "m1 -= m2" will subtract m2 from m1 and update m1 itself.

Pubic Member Function Documentation

std::vector<T> predict (DATA_MATRIX& mat)

This function is used on a trained model (after training is done by respective trainers) to predict the unknown output labels based on the given input matrix. It uses prediction logic according to linear regression algorithm.

This function expects any input data matrix which provides an overloaded multiply "*" operator with a vector type object. E.g., if "v" is an object of std::vector<T> type, then "mat * v" should be supported and it should return the resultant vector of the type std::vector<T>. DATA_MATRIX can be frovedis::crs_matrix_local<T>, frovedis::ell_matrix_local<T> etc.

On successful prediction, this function returns the predicted values in the form of std::vector<T>. It will throw an exception, if any error occurs.

size_t get_num_features () const

It returns the number-of-features in the target model.

void save (const std::string& path) const

It saves the target model in the specified path in simple text format. It will throw an exception, if any error occurs during the save operation.

void savebinary (const std::string& path) const

It saves the target model in the specified path in (little-endian) binary data format. It will throw an exception, if any error occurs during the save operation.

void load (const std::string& path) const

It loads the target linear regression model from the data in specified text file. It will throw an exception, if any error occurs during the load operation.

void loadbinary (const std::string& path) const

It loads the target linear regression model from the data in specified (little-endian) binary file. It will throw an exception, if any error occurs during the load operation.

void debug_print() const

It prints the contents of the model on the user terminal. It is mainly useful for debugging purpose.

node_local<linear_regression_model<T>> broadcast ()

It broadcasts the target model to all the participating MPI processes (worker nodes) in the system. This is an efficient (as it does not involve the serialization overhead of the model weight vector) implementation than simple "frovedis:broadcast(model)" call.

Public Data Member Documentation

weight

An object of std::vector<T> type. It is used to store the weight/theta components associated with each training features.

intercept

A "T" type object (mainly "float" or "double"). It is used to store the bias intercept term of the model.

SEE ALSO

logistic_regression_model, svm_model