

**Problem 2**

Figure 2a shows a highly simplified version of the automobile suspension system. As the car moves along the road, the vertical displacements at the tires excite the automobile suspension system. Assuming that the motion  $u$  at point  $P$  is the input to the system and the vertical motion  $y$  of the body is the output, obtain the transfer function  $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)}$ . The displacement  $y$  is measured from the equilibrium position in the absence of the input  $u$ . Obtain and plot the response  $y(t)$  assuming that the road profile  $u(t)$  is depicted in the figure 2b. Find the response of the system for time  $t = 4.0$  s given  $m = 1000$  kg,  $b = 3250 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{s}}$ , and  $k = 5281 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$ .

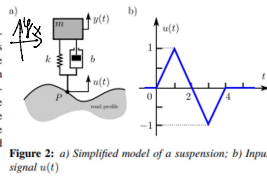


Figure 2: a) Simplified model of a suspension; b) Input signal  $u(t)$

$$U(s) = \frac{1}{s} - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-3s} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-4s}$$

$$U(s) = \frac{1}{s} - 2 \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s} + 2 \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-3s} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-4s}$$

eq of motion

$$m\ddot{y} + b\dot{y} + ky = b\dot{u} + ku$$

equilibrium state

$$y(0) = 0 \quad u(0) = 0$$

$$\dot{y}(0) = 0$$

$$ms^2 Y(s) + bs Y(s) + k Y(s) = bs U(s) + k U(s)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{bs + k}{ms^2 + bs + k} = G(s)$$

$$3250 = \omega \int \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3250 = \omega$$

$$G(s) = \frac{3250s + 5281}{1000s^2 + 3250s + 5281}$$

$$Y(s) = G(s) U(s) = \left( \frac{1}{s} - 2 \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s} + 2 \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-3s} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-4s} \right) \left( \frac{3250s + 5281}{1000s^2 + 3250s + 5281} \right)$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} [G(s) U(s)]$$

calculation in MATLAB:

$$y(4) = -0.2515$$

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Editor - C:\Users\kubaj\Downloads\hw1\hw1.m
% hw1.m
1 - syms t;
2 - syms s;
3
4 - u(t) = t*heaviside(t) - 2*(t-1)*heaviside(t-1) + 2*(t-3)*heaviside(t-3) - (t-4)*heaviside(t-4);
5 - U(s) = laplace(u(t), t, s);
6
7 - G(s) = (3250*s + 5281)/(1000*s^2 + 3250*s + 5281);
8
9 - Y(s) = G(s)*U(s);
10
11 - y(t) = ilaplace(Y(s));
12
13 - disp(y(t));
14
15 - y_5 = eval(y(4));
16
17 - disp(y_5);
18
19 - figure;
20 - plot(y(t), [0, 10]);
21 - title('Oscillation chart');
22 - xlabel('Time [s]');
23 - ylabel('Displacement [m]');
24
25
26

Command Window
>> hw1_hw1_hw1
t = 10562*heaviside(t - 1) + (13*t)/8 + (3250*exp(13/8 - (13*t)/8) * cos((3*5^(1/2)*2347^(1/2)*(t - 1))/200) + (5^(1/2)*2347^(1/2)*sin((3*5^(1/2)*2347^(1/2)*(t - 1))/200))/2281
-0.2515
    
```

$y(t) =$

$$t - (5281 \text{heaviside}(t - 1)(1000)/5281 + (325000 \exp(13/8 - (13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 1))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 1))/200)) / 2288325)) / 27888961 - 8531000 / 27888961)) / 500 + (5281 \text{heaviside}(t - 3)(1000)/5281 + (325000 \exp(39/8 - (13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 3))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 3))/200)) / 2288325)) / 27888961 - 19093000 / 27888961)) / 500 - (5281 \text{heaviside}(t - 4)(1000)/5281 + (325000 \exp(13/2 - (13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 4))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 4))/200)) / 2288325)) / 27888961 - 24374000 / 27888961)) / 1000 - (3250 \exp((13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t)/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t)/200)) / 2041)) / 5281 + (3250 \exp((13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 1))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 1))/200)) / 2041)) / 5281 - 1000 / 5281)) / 2 + (13 \text{heaviside}(t - 4)((1000 \exp(13/2 - (13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 4))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 4))/200)) / 7041)) / 5281 - 1000 / 5281)) / 4 - (13 \text{heaviside}(t - 3)((1000 \exp(39/8 - (13t)/8) \cos((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 3))/200) + (5^{1/2}/22347^{1/2}) \sin((35^{1/2}/22347^{1/2})(t - 3))/200)) / 7041)) / 5281 - 1000 / 5281)) / 2$$

Chart:

