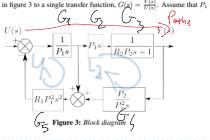
P₁= 6 P=21 R₁=7 R₂=16 Reduce the block diagram shown in figure 3 to a single transfer function, $G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)}$. Assume that $P_1 = 6$, $P_2 = 21$, $R_1 = 7$ and $R_2 = 18$.



$$\begin{array}{lll}
P_{aty} = \frac{1}{P_{a}s} \cdot P_{as} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{2}P_{2}s+1} &= \frac{1}{P_{2}P_{2}s+1} &= C_{1}C_{2}C_{3} \\
L_{1} = -C_{1} \cdot G_{5} &= -\frac{P_{1}P_{1}x}{1}C_{3} \\
L_{2} = -C_{1}C_{2}C_{3}C_{4}C_{5} &= -\frac{P_{1}P_{1}x}{1}C_{3} \cdot P_{1}c_{3} \cdot P_$$

$$C(6) = \frac{Poth 1 D1}{D} = \frac{C_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_1 G_2 G_3 G_4 G_5 + G_1 G_5}$$

$$\frac{(R_{2}R_{2}S+1)}{(R_{2}R_{2}S+1)} = \frac{1}{(R_{2}R_{2}S+1)R_{1}R_{2}S+1R_{1}R_{2}} = \frac{1}{(R_{2}R_{2}S+1)R_{1}R_{2}S+1R_{1}R_{2}} = \frac{1}{(R_{2}R_{2}S+1)R_{1}R_{2}S+1R_{1}R$$