```
clear all
close all
%% Adding the paths
addpath('C:\Users\Cristina\Documents\GitHub\OrganizedFiles\Optimizers'); %Folder ✓
conatining the yalmip tools
addpath('C: ✓
\Users\Cristina\Documents\GitHub\OrganizedFiles\GeneratingKernels\Results'); %Folder✓
containing the heat kernel coefficietns
addpath('C: ✓
\Users\Cristina\Documents\GitHub\OrganizedFiles\DataSets\Comparison_datasets\'); % \(\oxedax\)
Folder containing the copmarison datasets
addpath('C:\Users\Cristina\Documents\GitHub\OrganizedFiles\DataSets\'); %Folder ✓
containing the training and verification dataset
flag = 2;
switch flag
    case 1 %Dorina
        load DataSetDorina.mat
        load ComparisonDorina.mat
    case 2 %Uber
        load DataSetUber.mat
        load ComparisonUber.mat
    case 3 %Cristina
        load DatasetLF.mat
        load ComparisonLF.mat;
    case 4 %1 Heat kernel
        load DataSetHeat.mat;
        load ComparisonHeat.mat;
        load LF heatKernel.mat;
end
switch flag
    case 1 %Dorina
        Y = TrainSignal;
        K = 20;
        param.S = 4; % number of subdictionaries
        param.epsilon = 0.05; % we assume that epsilon 1 = epsilon 2 = epsilon
        degree = 20;
        ds = 'Dataset used: Synthetic data from Dorina';
        ds name = 'Dorina';
        param.percentage = 15;
        param.thresh = param.percentage + 60;
    case 2 %Uber
        Y = TrainSignal;
        K = 15;
        param.S = 2; % number of subdictionaries
        param.epsilon = 0.2; % we assume that epsilon 1 = epsilon 2 = epsilon
        ds = 'Dataset used: data from Uber';
        ds name = 'Uber';
        param.percentage = 8;
        param.thresh = param.percentage + 6;
    case 3 %Cristina
        Y = TrainSignal;
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K = 15;
        param.S = 2; % number of subdictionaries
        param.epsilon = 0.02; % we assume that epsilon 1 = epsilon 2 = epsilon
        degree = 15;
        ds = 'Dataset used: data from Cristina';
        ds name = 'Cristina';
        param.percentage = 8;
        param.thresh = param.percentage + 6;
    case 4 %Heat kernel
        X = TrainSignal;
        K = 15;
        param.S = 1; % number of subdictionaries
        param.epsilon = 0.2; % we assume that epsilon 1 = epsilon 2 = epsilon
        ds = 'Dataset used: data from Heat kernel';
        ds name = 'Heat';
        param.percentage = 8;
        param.thresh = param.percentage + 6;
end
param.N = size(Y,1); % number of nodes in the graph
param.J = param.N * param.S; % total number of atoms
param.K = K*ones(1,param.S); % polynomial degree of each subdictionary
param.c = 1; % spectral control parameters
param.epsilon = 0.05;%0.02; % we assume that epsilon 1 = epsilon 2 = epsilon
param.mu = 1;%1e-2; % polynomial regularizer paremeter
param.y = Y; %signals
param.y size = size(param.y,2);
param.T0 = 6; %sparsity level (# of atoms in each signals representation)
param.max = 0;
grad desc = 2; %gradient descent parameter, it decreases with epochs
path = ['C: \(\mu\)
\Users\Cristina\Documents\GitHub\OrganizedFiles\Graph&DictLearning\LearningG&D byFunct \(\m'\)
ions\Results\',num2str(ds name),'\']; %Folder containing the results to save
%% Obtain the initial Laplacian and eigenValues for comparison
temp = comp alpha;
comp alpha = zeros(K+1,param.S);
for i = 1:param.S
    comp alpha(:,i) = temp((K+1)*(i-1) + 1:(K+1)*i);
[out] = obtain laplacian(comp W,param,comp alpha);
comp Laplacian = out.Laplacian; comp lambdaSym = out.lambdaSym;
comp lambdaPowerMx = out.lambdaPowerMx; comp ker = out.ker; comp eigenMat = out. ✔
eigenMat;
%% Initialise W and Laplacian
[param.Laplacian,initial W] = init by weight(param.N);
initial Laplacian = param.Laplacian;
% % % if flag == 4
응 응 응
      uniform values = unifrnd(0,1,[1,param.N]);
응 응 응
         sigma = 0.2;
응 응 응
         [param.Laplacian,initial W] = random geometric(sigma,param.N,uniform values, ✓
0.6);
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% % % else
% % % [param.Laplacian,initial W] = init by weight(param.N);
[param.eigenMat, param.eigenVal] = eig(param.Laplacian);
[param.lambdaSym,indexSym] = sort(diag(param.eigenVal));
param.Laplacian_powers{1} = param.Laplacian;
param.lambda power matrix(:,2) = param.lambdaSym;
for i = 1:max(param.K) + 1
   param.lambda_power_matrix(:,i) = param.lambda_power_matrix(:,2).^(i-1);
   param.Laplacian powers{i} = param.Laplacian^(i-1);
end
%% Initialize alphas
for i = 1:param.S
   param.alpha(:,i) = comp_alpha((i-1)*(max(param.K)+1) + 1:(max(param.K)+1)*i);
end
%% Initialize D
[initial dictionary, param] = construct dict(param);
% % % [initial_dictionary(:,1 : param.J)] = initialize_dictionary(param);
for big epoch = 1:8
   param.iterN = big epoch;
    if big epoch == 1
       learned dictionary = initial dictionary;
       learned W = initial W;
       g ker = zeros(param.N, param.S);
    end
                   %-----%
   disp(['Epoch...',num2str(big_epoch)]);
   X = OMP non normalized atoms(learned dictionary,param.y, param.T0);
    % Keep track of the evolution of X
   X norm train(big epoch) = norm(X - comp train X);
    if mod(big epoch, 9) == 0
                    %-----%
         [param,cpuTm] = coefficient update interior point(Y,X,param,'sdpt3',g ker);
          cpuTime((big epoch + 1)/2) = cpuTm;
        % Re obtain D
        [learned dictionary, param] = construct dict(param);
    else
                    \mbox{\$------} optimise with respect to \mbox{W------}
       maxEpoch = 1; %number of graph updating steps before updating sparse codes (x) 🗸
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again
        beta = 10^{(-2)}; %graph sparsity penalty
        old L = param.Laplacian;
        [param.Laplacian, learned_W] = update_graph(X, grad desc, beta, maxEpoch, ✓
param, learned W);
        % Re obtain D
        [learned dictionary, param] = construct dict(param);
        grad desc = grad desc*0.985; %gradient descent decreasing
        % Keep track of the evolution of X
        norm temp W(big epoch) = norm(learned W - comp W);
    end
    % Keep track of the evolution of D
    D norm train def = 'norm(learned dictionary - comp D)';
    D_norm_train(big_epoch) = norm(learned_dictionary - comp D);
    % Analyse the structural difference between learned Dictionaries
    D diff{big epoch} = (learned dictionary - comp D);
end
%% At the end of the cycle I have:
% param.alpha --> the learned coefficients;
              --> the learned sparsity mx;
% learned W --> the learned W from the old D and alpha coeff;
% learned dictionary --> the learned final dictionary;
           --> the final cpuTime
% cpuTime
%% Estimate the final reproduction error
X \text{ train} = X;
X = OMP non normalized atoms(learned dictionary, TestSignal, param.T0);
errorTesting_Pol = sqrt(norm(TestSignal - learned_dictionary*X,'fro')^2/size 🗸
(TestSignal, 2));
disp(['The total representation error of the testing signals is: ',num2str⊻
(errorTesting Pol)]);
응응
%constructed graph needs to be tresholded, otherwise it's too dense
%fix the number of desired edges here at nedges
nedges = 4*param.N;
final Laplacian = treshold by edge number(param.Laplacian, nedges);
final W = learned W.*(final Laplacian~=0);
%% Last eigenDecomposition, needed to compare the norm of the lambdas
[param.eigenMat, param.eigenVal] = eig(final Laplacian);
% [param.eigenMat, param.eigenVal] = eig(param.Laplacian);
[param.lambda sym,index sym] = sort(diag(param.eigenVal));
%% Represent the kernels
param.lambda power matrix(:,2) = param.lambda sym;
for i = 1:max(param.K) + 1
    param.lambda_power_matrix(:,i) = param.lambda_power_matrix(:,2).^(i-1);
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end
for i = 1 : param.S
    for n = 1:param.N
        g ker(n,i) = param.lambda power matrix(n,:)*param.alpha(:,i);
    end
end
figure ('Name', 'Comparison between the Kernels')
    subplot(1,2,1)
    title('Original kernels');
    hold on
    for s = 1 : param.S
        plot(comp lambdaSym,comp ker(:,s));
    end
    hold off
    subplot(1,2,2)
    title('learned kernels');
    hold on
    for s = 1 : param.S
        plot(param.lambda sym,g ker(:,s));
    end
    hold off
filename = [path, 'Comp kernels ', '.png'];
saveas(gcf, filename);
\%\% Compute the 1-2 norms
norm init D = norm(initial dictionary - comp D);
norm init D def = 'norm(initial dictionary - comp D)';
init D diff = (initial dictionary - comp D);
norm initial W = norm(initial W - comp W);
X \text{ norm test} = \text{norm}(X - \text{comp } X);
total X = [X \text{ train } X];
total X norm = norm(total X - [comp train X comp X]);
W_norm = norm(comp_W - learned_W); %Normal norm
W norm thr = norm(comp W - final W); %Normal norm of the thresholded adjacency matrix
% Write down the definition of the norms for better clearance
norm initial W def = 'norm(initial W - comp W)';
norm temp W def = 'norm(learned W - comp W)';
X norm train def = 'norm(X - comp train X)';
W norm thr def = 'norm(comp W - final W) --> Normal norm of the thresholded adjacency ✓
matrix';
W norm def = 'norm(comp W - learned W)';
total X norm def = 'norm(total_X - [comp_train_X comp_X])';
X norm test def = 'norm(X - comp X)';
% % % norm temp X(big epoch + 1) = norm(X - temp X);
% % % W norm FRO = sqrt(norm(comp W - learned W,'fro')^2/size(comp W,2)); %Frobenius ✓
norm
% % % W norm thr FRO = sqrt(norm(comp W - final W,'fro')^2/size(comp W,2)); %Frobenius ✓
norm of the thresholded adjacency matrix
%% Graphically represent the behavior od the learned entities
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figure('name','Behavior of the X norm train (blue line) and the D norm train (orange ✓
hold on
grid on
plot(1:8,X_norm_train);
plot(1:8,D_norm_train);
hold off
filename = [path, 'behaviorX ','.png'];
saveas(gcf, filename);
%% Save the results to file
% The norms
norm temp W = norm temp W';
X norm train = X norm train';
filename = [path,'\Norms',num2str(ds name),'.mat'];
save 🗹
(filename,'W_norm_thr','W_norm_thr_def','W_norm_def','W_norm','X_norm_train','X_norm_t'∠
rain def', 'norm temp W',...
'norm temp W def','X norm test','X norm test def','norm initial W','norm initial W def ✓
    'total_X_norm','total_X_norm_def','D_norm_train','D_norm_train_def','norm_init_D', ✓
'norm init D def');
% The Output data
filename = [path,'\Output ',num2str(ds name),'.mat'];
learned_eigenVal = param.lambda_sym;
save 🗹
(filename, 'ds', 'learned dictionary', 'learned W', 'final W', 'X', 'learned eigenVal', 'erro ✓
rTesting Pol');
%% Verify the results with the precision recall function
learned Laplacian = final Laplacian;
[optPrec, optRec, opt Lapl] = precisionRecall(comp Laplacian, learned Laplacian);
filename = [path, '\ouput_PrecisionRecall_', num2str(ds_name), '.mat'];
save(filename,'opt Lapl','optPrec','optRec');
```