

6.4.14

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3x^2 - 1}{4x^2 + 5x + 2} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (3x^2 - 1)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (4x^2 + 5x + 2)} =$$

$$= \frac{3 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} x^2 - 1}{4 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} x^2 + 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} x + 2} = \frac{3 - 1}{4 - 5 + 2} = \underline{2}$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 5x + 6} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x-3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x+2}{x-3} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x+2)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x-3)} = \frac{2+2}{2-3} = \underline{-4}$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+8} - 3}{x-1} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt{x+8} - 3)(\sqrt{x+8} + 3)}{(x-1)(\sqrt{x+8} + 3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x+8) - 9}{(x-1)(\sqrt{x+8} + 3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(\sqrt{x+8} + 3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+8} + 3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+8} + 3} = \underline{\frac{1}{6}}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+x-x^2}{2x^2+3x} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} - 1)}{x^2(2 + \frac{3}{x})} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} - 1 \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x^2} + \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} - \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(2 + \frac{3}{x} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 2 + 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= \frac{0+0-1}{2+0} = \underline{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

6.4.23

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 3}{2x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{(x-1)(x^2+3)}{(x-1)(2x^2+1)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{x^2+3}{2x^2+1} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1^2+3}{2 \cdot 1^2+1} = \underline{\frac{4}{3}}$$

6.4.24

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \frac{x^2 + 7x + 6}{x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x + 18} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \left(\frac{(x+6) \cdot (x+1)}{(x+6) \cdot (x^2+3)} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} \frac{x+1}{x^2+3} = \frac{-6+1}{(-6)^2+3} = -\frac{5}{39}$$

6.4.26

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-2x}{\sqrt{x^2+6x}-4} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{(x^2-2x) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+6x}+4)}{(\sqrt{x^2+6x}-4)(\sqrt{x^2+6x}+4)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x^2-2x)(\sqrt{x^2+6x}+4)}{x^2+6x-16}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x \cdot (x-2) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+6x}+4)}{(x+8)(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x(\sqrt{x^2+6x}+4)}{x+8} =$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{2^2+6 \cdot 2}+4)}{2+8} = \frac{2(\sqrt{16}+4)}{10} = \frac{16}{10} = \frac{8}{5}$$

6.4.28

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{2-x}-1}{\sqrt{5-x}-2} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt{2-x}-1)(\sqrt{5-x}+2)(\sqrt{2-x}+1)}{(\sqrt{5-x}-2)(\sqrt{5-x}+2)(\sqrt{2-x}+1)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(2-x-1)(\sqrt{5-x}+2)}{(5-x-4)(\sqrt{2-x}+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1-x) \cdot (\sqrt{5-x}+2)}{(1-x) \cdot (\sqrt{2-x}+1)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{5-x}+2}{\sqrt{2-x}+1} = \frac{\sqrt{5-1}+2}{\sqrt{2-1}+1} = \frac{2+2}{1+1} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

6.4.29

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8-x}-2}{x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[3]{8-x}-2}{x}$$

$$\cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{(8-x)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-x} + 4}{\sqrt[3]{(8-x)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-x} + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{8-x-8}{x(\sqrt[3]{(8-x)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-x} + 4)} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-x}{x \cdot (\sqrt[3]{(8-x)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-x} + 4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{(8-x)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-x} + 4}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{(8-0)^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{8-0} + 4} = \frac{-1}{4+2 \cdot 2+4} = \frac{-1}{12}$$

6.4.30

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2-16}{\sqrt[3]{5-x}-\sqrt[3]{x-3}} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x^2-16)(\sqrt[3]{(5-x)^2} - \sqrt[3]{(5-x)(x-3)} + \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{5-x}-\sqrt[3]{x-3})(\sqrt[3]{(5-x)^2} - \sqrt[3]{(5-x)(x-3)} + \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2})} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-4)(x+4) \cdot (\sqrt[3]{(5-x)^2} - \sqrt[3]{(5-x)(x-3)} + \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2})}{8-2x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x+4) \cdot (\sqrt[3]{(5-x)^2} - \sqrt[3]{(5-x)(x-3)} + \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2})}{-2} =$$

$$= \frac{(4+4) \cdot (\sqrt[3]{1^2} - \sqrt[3]{1 \cdot (-1)} + \sqrt[3]{(-1)^2})}{-2} = \frac{8 \cdot 3}{-2} = -12$$

(6.4.31)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x + 5x^2 - x^3)}{(2x^3 - x^2 + 7x)} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1 \right) \right)}{\left(x^3 \cdot \left(2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2} \right) \right)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1 \right)}{\left(2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2} \right)} = \frac{0 + 5 \cdot 0 - 1}{2 - 0 + 7 \cdot 0} = \underline{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

(6.4.32)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - 3x^2}{x^2 + 7x - 2} = \left[\frac{-\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - 3 \right)}{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2} \right)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - 3}{1 + \frac{7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}} = \frac{0 - 3}{1 + 7 \cdot 0 - 2 \cdot 0} = \frac{-3}{1} = \underline{-3}$$

(6.4.33)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + x}{x^4 - 3x^2 + 1} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \right)}{\left(x^4 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) \right)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^4} \right)} = \frac{0 + 0}{1 - 3 \cdot 0 + 0} = \frac{0}{1} = \underline{0}$$

(6.4.34)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^5 - 2x}{2x^3 + x^2 + 1} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(x^3 \cdot \left(x^2 - \frac{2}{x^2} \right) \right)}{\left(x^3 \cdot \left(2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right) \right)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x^2 - \frac{2}{x^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}} \right) = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 - \frac{2}{x^2})}{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3})} =$$

$$= \frac{+\infty - 2 \cdot 0}{2 + 0 + 0} = \frac{+\infty}{2} = +\infty$$

6.4.35

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - x) = [+\infty - \infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left((\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - x) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2 + 4 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x \cdot \frac{4}{x}}{x \cdot (\sqrt{1 + \frac{4}{x^2}} + 1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{4}{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{4}{x^2}} + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{4 \cdot 0}{\sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot 0} + 1} = \frac{0}{2} = \underline{0}$$

6.4.36

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x^3}{x^2 - 3} - x \right) = [+\infty - \infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{x^3 - x \cdot (x^2 - 3)}{x^2 - 3} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x}{x^2 - 3} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2 \cdot \frac{3}{x}}{x^2 \cdot (1 - \frac{3}{x^2})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{1 - \frac{3}{x^2}} = \frac{3 \cdot 0}{1 - 3 \cdot 0} = \underline{0}$$

6.4.46

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{k}{x} \right)^x = [1^\infty] = \left[y = \frac{x}{k}; x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y \rightarrow \infty \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{k}\right)} \right)^{k \cdot \frac{x}{k}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^{ky} =$$

$$= \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^y \right)^k = [2\text{-й закор. предел, } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x = e] =$$

$$= \underline{e^k}$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt[1/x]{1+5x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+5x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = [y=5x, y \rightarrow 0 \text{ при } x \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y} \cdot 5} = \left[\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y}} = e \right] = \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y}} \right)^5 = \underline{e^5}$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x+3}{x-2} \right)^x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{3}{x}}{1 - \frac{2}{x}} \right)^x = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{x} \right)^x}{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x} \right)^x} = \frac{e^3}{e^{-2}} = \underline{e^5}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{2x} = [y = 2x, y \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } x \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^y - 1}{\frac{1}{2}y} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^y - 1}{y} = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1 \right] =$$

$$= \frac{2}{1} \cdot 1 = \underline{\underline{\frac{2}{1}}}$$

(6.4.48)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt[2x]{1+3x} = [1^\infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+3x)^{\frac{1}{2x}} =$$

$$= [y = 3x, x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{3}{2}} =$$

$$= \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e \right] = \underline{\underline{e^{\frac{3}{2}}}}$$

(6.4.49)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x-5}{x+4} \right)^x = [1^\infty] = [x+4=y, x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y \rightarrow \infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{y-9}{y} \right)^{y-4} = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{9}{y} \right)^{y-4} =$$

$$= \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{9}{y} \right)^y \right) \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y-4}{y} = \left[\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^y = e \right] =$$

$$= (e^y)^{\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y(1-\frac{1}{y})}{y}} = (e^y)^{\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1-\frac{1}{y}}{1}} = (e^y)^1 = \underline{e^{-9}}$$

(6.4.50)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{3+5x}{3+2x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = [1^\infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(1 + \frac{3x}{3+2x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} =$$

$$= \left[y = \frac{3x}{3+2x}, x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0 \right] = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{3-2y}{3y}} =$$

$$= \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1+y)^{\frac{1}{y}} \right)^{\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{3-2y}{3}} = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e \right] =$$

$$= e^{\frac{3-2 \cdot 0}{3}} = e^{\frac{3}{3}} = \underline{e}$$

(6.4.51)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{e^x - e^2}{x-2} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [y = x-2, x \rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{y+2} - e^2}{y} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(e^2 \left(\frac{e^y - 1}{y} \right) \right) =$$

$$= e^2 \cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{e^y - 1}{y} \right) = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1 \right] = e^2 \cdot 1 = \underline{e^2}$$

6.4.52

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{5-x}{6-x} \right)^{x+2} = [1^\infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{6-x} \right)^{x+2} =$$

$$= [y = -(6-x), x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y \rightarrow \infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^{y+8} = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^y \cdot$$

$$\cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right)^8 = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x = e \right] =$$

$$= e \cdot (1+0)^8 = e \cdot 1^8 = \underline{e}$$

6.4.53

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow e} \frac{\ln x - 1}{x - e} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [y = x - e, x \rightarrow e \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(y+e) - \ln e}{y} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(\frac{y+e}{e}\right)}{y} =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(\frac{y}{e} + 1\right)}{y} = \left[t = \frac{y}{e}, y \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0 \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(t+1)}{te} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{e} \cdot \frac{\ln(t+1)}{t} =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{e} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(t+1)}{t} = \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(x+1)}{x} = 1 \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{e} \cdot 1 = \underline{e^{-1}}$$

(6.4.54)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \sin x)^{\frac{1}{\sin x}} = [1^\infty] = [y = \sin x, x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} (1 - y)^{\frac{1}{y}} = [t = -y, y \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (1 + t)^{\frac{1}{t}} = \left(\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (1 + t)^{\frac{1}{t}} \right)^{-1} =$$

$$= \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e \right] = \underline{e^{-1}}$$

(6.4.55)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x(\ln(x+3) - \ln x) = [\infty \cdot 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(x \cdot \ln\left(\frac{x+3}{x}\right) \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(x \cdot \ln\left(1 + \frac{3}{x}\right) \right) =$$

$$= \left[y = \frac{1}{x}, x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0 \right] = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+3y)}{y} = [t = 3y, y \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+t)}{\frac{1}{3}} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+t)}{t} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} 3 =$$

$$= \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1 \right] = 1 \cdot 3 = \underline{3}$$

(6.4.59)

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 3x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [\sin x \sim x, x \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4}{3} = \underline{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot (e^x - 1)}{1 - \cos x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [e^x - 1 \sim x, 1 - \cos x \sim \frac{x^2}{2}]$$

$$x \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot x}{\frac{x^2}{2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{1} = \underline{2}$$

(6.4.60)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} 5x}{2x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [t = 5x, x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} t}{\frac{2}{5}t} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{5}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg}(t)}{t} =$$

$$= [\operatorname{tg} x \sim x, x \rightarrow 0] = \frac{5}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{t} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} 1 = \underline{\frac{5}{2}}$$

6.4.61

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+2x)}{\arcsin 3x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [\ln(1+x) \sim x, \arcsin x \sim x, x \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x}{3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{3} = \underline{\frac{2}{3}}$$

6.4.62

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{\ln(1-6x)} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [e^x - 1 \sim x, \ln(1+x) \sim x, x \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x}{-6x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{-3} = \underline{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

6.4.63

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{7^x - 1}{3^x - 1} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [a^x - 1 \sim x \cdot \ln a, x \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot \ln 7}{x \cdot \ln 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln 7}{\ln 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_3 7 = \underline{\log_3 7}$$

6.4.64

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+7x} - 1}{x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = [\sqrt{1+x} - 1 \sim \frac{x}{2}, x \rightarrow 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{7x}{2}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{7}{2} = \underline{\frac{7}{2} = 3,5}$$

(6.4.65)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(x-2)}{x^2-2x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x} \cdot$$

$$\cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(x-2)}{x-2} = [t=x-2, x \rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(t)}{t} = [\operatorname{arctg} x \sim x, x \rightarrow 0] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{t}{t} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} 1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = \underline{0,5}$$