

Системы линейных алгебраических уравнений.

2.1.32

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_2 = 1 \\ 2x_1 - 2x_2 = 5 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 5 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{II - 2I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = 1 \\ r(A|B) = 2 \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow r(A) < r(A|B) \Rightarrow \text{сист. несовместна} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \text{решений нет.} \end{array} \right.$$

Ответ: система несовместна, решений нет.

2.1.33

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 5 \\ 6x + 4y = 10 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 6 & 4 & 10 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{II - 2 \cdot I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совместна} \\ n = 2 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{сист.} \\ \Rightarrow \text{неопредел.} \end{array} \right.$$

$r = 1 \Rightarrow$  одна л. перешк.;

$$n-r = 2-1 = 1 \Rightarrow \text{одна своб. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{11}| = |3| = 3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x\text{-м. перемен.}$$

$y$ -своб. перемен.

$$3x + 2y = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5-2y}{3}$$

$$] y = t, \text{ тогда } x = \frac{5-2t}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{общ. реш.: } \left( \frac{5-2t}{3}; t \right)$$

$$] t = 1, \text{ тогда: } (1; 1) - \text{частное решение}$$

Ответ: сист. совм., неопределенна

$$\text{Общ. реш.: } \left( \frac{5-2t}{3}; t \right)$$

$$\text{Част. реш.: } (1; 1)$$



2.1.34

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 = 3 \\ -2x_1 + 3x_2 = 0 \\ -2x_1 - 4x_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$



$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[\text{III}+2\text{I}]{\text{II}+2\text{I}} \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 7 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$



$$\begin{array}{l} r(A)=2 \\ r(A|B)=3 \end{array} \left| \Rightarrow r(A) < r(A|B) \Rightarrow \text{сист. несовместна} \Rightarrow \right. \\ \left. \Rightarrow \text{решений нет} \right.$$

Ответ: система несовместна,  
решений нет.

(2.1.35)

$$\begin{cases} x - \sqrt{3}y = 1 \\ \sqrt{3}x - 3y = \sqrt{3} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}x + y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -\sqrt{3} & 1 \\ \sqrt{3} & -3 & \sqrt{3} \\ -\sqrt{3}/3 & 1 & -\sqrt{3}/3 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{II - \sqrt{3}I \\ III + I}} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -\sqrt{3} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n=2 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \left| \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \right.$$

$r=1 \Rightarrow$  одна з. перем.

$n-r=2-1=1 \Rightarrow$  одна свод. перем.

$$|a_{11}| = |1| = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x - \text{з. перем.}$$

$y$  - свод. перем.

$$x - \sqrt{3}y = 1$$

$$x = 1 + \sqrt{3}y$$

$$] y = t, \text{ тогда } x = 1 + \sqrt{3}t$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{общ. реш.: } (1 + t\sqrt{3}; t)$$

$$] t = \sqrt{3}, \text{ тогда: } (4; \sqrt{3}) - \text{частное реш.}$$

Ответ: сист. совместна, неопределенна

$$\text{Общ. реш.: } (1 + t\sqrt{3}; t)$$

$$\text{Частн. реш.: } (4; \sqrt{3})$$

2.1. 36

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = -5 \\ 2x + 3y = 4 \\ -x + \frac{1}{3}y = \frac{5}{3} \\ x + 1,5y = 2 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & -1 & -5 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 1 & 1,5 & 2 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ 3\text{II} - 2\text{I} \\ \text{III} + \frac{1}{3}\text{I} \\ \text{IV} - \frac{1}{3}\text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 11 & 22 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$



$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 2 \Rightarrow r = n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{система} \\ \text{определенная} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = -5 \\ 11y = 22 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 3x - y = -5 \\ y = 2 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = -1 \\ y = 2 \end{cases}$$

Ответ: система совм., определ.

о.р. = з.р. :  $(-1; 2)$

2.1. 37

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y + 2z = 8 \\ 2x - 4y - 3z = -1 \\ x + 5y + z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 2 & 8 \\ 2 & -4 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 3 \text{ II} - 2 \text{ I} \\ 3 \text{ III} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 2 & 8 \\ 0 & -20 & -13 & -19 \\ 0 & 11 & 1 & -8 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ 20 \text{ IV} + 11 \text{ III} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 2 & 8 \\ 0 & -20 & -13 & -19 \\ 0 & 0 & -123 & -369 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r = n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. определ.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y + 2z = 8 \\ -20y - 13z = -19 \\ -123z = -369 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 2 \\ -20y = 20 \\ z = 3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = 2 \\ y = -1 \\ z = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$O.p. = \chi.p. = (2; -1; 3)$$

Ответ: система совм., определен.

$$O.p. = \chi.p. : (2; -1; 3)$$

2.1.38

$$\begin{cases} -x + y - 3z = 5 \\ 3x - y - z = 2 \\ 2x + y - 9z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 1 & -3 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -9 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ II + 3I \\ III + 2I \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 1 & -3 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & -10 & 17 \\ 0 & 3 & -15 & 10 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 2III - 3II \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 1 & -3 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & -10 & 17 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -31 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = 2 \\ r(A|B) = 3 \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow r(A) < r(A|B) \Rightarrow \text{сист. несовм.} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \text{решений нет} \end{array} \right.$$

Ответ: система несовместна,  
решений нет.



2.1.39

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ 3x + 4y - 2z = 0 \\ 3x - 2y + 4z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & -2 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 2\text{II} - 3\text{I} \\ 2\text{III} - 3\text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 11 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ 11 \cdot \text{III} + \text{II} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 120 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow n = r \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \Rightarrow \text{сист. опред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ 11y - z = 0 \\ 120z = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2x - y = 0 \\ 11y = 0 \\ z = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2x = 0 \\ y = 0 \\ z = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 0 \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow$  общ. реш., частн. реш.  $(0; 0; 0)$

Ответ: система совм., опред.

$$\text{о.р.} = \text{ч.р.} : (0; 0; 0)$$



2.1.40

$$\begin{cases} 3x + y - 5z = 0 \\ x - 2y - z = 0 \\ 2x + 3y - 4z = 0 \\ x + 5y - 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 3\text{II} - \text{I} \\ 3\text{III} - 2\text{I} \\ 3\text{IV} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & -7 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 14 & -4 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \text{III} + \text{II} \\ \text{IV} + 2\text{II} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & -7 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3, \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{сист.} \\ \text{неопред.} \end{array}$$

$r = 2 \Rightarrow$  две з. переменных

$n - r = 3 - 2 = 1 \Rightarrow$  одна свод. перемен.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11}' & a_{12}' \\ a_{21}' & a_{22}' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -7 \end{vmatrix} = -21 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x, y - \text{з. перемен.}$$

$z - \text{свод. перемен.}$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + y - 5z = 0 \\ -7y + 2z = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = (5z - \frac{2z}{7})/3 \\ y = \frac{2z}{7} \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{11z}{7} \\ y = \frac{2z}{7} \end{cases}$$

$$] z = t, \text{ тогда } \begin{cases} x = \frac{11t}{7} \\ y = \frac{2t}{7} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Общ. реш.} : \left( \frac{11t}{7}; \frac{2t}{7}; t \right)$$

$$] t = 0, \text{ тогда } (0; 0; 0) - \text{частное реш.}$$

Ответ: сист. совместна, неопред.

$$\text{Общ. реш.} : \left( \frac{11t}{7}; \frac{2t}{7}; t \right)$$

$$\text{Частн. реш.} : (0; 0; 0)$$

2.1.41

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 5 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 1 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 11 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 - x_3 = -5 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 11 \\ 3 & 4 & -1 & -5 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ 3 \cdot \text{II} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \\ 3 \cdot \text{III} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{IV} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & -1 & 7 & 23 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & -10 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 5 \cdot \text{IV} + \text{II} \\ 5 \cdot \text{IV} - 2 \cdot \text{II} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 36 & 108 \\ 0 & 0 & -12 & -36 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 3 \cdot \text{IV} + \text{III} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 36 & 108 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) \stackrel{3}{\Rightarrow} \text{сист. совм.} \quad \Bigg| \Rightarrow \text{сист. опреде.}$$

$$n=3 \Rightarrow r=n$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 5 \\ 5x_2 + x_3 = -7 \\ 30x_3 = 108 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{5 - x_3 - 2x_2}{3} \\ x_2 = \frac{-7 - x_3}{5} \\ x_3 = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 2 \\ x_2 = -2 \\ x_3 = 3 \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow$  общ. реш., частн. реш.  $(2; -2; 3)$

Ответ: сист. совм., опреде.

$$\text{о.р.} = \text{ч.р.} : (2; -2; 3)$$

2.1.42

$$\begin{cases} 2\sqrt{5}x_1 - x_2 + \sqrt{5}x_3 = 1 \\ 10x_1 - \sqrt{5}x_2 + 5x_3 = \sqrt{5} \\ -2x_1 + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}x_2 - x_3 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2\sqrt{5} & -1 & \sqrt{5} & 1 \\ 10 & -\sqrt{5} & 5 & \sqrt{5} \\ -2 & \sqrt{5}/5 & -1 & -1/\sqrt{5} \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{II} - \sqrt{5} \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} + 1/\sqrt{5} \cdot \text{I}}} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2\sqrt{5} & -1 & \sqrt{5} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$



$$\begin{array}{l|l} r(A) = r(B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} & \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r < n & \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array}$$

$$r = 1 \Rightarrow \text{одна зл. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 3 - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow \text{две свобод. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{ii}| = |2\sqrt{5}| = 2\sqrt{5} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$$x_2, x_3 - \text{своб. перемен.}$$

$$2\sqrt{5}x_1 - x_2 + \sqrt{5}x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1 = \frac{x_2 - \sqrt{5}x_3 + 1}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\text{Пусть } x_2 = t_1; x_3 = t_2, \text{ тогда } x_1 = \frac{t_1 - \sqrt{5}t_2 + 1}{2\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\text{Значит О.р.: } \left( \frac{t_1 - \sqrt{5}t_2 + 1}{2\sqrt{5}}, t_1, t_2 \right)$$

$$\text{Пусть } t_1 = 0; t_2 = 1 : \left( \frac{-5 + \sqrt{5}}{10}, 0, 1 \right) - \text{з.р.}$$

Ответ: сист. совместна, неопред.

$$\text{О.р.: } \left( \frac{t_1 - \sqrt{5}t_2 + 1}{2\sqrt{5}}, t_1, t_2 \right)$$

$$\text{з.р.: } \left( \frac{-5 + \sqrt{5}}{10}, 0, 1 \right)$$



2.1.43

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 3 \\ 6x_1 + 8x_2 + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 7 \\ 9x_1 + 12x_2 + 3x_3 + 10x_4 = 13 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 7 \\ 9 & 12 & 3 & 10 & 13 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{II} - 2\text{I} \\ \text{III} - 3\text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 4 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{IV} - 4\text{II} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 4 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow \text{сист. неспр.}$$

$$r = 2 \Rightarrow \text{две зл. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 4 - 2 = 2 \Rightarrow \text{две свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{23} & a_{24} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_3, x_4 - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$$x_1, x_2 - \text{свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 + 2 = 3 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_3 = 1 - 3x_1 - 4x_2 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$] x_1 = t_1, x_2 = t_2 \Rightarrow x_3 = 1 - 3t_1 - 4t_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{другие переменные: } (t_1; t_2; 1 - 3t_1 - 4t_2; 1)$$

$$] t_1 = -1; t_2 = 2$$

$$\text{Значит: } \text{з.п.} = (-1; 2; -4; 1)$$



Ответ: сист. совм., неопределенная

$$\text{о.р.: } (t_1; t_2; 1-3t_1-4t_2; 1)$$

$$\text{з.р.: } (-1; 2; -4; 1)$$

2.1.44

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 + 3x_4 = 4 \\ x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 + 0 \cdot x_4 = 0 \\ 3x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 2 \\ 2x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 3 \\ x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 - 3x_4 = -3 \end{cases}$$

$$\square \quad (A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & -3 & -3 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 2 \cdot \text{II} - \text{I} \\ 2 \cdot \text{III} - 3 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{IV} - \text{I} \\ 2 \cdot \text{V} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -3 & -4 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & -11 & -8 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & -9 & -10 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{III} + 3 \cdot \text{II} \\ \text{IV} + \text{II} \\ \text{V} - \text{II} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -10 & -20 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -5 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 & -6 & -6 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 10 \cdot \text{IV} - 3 \cdot \text{III} \\ 5 \cdot \text{V} + 6 \cdot \text{III} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -10 & -20 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -150 & -150 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{V} - 30 \cdot \text{IV} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -10 & -20 & -20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -5 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} r(A) = r(A|B) = 4 &\Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 4 &\Rightarrow n = r \end{aligned} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. опред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_4 = 4 \\ x_2 - 4x_3 - 3x_4 = -4 \\ -10x_3 - 20x_4 = -20 \\ -5x_4 = -5 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_4 = 4 \\ x_2 - 4x_3 - 3x_4 = -4 \\ x_3 + 20x_4 = 20 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 = 1 \\ x_2 - 4x_3 = -1 \\ x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 = 1 \\ x_2 = -1 \\ x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 1 \\ x_2 = -1 \\ x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

Ответ: сист. совм., определена

$$\text{о.р.} = \text{з.р.} : (1; -1; 0; 1).$$

2.1.45

$$\begin{cases} 45x_1 - 28x_2 + 34x_3 - 52x_4 = 9 \\ 36x_1 - 23x_2 + 29x_3 - 43x_4 = 3 \\ 35x_1 - 21x_2 + 28x_3 - 45x_4 = 16 \\ 47x_1 - 32x_2 + 36x_3 - 48x_4 = -17 \\ 27x_1 - 19x_2 + 22x_3 - 35x_4 = 6 \end{cases}$$





$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 45 & -28 & 34 & -52 & 9 \\ 36 & -23 & 29 & -43 & 3 \\ 35 & -21 & 28 & -45 & 16 \\ 47 & -32 & 36 & -48 & -17 \\ 27 & -19 & 22 & -35 & 6 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 15 \text{ II} - 12 \text{ I} \\ 9 \text{ III} - 7 \text{ I} \\ 45 \text{ IV} - 47 \text{ I} \\ 5 \text{ V} - 3 \text{ I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 45 & -28 & 34 & -52 & 9 \\ 0 & -9 & 27 & -21 & -63 \\ 0 & 7 & 14 & -41 & 81 \\ 0 & -124 & 22 & 284 & -1123 \\ 0 & -11 & 8 & -19 & 3 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 9 \cdot \text{III} + 7 \cdot \text{II} \\ 9 \text{ IV} - 124 \text{ II} \\ 9 \text{ V} - 11 \text{ II} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 45 & -28 & 34 & -52 & 9 \\ 0 & -9 & 27 & -21 & -63 \\ 0 & 0 & 315 & -516 & 288 \\ 0 & 0 & -3150 & 5160 & -2880 \\ 0 & 0 & -225 & 60 & 720 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{IV} \leftrightarrow \text{V} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 45 & -28 & 34 & -52 & 9 \\ 0 & -9 & 27 & -21 & -63 \\ 0 & 0 & 315 & -516 & 288 \\ 0 & 0 & -225 & 60 & 720 \\ 0 & 0 & -3150 & 5160 & -2880 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 315 \text{ IV} + 225 \text{ III} \\ \text{V} + 10 \text{ III} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 45 & -28 & 34 & -52 & 9 \\ 0 & -9 & 27 & -21 & -63 \\ 0 & 0 & 315 & -516 & 288 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -97200 & 291600 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 4 \Rightarrow \text{уст. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{уст. определена} \\ n=4 \Rightarrow n=r \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 45x_1 - 28x_2 + 34x_3 - 52x_4 = 9 \\ -9x_2 + 27x_3 - 21x_4 = -63 \\ 315x_3 - 516x_4 = 288 \\ -97200x_4 = 291600 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 45x_1 - 28x_2 + 34x_3 = -147 \\ -9x_2 + 27x_3 = -126 \\ 315x_3 = -1260 \\ x_4 = -3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 45x_1 - 28x_2 = -11 \\ -9x_2 = -18 \\ x_3 = -4 \\ x_4 = -3 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 45x_1 = 45 \\ x_2 = 2 \\ x_3 = -4 \\ x_4 = -3 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 = 1 \\ x_2 = 2 \\ x_3 = -4 \\ x_4 = -3 \end{cases}$$

Ответ: сист. совп., определена

О.р. = з.р. : (1; 2; -4; -3)

2.1.46

$$\begin{cases} 6x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 2x_4 + 3x_5 = 1 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 + x_4 + 2x_5 = 3 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4 + 0 \cdot x_5 = -7 \\ 9x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 + 2x_5 = 2 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 6 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ 9 & 6 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 2\text{II} - \text{I} \\ 2\text{III} - \text{I} \\ 2\text{IV} - 3\text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 6 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -9 & 0 & -3 & -15 \\ 0 & 0 & -13 & 0 & -5 & 1 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{III} + 3\text{II} \\ 3\text{IV} + 13\text{II} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 6 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 68 \end{array} \right) \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{IV} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 6 & 4 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 68 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$



$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{сист.} \\ \text{неопред.} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow$$

$$n=5 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r=3 \Rightarrow \text{много л. перемен.}$$

$$n-r=5-3=2 \Rightarrow \text{две свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ a_{23} & a_{24} & a_{25} \\ a_{33} & a_{34} & a_{35} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 + 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 0 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 -$$

$$- 2 \cdot 3 \cdot (-2) - 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 - 0 + 12 - 0 = 12 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x_3, x_4, x_5 - \text{з. перемен.}$$

$$x_1, x_2 - \text{свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 6x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 2x_4 + 3x_5 = 1 \\ 3x_3 + x_5 = 5 \\ -2x_5 = 68 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 6x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 2x_4 = 103 \\ 3x_3 = 39 \\ x_5 = -34 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 6x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_4 = 38 \\ x_3 = 13 \\ x_5 = -34 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_4 = 19 - 2x_2 - 3x_1 \\ x_3 = 13 \\ x_5 = -34 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = t_1; x_2 = t_2, \text{ тогда } x_4 = 19 - 2t_2 - 3t_1$$

$$\text{Значит общ. реш.: } (t_1; t_2; 13; 19 - 2t_2 - 3t_1; -34)$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 = 1; t_2 = 2, \text{ тогда: } (1; 2; 13; 12; -34) - \text{част. реш.}$$

Ответ: сист. совм., неопределенна.

$$\text{О.р.: } (t_1; t_2; 13; 19 - 2t_2 - 3t_1; -34)$$

$$\text{З.р.: } (1; 2; 13; 12; -34)$$

2.1.47

$$\begin{cases} X_1 + X_2 + 3X_3 - 2X_4 + 3X_5 = 1 \\ 2X_1 + 2X_2 + 4X_3 - X_4 + 3X_5 = 2 \\ 3X_1 + 3X_2 + 5X_3 - 2X_4 + 3X_5 = 1 \\ 2X_1 + 2X_2 + 8X_3 - 3X_4 + 9X_5 = 2 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 & -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 5 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 8 & -3 & 9 & 2 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \text{II} - 2\text{I} \\ \text{III} - 3\text{I} \\ \text{IV} - 2\text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 4 & -6 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{II} - 2\text{II} \\ \text{IV} + \text{II} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \text{IV} + 2\text{III} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -4 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = 3 \\ r(A|B) = 4 \end{array} \Rightarrow r(A) < r(A|B) \Rightarrow \text{сист. несовм.} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \text{решений нет.}$$

Ответ: система несовместна,  
решений нет.



$$\textcircled{2.2.16} \quad f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

□

$$f(-2) = -8 : 4a - 2b + c = -8$$

$$f(1) = 4 : a + b + c = 4$$

$$f(2) = -4 : 4a + 2b + c = -4$$

⇓

$$\begin{cases} 4a - 2b + c = -8 \\ a + b + c = 4 \\ 4a + 2b + c = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$1) \quad AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + (-2) \cdot 1 \cdot 4 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-2) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 =$$

$$= 4 - 8 + 2 - 4 + 2 - 8 = -12 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 ; A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 ; A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 4 ; A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 ; A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -16$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -3 ; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -3 ; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 6$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & -16 \\ -3 & -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -2 & -16 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{-12} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \\ -2 & -16 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{12} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{12} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 4 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{8}{12} - \frac{4}{3} - 1 \\ 2 + 0 - 1 \\ -\frac{4}{3} + \frac{16}{3} + 2 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (-3; 1; 6)$$

$$2) D = \det A = -12$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} -8 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + (-2) \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) + 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- (-2) \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 2 = -8 + 8 + 8 + 4 + 8 + 16 = 36$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -8 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & -4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 + (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 4 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 -$$

$$- (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) = 16 - 32 - 4 - 16 + 8 + 16 = -12$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 & -8 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) + (-2) \cdot 4 \cdot 4 + (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 2 -$$

$$- (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-2) \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 = -16 - 32 - 16 + 32 -$$

$$- 8 - 32 = -72$$

$$X_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{36}{-12} = -3; X_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-12}{-12} = 1; X_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{-72}{-12} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow (-3; 1; 6)$$

$$\text{Antwort: } (-3; 1; 6)$$



$$\textcircled{2.2.17} \quad f(x) = a \cdot 3^x + b x^2 + c$$

□

$$f(0) = 2 : a + 0 \cdot b + c = 2$$

$$f(1) = -1 : 3a + b + c = -1$$

$$f(2) = 4 : 9a + 4b + c = 4$$

⇓

$$\begin{cases} a + 0 \cdot b + c = 2 \\ 3a + b + c = -1 \\ 9a + 4b + c = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$1) \quad AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 9 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 9 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 9 + 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 9 - 0 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 = 1 + 0 + 12 - 9 - 0 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow \nexists A^{-1}$$

$\Rightarrow$  этим способом решить нельзя

$$2) \quad D = \det A = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  этим способом решить нельзя.

Ответ: нельзя решить методом обратной матрицы или по формулам Крамера.

(2.2.18)

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_2 = 5 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - (-2) = 3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{22} & -a_{12} \\ -a_{21} & a_{11} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 \\ -2/3 & 1/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 \\ -2/3 & 1/3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5/3 + 1/3 \\ -10/3 + 1/3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (2; -3)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 3$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 5 - (-1) = 6$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - 10 = -9$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{6}{3} = 2;$$

$$\Rightarrow (2; -3)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-9}{3} = -3;$$

Antwort:  $(2; -3)$





2.2.19

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - \sqrt{5}x_2 = 0 \\ 2\sqrt{5}x_1 - 5x_2 = -10 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{5} \\ 2\sqrt{5} & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{5} \\ 2\sqrt{5} & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -5 + 10 = 5 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{22} & -a_{12} \\ -a_{21} & a_{11} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -5 & \sqrt{5} \\ -2\sqrt{5} & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & \sqrt{5}/5 \\ -2\sqrt{5}/5 & 1/5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \\ -\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} & \frac{1}{5} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\sqrt{5} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (-2\sqrt{5}; -2)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 5$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -\sqrt{5} \\ -10 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -10\sqrt{5}; \quad D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2\sqrt{5} & -10 \end{vmatrix} = -10$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{-10\sqrt{5}}{5} = -2\sqrt{5};$$
$$\Rightarrow (-2\sqrt{5}; -2)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-10}{5} = -2;$$

Antwort:  $(-2\sqrt{5}; -2)$

2.2.20

$$\begin{cases} dx - y = 2 \\ 2x + dy = 1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} d & -1 \\ 2 & d \end{vmatrix} = d^2 + 2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{22} & -a_{12} \\ -a_{21} & a_{11} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{d^2+2} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} d & 1 \\ -2 & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{d}{d^2+2} & \frac{1}{d^2+2} \\ \frac{-2}{d^2+2} & \frac{d}{d^2+2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{d}{d^2+2} & \frac{1}{d^2+2} \\ \frac{-2}{d^2+2} & \frac{d}{d^2+2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2d+1}{d^2+2} \\ \frac{d-4}{d^2+2} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{2d+1}{d^2+2}, \frac{d-4}{d^2+2} \right)$$

$$2) D = \det A = d^2 + 2$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & d \end{vmatrix} = 2d + 1; \quad D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} d & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = d - 4;$$

$$X_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{2d+1}{d^2+2} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{2d+1}{d^2+2}, \frac{d-4}{d^2+2} \right)$$

$$X_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{d-4}{d^2+2}$$

$$\text{Ombem: } \left( \frac{2d+1}{d^2+2}, \frac{d-4}{d^2+2} \right)$$





2.2.21

$$\begin{cases} ax + 3by = 1 \\ bx + 3ay = 1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} a & 3b \\ b & 3a \end{vmatrix} = 3a^2 - 3b^2$$

Если  $3a^2 - 3b^2 = 0$ ;  $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ ;  $|a| = |b|$ , тогда  $\nexists A^{-1} \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow$  этим способом решить СЛАУ невозможно

Если  $|a| \neq |b|$ :

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{22} & -a_{12} \\ -a_{21} & a_{11} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3(a^2 - b^2)} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3a & -3b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a}{a^2 - b^2} & \frac{-b}{a^2 - b^2} \\ \frac{-b}{3(a^2 - b^2)} & \frac{a}{3(a^2 - b^2)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a}{a^2 - b^2} & \frac{-b}{a^2 - b^2} \\ \frac{-b}{3a^2 - 3b^2} & \frac{a}{3a^2 - 3b^2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a-b}{(a-b)(a+b)} \\ \frac{a-b}{3(a-b)(a+b)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{a+b} \\ \frac{1}{3a+3b} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{1}{a+b} ; \frac{1}{3a+3b} \right)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 3a^2 - 3b^2$$

Если  $|a| = |b| \Rightarrow \det A = 0 \Rightarrow D = 0 \Rightarrow$  этим способом решить СЛАУ невозможно

Если  $|a| \neq |b|$ :

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3a \\ 1 & 3b \end{vmatrix} = 3a - 3b; \quad D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 \\ b & 1 \end{vmatrix} = a - b$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{3a - 3b}{3a^2 - 3b^2} = \frac{1}{a+b} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{1}{a+b}; \frac{1}{3a+3b} \right)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{a-b}{3a^2 - 3b^2} = \frac{1}{3a+3b}$$

Answer:  $\left( \frac{1}{a+b}; \frac{1}{3a+3b} \right), |a| \neq |b|$

2.2.22

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 8 \\ 4x + 5y + 6z = 19 \\ 7x + 8y + 0z = 1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 8 - 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 - 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 = 0 + 84 + 96 - 105 - 0 - 48 = 27 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 8 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -48; \quad A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 7 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 42; \quad A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 7 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -3$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 8 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 24; \quad A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -21; \quad A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 7 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 6$$



$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = -3; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = +6; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = -3$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -48 & 42 & -3 \\ 24 & -21 & 6 \\ -3 & 6 & -3 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -48 & 24 & -3 \\ 42 & -21 & 6 \\ -3 & 6 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{27} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -48 & 24 & -3 \\ 42 & -21 & 6 \\ -3 & 6 & -3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -16/9 & 8/9 & -1/9 \\ 14/9 & -7/9 & 2/9 \\ -1/9 & 2/9 & -1/9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} -16/9 & 8/9 & -1/9 \\ 14/9 & -7/9 & 2/9 \\ -1/9 & 2/9 & -1/9 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 19 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 23/9 \\ -19/9 \\ 29/9 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{23}{9}, -\frac{19}{9}, \frac{29}{9} \right)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 27$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 2 & 3 \\ 19 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 8 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 8 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 19 \cdot 8 - 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 1 - 2 \cdot 19 \cdot 0 -$$

$$- 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 = 0 + 12 + 456 - 15 - 0 - 384 = 69$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 8 & 3 \\ 4 & 19 & 6 \\ 7 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 19 \cdot 0 + 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 19 \cdot 7 - 8 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 -$$

$$- 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 = 0 + 336 + 12 - 399 - 0 - 6 = -57$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 8 \\ 4 & 5 & 19 \\ 7 & 8 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 19 \cdot 7 + 8 \cdot 4 \cdot 8 - 8 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 - 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- 1 \cdot 19 \cdot 8 = 5 + 266 + 256 - 280 - 8 - 152 = 87$$

$$x = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{69}{27} = \frac{23}{9}; y = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-57}{27} = -\frac{19}{9}; z = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{87}{27} = \frac{29}{9} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{23}{9}, -\frac{19}{9}, \frac{29}{9} \right)$$

$$\text{Ombem: } \left( \frac{23}{9}, -\frac{19}{9}, \frac{29}{9} \right)$$

2.2.23

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 4 \\ 2x_1 + 6x_2 + 4x_3 = -6 \\ 3x_1 + 10x_2 + 8x_3 = -8 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 & 4 \\ 3 & 10 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 10 - 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 8 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 10 = 48 + 24 + 60 - 54 - 32 - 40 = 6 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 4 \\ 10 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 8; A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -4; A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 2;$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 10 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 14; A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = -1; A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = -4;$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = -10; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 2; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = 2;$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -4 & 2 \\ 14 & -1 & -4 \\ -10 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 14 & -10 \\ -4 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 14 & -10 \\ -4 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4/3 & 7/3 & -5/3 \\ -2/3 & -1/6 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & -2/3 & 1/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 4/3 & 7/3 & -5/3 \\ -2/3 & -1/6 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & -2/3 & 1/3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 14/3 \\ -13/3 \\ 8/3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{14}{3}, -\frac{13}{3}, \frac{8}{3} \right)$$



$$2) D = \det A = 6$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ -6 & 6 & 4 \\ -8 & 10 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot (-8) + 3 \cdot (-6) \cdot 10 -$$

$$- 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-8) - 2 \cdot (-6) \cdot 8 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 10 = 192 - 64 - 180 +$$

$$+ 144 + 96 - 160 = 28$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & -6 & 4 \\ 3 & -8 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (-6) \cdot 8 + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot (-8) - 3 \cdot (-6) \cdot 3 -$$

$$- 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 8 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-8) = -48 + 48 - 48 + 54 - 64 + 32 = -26$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & -6 \\ 3 & 10 & -8 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 6 \cdot (-8) + 2 \cdot 3 \cdot (-6) + 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 10 -$$

$$- 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-8) - 1 \cdot (-6) \cdot 10 = -48 - 36 + 80 - 72 + 32 +$$

$$+ 60 = 16$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{28}{6} = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-26}{6} = -\frac{13}{3} \quad \Rightarrow \left( \frac{14}{3}; -\frac{13}{3}; \frac{8}{3} \right)$$

$$x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{16}{6} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\text{Ansver: } \left( \frac{14}{3}; -\frac{13}{3}; \frac{8}{3} \right)$$

2.2.24

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y + z = 1 \\ 6x + 5y + 4z = -2 \\ 9x + 8y + 7z = 3 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 9 & 8 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 9 + 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 - 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 9 - 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 8 = 105 + 72 + 48 - 45 - 84 - 96 = 0 \Rightarrow \nexists A^{-1} \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow$  этим способом решить нельзя

$$2) D = \det A = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  этим способом решить нельзя

Ответ: нельзя решить методом обратной матрицы или по формулам Крамера.





2.2.25

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y + z = -8 \\ 2x + 3y + z = -3 \\ 2x + y + 3z = -1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 27 + 4 + 2 - 6 - 12 - 3 = 12 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 8; A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -4; A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -5; A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 7; A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -1; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 5$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -4 & -4 \\ -5 & 7 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -5 & -1 \\ -4 & 7 & -1 \\ -4 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{12} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -5 & -1 \\ -4 & 7 & -1 \\ -4 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8/12 & -5/12 & -1/12 \\ -4/12 & 7/12 & -1/12 \\ -4/12 & 1/12 & 5/12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 8/12 & -5/12 & -1/12 \\ -4/12 & 7/12 & -1/12 \\ -4/12 & 1/12 & 5/12 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -48/12 \\ 12/12 \\ 24/12 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (-4; 1; 2)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 12$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} -8 & 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (-8) \cdot 3 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) + 1 \cdot (-3) \cdot 1 -$$

$$- 1 \cdot 3 \cdot (-1) - 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot 3 - (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = -72 - 2 - 3 + 3 +$$

$$+ 18 + 8 = -48$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -8 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot (-3) \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) + (-8) \cdot 1 \cdot 2 -$$

$$- 1 \cdot (-3) \cdot 2 - (-8) \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) = -27 - 2 - 16 + 6 +$$

$$+ 48 + 3 = 12$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 & -8 \\ 2 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot (-1) + 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot 2 + (-8) \cdot 2 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- (-8) \cdot 3 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) - 3 \cdot (-3) \cdot 1 = -9 - 12 - 16 +$$

$$+ 48 + 4 + 9 = 24$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{-48}{12} = -4$$

$$x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{12}{12} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow (-4; 1; 2)$$

$$x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{24}{12} = 2$$

Answer:  $(-4; 1; 2)$



2.2.26

$$\begin{cases} ax + by + z = 1 \\ x + aby + z = b \\ x + by + az = 1 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} a & b & 1 \\ 1 & ab & 1 \\ 1 & b & a \end{vmatrix} = a \cdot ab \cdot a + b \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + b \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - ab \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - b \cdot 1 \cdot a - a \cdot 1 \cdot b = a^3b - 3ab + 2b$$

$$a^3b - 3ab + 2b = b(a^3 - 3a + 2) = b \cdot (a+2)(a-1)^2$$

Если  $a^3b - 3ab + 2b = 0$ ;  $a = -2$  или  $a = 1$  или  $b = 0$ , тогда  $\nexists A^{-1}$

$\Rightarrow$  эти случаи решить СЛАУ невозможно.

Если  $b \neq 0$ ;  $a \neq -2$ ;  $a \neq 1$ :

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} ab & 1 \\ b & a \end{vmatrix} = a^2b - b; A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & a \end{vmatrix} = -a + 1; A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & ab \\ 1 & b \end{vmatrix} = b - ab;$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} b & 1 \\ b & a \end{vmatrix} = b - ba; A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 \\ 1 & a \end{vmatrix} = a^2 - 1; A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ 1 & b \end{vmatrix} = b - ab;$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} b & 1 \\ ab & 1 \end{vmatrix} = b - ab; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - a; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ 1 & ab \end{vmatrix} = a^2b - b.$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a^2b - b & 1 - a & b - ab \\ b - ba & a^2 - 1 & b - ab \\ b - ba & 1 - a & a^2b - b \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} a^2b - b & b - ba & b - ab \\ 1 - a & a^2 - 1 & 1 - a \\ b - ab & b - ab & a^2b - b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{a^3b - 3ab + 2b} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a^2b - b & -ab + b & -ab + b \\ 1 - a & a^2 - 1 & -a + 1 \\ -ab + b & -ab + b & a^2b - b \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} \\ \frac{-1}{a^2b+ab-2b} & \frac{a+1}{a^2b+ab-2b} & \frac{-1}{a^2b+ab-2b} \\ \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{a+1}{a^2+a-2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} \\ \frac{-1}{a^2b+ab-2b} & \frac{a+1}{a^2b+ab-2b} & \frac{-1}{a^2b+ab-2b} \\ \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{-1}{a^2+a-2} & \frac{a+1}{a^2+a-2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ b \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2} \\ \frac{ab+b-2}{a^2b+ab-2b} \\ \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2}, \frac{ab+b-2}{a^2b+ab-2b}, \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2} \right)$$

$$2) D = \det A = a^3b - 3ab + 2b$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & b & 1 \\ b & ab & 1 \\ 1 & b & a \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot ab \cdot a + b \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot b \cdot b - 1 \cdot ab \cdot 1 -$$

$$- b \cdot b \cdot a - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot b = a^2b + b^2 - ab - ab^2$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & b & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & a \end{vmatrix} = a \cdot b \cdot a + 1 + 1 - b - a - a = a^2b - 2a - b + 2$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} a & b & 1 \\ 1 & ab & b \\ 1 & b & 1 \end{vmatrix} = a \cdot ab \cdot 1 + b \cdot b \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot b - 1 \cdot ab \cdot 1 - b \cdot 1 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- a \cdot b \cdot b = a^2b + b^2 - ab - ab^2$$



$$X = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{a^2b + b^2 - ab - ab^2}{a^3b - 3ab + 2b} = \frac{b(a-1)(a-b)}{b(a+2)(a-1)^2} = \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2}$$

$$Y = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{a^2b - 2a - b + 2}{a^3b - 3ab + 2b} = \frac{(a-1)(ab+b-2)}{b(a+2)(a-1)^2} = \frac{ab+b-2}{a^2b+ab-2b}$$

$$Z = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{a^2b + b^2 - ab - ab^2}{a^3b - 3ab + 2b} = \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2}, \frac{ab+b-2}{a^2b+ab-2b}, \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2} \right)$$

Answer:  $\left( \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2}, \frac{ab+b-2}{a^2b+ab-2b}, \frac{a-b}{a^2+a-2} \right), a \neq 1, -2; b \neq 0$

2.2.27

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 + 8x_4 = 0 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 - 6x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 3x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 - 2x_4 = 0 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 0 \cdot x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 4 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -6 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 8 \\ 3 & -6 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + (-1) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 1 & -6 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} -$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -2 \cdot (12 - 16 + 48 - 96 - 4 + 24) + (-1) \cdot (24 + 24 + \\ & + 16 + 144 - 8 + 8) - 2 \cdot (-12 + 6 - 16 - 72 + 8 + 2) = \\ & = -2 \cdot (-32) + (-1) \cdot 208 - 2 \cdot (-84) = 64 - 208 + 168 = 24 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} & A_{14} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{23} & A_{24} \\ A_{31} & A_{32} & A_{33} & A_{34} \\ A_{41} & A_{42} & A_{43} & A_{44} \end{pmatrix}^T = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{21} & A_{31} & A_{41} \\ A_{12} & A_{22} & A_{32} & A_{42} \\ A_{13} & A_{23} & A_{33} & A_{43} \\ A_{14} & A_{24} & A_{34} & A_{44} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{21} & A_{31} & A_{41} \\ A_{12} & A_{22} & A_{32} & A_{42} \\ A_{13} & A_{23} & A_{33} & A_{43} \\ A_{14} & A_{24} & A_{34} & A_{44} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (0; 0; 0; 0)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 24$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \text{ (нулевой столбец)}$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 & 8 \\ 1 & 0 & -6 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \text{ (нулевой столбец)}$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \text{ (нулевой столбец)}$$

$$D_4 = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -6 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \text{ (нулевой столбец)}$$



$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{0}{24} = 0; x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{0}{24} = 0; x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{0}{24} = 0; x_4 = \frac{D_4}{D} = \frac{0}{24} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (0, 0, 0, 0)$$

Antwort:  $(0, 0, 0, 0)$ .



2.2.28

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + 4x_4 = -13 \\ -x_1 + 0x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = -1 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 0x_4 = 11 \\ 5x_1 + 6x_2 + 7x_3 - 2x_4 = 19 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} -$$

$$-4 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 = 3 \cdot (2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) +$$

$$+ 0 \cdot 7 \cdot 4 + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 6 - 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 0 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 2) - 4 \cdot (1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) +$$

$$+ (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - (-1) \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2)) +$$

$$+ 5 \cdot (1 \cdot 0 \cdot (-2) + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 6 \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 - 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- (-1) \cdot 2 \cdot (-2)) = 3 \cdot (-92) - 4 \cdot (-88) + 5 \cdot (-20) = -276 - (-352) + 100 =$$

$$= -24 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot 5 \cdot (-2) + 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 2 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 = 4$$

$$A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -((-1) \cdot 5 \cdot (-2) + 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 0 \cdot (-1)) = -8$$

$$A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) + 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 2 - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - 0 \cdot 6 \cdot (-1) - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot (-2) = 4$$

$$A_{14} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = -((-1) \cdot 4 \cdot 7 + 0 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot 7 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot (-1)) = 0$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -(2 \cdot 5 \cdot (-2) + (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 0 \cdot 2) = 52$$

$$A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 5 \cdot (-2) + 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 4 + (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot 5 - 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = -44$$

$$A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot (-2) - 6 \cdot 0 \cdot 1) = 4$$

$$A_{24} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-3) - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot (-3) - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 1 = 12$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 6 + 7 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 - 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = -92$$

$$A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-3) \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 1) = 88$$



$$A_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 \cdot (-2) + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + 6 \cdot (-1) \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 -$$

$$-2 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2) - 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 = -20$$

$$A_{34} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 \cdot 0 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 6 \cdot (-3) - 5 \cdot 0 \cdot (-3) -$$

$$-2 \cdot (-1) \cdot 7 - 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 1) = -36$$

$$A_{41} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -(2 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 -$$

$$-0 \cdot (-3) \cdot 0 - 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2) = 60$$

$$A_{42} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 + (-1) \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 -$$

$$-(-3) \cdot (-1) \cdot 0 - 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = -60$$

$$A_{43} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -(1 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 + (-1) \cdot 4 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 -$$

$$-(-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 0) = 12$$

$$A_{44} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 4 \cdot (-3) + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 0 \cdot (-3) -$$

$$-(-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 5 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 24$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 & 4 & 0 \\ 52 & -44 & 4 & 12 \\ -92 & 88 & -20 & -36 \\ 60 & -60 & 12 & 24 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 52 & -92 & 60 \\ -8 & -44 & 38 & -60 \\ 4 & 4 & -20 & 12 \\ 0 & 12 & -36 & 24 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = -\frac{1}{24} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 52 & -92 & 60 \\ -8 & -44 & 38 & -60 \\ 4 & 4 & -20 & 12 \\ 0 & 12 & -36 & 24 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/6 & -13/6 & 23/6 & -5/2 \\ 1/3 & 11/6 & -11/6 & 5/2 \\ -1/6 & -1/6 & 5/6 & -1/2 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 3/2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot \beta = \begin{pmatrix} -1/6 & -13/6 & 23/6 & -5/2 \\ 1/3 & 11/6 & -11/6 & 5/2 \\ -1/6 & -1/6 & 5/6 & -1/2 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 3/2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -13 \\ -1 \\ 11 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{6} \cdot (-13) + (-\frac{13}{6}) \cdot (-1) + \frac{23}{8} \cdot 11 + (-\frac{5}{2}) \cdot 19 \\ \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-13) + \frac{11}{6} \cdot (-1) + (-\frac{11}{3}) \cdot 11 + \frac{7}{2} \cdot 19 \\ (-\frac{1}{6}) \cdot (-13) + (-\frac{1}{6}) \cdot (-1) + \frac{5}{8} \cdot 11 + (-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot 19 \\ 0 \cdot (-13) + (-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot (-1) + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 11 + (-1) \cdot 19 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (-1; 1; 2; -2)$$

$$2) D = \det A = -24$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} -13 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 11 & 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 19 & 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -(-1) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 0 -$$

$$-1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -13 & 2 & 4 \\ 11 & 4 & 0 \\ 19 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -13 & 2 & -3 \\ 11 & 4 & 5 \\ 19 & 6 & 7 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= -((-1) \cdot (2 \cdot 5 \cdot (-2) + (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 0 \cdot 2)) - 1 \cdot ((-13) \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) + 6 \cdot 11 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 19 - 19 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 - 6 \cdot 0 \cdot (-13) - 11 \cdot 2 \cdot (-2)) + 2 \cdot ((-13) \cdot 4 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 19 + 11 \cdot 6 \cdot (-3) - 19 \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) - 11 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot (-13)) = -(52) - 1 \cdot 108 + 2 \cdot 92 =$$

$$= -52 - 108 + 184 = 24$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -13 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 11 & 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 19 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -13 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 19 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} -$$



$$-11 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 5 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -13 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 19 & -2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 =$$

$$= 3 \cdot ((-13) \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) + 2 \cdot (-3) \cdot 19 + (-1) \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 19 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot (-13) - (-1) \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2)) - 11 \cdot (1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) + (-3) \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 7 \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-1) \cdot (-3) \cdot (-2) - 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 1) + 5 \cdot (1 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2) + (-13) \cdot 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 19 \cdot 4 - 5 \cdot (-1) \cdot 4 - (-1) \cdot (-13) \cdot (-2) - 19 \cdot 2 \cdot 1) = 3 \cdot (-4) - 11 \cdot (-88) + 5 \cdot (-196) = -12 - (-968) - 980 = -12 + 968 - 980 = -24.$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -13 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 11 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & 19 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -13 & 4 \\ 4 & 11 & 0 \\ 6 & 19 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 \end{vmatrix} +$$

$$+ 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -13 \\ 3 & 4 & 11 \\ 5 & 6 & 19 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (2 \cdot 11 \cdot (-2) + 4 \cdot 19 \cdot 4 + (-13) \cdot 0 \cdot 6 - 6 \cdot 11 \cdot 4 - 19 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 - (-13) \cdot 4 \cdot (-2)) + 1 \cdot (1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-2) + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot (-2) - 6 \cdot 0 \cdot 1) + 2 \cdot (1 \cdot 4 \cdot 19 + 2 \cdot 11 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-13) - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot (-13) - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 19 - 6 \cdot 11 \cdot 1) = -108 - 4 + 64 = -48$$

$$D_4 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & -13 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 11 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 19 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & -13 \\ 4 & 5 & 11 \\ 6 & 7 & 19 \end{vmatrix} + 0 - 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -13 \\ 3 & 4 & 11 \\ 5 & 6 & 19 \end{vmatrix} -$$

$$- 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot (2 \cdot 5 \cdot 19 + (-3) \cdot 11 \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 7 \cdot (-13) - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot (-13) - 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot 19 - 7 \cdot 11 \cdot 2) - 1 \cdot (1 \cdot 4 \cdot 19 + 2 \cdot 11 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-13) - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot (-13) - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 19 - 6 \cdot 11 \cdot 1) - 1 \cdot (1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 + 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-3) - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot (-3) - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 1) = 92 - 32 - 12 = 48$$

$$X_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{24}{-24} = -1; X_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-24}{-24} = 1; X_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{-48}{-24} = 2; X_4 = \frac{D_4}{D} = \frac{48}{-24} = -2 \Rightarrow (-1; 1; 2; -2)$$

Ordnung:  $(-1; 1; 2; -2)$

2.2.29

$$\begin{cases} -X_1 + 4X_2 + 5X_3 - 4X_4 = -15 \\ X_1 + 2X_2 - 2X_3 + 4X_4 = 3 \\ 2X_1 + 6X_2 + X_3 + 0 \cdot X_4 = -6 \\ 3X_1 + 0 \cdot X_2 + X_3 + 2 \cdot X_4 = 11 \end{cases}$$

□

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-3) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 -$$

$$-1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-3) \cdot (4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 0 +$$

$$+ 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 4) -$$

$$-1 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 6 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 - 6 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1)) +$$

$$+ 2 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-1)) =$$

$$= (-3) \cdot 48 - 1 \cdot 48 + 2 \cdot (-24) = -144 - 48 - 48 = -240 \neq 0 \Rightarrow ]A^{-1}$$



$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + (-2) \cdot 0 \cdot 0 + 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 -$$

$$- 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 = 52$$

$$A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = - (1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + (-2) \cdot 0 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- 2 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2) = -6$$

$$A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 -$$

$$- 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = -68$$

$$A_{14} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = - (1 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot (-2) - 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-2) -$$

$$- 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 1) = -44$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = - (4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 + 6 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 4) = 76$$

$$A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) = -18$$

$$A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = - ((-1) \cdot 6 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 0 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot 6 \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 - 0 \cdot 0 \cdot (-1)) = -44$$

$$A_{24} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 6 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 - 3 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 -$$

$$- 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) = -92$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 0 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 = -60$$

$$A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = - ((-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) -$$

$$- 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1)) = -30$$

$$A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 0 \cdot (-4) -$$

$$-3 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 0 \cdot (-1) = 60$$

$$A_{34} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot$$

$$-1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-1)) = 60$$

$$A_{41} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -(4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 0 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot$$

$$(-4) - 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 0 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4) = -48$$

$$A_{42} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot 0 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \cdot$$

$$(-4) - 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1) = 24$$

$$A_{43} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) -$$

$$-1 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 - 6 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1)) = -48$$

$$A_{44} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-1) = -24$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 52 & -6 & -68 & -44 \\ 76 & -18 & -44 & -92 \\ -60 & -30 & 60 & 60 \\ -48 & 24 & -48 & -24 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 52 & 76 & -60 & -48 \\ -6 & -18 & -30 & 24 \\ -68 & -44 & 60 & -48 \\ -44 & -92 & 60 & -24 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = -\frac{1}{240} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 52 & 76 & -60 & -48 \\ -6 & -18 & -30 & 24 \\ -68 & -44 & 60 & -48 \\ -44 & -92 & 60 & -24 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -13/60 & -19/60 & 1/4 & 1/5 \\ 1/40 & 3/40 & 1/8 & -1/10 \\ 17/60 & 11/60 & -1/4 & 1/5 \\ 11/60 & 23/60 & -1/4 & 1/10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} -13/60 & -19/60 & 1/4 & 1/5 \\ 1/40 & 3/40 & 1/8 & -1/10 \\ 17/60 & 11/60 & -1/4 & 1/5 \\ 11/60 & 23/60 & -1/4 & 1/10 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -15 \\ 3 \\ -6 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} =$$



$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{13}{60} \cdot (-15) + \left(\frac{-19}{60}\right) \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-6) + \frac{1}{5} \cdot 11 \\ \frac{1}{40} \cdot (-15) + \frac{3}{40} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-6) + \left(\frac{-1}{10}\right) \cdot 11 \\ \frac{17}{60} \cdot (-15) + \frac{11}{60} \cdot 3 + \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot (-6) + \frac{1}{5} \cdot 11 \\ \frac{11}{60} \cdot (-15) + \frac{23}{60} \cdot 3 + \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot (-6) + \frac{1}{10} \cdot 11 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2) D = \det A = -240$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} -15 & 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 3 & 2 & -2 & 4 \\ -6 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-6) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 6 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -15 & 5 & -4 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 11 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} +$$

$$+ 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -15 & 4 & -4 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 11 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 = (-6) \cdot (4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)) -$$

$$- 0 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) - 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4) - 6 \cdot$$

$$\cdot ((-15) \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 11 + 3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)) - 11 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 -$$

$$- 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-15)) + 1 \cdot ((-15) \cdot 2 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 0 \cdot (-4) + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 11 - 11 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4)) -$$

$$- 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - 0 \cdot 4 \cdot (-15)) = (-6) \cdot (-60) - 6 \cdot 210 + 1 \cdot 180 =$$

$$= 360 - 1260 + 180 = -720$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -15 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & -6 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 11 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -15 & 5 & -4 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 11 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 6 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} +$$

$$+ 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -15 & -4 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 11 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 = 2 \cdot ((-15) \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 11 + 3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)) -$$

$$- 11 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-15)) +$$

$$+ 6 \cdot ((-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4) - 3 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1)) + 1 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 2 + (-15) \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 11 \cdot (-4) - \\ -3 \cdot 3 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot (-15) \cdot 2 - (-1) \cdot 4 \cdot 11) = 2 \cdot 210 + 6 \cdot 30 + \\ + 1 \cdot (-120) = 420 + 180 - 120 = 480$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -15 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & -6 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 11 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -15 & -4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 11 & 2 \end{vmatrix} -$$

$$-6 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -15 & -4 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 11 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 6 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 =$$

$$= 2 \cdot (4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 11 \cdot (-4) + 4 \cdot (-15) \cdot 0 - 0 \cdot 3 \cdot (-4) - \\ -2 \cdot (-15) \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot 11 \cdot 4) - 6 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 2 + (-15) \cdot 4 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 11 \cdot (-4) - \\ -3 \cdot 3 \cdot (-4) - 1 \cdot (-15) \cdot 2 - 11 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1)) - 6 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 0 \cdot (-4) + \\ + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4) - 0 \cdot 4 \cdot (-1) - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 2) = 2 \cdot (-180) - \\ -6 \cdot (-120) - 6 \cdot 60 = -360 + 720 - 360 = 0$$

$$D_4 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 & -15 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 & -6 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 11 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & -15 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 6 & 1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + 0 -$$

$$-1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & -15 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + 11 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 1 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= (-3) \cdot (4 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-6) + 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-15) - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-15) - \\ -5 \cdot 2 \cdot (-6) - 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 4) - 1 \cdot ((-1) \cdot 2 \cdot (-6) + 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 \cdot (-15) - \\ -2 \cdot 2 \cdot (-15) - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot (-6) - 6 \cdot 3 \cdot (-1)) + 11 \cdot (2 \cdot (-1) \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 -$$



$$+1 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-1)) = (-3) \cdot (-24) - 1 \cdot 48 +$$

$$+ 11 \cdot (-24) = 72 - 48 - 264 = -240$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{-720}{-240} = 3; \quad x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{480}{-240} = -2; \quad \Rightarrow (3, -2, 0, 1)$$

$$x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{0}{-240} = 0; \quad x_4 = \frac{D_4}{D} = \frac{-240}{-240} = 1,$$

Ombem:  $(3; -2; 0; 1)$ .

2.2.30  $F(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + c$

□

$$F(-1) = 3 : -a + b + c = 3$$

$$F(1) = 1 : a + b + c = 1$$

$$F(2) = -15 : 8a + 4b + c = -15$$

↓

$$\begin{cases} -a + b + c = 3 \\ a + b + c = 1 \\ 8a + 4b + c = -15 \end{cases}$$

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 8 + 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 - 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) = 6 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -3; \quad A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 7; \quad A_{13} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

$$A_{21} = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3; A_{22} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -9; A_{23} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 12;$$

$$A_{31} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0; A_{32} = - \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 2; A_{33} = + \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -2;$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 7 & -4 \\ 3 & -9 & 12 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 7 & -9 & 2 \\ -4 & 12 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 7 & -9 & 2 \\ -4 & 12 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 7/6 & -3/2 & 1/3 \\ -2/3 & 2 & -1/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 7/6 & -3/2 & 1/3 \\ -2/3 & 2 & -1/3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -15 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot (-15) \\ \frac{7}{6} \cdot 3 + (-\frac{3}{2}) \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot (-15) \\ -\frac{2}{3} \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 + (-\frac{1}{3}) \cdot (-15) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2) D = \det A = 6$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -15 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-15) + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - (-15) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = -6$$

$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & -15 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 8 + 1 \cdot (-15) \cdot 1 - 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot (-15) \cdot (-1) = -18$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 & -15 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \cdot 1 \cdot (-15) + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 8 + 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 - 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 1 \cdot (-15) - 4 \cdot (-1) \cdot 1 = 30$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1; x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-18}{6} = -3; x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{30}{6} = 5$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$(-1; -3; 5)$$

$$\text{Ombem: } (-1; -3; 5).$$



$$(2.2.31) \quad f(x) = a \cdot \log_3 x + bx + c$$

□

$$f(1) = 5: a \cdot 0 + b + c = 5$$

$$f(3) = 8: a + 3b + c = 8$$

$$f(9) = 19: 2a + 9b + c = 19$$

⇓

$$\begin{cases} b + c = 5 \\ a + 3b + c = 8 \\ 2a + 9b + c = 19 \end{cases}$$

$$1) AX = B \Rightarrow X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 9 \cdot 1 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 - 9 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 -$$

$$-1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 4 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}$$

$$A_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -6; A_{12} = -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1; A_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = 3;$$

$$A_{21} = -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 8; A_{22} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -2; A_{23} = -\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = 2;$$

$$A_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -2; A_{32} = -\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1; A_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -1;$$

$$\tilde{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 1 & 3 \\ 8 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 8 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \cdot \tilde{A} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 8 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3/2 & 2 & -1/2 \\ 1/4 & -1/2 & 1/4 \\ 3/4 & 1/2 & -1/4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} -3/2 & 2 & -1/2 \\ 1/4 & -1/2 & 1/4 \\ 3/4 & 1/2 & -1/4 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3/2 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 8 + (-1/2) \cdot 19 \\ 1/4 \cdot 5 + (-1/2) \cdot 8 + 1/4 \cdot 19 \\ 3/4 \cdot 5 + 1/2 \cdot 8 + (-1/4) \cdot 19 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow (-1; 2; 3)$$

$$2) D = \det A = 4$$

$$D_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 3 & 1 \\ 19 & 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 19 + 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 1 - 19 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 9 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 = -4$$


$$D_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 8 & 1 \\ 2 & 19 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot 8 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 19 \cdot 1 - 2 \cdot 8 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 1 -$$

$$- 19 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = 8$$

$$D_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 & 8 \\ 2 & 9 & 19 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot 3 \cdot 19 + 1 \cdot 8 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 9 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 - 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 19 -$$

$$- 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 0 = 12$$

$$x_1 = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{-4}{4} = -1; x_2 = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{8}{4} = 2; x_3 = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{12}{4} = 3 \Rightarrow (-1; 2; 3)$$

Answer:  $(-1; 2; 3)$ . 



2.3.26

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 - x_2 = 0 \\ -4x_1 + 2x_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{II+2I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 2 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$r = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ зав. переменная}$$

$$n - r = 2 - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ своб. переменная}$$

$$|a'_{11}| = |2| = 2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 - \text{з. переменная}$$

$x_2$  - своб. переменная

$$2x_1 - x_2 = 0$$

$$2x_1 = x_2$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{2} x_2$$

$$\text{Пусть } x_2 = 2t \Rightarrow x_1 = t$$

$$\text{о.р.: } (t; 2t)$$

$$(t; 2t) = (t \cdot 1; t \cdot 2) = t(1; 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ: } \{(1; 2)\}$$

$$\text{Ответ: о.р.: } (t; 2t)$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ: } \{(1; 2)\}$$

2.3.27

$$\begin{cases} x - \sqrt{3} \cdot y = 0 \\ \sqrt{3}x - 3y = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ \sqrt{3} & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{II - \sqrt{3} \cdot I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array} \right.$$
$$n=2 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r=1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ зав. перемен.}$$

$$n-r=2-1=1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ свод. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{ii}| = |1| = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 - \text{зав. переменная}$$

$$x_2 - \text{свод. переменная}$$

$$x_1 - \sqrt{3} \cdot x_2 = 0$$

$$x_1 = \sqrt{3} x_2$$

$$\text{Пусть } x_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot t \Rightarrow x_1 = \sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot t = t$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (t; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot t)$$

$$(t; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot t) = (t \cdot 1; t \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = t \cdot (1; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.С.Р. эквив. СЛАУ: } \{(1; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})\}$$

$$\text{Ответ: О.р.: } (t; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot t),$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. эквив. СЛАУ: } \{(1; \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})\}$$



2.3.28

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 0 \\ 4x - 3y = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{3 \cdot II - 4 \cdot I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -25 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \Rightarrow \text{сист. определ.} \right.$$
$$n=2 \Rightarrow r=n$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 0 \\ -25y = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (0; 0)$$

Л.к. сист. определ, ФСР-нет

Ответ: О.р.:  $(0; 0)$ ,

Ф.С.Р. одноп. СЛАУ: нет.

2.3.29

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 = 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} \cdot x_1 - \sqrt{12} \cdot x_2 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 4x_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{12} & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \text{II} + \sqrt{3} \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 2 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.}$$

$$r = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ зл. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 2 - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ свобод. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{11}| = |1| = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$$x_2 - \text{свобод. перемен.}$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$$

$$x_1 = -2x_2$$

$$\text{Пусть } x_2 = t \Rightarrow x_1 = -2t$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (-2t; t)$$

$$(-2t; t) = (t \cdot (-2); t \cdot 1) = t \cdot (-2; 1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАУ: } \{(-2; 1)\}$$

$$\text{Ответ: О.р.: } (-2t; t),$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАУ: } \{(-2; 1)\}$$



2.3.30

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ 4x - 2y - 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{II - 2 \cdot I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.}$$

$$r = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ зл. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 3 - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ свобод. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{ii}| = |2| = 2 \Rightarrow x - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$y, z$  - свобод. перемен.

$$2x - y - z = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \cdot y + \frac{1}{2} \cdot z$$

$$\text{Пусть } y = 2t_1; z = 2t_2 \Rightarrow x = t_1 + t_2$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (t_1 + t_2; 2t_1; 2t_2)$$

$$(t_1 + t_2; 2t_1; 2t_2) = (t_1 \cdot 1 + t_2 \cdot 1; t_1 \cdot 2 + t_2 \cdot 0; t_1 \cdot 0 + t_2 \cdot 2) =$$

$$= (t_1 \cdot 1; t_1 \cdot 2; t_1 \cdot 0) + (t_2 \cdot 1; t_2 \cdot 0; t_2 \cdot 2) =$$

$$= t_1 \cdot (1; 2; 0) + t_2 \cdot (1; 0; 2) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ф. о.р. однород. СЛАУ: } \{(1; 2; 0), (1; 0; 2)\}$$

Ответ: о.р.:  $(t_1 + t_2; 2t_1; 2t_2)$

Ф.С.Р. о.г.р. СЛАУ:  $\{(1; 2; 0), (1; 0; 2)\}$

2.3.31

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ x + 2y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{2 \cdot II - I} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 7 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$r = 2 \Rightarrow 2$  м. переменные

$n - r = 3 - 2 = 1 \Rightarrow 1$  св. переменная

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 10 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x, y - \text{м. перемен.}$$

$z$  - свод. перемен.

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ 5x + 7z = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2x - y - z = 0 \\ y = -\frac{7}{5}z \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = -\frac{1}{5}z \\ y = -\frac{7}{5}z \end{cases}$$

$$] z = -5t \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = 7t \end{cases}$$

о.р.:  $(t; 7t; -5t)$

$$(t; 7t; -5t) = (t \cdot 1; t \cdot 7; t \cdot (-5)) = t \cdot (1; 7; -5)$$



$\Rightarrow$  Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ:  $\{(1, 7, -5)\}$

Общ.р.: о.р.:  $(t; 7t; -5t)$

Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ:  $\{(1, 7, -5)\}$



2.3.32

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ 3 \cdot \text{II} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 19 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 19 \cdot \text{II} - 6 \cdot \text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 19 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -23 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r = n \end{array} \right\} = \text{сист. опред.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ 19x_2 + 7x_3 = 0 \\ -23x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 = 0 \\ 19x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

О.р.:  $(0; 0; 0)$

т.к. сист. опред., то Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ - нет.

Ответ: О.р.:  $(0, 0, 0)$

Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ: нет.

2.3.33

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ 5x_1 - 3x_2 - 8x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & -3 & -8 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{II} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} - 5 \cdot \text{I}}} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 7 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{III} - \text{II}}$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.}$$

$$n = 3 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$\Rightarrow$  сист. неспред

$$r = 2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ зл. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 3 - 2 = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ св. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a'_{11} & a'_{12} \\ a'_{21} & a'_{22} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 7 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1, x_2 - \text{зл. переменные}$$

$x_3$  - свобод. переменные

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ 7x_2 + 7x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_3 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ x_2 = -x_3 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 = x_3 \\ x_2 = -x_3 \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} x_3 = t \Rightarrow x_1 = t \\ x_2 = -t \end{cases}$$

$$o.p.: (t; -t; t)$$

$$(t; -t; t) = (t \cdot 1; t \cdot (-1); t \cdot 1) = t \cdot (1; -1; 1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.Л.Р. однород. СЛАУ: } \{(1; -1; 1)\}$$

Ответ: общее решение  $(t; -t; t)$

$$\text{Ф.Л.Р. однород. СЛАУ: } \{(1; -1; 1)\}$$

2.3.34

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ -x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 6x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow[\text{III} - 2 \cdot \text{I}]{\text{II} + \text{I}} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \right.$$

$$n=3 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r=1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ зл. перемен.}$$

$$n-r=3-1=2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ свобод. перемен.}$$

$$|a_{11}| = |1| = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1 - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$$x_2, x_3 - \text{своб. перемен.}$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 0$$

$$x_1 = 2x_2 - 3x_3$$

$$\text{]} } x_2 = t_1; x_3 = t_2 \Rightarrow x_1 = 2t_1 - 3t_2$$

$$\text{O.p.: } (2t_1 - 3t_2; t_1; t_2)$$

$$(2t_1 - 3t_2; t_1; t_2) = (t_1 \cdot 2 + t_2 \cdot (-3); t_1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot t_2; t_1 \cdot 0 + t_2 \cdot 1)$$

$$= (t_1 \cdot 2; t_1 \cdot 1; t_1 \cdot 0) + (t_2 \cdot (-3); t_2 \cdot 0; t_2 \cdot 1) =$$

$$= t_1 \cdot (2; 1; 0) + t_2 \cdot (-3; 0; 1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ: } \{(2; 1; 0), (-3; 0; 1)\}$$

$$\text{Ответ: O.p.: } (2t_1 - 3t_2; t_1; t_2)$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ: } \{(2; 1; 0), (-3; 0; 1)\}$$

2.3.35

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + 8x_2 - 5x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 8 & 5 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} 2 \cdot \text{II} - \text{I} \\ 2 \cdot \text{III} - \text{I} \\ 2 \cdot \text{IV} - \text{I} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 15 & 11 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{III} + \text{II} \\ \text{IV} + 3 \cdot \text{II} \end{array} \sim$$



$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{IV}} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r = n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. опред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0 \\ -5x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ 20x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

О.р.:  $(0; 0; 0)$

т.к. система определ, то Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ - нет.

Ответ: О.р.:  $(0; 0; 0)$ ,

Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ - нет.

2.3.36

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_3 + x_5 = 0 \\ x_2 - x_4 + x_6 = 0 \\ x_1 - x_2 + x_5 - x_6 = 0 \\ x_2 - x_3 + x_6 = 0 \\ x_1 - x_4 + x_5 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{III} - \text{I} \sim \\ \\ \text{V} - \text{I} \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{III} + \text{II} \\ \text{IV} - \text{II} \\ \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \text{IV} + \text{III} \\ \text{V} - \text{III} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \quad \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \right.$$

$$n = 6 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r = 3 \Rightarrow 3 \text{ м. перемен.}$$

$$n - r = 6 - 3 = 3 \Rightarrow 3 \text{ свед. перемен.}$$



$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \cdot (-1) -$$

$$-0 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) - 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow x_1, x_2, x_3$  - zw. dependent.

$x_4, x_5, x_6$  - lin. dependent.

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_4 + x_5 = 0 \\ x_2 - x_4 + x_6 = 0 \\ x_3 - x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = x_4 - x_5 \\ x_2 = x_4 - x_6 \\ x_3 = x_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_4 = t_1 \\ x_5 = t_2 \\ x_6 = t_3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = t_1 - t_2 \\ x_2 = t_1 - t_3 \\ x_3 = t_1 \end{cases}$$

O.p.:  $(t_1 - t_2; t_1 - t_3; t_1; t_1; t_2; t_3)$

$$(t_1 - t_2; t_1 - t_3; t_1; t_1; t_2; t_3) = (1 \cdot t_1 + (-1) \cdot t_2 + 0 \cdot t_3, 1 \cdot t_1 +$$

$$+ 0 \cdot t_2 + (-1) \cdot t_3, 1 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2 + 0 \cdot t_3, 1 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2 + 0 \cdot t_3, 0 \cdot t_1 + 1 \cdot t_2 +$$

$$+ 0 \cdot t_3, 0 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2 + 1 \cdot t_3) = (1 \cdot t_1; 1 \cdot t_1; 1 \cdot t_1; 1 \cdot t_1; 0 \cdot t_1; 0 \cdot t_1)$$

$$+ ((-1) \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2; 1 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2) + (0 \cdot t_3; (-1) \cdot t_3; 0 \cdot t_3;$$

$$0 \cdot t_3; 0 \cdot t_3; 1 \cdot t_3) = t_1 \cdot (1; 1; 1; 1; 0; 0) + t_2 \cdot (-1; 0; 0; 0; 1; 0) +$$

$$+ t_3 \cdot (0; -1; 0; 0; 0; 1)$$

Ombem: O.p.:  $(t_1 - t_2; t_1 - t_3; t_1; t_1; t_2; t_3)$

Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАН:  $\{(1; 1; 1; 1; 0; 0), (-1; 0; 0; 0; 1; 0),$   
 $(0; -1; 0; 0; 0; 1)\}$

2.3.37

$$X_1 + X_2 - X_3 + 2X_4 = 0$$

$$X_1 + 3X_2 - 3X_3 + 4X_4 = 0$$

$$3X_1 + 2X_2 + X_3 = 0$$

$$X_1 + 3X_2 - 5X_4 = 0$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & -5 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \text{II}-\text{I} \\ \text{III}-3\text{I} \\ \text{IV}-\text{I} \end{array} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 2 \cdot \text{III} + \text{II} \\ \text{IV} - \text{II} \end{array} \sim$$



$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -9 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{2 \cdot IV - III} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -8 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 4 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. определ.} \\ n=4 \Rightarrow r=n \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 2x_2 - 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 6x_3 - 10x_4 = 0 \\ -8x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

о.р.:  $(0; 0; 0; 0)$

т.к. сист. определ., то Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ-нет.

Ответ: о.р.:  $(0; 0; 0; 0)$ ,

Ф.С.Р. однокр. СЛАУ-нет.

2.3.38

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_4 = 0 \\ 3x_1 - 6x_2 + 4x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 17x_3 + 11x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & -4 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 4 & -8 & 17 & 11 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{2 \cdot II - 3 \cdot I \\ III - 2 \cdot I}} \sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & -4 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 5 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{III + II} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & -4 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$n=4 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r=2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ зл. перемен.}$$

$$n-r=4-2=2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{22} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 5 \\ 0 & -7 \end{vmatrix} = 28 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_2, x_3 - \text{зл. перемен.}$$

$$x_1, x_4 - \text{свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_4 = 0 \\ -7x_3 - 5x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 4x_2 = 2x_1 + 5x_3 + 3x_4 \\ x_3 = -\frac{5}{7}x_4 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_2 = \frac{1}{2}x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_4 \\ x_3 = -\frac{5}{7}x_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = 2t_1; x_4 = 7t_2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_2 = t_1 - t_2 \\ x_3 = -5t_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (2t_1; t_1 - t_2; -5t_2; 7t_2)$$

$$(2t_1; t_1 - t_2; -5t_2; 7t_2) = (2 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2; 1 \cdot t_1 + (-1) \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_1 +$$

$$+ (-5) \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_1 + 7 \cdot t_2) = (2 \cdot t_1; 1 \cdot t_1; 0 \cdot t_1; 0 \cdot t_1) +$$

$$+ (0 \cdot t_2; (-1) \cdot t_2; (-5) \cdot t_2; 7 \cdot t_2) = t_1 \cdot (2; 1; 0; 0) + t_2 \cdot (0; -1; -5; 7)$$

$$\text{Ответ: О.р.: } (2t_1; t_1 - t_2; -5t_2; 7t_2)$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАУ: } \{(2; 1; 0; 0), (0; -1; -5; 7)\}$$



2.3.39

$$\begin{cases} 5x_1 + 6x_2 - 2x_3 + 7x_4 + 4x_5 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 + 2x_5 = 0 \\ 5x_1 + 9x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 + 6x_5 = 0 \\ 7x_1 + 9x_2 - 3x_3 + 5x_4 + 6x_5 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 5 & 6 & -2 & 7 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 9 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 0 \\ 7 & 9 & -3 & 5 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{I \leftrightarrow II} \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 & 7 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 9 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 0 \\ 7 & 9 & -3 & 5 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right) \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -2 & 7 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 9 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 0 \\ 7 & 9 & -3 & 5 & 6 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \sim \\ 2 \cdot II - I \\ 2 \cdot III - I \\ 2 \cdot IV - I \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & -18 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -18 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{IV + III} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & -18 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -36 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{III + II} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -24 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -36 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{2 \cdot IV - 3 \cdot III} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -24 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 = \text{числ. совм.} \\ n = 5 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$r = 3 \Rightarrow 3 \text{ л. перем.}$$

$$n - r = 5 - 3 = 2 \Rightarrow 2 \text{ свод. перем.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11}' & a_{13}' & a_{14}' \\ a_{21}' & a_{23}' & a_{24}' \\ a_{31}' & a_{33}' & a_{34}' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & -24 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-24) + (-1) \cdot (-6) \cdot 0 +$$

$$+ 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 4 - 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 - 0 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-24) - 0 \cdot (-6) \cdot 2 = -48 \neq 0$$

$\Rightarrow x_1, x_3, x_4$  - зл. перемен.

$x_2, x_5$  - свод. перемен.

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 + 2x_5 = 0 \\ -3x_2 + x_3 - 6x_4 - 2x_5 = 0 \\ -24x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 2x_5 = 0 \\ -3x_2 + x_3 - 2x_5 = 0 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_2 - 2x_5 + 2x_5 = 0 \\ x_3 = 3x_2 + 2x_5 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_3 = 3x_2 + 2x_5 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$[x_2 = t_1; x_5 = t_2] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_3 = 3 \cdot t_1 + 2 \cdot t_2 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

о.р.:  $(0; t_1; 3t_1 + 2 \cdot t_2; 0; t_2)$

$$(0; t_1; 3t_1 + 2t_2; 0; t_2) = (0 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2; 1 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2;$$

$$3 \cdot t_1 + 2 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_1 + 0 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_1 + 1 \cdot t_2) = (0 \cdot t_1; 1 \cdot t_1; 3 \cdot t_1;$$

$$0 \cdot t_1; 0 \cdot t_1) + (0 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2; 2 \cdot t_2; 0 \cdot t_2; 1 \cdot t_2) =$$

$$= t_1 \cdot (0; 1; 3; 0; 0) + t_2 \cdot (0; 0; 2; 0; 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАУ: } \{(0; 1; 3; 0; 0), (0; 0; 2; 0; 1)\}^2$$

Ответ: о.р.:  $(0; t_1; 3t_1 + 2t_2; 0; t_2)$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. опор. СЛАУ: } \{(0; 1; 3; 0; 0), (0; 0; 2; 0; 1)\}^2$$



2.3.40

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ 4x_1 - x_2 + 7x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + \alpha x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 7 & 0 \\ 1 & \alpha & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{II} - 2 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} - \text{I}}} \sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha-1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{3 \cdot \text{III} + \\ + (2\alpha-1) \cdot \text{II}}} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2+2\alpha & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

1° при  $2+2\alpha=0$ ;  $\alpha=-1$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 2 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n=3 \Rightarrow r < n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \text{сист. неопред.}$$

$r=2 \Rightarrow 2$  зл. перемен.

$n-r=3-2=1 \Rightarrow 1$  св. перемен.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -6 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1, x_2 \text{ - зл. перемен.} \\ x_3 \text{ - свод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ -3x_2 + x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2x_1 = -\frac{10}{3}x_3 \\ x_2 = \frac{1}{3}x_3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{5}{3}x_3 \\ x_2 = \frac{1}{3}x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_3 = 3t \\ x_1 = -5t \\ x_2 = t \end{cases}$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (-5t; t; 3t)$$

$$(-5t; t; 3t) = (t \cdot (-5); t \cdot 1; t \cdot 3) = t \cdot (-5; 1; 3) \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \text{Ф.Л.Р. однокр. СЛАУ} = \{(-5; 1; 3)\}$$

$$2^\circ \text{ при } 2 + 2a \neq 0; a \neq -1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \\ n = 3 \Rightarrow r = n \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \text{сист. определ.}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 0 \\ -3x_2 + x_3 = 0 \\ (1+a) \cdot x_3 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{О.р.: } (0; 0; 0)$$

т.к. сист. определ.  $\Rightarrow$  Ф.Л.Р. - нет.

Ответ: при  $a = -1$ : сист. совм., неопред.,

$$\text{О.р.: } (-5t; t; 3t)$$

$$\text{Ф.Л.Р. однокр. СЛАУ: } \{(-5; 1; 3)\}$$

при  $a \neq -1$ : сист. совм., определ.,

$$\text{О.р.: } (0; 0; 0)$$

Ф.Л.Р. однокр. СЛАУ - нет.



2.3.41

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 = 0 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_4 = 0 \\ 5x_1 + 6x_2 - 4x_3 - x_4 = 0 \\ 3x_1 + 5x_2 - \lambda \cdot x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

□

$$(A|B) = \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -4 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & -\lambda & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \text{II} - 3 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{III} - 5 \cdot \text{I} \\ \text{IV} - 3 \cdot \text{I} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 21 & -9 & -11 & 0 \\ 0 & 14 & -\lambda-3 & -6 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 11 \cdot \text{III} - 21 \cdot \text{II} \\ 11 \cdot \text{IV} - 14 \cdot \text{II} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -36 & -58 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -11\lambda+9 & -24 & 0 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ 36 \cdot \text{IV} + (-11\lambda+9) \cdot \text{III} \end{array} \sim$$

$$\sim \left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -3 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -36 & -58 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1386+638\lambda & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$1^\circ \text{ nur } -1386+638\lambda=0$$

$$11 \cdot (58\lambda - 126) = 0$$

$$58\lambda - 126 = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{126}{58}$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 3 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{сист. несовм.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$n=4 \Rightarrow r < n$$

$$r=3 \Rightarrow 3 \text{ в. урав.}$$

$$n-r = 4-3 = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \text{ свобод. перемен.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 11 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -36 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \cdot 11 \cdot (-36) + (-3) \cdot (-3) \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 =$$

$$= -396 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x_1, x_2, x_3 - \text{в. перемен.}$$

$$x_4 - \text{своб. перемен.}$$

$$\sim \begin{cases} x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 11x_2 - 3x_3 - 3x_4 = 0 \\ -36x_3 - 58x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{173}{99}x_4 \\ x_2 = -\frac{47}{66}x_4 \\ x_3 = -\frac{29}{18}x_4 \end{cases}$$

$$]x_4 = t \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{173}{99}t \\ x_2 = -\frac{47}{66}t \\ x_3 = -\frac{29}{18}t \end{cases}$$

$$\text{о.р. } \left( -\frac{173}{99}t, -\frac{47}{66}t, -\frac{29}{18}t, t \right)$$

$$\left( -\frac{173}{99}t, -\frac{47}{66}t, -\frac{29}{18}t, t \right) = \left( t \cdot \left( -\frac{173}{99} \right), t \cdot \left( -\frac{47}{66} \right), \right.$$

$$\left. t \cdot \left( -\frac{29}{18} \right), t \cdot 1 \right) = t \left( -\frac{173}{99}, -\frac{47}{66}, -\frac{29}{18}, 1 \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ф.Л.Р. опор. (Л.А.У): } \left\{ \left( -\frac{173}{99}, -\frac{47}{66}, -\frac{29}{18}, 1 \right) \right\}$$



$$2^\circ \text{ при } 58\lambda - 126 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \lambda \neq \frac{126}{58}$$

$$r(A) = r(A|B) = 4 \Rightarrow \text{сист. совм.} \quad \left| \Rightarrow \text{сист. опред.} \right.$$

$$n = 4 \Rightarrow r = n$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ 11x_2 - 3x_3 - 3x_4 = 0 \\ -36x_3 - 58x_4 = 0 \\ (638\lambda - 1386)x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \\ x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{о.р.: } (0; 0; 0; 0)$$

т.к. сист. опред.  $\Rightarrow$  Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ - нет.

Ответ: при  $\lambda = \frac{126}{58}$  - сист. совм, неопред.,

$$\text{о.р.: } \left( -\frac{173}{99}t; -\frac{47}{66}t; -\frac{29}{18}t; t \right),$$

$$\text{Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ: } \left\{ \left( -\frac{173}{99}; -\frac{47}{66}; -\frac{29}{18}; 1 \right) \right\}$$

при  $\lambda \neq \frac{126}{58}$  - сист. совм, опред.,

$$\text{о.р.: } (0; 0; 0; 0),$$

Ф.С.Р. однород. СЛАУ - нет.