

## Sequential Pattern Mining in Vertical Data Format: The SPADE Algorithm

- A sequence database is mapped to: <SID, EID>
- Grow the subsequences (patterns) one item at a time by Apriori candidate generation

SID	Sequence		
1	<a(<u>abc)(a<u>c</u>)d(cf)&gt;</a(<u>		
2	<(ad)c(bc)(ae)>		
3	<(ef)( <u>ab</u> )(df) <u>c</u> b>		
4	<eg(af)cbc></eg(af)cbc>		
min_sup = 2			

Ref: SPADE (<u>Sequential</u>
<u>PAttern Discovery</u>
using <u>Equivalent Class</u>)
[M. Zaki 2001]

SID	EID	Items	
1	1	a	
1	2	abc	
1	3	ac	
1	4	d	
1	5	$\operatorname{cf}$	
2 2 2	1	$\operatorname{ad}$	
2	2 3	$\mathbf{c}$	
2	3	$_{\mathrm{bc}}$	
2	4	ae	
3	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	ef	
3	2	ab	
3	3	$\mathrm{d}\mathrm{f}$	
3	4	$\mathbf{c}$	
3	5	b	
4	1	$\mathbf{e}$	
4	1 2	g	
4	3	af	
4	4	$\mathbf{c}$	
4	5	b	
4	6	$\mathbf{c}$	

$\mathbf{a}$		1	b	
$\operatorname{SID}$	EID	$\operatorname{SID}$	EID	12. 2.12
1	1	1	2	
1	2	2	3	
1	3	3	2	
2	1	3	5	
2	4	4	5	
3	2			
4	3			

	$^{\mathrm{ab}}$			ba		
SID	EID (a)	EID(b)	$\operatorname{SID}$	EID (b)	EID(a)	F 4 4
1	1	2	1	2	3	
2	1	3	2	3	4	
3	2	5				
4	3	5				

aba				
SID	EID (a)	EID(b)	EID(a)	
1	1	2	3	
2	1	3	4	