



班级: 自93

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编号: 2019010702 科目: 随机过程

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$$1. E(X|Y=j) = \sum_{i=1}^3 x_i \frac{p_{ij}}{p_{.j}}$$

$$E(X|Y=1) = 1 \times \frac{2}{7} + 2 \times \frac{4}{7} + 3 \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{8}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{13}{7}$$

$$E(X|Y=2) = 1 \times \frac{5}{15} + 2 \times \frac{7}{15} + 3 \times \frac{3}{15} = \frac{5}{15} + \frac{14}{15} + \frac{9}{15} = \frac{28}{15}$$

$$E(X|Y=3) = 1 \times \frac{1}{5} + 2 \times \frac{2}{5} + 3 \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$$

$E(X|Y)$ 的分布列:

$E(X Y)$	$\frac{13}{7}$	$\frac{28}{15}$	$\frac{11}{5}$
P	$\frac{7}{27}$	$\frac{15}{27}$	$\frac{5}{27}$

$$EX = \sum_{j=1}^3 E(X|Y=j) P(Y=j)$$

$$= \frac{13}{7} \times \frac{7}{27} + \frac{28}{15} \times \frac{15}{27} + \frac{11}{5} \times \frac{5}{27}$$

$$= \frac{13}{27} + \frac{28}{27} + \frac{11}{27}$$

$$= \frac{52}{27}$$

$$2. X_n \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ p & q \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y_n = \sum_{k=1}^n X_k \quad Y_0 = 0$$

$$Y_2 = X_1 + X_2$$

$$Y_3 = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$$

$$E(Y_3 | Y_2 = 0) = p - q \quad P(Y_2 = 0) = 2pq$$

~~$$E(Y_3 | Y_2 = 1) = 2p - q \quad P(Y_2 = 1) = 2p^2$$~~

$$E(Y_3 | Y_2 = 2) = 3p + q \quad P(Y_2 = 2) = p^2$$

$$E(Y_3 | Y_2 = -2) = -p - 3q \quad P(Y_2 = -2) = q^2$$

$E(Y_3 | Y_2)$ 的分布列:

$E(Y_3 Y_2)$	$p - q$	$3p + q$	$-p - 3q$
P	$2pq$	p^2	q^2

由全期望公式: $E(Y_{n+1} | Y_n) = \sum_{i=-n}^n E(Y_{n+1} | Y_n = i) P(Y_n = i)$

$$= \sum_{i=-n}^n [(i+1)p + (i-1)q] P(Y_n = i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=-n}^n [ip + q + ip - q] P(Y_n = i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=-n}^n i P(Y_n = i)$$

$$E(Y_{n+1} | Y_n = i) = (i+1)p + (i-1)q$$

$$= i(p+q) + p - q$$

$$= i + p - q$$

$$\therefore E(Y_{n+1} | Y_n) = Y_n + p - q$$

3. (1) 记 n 件产品中, 废品数为 X ,

$$X \sim B(n-1, \frac{p_1}{p_1+p_2})$$

$$\therefore EX = \frac{(n-1)p_1}{p_1+p_2}$$

(2) 记首次检修出现在第 N 次,

$$X_1 | N \sim \text{Ge}(p_3) \quad EN = \frac{1}{p_3}$$

$$\text{记 } X_i \text{ iid } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{p_1}{p_1+p_2} & \frac{p_2}{p_1+p_2} \end{pmatrix} \quad EX_i = \frac{p_1}{p_1+p_2}$$

$$X_1 | E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} X_i\right)$$

$$= E\left[E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} X_i \mid N\right)\right]$$

$$= E[(N-1)EX_i]$$

$$= (EN-1)EX_i$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{p_3} - 1\right) \frac{p_1}{p_1+p_2}$$

$$= \frac{p_1+p_2}{p_3} \cdot \frac{p_1}{p_1+p_2} = \frac{p_1}{p_3}$$





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4. 记第一次取到卡片上的数字为 X

$$X|EY = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

$$\therefore EX = E(E(X|Y))$$

$$= E\left(\frac{Y+1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{EY+1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{n+1}{2} + 1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n+3}{4}$$

5. X 可能取值为 0, 1, 2

L 可能取值为 2, 3, 4.

$$P(X=0, L=2) = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$P(X=1, L=2) = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(X=2, L=2) = 0$$

$$P(X=1, L=3) = 0$$

$$P(X=2, L=3) = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(X=0, L=3) = 0$$

$$P(X=0, L=4) = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(X=1, L=4) = 0$$

$$P(X=2, L=4) = \frac{1}{7}$$

联合分布:

$X \backslash L$	2	3	4
0	$\frac{3}{7}$	0	$\frac{1}{7}$
1	$\frac{1}{7}$	0	0
2	0	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$

L 在给定 X 下的最佳估计值为 $E(L|X)$

$$E(L|X) = E(L|X=0)P(X=0) + E(L|X=1)P(X=1) + E(L|X=2)P(X=2)$$

$$E(L|X=0) = 2 \times \frac{3}{7} + 4 \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{3}{2} + 1 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$E(L|X=1) = 2 \times 1 = 2$$

$$E(L|X=2) = 3 \times \frac{1}{7} + 4 \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{7}{7} = 1$$

$$6. DX = E[X - EX]^2$$

$$= E[X - E(X|Y) + E(X|Y) - EX]^2$$

$$= E[X - E(X|Y)]^2 + E[E(X|Y) - EX]^2$$

$$+ 2E(X - E(X|Y))(E(X|Y) - EX)$$

$$= E\{E[X - E(X|Y)]^2|Y\} + E\{E(X|Y) - E[E(X|Y)]\}^2$$

$$+ 2E\{E(X - E(X|Y))(E(X|Y) - EX)|Y\}$$

$$= E[DX|Y] + D[E(X|Y)]$$

$$+ 2E\{(E(X|Y) - EX)(E(X|Y) - E(X|Y))\}$$

$$= E[DX|Y] + D[E(X|Y)]$$

$$+ 2E\{(E(X|Y) - EX)(E(X|Y) - E(X|Y))\}$$

$$= E[DX|Y] + D[E(X|Y)]$$





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7. (a) $P(X_n \geq 0, n=1, 2, 3, \dots)$

$$= P(X_1=1, X_2=2) + P(X_1=1, X_2=0, X_3=1)$$

$$= P(X_1-X_0=1, X_2-X_1=1) + P(X_1-X_0=1, X_2-X_1=-1, X_3-X_2=1)$$

$$= P(X_1=0)P(X_1=1) + P(X_1=0)P(X_1=-1)P(X_1=1)$$

$$= p^2 + p^2q = p^2(1+q)$$

(d) $P(|X_n| \geq 2, n=1, 2, 3, 4)$

$$= P(X_1=1, X_2=2, X_3=3) + P(X_1=-1, X_2=-2, X_3=-3)$$

$$= P^3(X_1=1) + P^3(X_1=-1) = p^3 + q^3$$

$$\therefore P(|X_n| \leq 2, n=1, 2, 3, 4)$$

$$= 1 - (p^3 + q^3)$$

$$= 1 - (p+q)(p^2-pq+q^2)$$

$$= (p+q)^2 - (p^2-pq+q^2)$$

$$= 3pq$$

39. (a) 左边 = $\frac{P(X_{n+1}=i_{n+1}, X_n=i_n, \dots, X_0=i_0)}{P(X_n=i_n, \dots, X_0=i_0)}$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n, X_n-X_{n-1}=i_n-i_{n-1}, \dots, X_0=i_0)}{P(X_n-X_{n-1}=i_n-i_{n-1}, \dots, X_0=i_0)}$$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)P(X_n-X_{n-1}=i_n-i_{n-1}) \dots P(X_0=i_0)}{P(X_n-X_{n-1}=i_n-i_{n-1}) \dots P(X_0=i_0)}$$

$$= P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)$$

右边 = $\frac{P(X_{n+1}=i_{n+1}, X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)}$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n, X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)}$$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)P(X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)}$$

$$= P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)$$

\therefore 左边 = 右边

(b) 左边 = $\frac{P(X_{n+1}=i_{n+1}, X_n=i_n, X_{n-1}=i_{n-1})}{P(X_n=i_n)}$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n, X_n=i_n, X_{n-1}=i_{n-1})}{P(X_n=i_n)}$$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)P(X_n=i_n)P(X_{n-1}=i_{n-1})}{P(X_n=i_n)}$$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}-X_n=i_{n+1}-i_n)P(X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)} \cdot \frac{P(X_{n-1}=i_{n-1})}{P(X_{n-1}=i_{n-1})}$$

$$= \frac{P(X_{n+1}=i_{n+1}, X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)} \cdot \frac{P(X_{n-1}=i_{n-1}, X_n=i_n)}{P(X_n=i_n)}$$

$$= P(X_{n+1}=i_{n+1} | X_n=i_n) P(X_{n-1}=i_{n-1} | X_n=i_n)$$

= 右边





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补题 1:

设 Y 表示第一次选择的门洞, X 为总时间

$$\text{如 } E(X|Y=1) = 2$$

$$E(X|Y=2) = 3 + \frac{1}{2} \times 7 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7.5$$

$$E(X|Y=3) = 5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 8.5$$

$$EX = \frac{1}{3} [E(X|Y=1) + E(X|Y=2) + E(X|Y=3)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 18 = 6$$

补题 2:

记骰子在第 N 次出现 6 点, $N \sim \text{Ge}(\frac{1}{6})$, $EN = 6$ X_i 为第 i 次抛掷出现的点, 如 $X_i \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{5}{6} \end{pmatrix}$ $EX_i = \frac{1}{6}$

$$EX = E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} X_i\right) = E\left[E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} X_i \mid N\right)\right]$$

$$= E((N-1)EX_1) = (EN-1)EX_1 = 5 \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

