

2. 最小=乘: $\hat{y} = \hat{w}x + b$ 证: $\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i + \hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n 2(y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})$$

只需证: $\sum_{i=1}^n 2(y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = 0$

$$f(w, b) = \sum_{i=1}^n (wx_i + b - y_i)^2 \text{ 最小}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^n (wx_i + b - y_i) \cdot x_i = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial b} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^n (wx_i + b - y_i) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot (b - \bar{y}) = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot x_i = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot wx_i = 0$$

故命题得证。

3.

$$P(Y=k) = e^{\beta_k X - \log Z} = \frac{e^{\beta_k X}}{Z}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^k P(Y=j) = \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{e^{\beta_j X}}{Z} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^k e^{\beta_j X}}{Z} = 1$$

故: $Z = \sum_{j=1}^k e^{\beta_j X}$

故: $P(Y=j) = \frac{e^{\beta_j X}}{Z} = \frac{e^{\beta_j X}}{\sum_{j=1}^k e^{\beta_j X}}$