PART I PHOTOGRAPH DESCRIPTIONS

UNIT 1: PHOTOGRAPHS OF PEOPLE

Overview of part 1 in the TOEIC tests

Part 1 of the TOEIC test consists of ten numbered photographs that are printed in your test booklet. For each photograph, you will hear four statements and you must choose only one statement that best describes what can be seen in the photograph. This part is comparatively easier than the others. If you keep practicing, you will be able to understand a lot of statements in Part 1, and you can, thus, form a foundation which may be useful for the other parts.

1. Overview of photographs of people

Photographs of people consist of photographs describing one person and photographs describing more than one person. In the former, the correct answer must describe the action, appearance, state, or location of the person in the photograph. In the latter, the correct answer must describe the action, general state, or location of the people in the photograph, or the action, appearance of each person. You have to select the statement that best describes the photograph.

Example 1: Choose the statement that best describes the photograph (track 1-1-01)

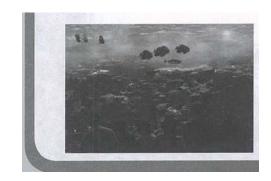


- (A) She is painting a picture.
- (B) She is sitting on a bench.
- (C) She is crossing the street.
- (D) She is looking at a painting on the wall

For this photograph, the correct answer will be the statement that describes the action or outstanding features of the person. Statement (A) best describes the photograph, which shows a person sitting and painting. An incorrect answer is the one that employs verbs/nouns relating to the wrong action/appearance/location of the person, or wrongly describes the surrounding objects. Statement (B) correctly describes the state of the person, which is sitting, but the location is wrongly described. Statements (C) and (D) are also completely wrong because of the wrong action (crossing the street) and the incorrect location of the painting (on the wall).

Example 2: Choose the statement that best describes the photograph (A) People are looking at fish.

- (B) People are fishing.
- (c) People are diving.
- (D) People are washing their cars



The correct answer is the statement that describes the general action, appearance, or location of the people. Statement (A) describes the general action of the people, which is observing the fish in the tank. Statement (B) is misleading because of the verb fish. Both statements (C) and (D) are incorrect because they describe the wrong actions (diving and washing their cars).

2. Statement structures

Structure 1: Subject + is/are + V-ing + object: The person is doing something. This most common structure is used to describe the action of the person in the photograph. When listening, you should identify the verb in the present continuous tense and its object.

Structure 2: Subject + is/are + V-ing + prepositional phrase of place: The person is doing something somewhere.

You should listen to the prepositional phrase of place after the verb, as it precisely describes the location where the person is performing the action.

Structure 3: Subject + is/are + prepositional phrase of place: The person is at somewhere.

Answer choices with the verb be followed by a prepositional phrase of place are not very common. However, you should pay attention to the prepositional phrase of place, as it describes the location of the person.

Structure 4: Subject + is/are + being + past participle: The object is being acted oh (by the person). Even though the focus of the photograph is a person, the subject of a correct answer choice may be an object used with the present continuous passive (be + being + past participle). This means that the person's action is emphasized. You, therefore, should pay attention to the object acted on.

Structure 5: Subject + is/are + past participle + adverb: The person is doing something somewhere.

The verb in this structure is in the passive form; however, it does not have a passive meaning. This structure has a similar meaning to Structure 2.

3. Test-taking strategies

- 1. The correct answer choice should describe the person's outstanding action, appearance, state,
- 2. The most important element in all statements describing photographs is the verb.
- 3. After identifying the verbs in the statements, you must listen to the remaining details. Sometimes, the correct statement describes the clothes he/she is wearing or the accessories he/she is bringing.
- 4. Sometimes, the name of an object is not specifically stated but a general term is used instead. For example, in the photo: the guitar or piano; the correct answer may use a musical instrument the general term of guitar and piano.
- 5. In the actual test, all the photographs are in black and white. Therefore, nearly all of the statements which mention colors will be incorrect answers.

4. Check-up

Listen and choose the statement that best describes each photograph. (track 1-1-02)



- (A) She is reading a book.
- (B) She is holding a map.



- (A) A man is taking a picture.
- (B) A man is in an art gallery.



- (A) A public phone is being used.
- (B) A woman is using her cell phone.



- (A) The woman is filling out some papers.
- (B) The woman is standing at a copier.



- (A) The women are looking at each other.
- (B) The women are seated side by side.

5. Practice

Listen and choose the statement that best describes each photograph (track 1-1-04)

1.



- (A) The man is watering the plants.
- (B) There are leaves on all of the trees.
- (C) He is putting the hose away.

2.



- (A) Some people are walking on the path.
- (B) They are riding their bicycles uphill.
- (C) Bicycles are parked along the path.

3.



- (A) Vegetables are being placed on the table.
- (B) The food is in her shopping cart.
- (C) She is shopping for some produce.



- (A) They are taking the elevator down.
- (B) They are going down the escalator.
- (C) They are walking down the steps.



- (A) The man is getting out of the vehicle.
- (B) The man is standing beside the car.
- (C) The man is parking his car.

6.



- (A) They are moving in a line.
- (B) They are sitting on the ground.
- (C) They are climbing over a wall.

7.



- (A) A truck is moving down the street.
- (B) The street is filled with cars.
- (C) Some people are in the street.

8.



- (A) The front of the house is being painted.
- (B) A man is working on the roof.
- (C) The ladder goes up to the roof.

6. Practice with possible statements

Listen and choose the statement that best describes each photograph. Then. Listen again and fill the missing words in the gapped statements below. (track 1-1-06)



(A) She _____ the stairs.

(B) She _____ on the handrail.

(C) She _____ the stairs.

handrail

2.



(A) She _____ a ____.

(B) She _____ a ____ from the shelf.

(C) She _____ at a library.

■ shelf

3.



(A) A _____ is ____ on the screen.

(B) One man is _____ the screen.

(C) Some people are _____ their

screen



- (A) The man _____ a suitcase.
- (B) The man _____ a suit.
- (C) The man _____ the sofa.
- suitcase suit

5.



- (A) They _____ just ____ the finish line.
- (B) The bikers _____ helmets.
- (C) The bicycles _____ on the front.
- finish line
 biker
 helmet
 front

contail goldholo arti



- (A) The man is _____ the lawn.
- (B) The man is _____ some ____.
- (C) The man is
- lawn



- (A) A woman _____ a broom.
- (B) The area is
- (C) A woman is _____ the ____
- broom area

8.



- (A) They are ______
- (B) They are _____ in a circle.
- (C) They are _____ in step.
- in a circle in step



- (A) She is _____ the clothing item.
- (B) She is _____ the item.
- (C) She is
- clothing item



- (A) He is _____ some ____.
- (B) He is ____ some __
- (C) He is _____ some ____

11.



- (A) She is _____ her ____.
- (B) She is _____ at her _
- (C) She is _____ some ____



- (A) They are sitting _____ each other.
- (B) They are ____ by the ____
- (C) The flowerpot _____ the
- flowerpot

HOMEWORK

Common vocabulary in part 1-2 (Track 1-2-05-a)

First, look up new words in the dictionary, then listen to the words in the box. Then, listen and fill the missing words in the gapped statements below.

Nouns 1: transportation and structures

■ car	∎truck
■ boat	 platform
■ ship	∎intersection
■ train	building
■ airplane	∎bridge
■ vehicle	ıarea
■ bicycle	∎stair/step
[Check-up 1]	
1. Some	are parked near a building.
2. The	is next to the dock.
3. The	is waiting in the railway station.
4. There are	on the highway.
5. The	are parked in a row.
6. Some	_ are crossing a bridge.
7. The is en	npty.
8. The	is deserted.
9. Boats are going under the _	
10. A flowerpot has been place	ed on the
Nouns 2: furniture and office f	<u>acilities</u>
■ chair	ıdrawer
■ table	ıcabinet
■ picture	∎light
■ clock	ılamp
■ furniture	I document

■ sofa **I**paper [check-up 2] 1. There are on the lawn. 2. A _____ has been hung on the wall. 3. The _____ are lined up on a wall. 4. There is _____ by the doorway. 5. Some are arranged around the table. 6. The _____ is full of folders. 7. There are _____ under the counter. 8. Some _____ have been turned on. 9. _____ are displayed by the wall. 10. Some have been organized on a counter. Nouns 3: Displayed merchandise and containers ■ display shelf (pl. shelves) ■ suitcase ■ shirt ■ book merchandise ■ globe ■ basket ■ guitar ■ box ■ food ■ carton ■ dish ■ container [check-up 3] 1. Display _____ are stocked with products. 2. Some _____ are on display in a store. 3. There is _____ on the shelves. 4. Some _____ are filled with food. 5. There are in a vehicle.

6. Some are arranged in a row.

7. The	is filled with clothes.
8. The	are different sizes.
9. Some	are hanging on a wall.
10 a	are stacked on the table.
Nouns 4: Floral decoration a	and crops
• plant (potted plant)	
• fruit	
• flower	
• flower arrangements	
• grassy area	
• crop	
[check-up 4]	
1. Some	are behind the sofa.
2.	_has been placed on the table.
3.	_ are on display.
4. There is a	beside the path.
5.	_ have been planted in rows.
Nouns 5: Tools and equipm	<u>ent</u>
■ ladder	■ instrument
■ equipment	■ tool
■ machine	■ cord
[check-up 5]	
1. The	is leaning against the tree.
2. Some	has been arranged in front of the man.
3. There are	at a construction site.
4. There are	leaning against the wall.
5. There are some	next to a work area.
Common vocabulary in pa	art 1- 2 (Track 1-2-05-b)
Verb 1: Past participles	
■ parked	■ displayed
■ arranged	■ stacked

	olaced	■ attached		
= (unoccupied	■ connecte	d	
= l	ined up	■ piled up		
[CI	heck-up 6]			
1.	Cars are		along the st	reet.
2.	The merchandise is		in ro	WS.
3.	A picture has		over the bed.	
4.	The room is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
5.	Trucks are		on the stree	t.
6.	Some food items for	sale are		
7.	Books are	0	n the shelves.	
8.	There are cords		to the ma	chine.
9.	The train cars are			
10.	Some building mater	rials are		up.
<u>Ve</u>	erb 2: Past participles			
■ f	illed with	■ stocked		
= (organized	■ surrounded		
■ k	posted	■ taken out		
= 5	set	■ turned on		
= 5	situated	■ laid out		
[CI	heck-up 7]			
1.	Some baskets are		food.	
2.	Some documents have	/e been		on the desk
3.	Some papers have _		on th	e board.
4.	A table has	fo	r a meal.	
5.	Two chairs have		on the law	า.
6.	The shelf is	pr	oducts.	
7.	The house is		oy a fence.	
8.	The boats have		_ on the wate	r.
9.	Some lights have			
10	. Some products are		for sa	le.
<u>Ve</u>	erb 3:			

	hang ■ floa	ıt		
•	lean ■ gro	w		
•	cast ■ sta	nd		
•	cross ■ app	oroach		
[C	heck-up 8]			
1.	Some shirts are	in a s	store.	
2.	Chairs are			
3.	The ladder is	shadows.		
4.	Some trucks are	a b	oridge.	
5.	A bicycle is	against th	ne wall.	
<u>Pr</u>	reposition 1: on/ in			
0	n display	•	in a vehicle	
0	n the ground	•	in the corner	
0	n a cart	•	in the parking area	
0	n the highway	•	in the middle of the room	
0	n the hill	•	in a line	
0	n the shelves	•	in rows	
0	n either/each side of	•	in a similar style	
[C	heck-up 9]			
1.	Some goods are	in a	store.	
2.	An aircraft is	-		
3.	Some flowers are			
4.	There are vehicles	·		
5.	There are buildings			
6.	There are lamps		the sofa.	
7.	A plant is	<u> </u>		
8.	There are cars			
<u>Pr</u>	eposition 2: near/ beside/ by	<u>'</u>		
•	near the beach	■ beside the besid	he path	
•	near the building's entranc	e ■ beside th	he entrance	
•	near the platform	■ by the de	oorway	

	near the dock ■ by size
[C	heck-up 10]
1.	There are buildings the beach.
2.	Plants are the entrance.
3.	There is a cabinet
4.	The saucepans are arranged size
<u>Pr</u>	eposition 3: around/ at/ under/ behind/ between/ over
•	around the table
•	at the station
•	under construction
•	behind the sofa
•	between the cabinets
•	over the water
[C	heck-up 11]
1.	The chairs are
2.	The train is
3.	Some chairs are
4.	There is a gap