# EE30342 – Digital Design with HDL (II) Lecture 14

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In This Session

- Data Hazards and Forwarding
- Data Hazards and Stall

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#### Data Hazards in ALU Instructions

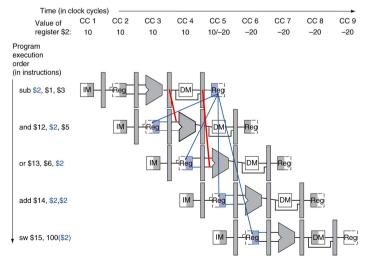
• Consider this sequence:

sub \$2, \$1,\$3
and \$12,\$2,\$5
or \$13,\$6,\$2
add \$14,\$2,\$2
sw \$15,100(\$2)

- We can resolve hazards with forwarding
  - How do we detect when to forward?

Data Hazards: Forwarding vs. Stallii

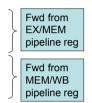
# Dependencies & Forwarding



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#### Detecting the Need to Forward

- · Pass register numbers along pipeline
  - e.g., ID/EX.RegisterRs = register number for Rs sitting in ID/EX pipeline register
- ALU operand register numbers in EX stage are given by
  - ID/EX.RegisterRs, ID/EX.RegisterRt
- Data hazards when
  - 1a. EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs
  - 1b. EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt
  - 2a. MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs
  - 2b. MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt



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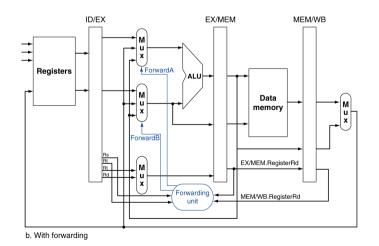
### Detecting the Need to Forward

- But only if forwarding instruction will write to a register!
  - EX/MEM.RegWrite, MEM/WB.RegWrite
- And only if Rd for that instruction is not \$zero
  - EX/MEM.RegisterRd ≠ 0, MEM/WB.RegisterRd ≠ 0

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# Forwarding Paths



# **Forwarding Conditions**

- EX hazard
  - if (EX/MEM.RegWrite and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd ≠ 0) and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs))
     ForwardA = 10
  - if (EX/MEM.RegWrite and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd ≠ 0) and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt))
     ForwardB = 10
- MEM hazard
  - if (MEM/WB.RegWrite and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd ≠ 0) and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs))
     ForwardA = 01
  - if (MEM/WB.RegWrite and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd ≠ 0) and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt))
     ForwardB = 01

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#### **Double Data Hazard**

Consider the sequence:

add \$1,\$1,\$2 add \$1,\$1,\$3 add \$1,\$1,\$4

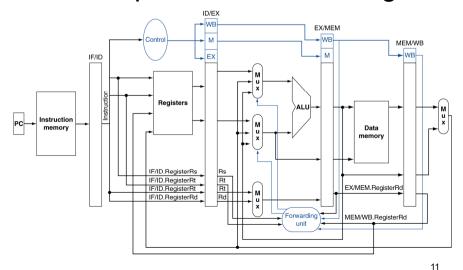
- Both hazards occur
  - Want to use the most recent
- Revise MEM hazard condition
  - Only fwd if EX hazard condition isn't true

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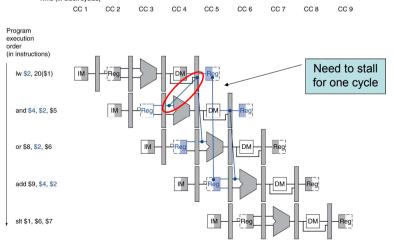
**Revised Forwarding Condition** 

- MEM hazard
  - if (MEM/WB.RegWrite and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd ≠ 0)
     and not (EX/MEM.RegWrite and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd ≠ 0)
     and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs))
     and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRs))
     ForwardA = 01
  - if (MEM/WB.RegWrite and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd ≠ 0)
     and not (EX/MEM.RegWrite and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd ≠ 0)
     and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt))
     and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd = ID/EX.RegisterRt))
     ForwardB = 01

# Datapath with Forwarding



## Load-Use Data Hazard



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#### Load-Use Hazard Detection

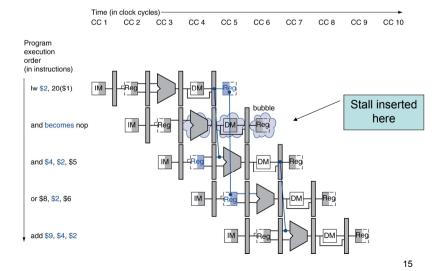
- Check when using instruction is decoded in ID stage
- ALU operand register numbers in ID stage are given by
  - IF/ID.RegisterRs, IF/ID.RegisterRt
- Load-use hazard when
  - ID/EX.MemRead and ((ID/EX.RegisterRt = IF/ID.RegisterRs) or (ID/EX.RegisterRt = IF/ID.RegisterRt))
- If detected, stall and insert bubble

How to Stall the Pipeline

- Force control values in ID/EX register to 0
  - EX, MEM and WB do nop (no-operation)
- Prevent update of PC and IF/ID register
  - Using instruction is decoded again
  - Following instruction is fetched again

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# Stall/Bubble in the Pipeline



# **Datapath with Hazard Detection**

