# CH Let's Arduino!

Part I – Intro to the world of electronic hardware



Hands up! You are surrounded by ..... Hardware device

## **Smart Hardware**





Macbook Pro



Smartisan M1



Tesla Model S



Huawei Watch

Raventech H1



DJI MAVIC Pro



Google Glass

### **DIY Smart Devices**











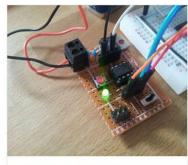


LCD Interfacing using Arduino Uno
by You\_know\_me

66 2.9K







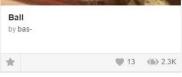


























₩ 40 (%) 1.6K

#### **Hardware Devices**



- Why are they smart, interesting, and useful?
- They have a good "brain" and "knowledge".
- Brain:
  - Micro-Controller (MCU) For embedded system.
  - CPU For normal computing.
  - GPU For graphic and parallel computing.
- Knowledge:
  - Algorithm
  - Machine learning...



#### **Hardware Devices**



- They also have sensors (like "eyes", "ears") and peripherals (like "arms", "mouth").
- Sensors:
  - Light, color, pressure, motion...
  - Image, voice...
  - Other information
- Peripherals:
  - Communications
  - Display
  - Motors

#### Let's start from MCU





- MCU is a micro-computer.
- Include:
  - Processor & controller (As a CPU for computer)
  - RAM & ROM (As memory and hard disk)
  - I/O interface (As USB / PCI)
- Features
  - Low power, low price and low performance (<10mW) (<USD 10) (<100MHz)
  - Normally for control purposes
- Well-known manufactures:
  - ST, TI, Altmel, Intel, AD, NXP etc.

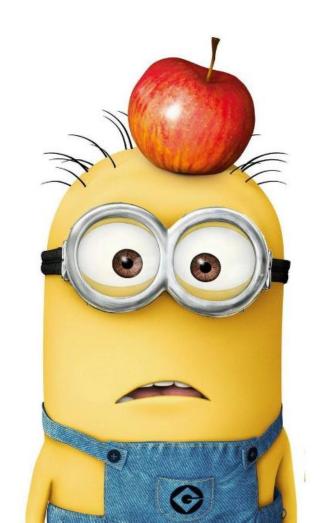
# We found the new world!

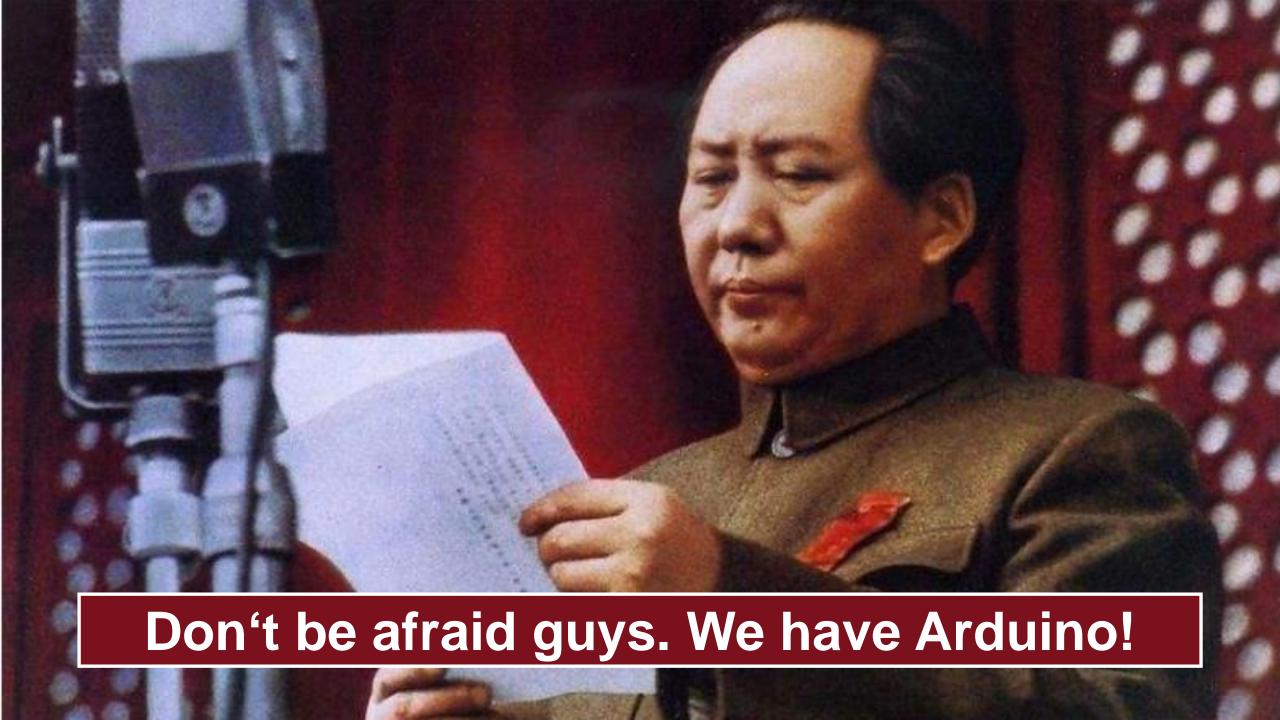


#### However...



- Thousands of types and models of MCU!
- C language !
- Complex development environment!
- Hundreds of registers need to setup!
- Unfriendly development board !
- **.....**
- Each item can stop you step to the HARDWARD WORLD!





#### **Your First MCU board – Arduino**





Card size
Well-designed
Rich resources
Easy to expand
For all the beginners!

Arduino UNO

#### **Features**

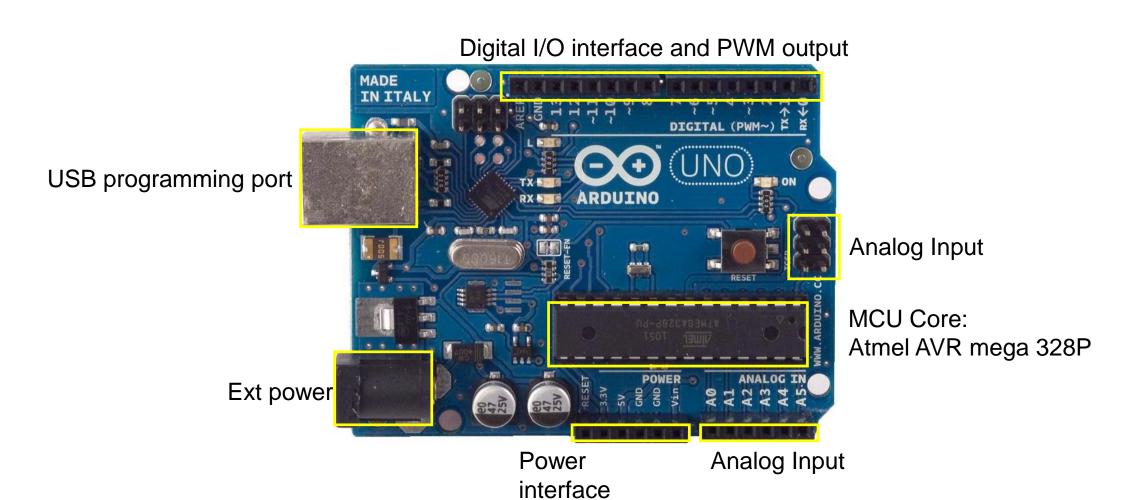


- Open-source electronics platform based
- Easy-to-use hardware and software
- Arduino boards are able to:
  - Read inputs light on a sensor, a finger on a button, or a Twitter message.
  - Send an output activating a motor, turning on an LED, publishing something online.
  - You can tell your board what to do by sending a set of instructions to the microcontroller on the board.
- Over the years Arduino has been the brain of thousands of projects



## **Arduino UNO - Resource**





## **Arduino UNO - Resource**



Microcontroller	ATmega328P
Operating Voltage	5V
Input Voltage (recommended)	7-12V
Input Voltage (limit)	6-20V
Digital I/O Pins	14 (of which 6 provide PWM output)
PWM Digital I/O Pins	6
Analog Input Pins	6
DC Current per I/O Pin	20 mA
DC Current for 3.3V Pin	50 mA
Flash Memory	32 KB (ATmega328P) of which 0.5 KB used by bootloader
SRAM	2 KB (ATmega328P)
EEPROM	1 KB (ATmega328P)
Clock Speed	16 MHz
LED_BUILTIN	13
Length	68.6 mm
Width	53.4 mm
Weight	25 g



## **Arduino Nano – Small UNO**

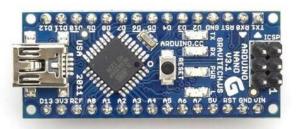












## **Example projects**



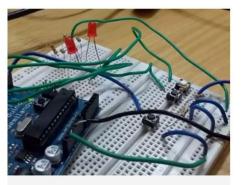


by Aritro Mukherjee





Project tutorial by Team I and myself 21,401 VIEWS 15 COMMENTS 33 RESPECTS



Measure your reaction time Project tutorial by Jayraj Desai 14,856 VIEWS 2 COMMENTS 14 RESPECTS



Smoke Detection using MQ-2 Gas Sensor by Aritro Mukherjee 34,001 VIEWS 4 COMMENTS 36 RESPECTS

Find more: <a href="https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/products/arduino-uno-genuino-genuino-

## **Arduino Hardware Family**













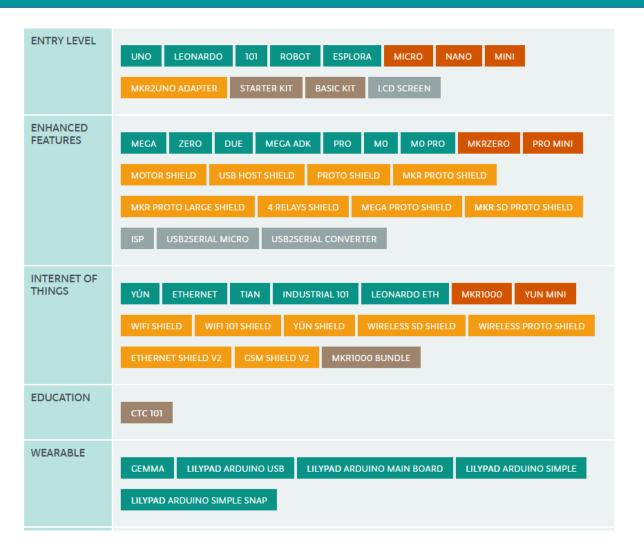








Goto www.Arduino.cc



## **Very Easy Arduino IDE**



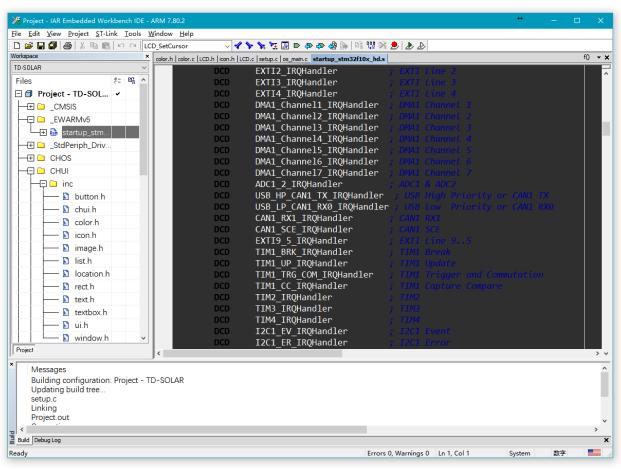


- Concise interface
- Simplified C/C++ language\*
- Integrated Serial Terminal
- Many examples inside
- Many libs inside
- Easy to share your codes and ideas
- 10 min to start!
- Open source software (FREE)

<sup>\*</sup>Arduino programming language (based on Wiring)

#### Other IDE



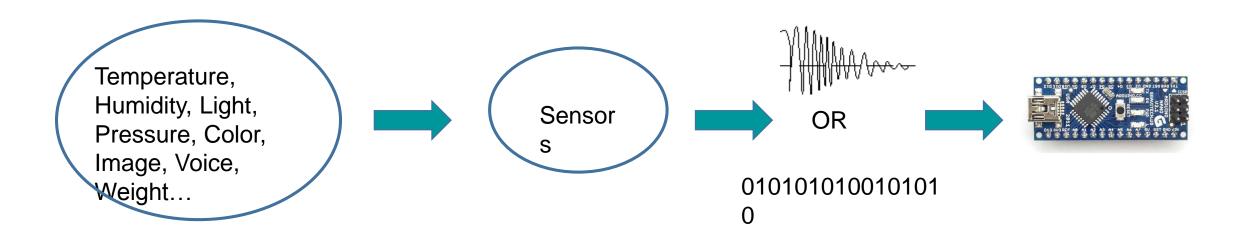


- COMPLICATED!
- 10 hours to start...
- USD 8000 for one user
- Much more professional

#### Sensors



Sensors can transfer physical information to digital/analog value, which can be obtained by MCU.



## **Sensors - Operation**



- The MCU read data from sensors by different types of interfaces:
  - Digital serial communication (SPI, UART, IIC)
  - Digital parallel communication
  - Analogy sampling (ADC)
- Don't be afraid. One line code in Arduino can help you play sensors.
  - Eg. analogRead(0) will get the voltage from analog pin#0
- In the following part, more details of sensor will be presented.



Ultrasonic Distance

IR Distance







IR Human

Luminance Temper

Temperature & Humidity

## **Peripherals**

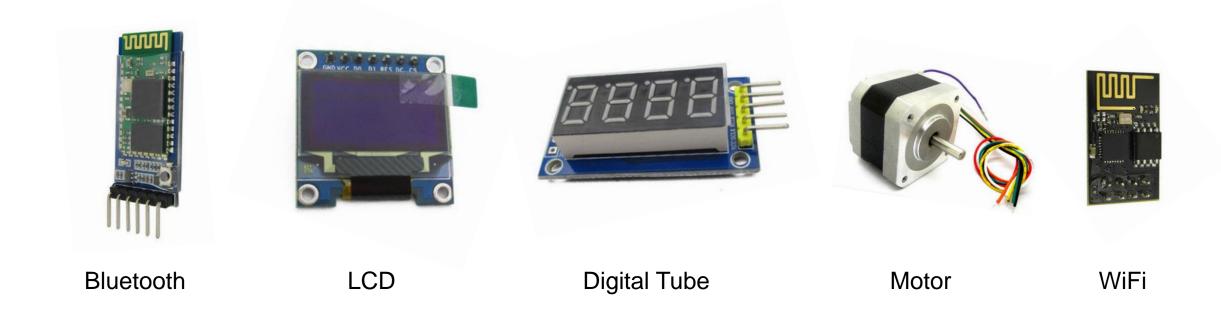


- Peripherals are generally used to display, control or communicate.
- Display:
  - LED, digital tube, LED matrix
  - Mono LCD, Colorful LCD ...
- Control:
  - Motors, stepper motors, servo motors (with drivers)
  - Mechanical arm ...
- Communication:
  - RS232, RS485, CAN Bus ...
  - Bluetooth, WiFi, GSM, GPRS ....

## **Peripherals - Operation**



- Similar to sensors, MCU also operate peripherals by interfaces:
  - Digital signal, SPI, IIC, UART...



## **Next Part: Start to play Arduino Nano**





- Arduino IDE installation;
- Communication driver setup;
- Hello world on Arduino: Blink one LED;
- Serial communication with computer.

pig. we have We are "hard fun." connected. We we try and try create. again. WE ASK QUESTIONS. k deep. we make We invent. mistakes. inTrecesting We collaborate.

#### Reference



- https://www.arduino.cc/
- http://www.treee.com.cn/?id=os:tep:list
- http://www.slideshare.net/xxahmedsakrxx/introduction-toarduino-16634116