## Tutorial 09 Basic concepts of PDEs and wave equation

1. Verify that the function  $u(x, y) = a \ln(x^2 + y^2) + b$  satisfies Laplace's equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0.$$

And determine a, b so that u satisfies the boundary conditions u=110 on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and u=0 on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 100$ .

2. Solve the following PDEs using the same method to solve ODEs.

(a) 
$$u_{xx} + 16\pi^2 u = 0$$

(b) 
$$25u_{yy} - 4u = 0$$

(c) 
$$u_y + y^2 u = 0$$

3. Boundary value problem

(a) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = 3e^{5x} \end{cases}$$

(b) 
$$\begin{cases} 2u_x + u_y = 0 \\ u(0, y) = 5e^{-7y} \end{cases}$$

(c) 
$$\begin{cases} 5\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 6\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ u(0, y) = 10e^{2y} + 2e^{y} \end{cases}$$

4. Wave equation, solution by separating variables.

Consider the following one-dimensional wave equation problem:

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$$
, for  $0 < x < 1$ ,  $t \ge 0$ 

with the initial boundary conditions:

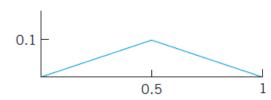
$$y(0,t) = y(1,t) = 0$$
, for  $t \ge 0$ ;

$$y_t(x, 0) = 0$$
 and  $y(x, 0) = f(x)$ .

Using separating variables, find the solution of the problem for the following given initial deflections f(x) and k. [Hint: let y(x,t) = X(x)T(t)] and  $\frac{X''}{X} = \frac{T''}{T} = -\lambda$ , where  $\lambda = \lambda_n = n^2\pi^2$ , for  $n=1,2,\cdots$ .

(a) 
$$f(x) = k\sin 3\pi x$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = kx(1-x)$$



(c) .