

MATLAB Tutorial II

EEE116 Experimental, Computer Skills and Sustainability

For Group B on Apr. 17th, 2018, HS102 and HS103

For Group A on Apr. 24th, 2018, HS102 and HS103

1 Basic Maths Functions in MATLAB

Problem 1.1. Given $x = 4.5$ and $y = 8$, confirm that $\ln(xy) = \ln x + \ln y$.

Problem 1.2. Given $x = 5 + 4i$ and $y = 6 - 8i$,

- Find the product z of x and y ,
- Find the real part and imaginary part of z ,
- Show that the magnitude of z is equal to the product of their magnitudes: $|z| = |x||y|$,
- Show that the angle of z is the sum of the angles: $\angle z = \angle x + \angle y$.

Problem 1.3. With $x = 0^\circ, 45^\circ, 90^\circ, 180^\circ, 270^\circ$ and 360° , confirm that $e^{ix} = \cos x + i \sin x$.

Problem 1.4. For $x = 0, 0.5$ and 1 , confirm that $\sin^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} x = \pi/2$.

2 Plotting and Programming with MATLAB

Problem 2.1.

- Write a script file named **t02plot01.m** which plots the functions $y1 = e^{-x/2} \cos(2\pi x + \pi/4)$ and $y2 = e^{-x/2}$ on the same graph for $0 \leq x \leq 5$ with an increment of 0.05, and saves $x, y1$ and $y2$ into a MAT file named **t02plot01data.mat**. In the graph, plot $y1$ with a solid blue line with a star at each data point, and $y2$ with a dashed red line; Use a legend for $y1$ and $y2$; Set labels for x -axis and y -axis; Turn on the grid; Give a title to the graph,
- Run **t02plot01.m** in the command window and save the obtained graph as **t02plot01.fig**.

Problem 2.2.

- Write a function named **FCconvert.m** that accepts temperature T in degree F and computes the corresponding value in degrees C . The relation between the two is T (in $^\circ C$) = $5[T(\text{in } ^\circ F) - 32]/9$.

- b) Test your function for $T = -100 \sim 100^\circ F$ with an increment of $20^\circ F$. Save the results into a MAT file named **FCconvert.mat**,
- c) Plot an $X-Y$ graph whose x -axis denotes the temperature in degree F and y -axis denotes the temperature in degree C , using the results in b). Set labels for x -axis and y -axis. Turn on the grid. Use a title. Save the graph as **FCconvert.fig**.

3 Relational and Logical Operators

Problem 3.1. Assume that a, b, c and d are as defined, and evaluate the following expressions.

$$a = 20; b = -2; c = 0; d = 1;$$

- a) $a > b$,
- b) $b > d$,
- c) $(a > b) \& (c > d)$,
- d) $a \& (b > c)$,
- e) $(a \& b) > c$,
- f) $a == b$,
- g) $a | (b \& d)$.

Problem 3.2. Use MATLAB to fill in the following truth table (Hint: You can use array operation by taking x and y as vectors):

Inputs		and	or	xor	not
x	y	$x \& y$	$x y$	$\text{xor}(x, y)$	$\sim x$
0	0				
0	1				
1	0				
1	1				

4 Branch Statements

Problem 4.1. Use function **cal_roots.m** on ICE to solve the following quadratic equations:

- a) $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$,
- b) $x^2 + 4x + 4 = 0$,
- c) $x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$,

d) $2x + 5 = 0$.

Problem 4.2. Write a MATLAB program to evaluate the function $y(x) = \ln \frac{1}{1-x}$. Test your program for $x = -2, 0, 1$, and 2 .

Problem 4.3. Write a MATLAB program **funxy.m** which evaluates the value of the following function.

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x + y, & x \geq 0 \text{ and } y \geq 0, \\ x + y^2, & x \geq 0 \text{ and } y < 0, \\ x^2 + y, & x < 0 \text{ and } y \geq 0, \\ x^2 + y^2, & x < 0 \text{ and } y < 0. \end{cases}$$

5 Additional Plotting Features

Problem 5.1. Assume that the complex function $f(t)$ is defined by the equation $f(t) = (0.5 - 0.25i)t - 1$. Write a program which plots the amplitude and phase of function f for $0 \leq t \leq 4$. Place the two sets of axes on the same figure. Use graph titles, x -label, y -label. Turn on the grids.

6 Loops and Program Debugging

Problem 6.1. Write an M-file to evaluate the function $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$ for all values of x between 0.1 and 3 with a step of 0.1 . Do this twice, once with a **for** loop and once with array operation. Plot the resulting function using a dashed red line.

Problem 6.2. Write a program using **for** loops to generate a 5×5 matrix **A** whose $(m, n)^{th}$ element is equal to $m + n$.

Problem 6.3. Write a program with a **while** loop which allows the user to input a number at each iteration until a negative value is input. Calculate the average of all the input values between 40 and 80 (inclusive). Test your program with the following inputs: $29, 35, 65, 49, 38, 79, 93, 80, 28, 29, 58, -7$, and the output should be 66.2 .

Problem 6.4. Use a **while** loop to determine how many years it will take to accumulate £900,000 in a bank account if you deposit £10,000 initially and £10,000 at the start of each following year; the account pays 5.3% annual interest at the end of each year. Set a breakpoint inside the while loop to trace every iteration. What is the resulting balance in the account? (Answer: 33 years; £948,458.33).