

OPA602

High-Speed Precision Difet® OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

FEATURES

WIDE BANDWIDTH: 6.5MHz
 HIGH SLEW RATE: 35V/μs
 LOW OFFSET: ±250μV max

LOW BIAS CURRENT: ±1pA max
 FAST SETTLING TIME: 1µs to 0.01%

• UNITY-GAIN STABLE

APPLICATIONS

- PRECISION INSTRUMENTATION
- OPTOELECTRONICS
- SONAR, ULTRASOUND
- PROFESSIONAL AUDIO EQUIPMENT
- MEDICAL EQUIPMENT
- DATA CONVERSION

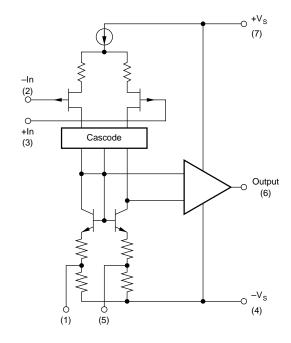
DESCRIPTION

The OPA602 is a precision, wide bandwidth FET operational amplifier. Monolithic **Difet** (dielectrically isolated FET) construction provides an unusual combination of high speed and accuracy.

Its wide-bandwidth design minimizes dynamic errors. High slew rate and fast settling time allow accurate signal processing in pulse and data conversion applications. Wide bandwidth and low distortion minimize AC errors. All specifications are rated with a $1k\Omega$ resistor in parallel with 500pF load. The OPA602 is unity-gain stable and easily drives capacitive loads up to 1500pF.

Laser-trimmed input circuitry provides offset voltage and drift performance normally associated with precision bipolar op amps. *Difet* construction achieves extremely low input bias currents (1pA max) without compromising input voltage noise.

The OPA602's unique input cascode circuitry maintains low input bias current and precise input characteristics over its full input common-mode voltage range.



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SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL

At V_{S} = $\pm 15 VDC$ and T_{A} = +25°C unless otherwise noted.

		OP/	OPA602AM/AP/AU		OPA602BM/SM/BP		OPA602CM				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT NOISE											
Voltage: f _O = 10Hz			*			23			*		nV/√Hz
f _O = 100Hz			*			19			*		nV/√Hz
f _O = 1kHz			*			13			*		nV/√Hz
f _O = 10kHz			*			12					nV/√Hz
$f_B = 10Hz$ to $10kHz$ $f_B = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$			*			1.4 0.95			*		μVrms μVp-p
Current: $f_B = 0.1Hz$ to 10Hz			*			12			*		fAp-p
f _O = 0.1Hz to 20kHz			*			0.6			*		fA/√Hz
OFFSET VOLTAGE		+									
Input Offset Voltage:											
M Package	$V_{CM} = 0VDC$		±300	±1000		±150	±500		±100	±250	μV
P Package			1	2		0.5	1				mV
U Package			1	3							mV
Over Specified Temperature											١.,
M Package			±550			±250	±1000		±200	±500	μV
P, U Packages Average Drift	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}		±1.5	±15		±0.75 ±3	±1.5 ±5		*	±2	mV μV/°C
Supply Rejection	$\pm V_{S} = 12V \text{ to } 18V$	70	*	1 113	80	100	±5	86	*	12	dΒ
BIAS CURRENT	3										
Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0VDC$		±2	±10		±1	±2		±0.5	±1	pА
Over Specified Temperature	vCM = 0.00		±20	±500		±20	±200		±10	±100	pA
SM Grade						±200	±2000				pΑ
OFFSET CURRENT											
Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 0VDC$		1	10		0.5	2		0.5	1	pА
Over Specified Temperature	CIVI		20	500		20	200		10	100	pА
SM Grade						200	1000				pА
INPUT IMPEDANCE											
Differential			*			10 ¹³ 1			*		Ω pF
Common-Mode			*			1014 3			*		Ω pF
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE											
Common-Mode Input Range		*	*		±10.2	+13,		*	*		V
Common Mada Bainstian	$V_{IN} = \pm 10 VDC$	75	*		88	-11 100		92	*		dB
Common-Mode Rejection	V _{IN} = ±10VDC	13			00	100		92			ив
OPEN-LOOP GAIN, DC Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$R_L \ge 1k\Omega$	75	*		88	100		92	*		dB
	INE TIME	13			- 00	100		92			UB
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	0 : 400		*		١.			_	١.		l
Gain Bandwidth	Gain = 100	3.5	*		4	6.5		5			MHz
Full Power Response Slew Rate	20Vp-p, $R_L = 1kΩ$ $V_O = \pm 10V$, $R_L = 1kΩ$	20	*		24	570 35		28	*		kHz V/μs
Settling Time: 0.1%	Gain = -1 , $R_L = 1k\Omega$	20	*		24	0.6		20	*		μς
0.01%	C _L = 500pF, 10V Step		*			1.0			*		μs
RATED OUTPUT											
Voltage Output	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	±11	*		±11.5	+12.9,		*	*		V
	-					-13.8					
Current Output	$V_O = \pm 10VDC$	*	*		±15	±20		*	*		mA
Output Resistance	1MHz, Open Loop		*			80			*		Ω
Load Capacitance Stability	Gain = +1	105	*		120	1500		*	*		pF
Short Circuit Current		±25	-		±30	±50			-	-	mA
POWER SUPPLY			*						*		\ \/DC
Rated Voltage						±15			1		VDC
Voltage Range, Derated Performance		*	1	*	±5		±18	*		*	VDC
Current, Quiescent	I _O = 0mADC		*	*		3	4		*	*	mA
Over Specified Temperature	U		*	*		3.5	4.5		*	*	mA
TEMPERATURE RANGE											
Specification	Ambient Temperature	*		*	-25		+85	*		*	°C
SM Grade	•				-55		+125				°C
Operating: M Package	Ambient Temperature	*	1	*	-55		+125	*		*	°C
P, U Packages	=	-25		+85	-25		+85				°C
Storage: M Package	Ambient Temperature	*	1	*	-65 40		+150	*		*	°C
P, U Packages		-40	*	+125	-40	200	+125		*		°C/W
θ_{JA}		1	1	1	1	200		l	I	1	I C/VV

^{*} Same specifications as OPA602BM.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	±18VDC
Internal Power Dissipation (T _J ≤ +175°C)	1000mW
Differential Input Voltage	Total V _S
Input Voltage Range	±V _S
Storage Temperature Range	ū
M Package	–65°C to +150°C
P and U Packages	–40°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	
M Package	–55°C to +125°C
P and U Packages	–25°C to + 85°C
Lead Temperature	
M and P Packages (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
U Package, SOIC (3s)	+260°C
Output Short Circuit to Ground (+25°C)	Continuous
Junction Temperature	+175°C

PACKAGE INFORMATION

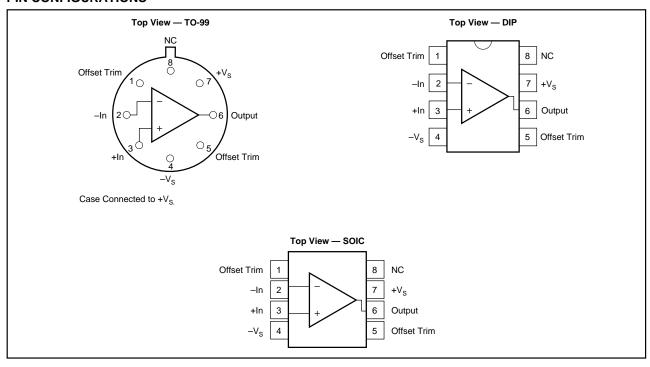
MODEL	PACKAGE	PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾
OPA602AM	TO-99	001
OPA602BM	TO-99	001
OPA602CM	TO-99	001
OPA602SM	TO-99	001
OPA602AP	Plastic DIP	006
OPA602BP	Plastic DIP	006
OPA602AU	Plastic SOIC	182

NOTE: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix C of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE	TEMPERATURE RANGE	OFFSET VOLTAGE MAX (μV) AT 25°C
OPA602AM	TO-99	−25 to +85°C	±1000
OPA602BM	TO-99	−25 to +85°C	±500
OPA602CM	TO-99	−25 to +85°C	±250
OPA602SM	TO-99	-55 to +125°C	±500
OPA602AP	Plastic DIP	−25 to +85°C	±2000
OPA602BP	Plastic DIP	−25 to +85°C	±1000
OPA602AU	Plastic SOIC	–25 to +85°C	±3000

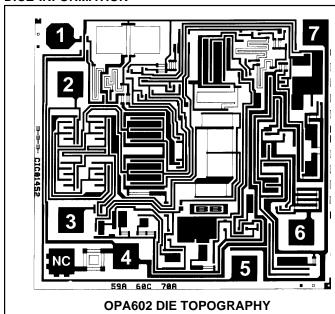
PIN CONFIGURATIONS



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DICE INFORMATION



PAD	FUNCTION		
1	Offset Trim		
2	–In		
3	+ln		
4	-V _s		
5	Offset Trim		
6	Output		
7	+V _S		

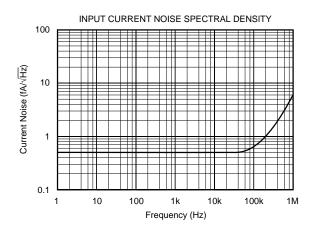
Substrate Bias: -V_S NC: No Connection.

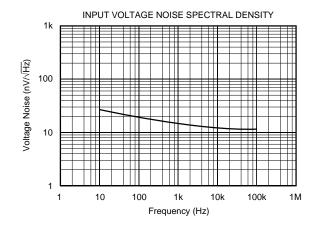
MECHANICAL INFORMATION

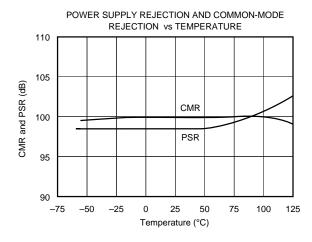
	MILS (0.001")	MILLIMETERS
Die Size Die Thickness Min. Pad Size	63 x 58 ±5 20 ±3 4 x 4	1.60 x 1.47 ±0.13 0.51 ±0.08 0.10 x 0.10
Backing Transistor Count		None 36

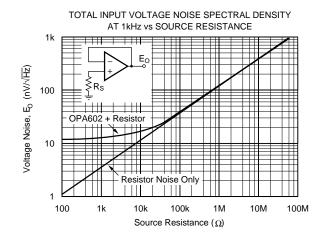
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

 T_{A} = +25°C, V_{S} = $\pm 15 VDC$ unless otherwise noted.





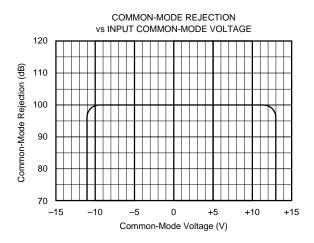


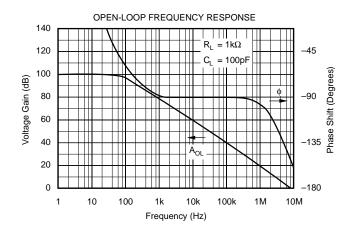


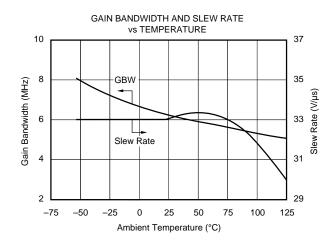


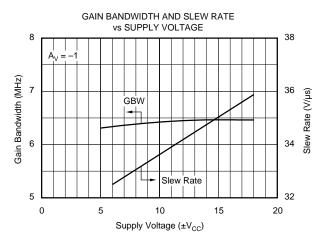
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

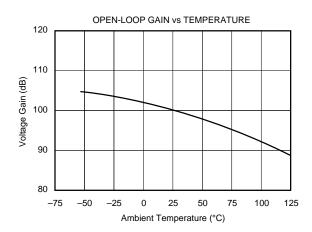
 T_A = +25°C, V_S = ±15VDC unless otherwise noted.

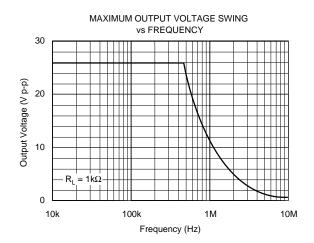






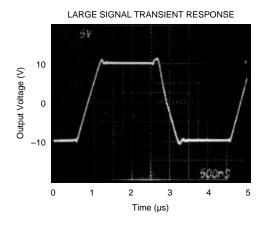


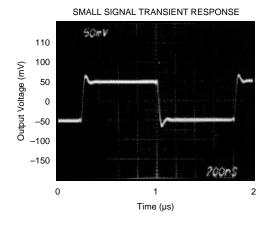


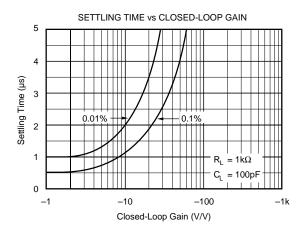


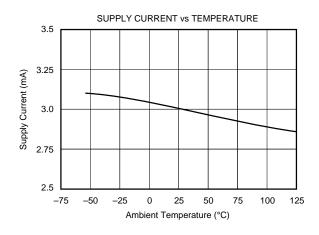
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

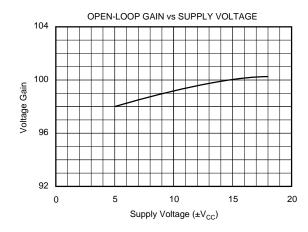
 T_A = +25°C, V_S = ±15VDC unless otherwise noted.

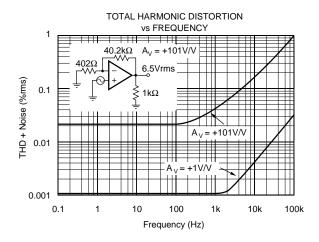








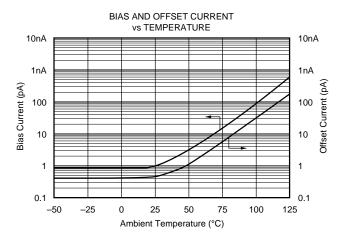


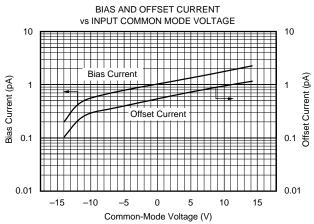


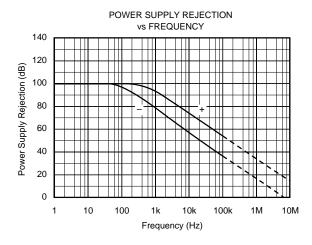


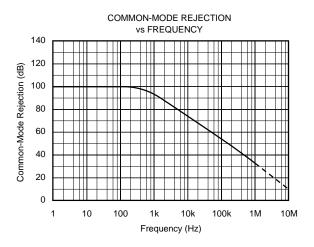
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

 $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_S = \pm 15$ VDC unless otherwise noted.









APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Unity-gain stability with good phase margin and excellent output drive characteristics bring freedom from the subtle problems associated with other high speed amplifiers. But with any high speed, wide bandwidth circuitry, careful circuit layout will ensure best performance. Make short, direct interconnections and avoid stray wiring capacitance—especially at the inverting input pin.

Power supplies should be bypassed with good high frequency capacitors positioned close to the op amp pins. In most cases $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors are adequate. Applications with heavier loads and fast transient waveforms may benefit from use of additional $1.0\mu F$ tantalum bypass capacitors.

INPUT BIAS CURRENT GUARDING

Leakage currents across printed circuit boards can easily exceed the input bias current of the OPA602. A circuit board "guard" pattern (Figure 1) is an effective solution to difficult leakage problems. This guard pattern must be repeated on all layers of a multilayer board. By surrounding critical high impedance input circuitry with a low impedance circuit connection at the same potential, leakage currents will flow harmlessly to the low impedance node.

Input bias current may also be degraded by improper handling or cleaning. Contamination from handling parts and circuit boards may be cleaned with appropriate solvents and deionized water. Each rinsing operation should be followed by a 30-minute bake at +85°C.

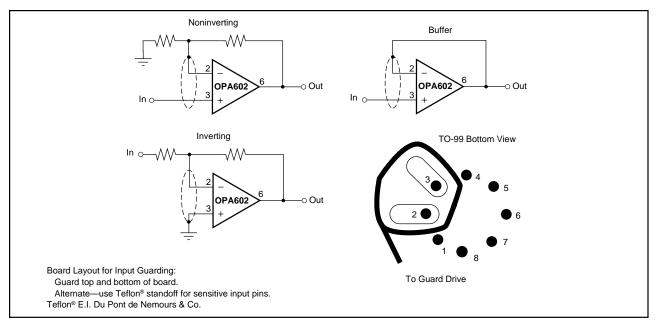


FIGURE 1. Connection of Input Guard.

APPLICATION CIRCUITS

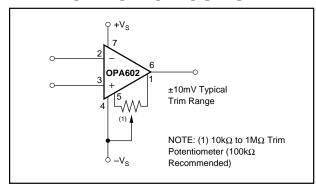


FIGURE 2. Offset Voltage Trim.

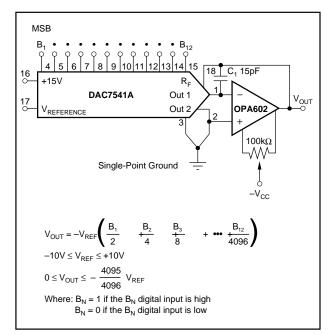


FIGURE 3. Voltage Output D/A Converter.

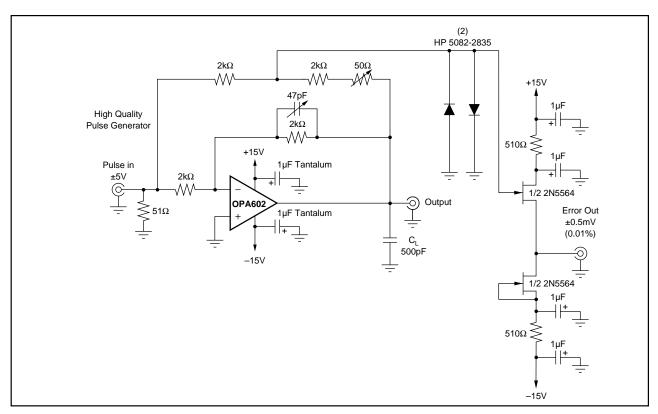


FIGURE 4. Settling Time and Slew Rate Test Circuit.