TOSHIBA CMOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

T6963C

DOT MATRIX LCD CONTROL LSI

The T6963C is an LCD controller designed to be used with LCD control driver LSIs and data display memories. The device has an 8−bit parallel data bus and control lines for reading or writing through an MPU interface. It can be directly connected to a TMPZ−80.

It has a 128−word character generator ROM which can control an external display RAM of up to 64 Kbytes. Allocation of text, graphics and external character generator RAM can be made easily and the display window can be moved freely within the allocated memory range.

The device supports a very broad range of LCD formats by allowing selection of different combinations via a set of programmable inputs. It can be used in text, graphic and combination text−and−graphic modes, and includes various attribute functions.

QFP67-P-1420-0.80
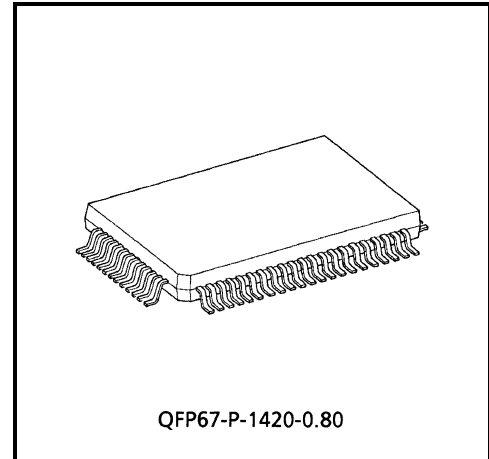
Weight: 1.2 g (typ.)

Features

- Display format (pin−selectable)
  Columns　　　　　　　　: 32, 40, 64, 80
  Lines　　　　　　　　　: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32
  The combination of number of columns and number of lines must not cause the frequency to exceed 5.5 MHz. (See Fig. 2)

- Character font (pinselectable)
  Horizontal dots　　　　: 5, 6, 7, 8
  Vertical dots　　　　　: 8 (fixed)
  It is necessary to set a character font in Graphic mode just as in Text mode. The oscillation frequency does not change with the font selection.

- Display duty　　　　　　: 1 / 16 to 1 / 128

- A 128−word character generator ROM (code 0101) T6963C−0101 is built in as standard.

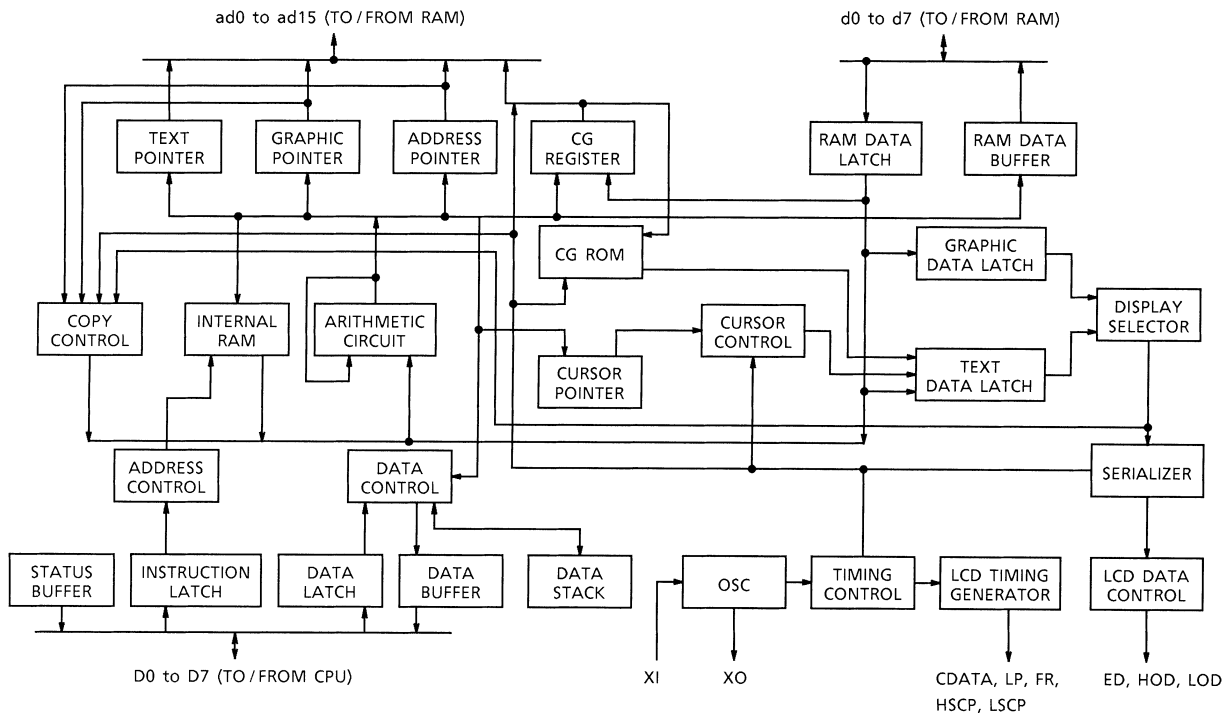- External display memory : 64 KB Max
  The addresses in display memory of the text area, graphic area and external character generator area are determined by software.

- Read or Write operations from the CPU do not disturb the display.
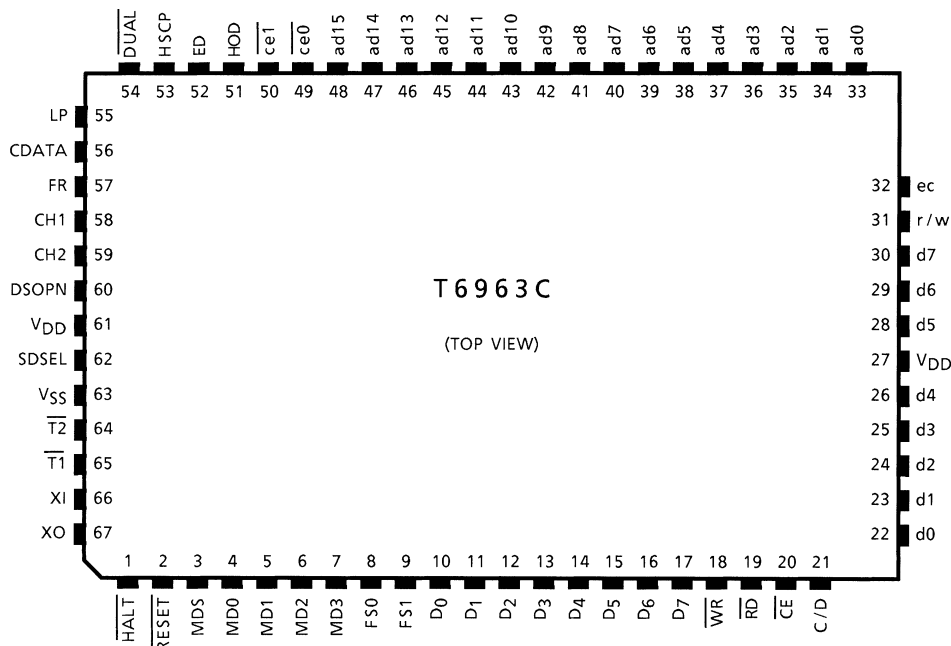
000707EBA1

- A crystal oscillator circuit is built in. The oscillation frequency is adjusted according to the display size. If using an external clock, use the XI pin as the clock input. (XO open.)

  External capacitors Crystal oscillation : 20 to 30 pF

  Ceramic oscillation : 30 to 100 pF

  Built−in feedback resistor : 900 kΩ (typ.)

- Toshiba LCD driver LSIs (other than these with a built−in RAM) can be connected to the device.
- External display RAM must be static RAM. The T6963C cannot refresh D−RAM.
- The attribute functions can only be used in Text mode. They cannot be used in Graphic or Combination Character mode.

Block Diagram

Pin Assignment

Pin Functions

Pin Name	I / O	Functions
MDS MD0 MD1	Input	Pins for selection of LCD size

$\overline{DUAL}$	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
MDS	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H
MD1	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L
MD0	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L
LINES	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32
V−DOTS	16	32	48	64	80	96	112	128	32	64	96	128	160	192	224	256
	1 SCREEN								2 SCREENS							

Pin Name	I / O	Functions				
MD2 MD3	Input	Pins for selection of number of columns	MD2	H	L	H	L
			MD3	H	H	L	L
			Columns	32	40	64	80

Pin Name	I / O	Functions				
FS0 FS1	Input	Pins for selection of font	FS0	H	L	H	L
			FS1	H	H	L	L
			Font	5 × 8	6 × 8	7 × 8	8 × 8

Pin Name	I / O	Functions
D0 to D7	I / O	Data I / O pins between CPU and T6963C (D7 is MSB)
$\overline{WR}$	Input	Data Write. Write data into T6963C when $\overline{WR}$ = L.
$\overline{RD}$	Input	Data Read. Read data from T6963C when $\overline{RD}$ = L.
$\overline{CE}$	Input	Chip Enable for T6963C. $\overline{CE}$ must be L when CPU communicates with T6963C.

Pin Name	I / O	Functions
C / D	Input	$\overline{WR}$ = L ······ C / D = H: Command Write C / D = L: Data Write $\overline{RD}$ = L ······ C / D = H: Status Read C / D = L: Data Read
$\overline{HALT}$	Input	H ······ Normal, L ······ Stops the oscillation of the clock
$\overline{RESET}$	Input	H ······ Normal (T6963C has internal pull−up resistor) L ······ Initialize T6963C. Text and graphic have addresses and text and graphic area settings are retained.
DSPON	Output	Control pin for external DC / DC. DSPON is L when $\overline{HALT}$ is L or $\overline{RESET}$ is L. (When DSPON goes H, the column drivers are cleared.)
$\overline{DUAL}$	Input	H ······ Single−Scan L ······ Dual−Scan 表: | $\overline{DUAL}$ | H | H | L | L | / | $\overline{SDSEL}$ | H | L | H | L |
$\overline{SDSEL}$	Input	H ······ Sending data by odd / even separation L ······ Sending data by simple serial method | Upper screen | HOD, ED | ED | HOD, ED | ED | / | Lower screen | — | — | LOD, ED | ED |
$\overline{ce0}$ (LOD)	Output	$\overline{ce0}$ at $\overline{DUAL}$ = H Chip enable pin for display memory in the address range 0000H to 07FFH LOD at $\overline{DUAL}$ = L Serial data output for odd columns in lower area of LCD
$\overline{ce1}$ (LSCP)	Output	$\overline{ce1}$ at $\overline{DUAL}$ = H Chip enable pin for display memory in the address range 0800H to 0FFFH LSCP at $\overline{DUAL}$ = L Shift clock pulse output for column drivers in lower area of LCD
$\overline{ce}$	Output	Chip enable pin for display memory of any address
d0 to d7	I / O	Data I / O pins for display memory
ad0 to ad15	Output	Address outputs for display memory (ad15 = L: for upper area of LCD, ad15 = H: for lower area of LCD)
R / W	Output	Read / Write signal for display memory
ED	Output	$\overline{SDSEL}$ = H: Data output for even columns in both upper and lower areas of LCD $\overline{SDSEL}$ = L: Data output for columns in both upper and lower areas of LCD
HOD	Output	Data output for odd columns in upper area of LCD
CDATA	Output	Synchronous signal for row driver
HSCP	Output	Shift clock pulse for column driver of upper area of LCD
LP	Output	Latch pulse for column driver. Shift clock pulse for row driver
FR	Output	Frame signal
XI	Input	Crystal oscillator input
XO	Output	Crystal oscillator output
CH1, CH2	Output	Check signal
$\overline{T1}$, $\overline{T2}$	Input	Test input. Usually open
V_{DD}	—	Power supply (5.0 V)
V_{SS}	—	Power supply (0 V)

Functional Definition

- After power on, it is necessary to reset. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is kept L between 5 clocks up (oscillation clock).
- When $\overline{\text{HALT}}$ = L, the oscillation stops. The power supply for the LCD must now be turned off, to protect the LCD from DC bias.
- The HALT function includes the RESET function.
- The column / line counter and display register are cleared by RESET. (Other registers are not cleared.) Disable the display using the clear−display register.
- The status must be checked before data or commands are sent. The MSB = 0 status check must be done in particular. There is a possibility of erroneous operation due to a hard interrupt.
- STA0 and STA1 must be checked at the same time. When a command is executed, data transmission errors may occur.
- The T6963C can only handle one byte per machine cycle (16 clocks). It is impossible to send more than two data in a machine cycle.
- When using a command with operand data, it important to send the data first, and then execute the command.
- The character codes used by the T6963C are different from ASCII codes.

● **State after RESET / HALT (Fig. 1)**

Terminal	Halt		Reset	
D0 to D7	F		F	
d0 to d7	F		F	
r / w	H		H	
$\overline{ce}$	H	(Note 1)	H	(Note 1)
ad0 to ad15	H	(Note 2)	H	(Note 2)
$\overline{ce0}$, $\overline{ce1}$	H	(Note 1)	H	(Note 1)
ED, HOD	Final data		Final data	
HSCP	L		L	
LP	L		L	
CDATA	H		H	
FR	H		H	
CH1	L		K0	
CH2	L		VEND	
DSPON	L		L	
XO	H		OSC clock	

H : Level H
L : Level L
F : Floating (high impedance)
K0 : Test signal
VEND : Test signal
Note 1: In Attribute mode, H or L according to state of graphic pointer
Note 2: In Attribute mode, data of graphic pointer

● **The relationship between number of row / column and oscillation clock** (Fig. 2)

The frequency of the crystal oscillator is adjusted by the following formula.

    f_{OSC} : Frequency of oscillation

    f_{SCP} : Frequency of shift clock (f_{SCP} = f_{OSC} / 2)

    f_R : Frequency of Frame

    M   : Number of characters on one line (number of dots on one line 8 M)

           For all font sizes (e.g. 7 × 8, 6 × 8, 5× 8) the oscillation frequency remains constant.

    N   : Number of rows (duty = 1 / 8N)

$$\frac{8M}{f_{SCP}} \times 8N = \frac{1}{f_R}$$

$f_{OSC} = f_R \times 64 \times 2 \times M \times N$

(f_R = 60 Hz)

Unit: [MHz]

N \ M	32	40	64	80	Duty
2	0.492	0.614	0.983	1.229	1 / 16
	0.983	1.229	1.966	2.458	
4	0.983	1.229	1.966	2.458	1 / 32
	1.966	2.458	3.932	4.915	
6	1.475	1.843	2.949	3.686	1 / 48
	2.949	3.686	5.898	7.372	
8	1.966	2.458	3.932	4.915	1 / 64
	3.932	4.915	7.864	9.830	
10	2.458	3.072	4.915	6.144	1 / 80
	4.915	6.144	9.830	12.288	
12	2.949	3.686	5.898	7.373	1 / 96
	5.898	7.373	11.776	14.746	
14	3.440	4.300	6.881	8.602	1 / 112
	6.881	8.601	13.763	17.203	
16	3.932	4.915	7.864	9.830	1 / 128
	7.864	9.830	15.729	19.660	

Note 1: Upper ··· Single−Scan, lower ···· Dual−Scan at f_R = 60 Hz

Upper
Lower

● **RAM Interface**

The external RAM is used to store display data (text, graphic and external CG data).
With single−scan, text data, graphic data and external CG data can be freely allocated to the memory area
(64 KB max).
With dual−scan, LCD I is allocated to 0000H to 7FFFH (32 KB max), LCD II is allocated to 8000H to FFFFH
(32 KB max). Text data, graphic data and external CG data can be freely allocated in LCD I. In LCDII, the
same addresses must be allocated as in LCD I, except ad15. ad15 determines selection of LCD I or LCD II.
It can be use the address decoded signals $\overline{ce0}$ (0000 to 07FFH), $\overline{ce1}$ (0800 to 0FFFH) within 4 KB.
$\overline{ce0}$ and $\overline{ce1}$ allow decoding of addresses in the ranges (0000 to 07FFH) and (0800 to 0FFFH) respectively
within a 4−KB memory space.

(Example)
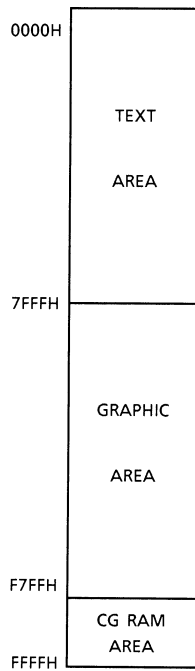
(1) Single−Scan   **(2) Dual−Scan**
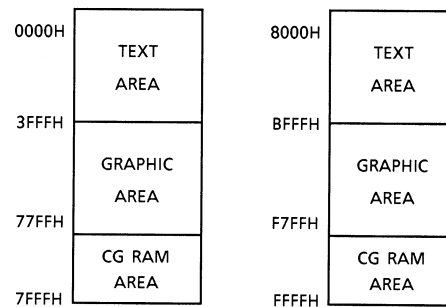
CG : Character Generator

● **Flowchart of communications with MPU**

(1) Status Read

A status check must be performed before data is read or written.

Status check

The Status of T6963C can be read from the data lines.

$\overline{RD}$	L
$\overline{WR}$	H
$\overline{CE}$	L
C / D	H
D0 to D7	Status word

The T6963C status word format is as follows:

MSB   LSB

STA7 D7	STA6 D6	STA5 D5	STA4 D4	STA3 D3	STA2 D2	STA1 D1	STA0 D0

STA0	Check command execution capability	0: Disable 1: Enable
STA1	Check data read / write capability	0: Disable 1: Enable
STA2	Check Auto mode data read capability	0: Disable 1: Enable
STA3	Check Auto mode data write capability	0: Disable 1: Enable
STA4	Not used	
STA5	Check controller operation capability	0: Disable 1: Enable
STA6	Error flag. Used for Screen Peek and Screen copy commands.	0: No error 1: Error
STA7	Check the blink condition	0: Display off 1: Normal display

Note 1: It is necessary to check STA0 and STA1 at the same time.
There is a possibility of erroneous operation due to a hardware interrupt.
Note 2: For most modes STA0 / STA1 are used as a status check.
Note 3: STA2 and STA3 are valid in Auto mode; STA0 and STA1 are invalid.

Status checking flow

a)
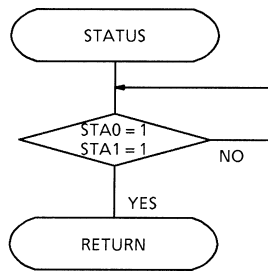
b)
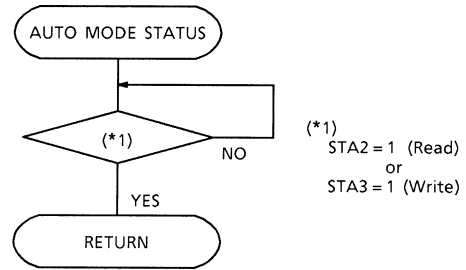
Note 4: When using the MSB = 0 command, a Status Read must be performed.
If a status check is not carried out, the T6963C cannot operate normally, even after a delay time.
The hardware interrupt occurs during the address calculation period (at the end of each line).
If a MSB = 0 command is sent to the T6963C during this period, the T6963C enters Wait status.
If a status check is not carried out in this state before the next command is sent, there is the possibility that the command or data will not be received.

(2) Setting data

When using the T6963C, first set the data, then set the command.

Procedure for sending a command

a) The case of 1 data
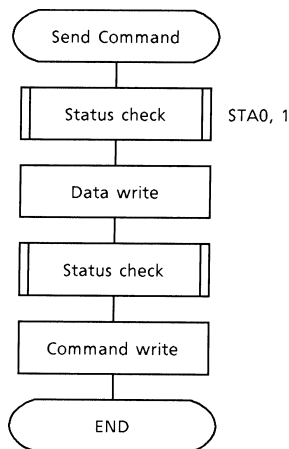
b) The case of 2 data
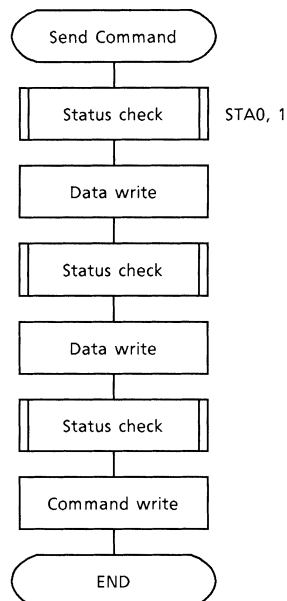
Note: When sending more than two data, the last datum (or last two data) is valid.

Command Definitions

Command	Code	D1	D2	Function
REGISTERS SETTING	00100001 00100010 00100100	X address Data Low address	Y address 00H High address	Set Cursor Pointer Set Offset Register Set Address Pointer
SET CONTROL WORD	01000000 01000001 01000010 01000011	Low address Columns Low address Columns	High address 00H High address 00H	Set Text Home Address Set Text Area Set Graphic Home Address Set Graphic Area
MODE SET	1000X000 1000X001 1000X011 1000X100 10000XXX 10001XXX	— — — — — —	— — — — — —	OR mode EXOR mode AND mode Text Attribute mode Internal CG ROM mode External CG RAM mode
DISPLAY MODE	10010000 1001XX10 1001XX11 100101XX 100110XX 100111XX	— — — — — —	— — — — — —	Display off Cursor on, blink off Cursor on, blink on Text on, graphic off Text off, graphic on Text on, graphic on
CURSOR PATTERN SELECT	10100000 10100001 10100010 10100011 10100100 10100101 10100110 10100111	— — — — — — — —	— — — — — — — —	1−line cursor 2−line cursor 3−line cursor 4−line cursor 5−line cursor 6−line cursor 7−line cursor 8−line cursor
DATA AUTO READ / WRITE	10110000 10110001 10110010	— — —	— — —	Set Data Auto Write Set Data Auto Read Auto Reset
DATA READ / WRITE	11000000 11000001 11000010 11000011 11000100 11000101	Data — Data — Data —	— — — — — —	Data Write and Increment ADP Data Read and Increment ADP Data Write and Decrement ADP Data Read and Decrement ADP Data Write and Nonvariable ADP Data Read and Nonvariable ADP
SCREEN PEEK	11100000	—	—	Screen Peek
SCREEN COPY	11101000			Screen Copy

X: invalid

Command	Code	D1	D2	Function
BIT SET / RESET	11110XXX	—	—	Bit Reset
	11111XXX	—	—	Bit Set
	1111X000	—	—	Bit 0 (LSB)
	1111X001	—	—	Bit 1
	1111X010	—	—	Bit 2
	1111X011	—	—	Bit 3
	1111X100	—	—	Bit 4
	1111X101	—	—	Bit 5
	1111X110	—	—	Bit 6
	1111X111	—	—	Bit 7 (MSB)

X: invalid

● Setting registers

Code	Hex.	Function	D1	D2
00100001	21H	SET CURSOR POINTER	X ADRS	Y ADRS
00100010	22H	SET OFFSET REGISTER	DATA	00H
00100100	24H	SET ADDRESS POINTER	LOW ADRS	HIGH ADRS

(1) Set Cursor Pointer

The position of the cursor is specified by X ADRS and Y ADRS. The cursor position can only be moved by this command. Data read / write from the MPU never changes the cursor pointer. X ADRS and Y ADRS are specified as follows.

    X ADRS   00H to 4FH (lower 7 bits are valid)
    Y ADRS   00H to 1FH (lower 5 bits are valid)

a) Single- Scan
   X ADRS 00 to 4FH

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│   Y ADRS 00H to 0FH      │
│                          │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
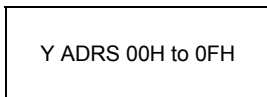
b) Dual- Scan
   X ADRS 00H to 4FH

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│   Y ADRS 00H to 0FH      │
│   Upper screen           │
└─────────────────────────┘
```

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│   Y ADRS 10H to 1FH      │
│   Lower screen           │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
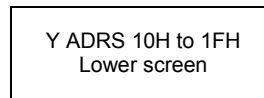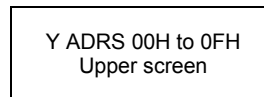
(2) Set Offset Register

The offset register is used to determine the external character generator RAM area.
The T6963C has a 16-bit address bus as follows:

MSB   LSB

ad15	ad14	ad13	ad12	ad11	ad10	ad9	ad8	ad7	ad6	ad5	ad4	ad3	ad2	ad1	ad0

Offset Register Data ⸻⸻⸻⸻⸻ Character Code ⸻⸻⸻⸻⸻ Line Scan
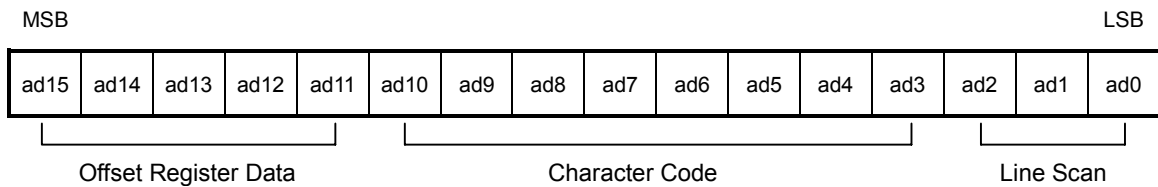
T6963C assign External character generator, when character code set 80H to FFH in using internal character generator. Character code 00H to 80H assign External character generator, when External generator mode.

The senior five bits define the start address in external memory of the CG RAM area. The next eight bits represent the character code of the character. In internal CG ROM mode, character codes 00H to 7FH represent the predefined "internal" CG ROM characters, and codes 80H to FFH represent the user's own "external" characters. In external CG RAM mode, all 256 codes from 00H to FFH can be used to represent the user's own characters. The three least significant bits indicate one of the eight rows of eight dots that define the character's shape.

<u>The relationship between display RAM address and offset register</u>

Offset register data	CG RAM hex. address (start to end)
00000	0000 to 07FFH
00001	0800 to 0FFFH
00010	1000 to 17FFH
11100	E000 to E7FFH
11101	E800 to EFFFH
11110	F000 to F7FFH
11111	F800 to FFFFH

(Example 1)

Offset register	02H			
Character code	80H			
Character generator RAM start address	0001	0100	0000	0000
	1	4	0	0	H

(address)	(data)
1400H	00H
1401H	1FH
1402H	04H
1403H	04H
1404H	04H
1405H	04H
1406H	04H
1407H	00H
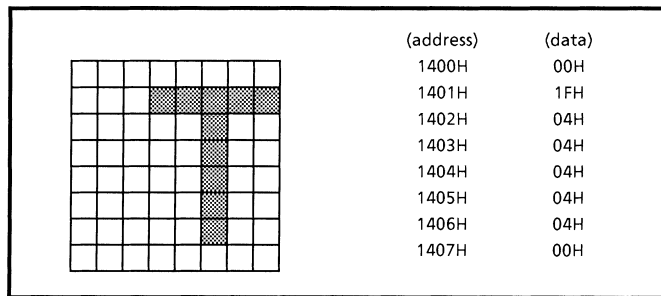
(Example 2) The relationship between display RAM data and display characters

ABγDEζGHIJKLM

Display character

(RAM DATA)	(Character)
21H	A
22H	B
83H	γ
24H	D
25H	E
86H	ζ
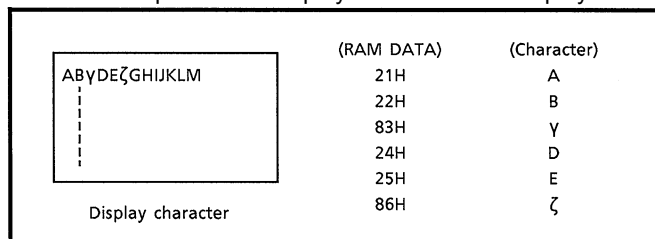
γ and ζ are displayed by character generator RAM.

(3) Set Address Pointer

The Set Address Pointer command is used to indicate the start address for writing to (or reading from) external RAM.

The Flowchart for Set Address Pointer command

```
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │   Set Address Pointer   │
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │      Status check       │     STA0, 1
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │    Set Address data     │
        │     (lower 8 bits)      │
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │      Status check       │
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │    Set Address data     │
        │     (upper 8 bits)      │
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │      Status check       │
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │   Send command 24H      │     Send Set Address Pointer command
        └─────────────────────────┘
                     │
        ┌─────────────────────────┐
        │          END            │
        └─────────────────────────┘
```
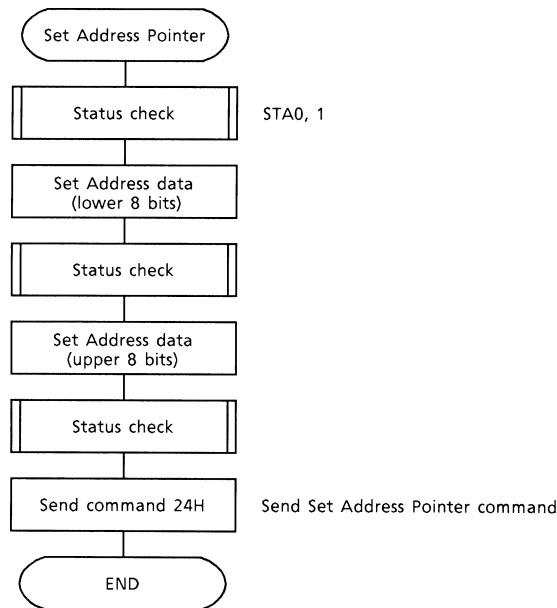
● **Set Control Word**

Code	Hex.	Function	D1	D2
01000000	40H	Set Text Home Address	Low address	High address
01000001	41H	Set Text Area	Columns	00H
01000010	42H	Set Graphic Home Address	Low address	High address
01000011	43H	Set Graphic Area	Columns	00H

The home address and column size are defined by this command.

(1) Set Text Home Address

The starting address in the external display RAM for text display is defined by this command. The text home address indicates the leftmost and uppermost position.

The relationship between external display RAM address and display position

TH		TH + CL
TH +TA		TH + TA + CL
(TH + TA) + TA		TH + 2TA + CL
(TH + 2TA) +TA		TH + 3TA + CL
TH + (n − 1) TA		TH + (n − 1) TA + CL

    TH: Text home address
    TA: Text area number (columns)
    CL: Columns are fixed by hardware (pin−programmable).

(Example)
    Text home address   : 0000H
    Text area   : 0020H
    MD2 = H, MD3 = H   : 32 columns
    $\overline{DUAL}$ = H, MDS = L, MD0 = L, MD1 = H: 4 lines

0000H	0001H		001EH	001FH
0020H	0021H		003EH	002FH
0040H	0041H		005EH	005FH
0060H	0061H		007EH	007FH

(2) Set Graphic Home Address

The starting address of the external display RAM used for graphic display is defined by this command. The graphic home address indicates the leftmost and uppermost position.

The relationship between external display RAM address and display position

GH		GH + CL
GH + GA		GH + GA + CL
(GH + GA) + GA		GH + 2GA + CL
(GH + 2GA) + GA		GH + 3GA + CL
GH + (n − 1) GA		GH + (n − 1) GA + CL

    GH: Graphic home address
    GA: Graphic area number (columns)
    CL: Columns are fixed by hardware (pin−programmable).

(Example)

Graphic home address	: 0000H	
Graphic area	: 0020H	
MD2 = H, MD3 = H	: 32 columns	
$\overline{\text{DUAL}}$ = H, MDS = L, MD0 = H, MD1 = H	: 2 lines	

0000H	0001H		001EH	001FH
0020H	0021H		003EH	003FH
0040H	0041H		005EH	005FH
0060H	0061H		007EH	007FH
0080H	0081H		009EH	009FH
00A0H	00A1H		00BEH	00BFH
00C0H	00C1H		00DEH	00DFH
00E0H	00E1H		00FEH	00FFH
0100H	0101H		011EH	011FH
0120H	0121H		013EH	013FH
0140H	0141H		015EH	015FH
0160H	0161H		017EH	017FH
0180H	0181H		019EH	019FH
01A0H	01A1H		01BEH	01BFH
01C0H	01C1H		01DEH	01DFH
01E0H	01E1H		01FEH	01FFH

(3) Set Text Area

The display columns are defined by the hardware setting. This command can be used to adjust the columns of the display.

(Example)

LCD size	: 20 columns, 4 lines	
Text home address	: 0000H	
Text area	: 0014H	
MD2 = H, MD3 = H	: 32 columns	
$\overline{\text{DUAL}}$ = H, MDS = L, MD0 = L, MD1 = H	: 4 lines	

0000	0001	········	0013	0014	········	001F
0014	0015	········	0027	0028	········	0033
0028	0029	········	003B	003C	········	0047
003C	003D	········	004F	0050	········	005B

$\longleftarrow\quad$ LCD $\quad\longrightarrow$

(4) Set Graphic Area

The display columns are defined by the hardware setting. This command can be used to adjust the columns of the graphic display.

(Example)
LCD size	: 20 columns, 2 lines
Graphic home address	: 0000H
Graphic area	: 0014H
MD2 = H, MD3 = H	: 32 columns
$\overline{DUAL}$ = H, MDS = L, MD0 = H, MD1 = H	: 2 lines

0000	0001	········	0013	0014	········	001F
0014	0015	········	0027	0028	········	0033
0028	0029	········	003B	003C	········	0047
003C	003D	········	004F	0050	········	005B
0050	0051	········	0063	0064	········	006F
0064	0065	········	0077	0078	········	0083
0078	0079	········	008B	008C	········	0097
008C	008D	········	009F	00A0	········	00AB
00A0	00A1	········	00B3	00B4	········	00BF
00B4	00B5	········	00C7	00C8	········	00D3
00C8	00C9	········	00DB	00DC	········	00E7
00DC	00DD	········	00EF	00F0	········	00FD
00F0	00F1	········	0103	0104	········	011F
0104	0105	········	0127	0128	········	0123
0128	0129	········	013B	013C	········	0147
013C	013D	········	014F	0150	········	015B

LCD

If the graphic area setting is set to match the desired number of columns on the LCD, the addressing scheme will be automatically modified so that the start address of each line equals the end address of the previous line + 1.

● **Mode set**

Code	Function	Operand	
1000X000	OR Mode	—	
1000X001	EXOR Mode	—	
1000X011	AND Mode	—	
1000X100	TEXT ATTRIBUTE Mode	—	
10000XXX	Internal Character Generator Mode	—	
10001XXX	External Character Generator Mode	—	X: invalid

The display mode is defined by this command. The display mode does not change until the next command is sent. The logical OR, EXOR, AND of text or graphic display can be displayed.

In Internal Character Generator mode, character codes 00H to 7FH are assigned to the built−in character generator ROM. The character codes 80H to FFH are automatically assigned to the external character generator RAM.

(Example)
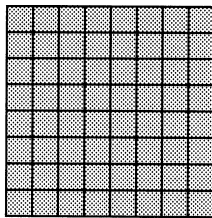
GRAPHIC
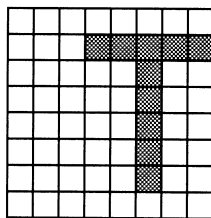
TEXT
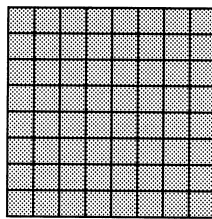
"OR"
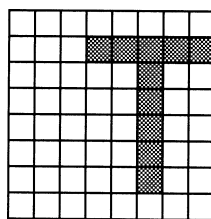
"AND"
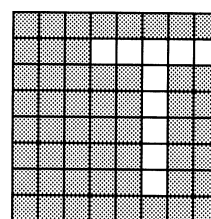
"EXOR"

Note: Attribute functions can only be applied to text display, since the attribute data is placed in the graphic RAM area.

Attribute function

The attribute operations are Reverse display, Character blink and Inhibit. The attribute data is written into the graphic area which was defined by the Set Control Word command. Only text display is possible in Attribute Function mode; graphic display is automatically disabled. However, the Display Mode command must be used to turn both Text and Graphic on in order for the Attribute function to be available.
The attribute data for each character in the text area is written to the same address in the graphic area. The Attribute function is defined as follows.

Attribute RAM 1byte | X | X | X | X | d3 | d2 | d1 | d0
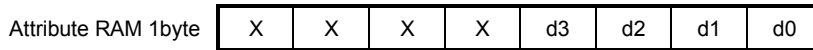
d3	d2	d1	d0	Function
0	0	0	0	Normal display
0	1	0	1	Reverse display
0	0	1	1	Inhibit display
1	0	0	0	Blink of normal display
1	1	0	1	Blink of reverse display
1	0	1	1	Blink of inhibit display

X: invalid

● **Display mode**

Code	Function	Operand	
10010000	Display off	—	
1001XX10	Cursor on, blink off	—	
1001XX11	Cursor on, blink on	—	
100101XX	Text on, graphic off	—	
100110XX	Text off, graphic on	—	X: invalid
100111XX	Text on, graphic on	—	

| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |

Cursor blink   on: 1, off: 0
Cursor display   on: 1, off: 0
Text display   on: 1, off: 0
Graphic display   on: 1, off: 0
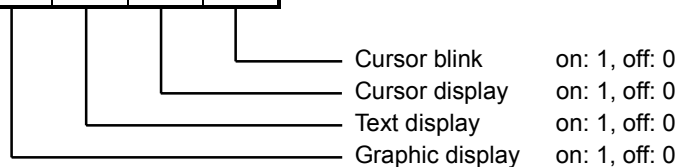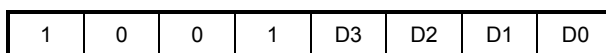
Note: It is necessary to turn on "Text display" and "Graphic display" in the following cases.
    a) Combination of text / graphic display
    b) Attribute function

● **Cursor pattern select**

Code	Function	Operand
10100000	1−line cursor	—
10100001	2−line cursor	—
10100010	3−line cursor	—
10100011	4−line cursor	—
10100100	5−line cursor	—
10100101	6−line cursor	—
10100110	7−line cursor	—
10100111	8−line cursor	—

When cursor display is ON, this command selects the cursor pattern in the range 1 line to 8 lines. The cursor address is defined by the Cursor Pointer Set command.
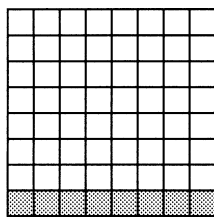
1-line cursor
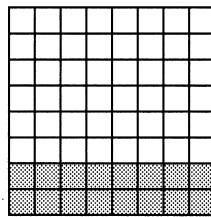
2-line cursor
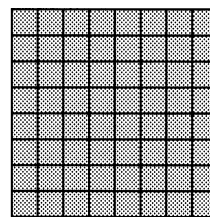
8-line cursor

● **Data Auto Read / Write**

Code	Hex.	Function	Operand
10110000	B0H	Set Data Auto Write	—
10110001	B1H	Set Data Auto Read	—
10110010	B2H	Auto Reset	—

This command is convenient for sending a full screen of data from the external display RAM. After setting Auto mode, a Data Write (or Read) command is need not be sent between each datum. A Data Auto Write (or Read) command must be sent after a Set Address Pointer command. After this command, the address pointer is automatically incremented by 1 after each datum. In Auto mode, the T6963C cannot accept any other commands.
The Auto Reset command must be sent to the T6963C after all data has been sent, to clear Auto mode.

Note: A Status check for Auto mode
(STA2, STA3 should be checked between sending of each datum. Auto Reset should be performed after checking STA3 = 1 (STA2 = 1). Refer to the following flowchart.

a) Auto Read mode

```
      ( Auto read start )
             |
     | Set Address Pointer |
             |
     | Status check 1 |          STA0, 1
             |
     | Auto read B1H |
             |
     | Status check 2 |          STA2
             |
     | Data read |
             |
     | Status check 2 | ─┐
             |            ├ Repetition
     | Data read | ──────┘
             |
     | Status check 2 |
             |
     | Auto reset B2H |
             |
          ( END )
```

b) Auto Write mode

```
      ( Auto write start )
             |
     | Set Address Pointer |
             |
     | Status check 1 |          STA0, 1
             |
     | Auto write B0H |
             |
     | Status check 2 |          STA3
             |
     | Data write |
             |
     | Status check 2 | ─┐
             |            ├ Repetition
     | Data write | ─────┘
             |
     | Status check 2 |
             |
     | Auto reset B2H |
             |
          ( END )
```

```
      ( Set Address Pointer )
             |
     | Status check 1 |          STA0, 1
             |
     | Set Address data (lower 8 bits) |
             |
     | Status check 1 |
             |
     | Set Address data (upper 8 bits) |
             |
     | Status check 1 |
             |
     | Set Address Pointer |     Send Set Address Pointer command
             |
          ( END )
```

```
   ( Status check 1 )
         |
         v
  NO  <STA0 = 1, STA1 = 1?>
         | YES
   ( RETURN )
```

```
   ( Status check 2 )
         |
         v
  NO  <STA2 = 1, (STA3 = 1)?>
         | YES
   ( RETURN )
```

● **Data Read / Write**

Code	Hex.	Function	Operand
11000000	C0H	Data Write and Increment ADP	Data
11000001	C1H	Data Read and Increment ADP	—
11000010	C2H	Data Write and Decrement ADP	Data
11000011	C3H	Data Read and Decrement ADP	—
11000100	C4H	Data Write and Nonvariable ADP	Data
11000101	C5H	Data Read and Nonvariable ADP	—

This command is used for writing data from the MPU to external display RAM, and reading data from external display RAM to the MPU. Data Write / Data Read should be executed after setting address using Set Address Pointer command. The address pointer can be automatically incremented or decremented using this command.

Note: This command is necessary for each 1-byte datum.
Refer to the following flowchart.
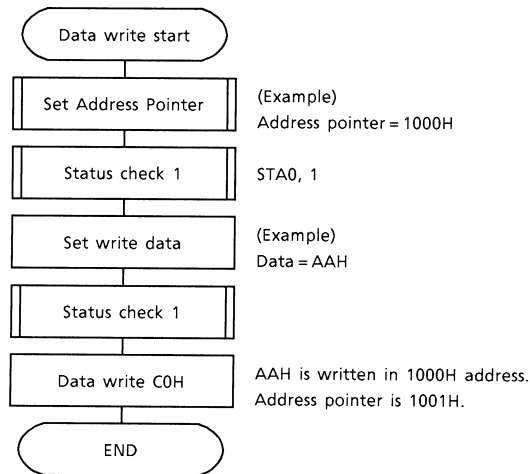
● **Screen Peek**

Code	Hex.	Function	Operand
11100000	E0H	Screen Peek	—

This command is used to transfer 1 byte of displayed data to the data stack; this byte can then be read from the MPU by data access. The logical combination of text and graphic display data on the LCD screen can be read by this command.

The status (STA6) should be checked just after the Screen Peek command. If the address determined by the Set Address Pointer command is not in the graphic area, this command is ignored and a status flag (STA6) is set.

Refer to the following flowchart.
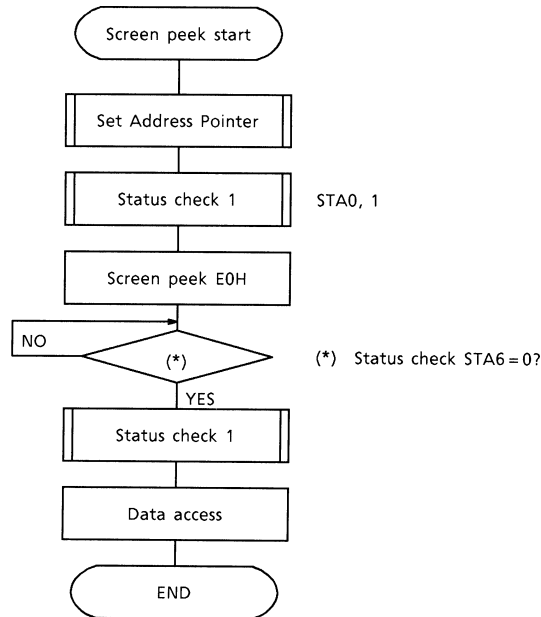
Note: This command is available when hardware column number and software column number are the same.
Hardware column number is related to MD2 and MD3 setting.
Software column number is related to Set Text Area and Set Graphic Area command.

● **Screen Copy**

Code	Hex.	Function	Operand
11101000	E8H	Screen Copy	—

This command copies a single raster line of data to the graphic area.

The start point must be set using the Set Address Pointer command.

Note 1: If the attribute function is being used, this command is not available.
(With Attribute data is graphic area data.)

Note 2: With Dual−Scan, this command cannot be used (because the T6963C cannot separate the upper screen data and lower screen data).

Refer to the following flowchart.
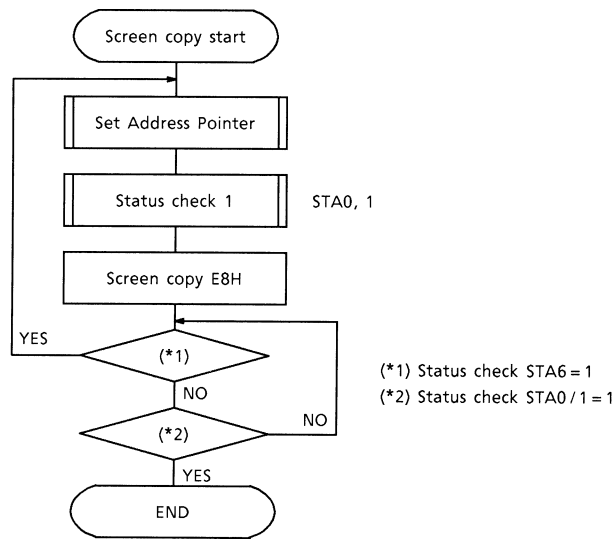
Note: This command is available when hardware column number and software column number are the same.
Hardware column number is related to MD2 and MD3 setting.
Software column number is related to Set Text Area and Set Graphic Area command.

● **Bit Set / Reset**

Code	Function	Operand	
11110XXX	Bit Reset	—	
11111XXX	Bit Set	—	
1111X000	Bit 0 (LSB)	—	
1111X001	Bit 1	—	
1111X010	Bit 2	—	
1111X011	Bit 3	—	
1111X100	Bit 4	—	
1111X101	Bit 5	—	
1111X110	Bit 6	—	X: invalid
1111X111	Bit 7 (MSB)	—	

This command use to set or reset a bit of the byte specified by the address pointer. Only one bit can be set / reset at a time.
Refer to the following flowchart.
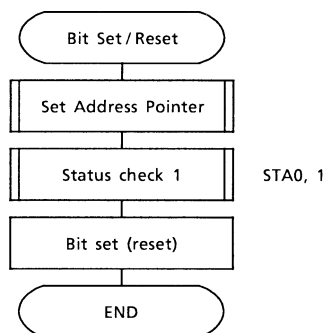
Character Code Map

The relation between character codes and character pattern (CG ROM TYPE 0101)

The relation between character codes and character pattern (CG ROM TYPE 0201)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD} (Note)	−0.3 to 7.0	V
Input Voltage	V_{IN} (Note)	−0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	−20 to 70	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	−55 to 125	°C

Note: Referenced to V_{SS} = 0 V.

Electrical Characteristics
Dc Characteristics
Test Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted, V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, Ta = −20 to 75°C)

Item		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Pin Name
Operating Voltage		V_{DD}	—	—	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	V_{DD}
Input	H Level	V_{IH}	—	—	V_{DD} − 2.2	—	V_{DD}	V	Input pins
	L Level	V_{IL}		—	0	—	0.8	V	Input pins
Output Voltage	H Level	V_{OH}	—	—	V_{DD} − 0.3	—	V_{DD}	V	Output pins
	L Level	V_{OL}		—	0	—	0.3	V	Output pins
Output Resistance	H Level	R_{OH}	—	V_{OUT} = V_{DD} − 0.5 V	—	—	400	Ω	Output pins
	L Level	R_{OL}	—	V_{OUT} = 0.5 V	—	—	400	Ω	Output pins
Input Pull−up Resistance		RPU	—	—	50	100	200	kΩ	(Note 1)
Operating Frequency		f_{OSC}	—	—	0.4	—	5.5	MHz	
Current Consumption (Operating)		$I_{DD\ (1)}$	—	V_{DD} = 5.0 V (Note 2) f_{OSC} = 3.0 MHz	—	3.3	6	mA	V_{DD}
Current Consumption (Halt)		$I_{DD\ (2)}$	—	V_{DD} = 5.0 V	—	—	3	μA	V_{DD}

Note 1: Applied $\overline{T1}$, $\overline{T2}$, $\overline{RESET}$

Note 2: MDS = L, MD0 = L, MD1 = L, MD2 = H, MD3 = H, FS0 = L, FS1 = L, $\overline{SDSEL}$ = L, $\overline{DUAL}$ = H,
          D7 to D0 = LHLHLHLH

Ac Characteristics

● **Switching Characteristics (1)**
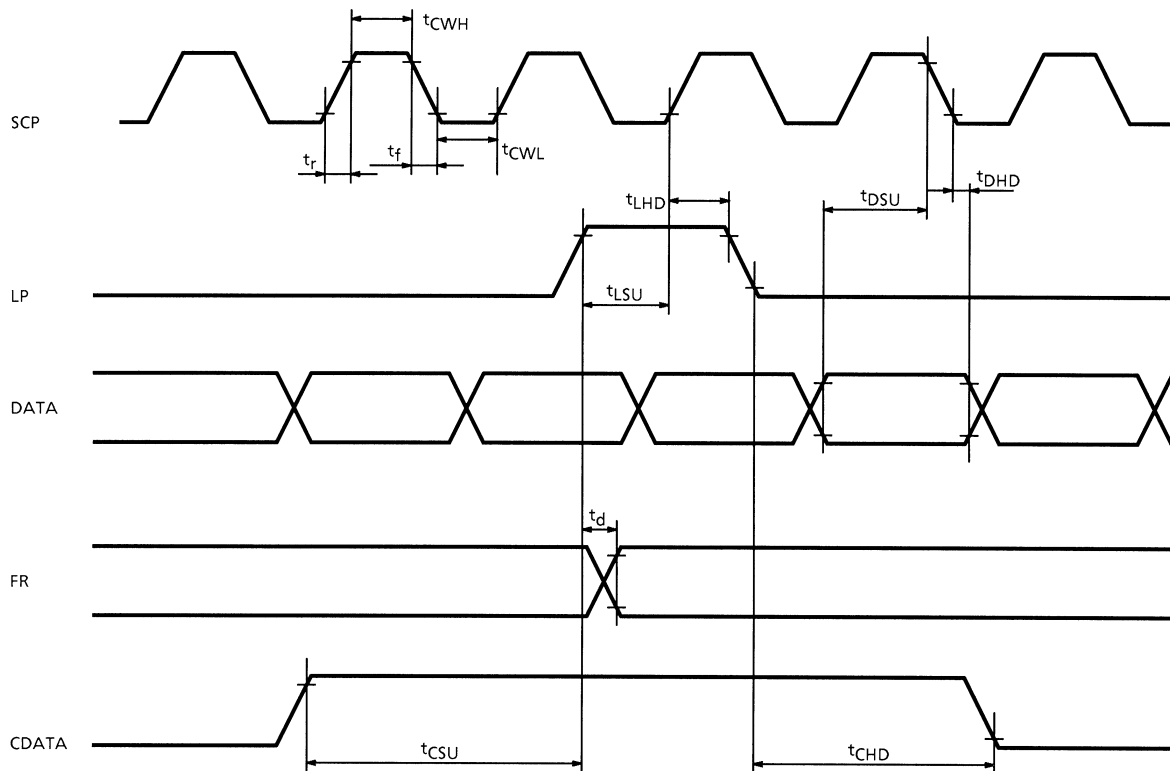
Test Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted, V_{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = −20 to 70°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Operating Frequency	f_{SCP}	Ta = −10~70°C	—	2.75	MHz
SCP Pulse Width	t_{CWH}, t_{CWL}	—	150	—	ns
SCP Rise / Fall Time	t_r, t_f	—	—	30	ns
LP Set−up Time	t_{LSU}	—	150	290	ns
LP Hold Time	t_{LHD}	—	5	40	ns
Data Set−up Time	t_{DSU}	—	170	—	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DHD}	—	80	—	ns
FR Delay Time	t_d	—	0	90	ns
CDATA Set−up Time	t_{CSU}	—	450	850	ns
CDATA Hold Time	t_{CHD}	—	450	950	ns

● **Switching Characteristics (2)**

Bus Timing
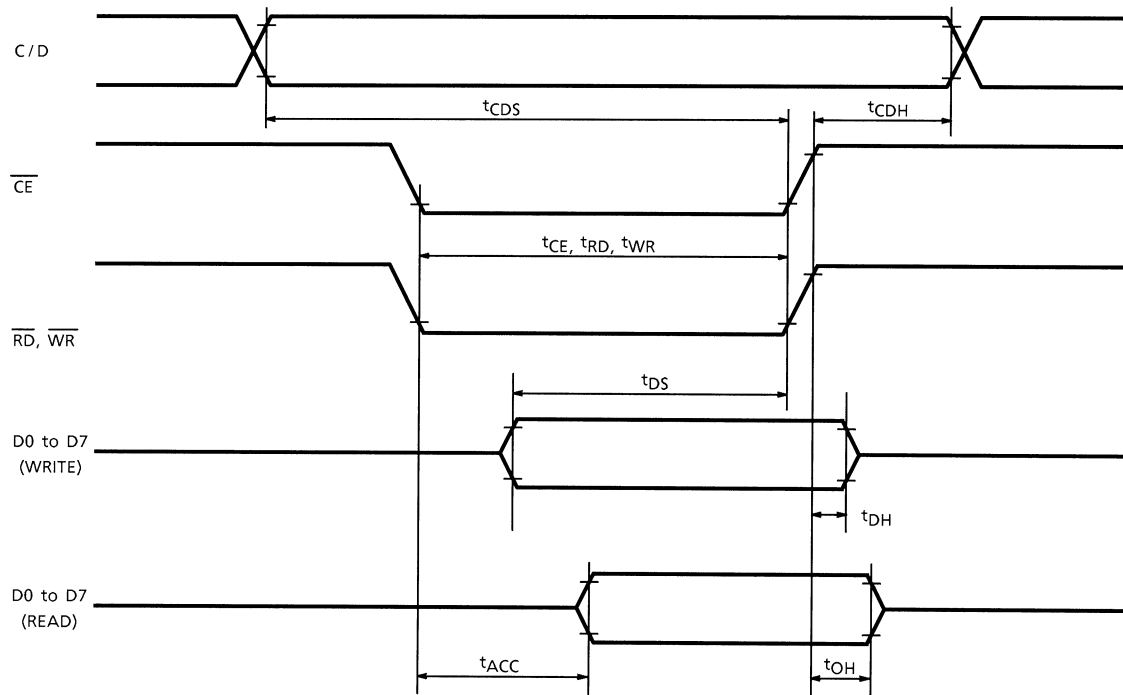
Test Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted, V_{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = −20 to 75°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C / D Set−up Time	t_{CDS}	—	100	—	ns
C / D Hold Time	t_{CDH}	—	10	—	ns
$\overline{CE}$, $\overline{RD}$, $\overline{WR}$ Pulse Width	t_{CE}, t_{RD}, t_{WR}	—	80	—	ns
Data Set−up Time	t_{DS}	—	80	—	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	—	40	—	ns
Access Time	t_{ACC}	—	—	150	ns
Output Hold Time	t_{OH}	—	10	50	ns

● **Switching Characteristics (3)**

   (1) External RAM Read mode
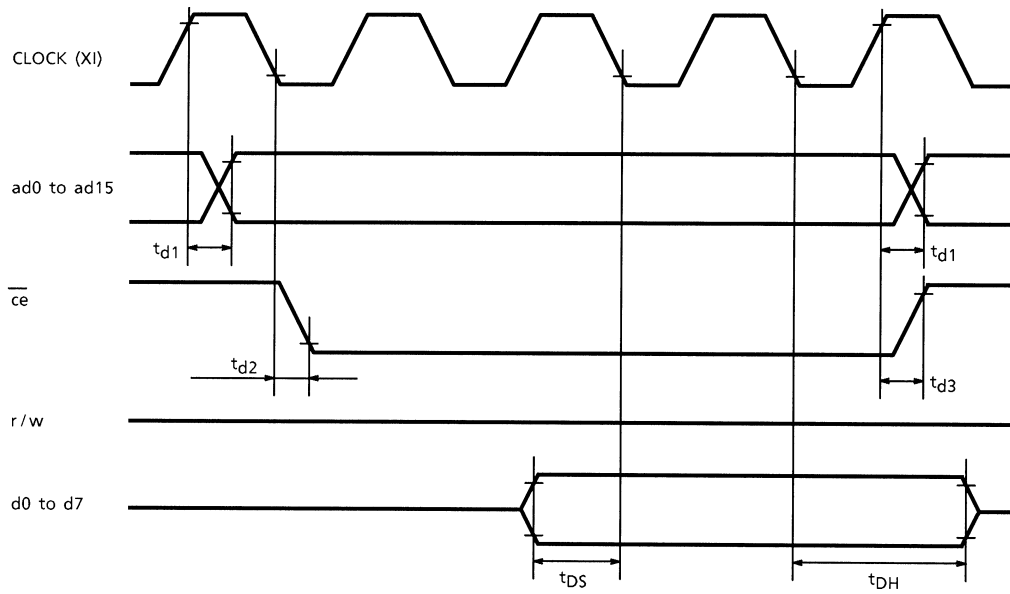
   (2) External RAM Write mode
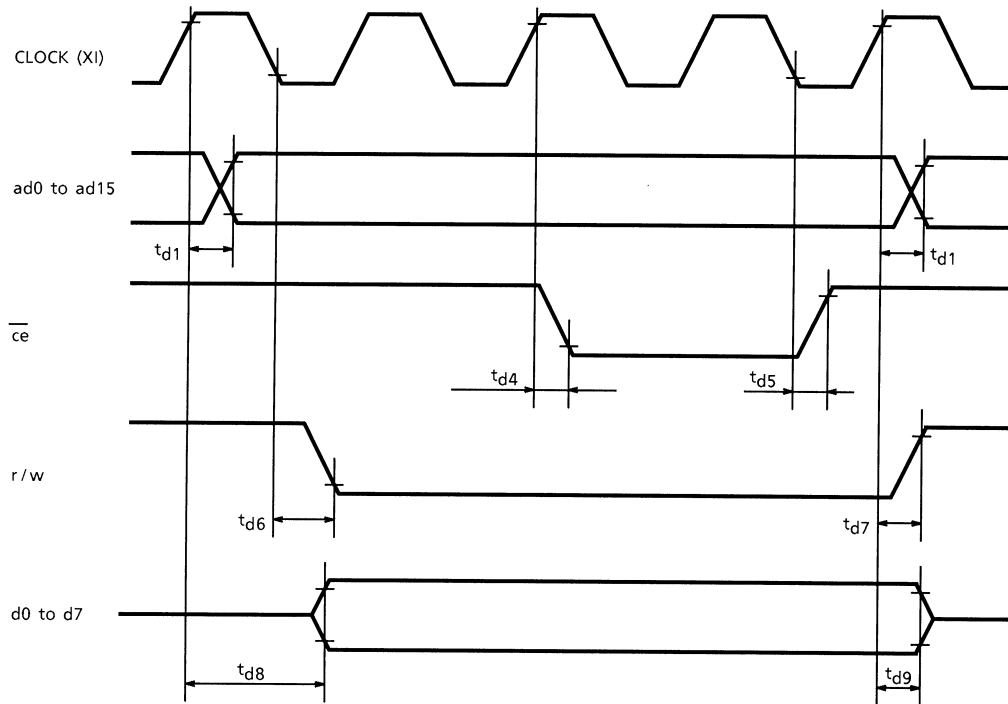
Test Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted, V_{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = −20 to 70°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Address Delay Time	t_{d1}	—	—	250	ns
$\overline{ce}$ Fall Delay Time (Read)	t_{d2}	—	—	180	ns
$\overline{ce}$ Rise Delay Time (Read)	t_{d3}	—	—	180	ns
Data Set−up Time	t_{DS}	—	0	—	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	—	30	—	ns
$\overline{ce}$ Fall Delay Time (Write)	t_{d4}	—	—	200	ns
$\overline{ce}$ Rise Delay Time (Write)	t_{d5}	—	—	200	ns
r / w Fall Delay Time	t_{d6}	—	—	180	ns
r / w Rise Delay Time	t_{d7}	—	—	180	ns
Data Stable Time	t_{d8}	—	—	450	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{d9}	—	—	200	ns

T6963C Example of Application Circuit

The T6963C can be directly connected to a TMPZ84C00A (Z80 Note 1: CMOS). The T6963C can be used with a TMPZ84C00A as shown in the following application circuit.

● **MPU memory address mapping**

Data is transferred to the T6963C using a memory request signal.

	Address
DATA (I / O)	XXXXH
Command / Status	XXXX + 1H
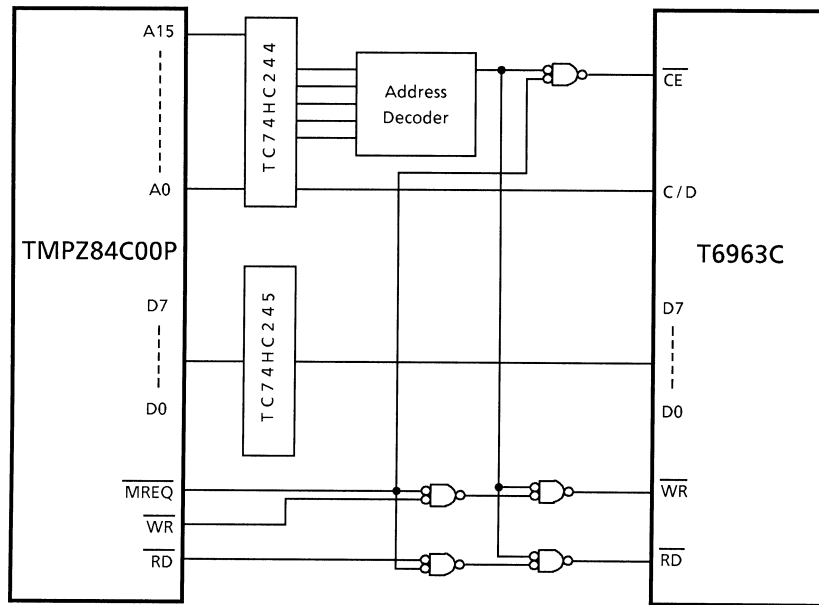
Note 1: Z80 is a trademark of Zilog Inc.

● MPU I / O addressing

Data is transferred to the T6963C using an I / O request signal.

	I / O Address
DATA	XXH
Command / Status	XX + 1H
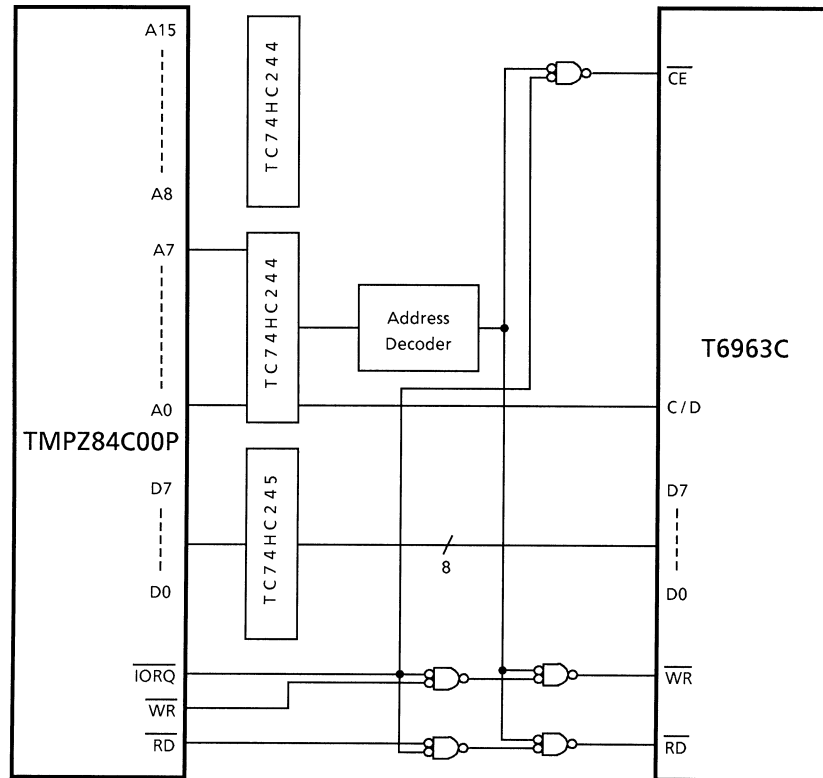
● **When using PPI LSI (TMP82C55)**

The T6963C can be connected to a PPI LSI.
The port A connects to the data bus.
The port C connects to the control bus. $(C / D, \overline{CE}, \overline{WR}, \overline{RD})$
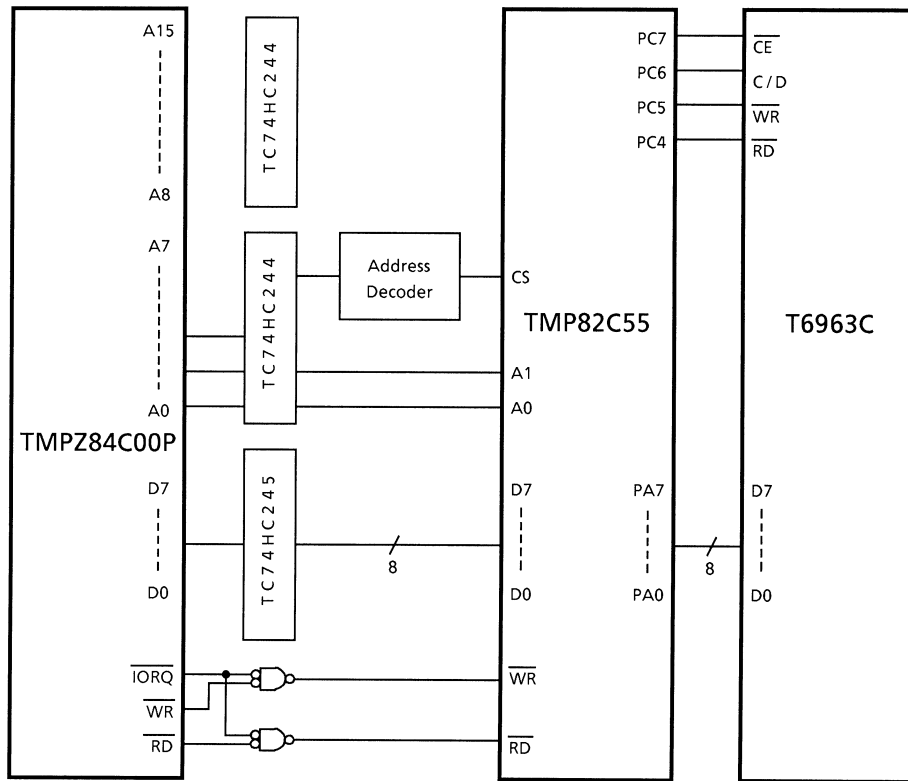
Application Circuit (1)
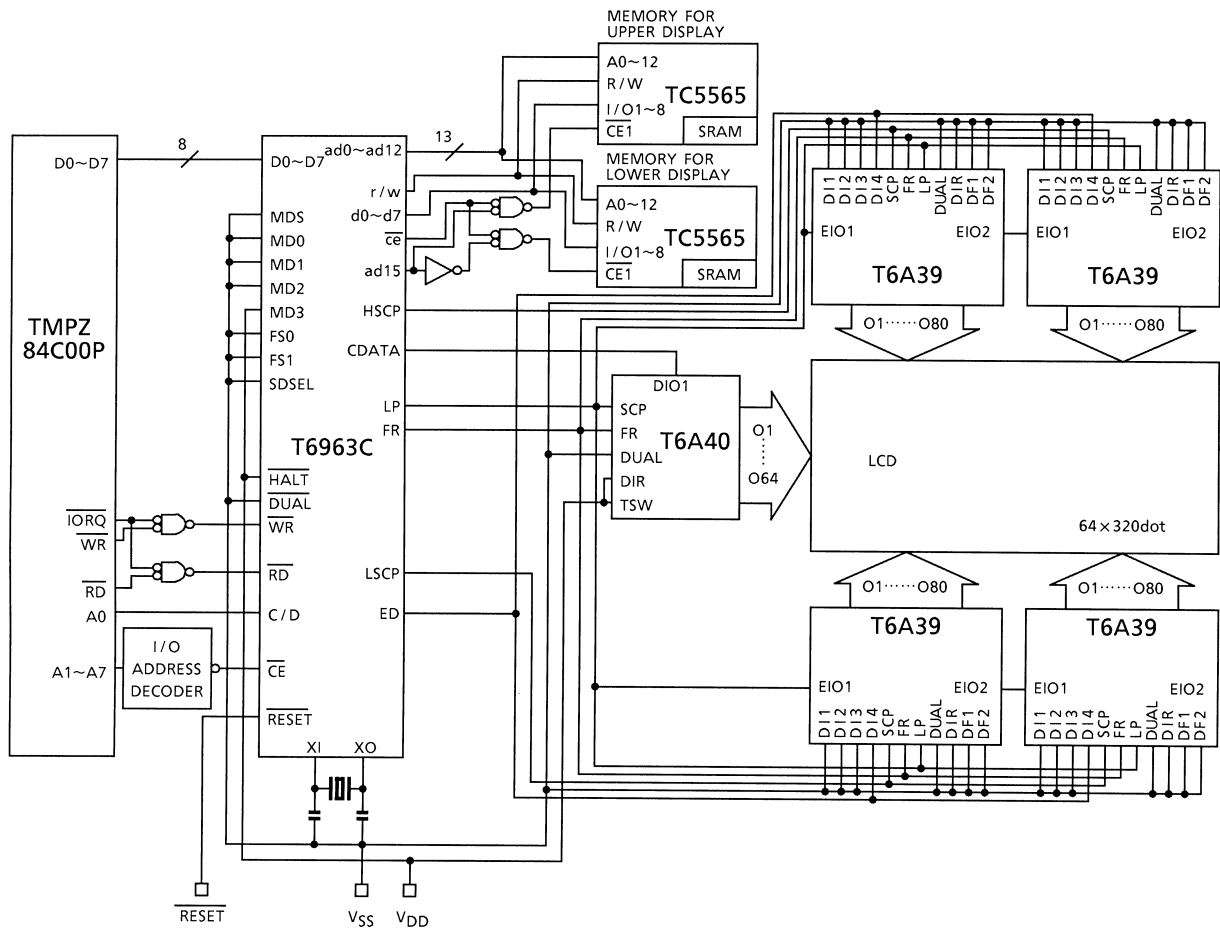
Application Circuit (2)
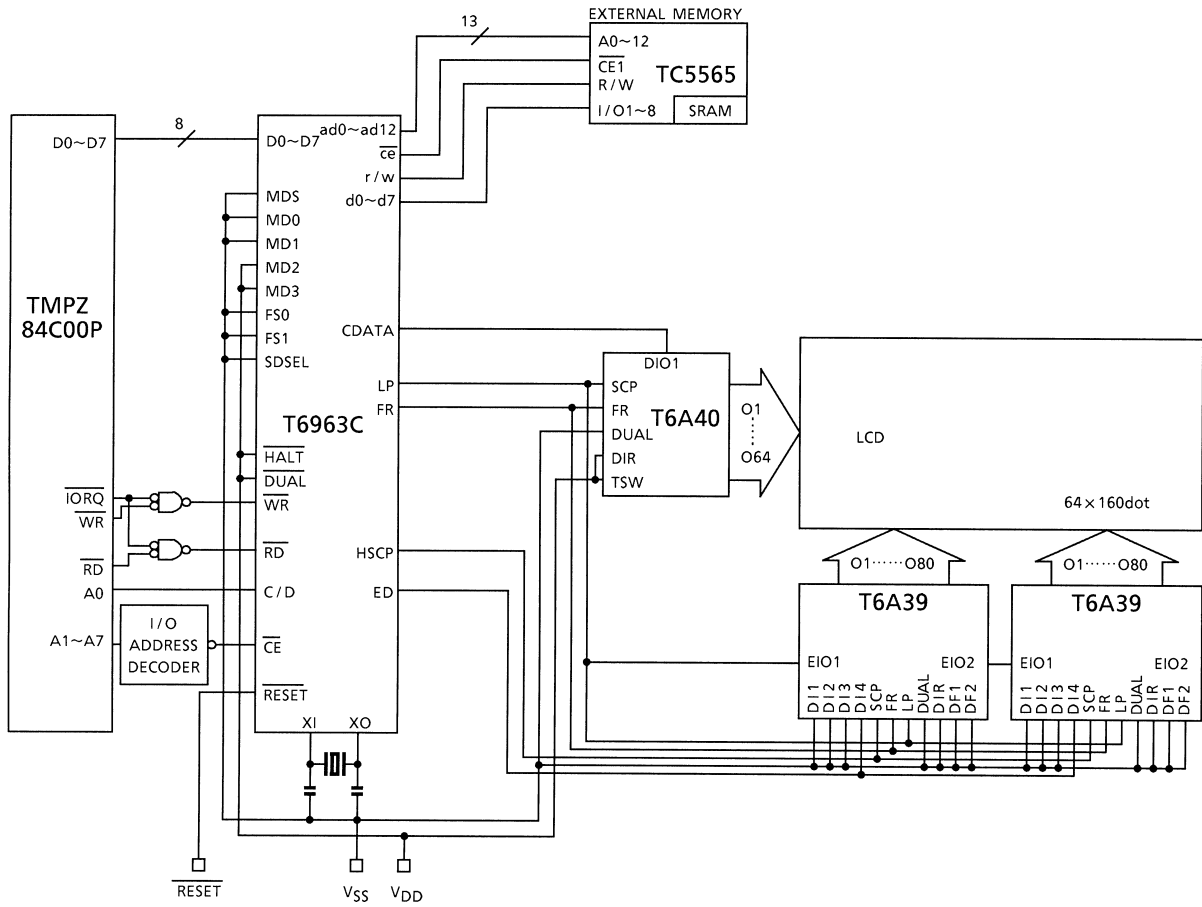
Sample Program

```
 1 :   ;              T6963C SAMPLE PROGRAM V0.01
 2 :   ;
 3 :   ;                  SOURCE PROGRAM for TMPZ84C00P
 4 :   ;                                      1991 – 2 –15
 5 :   ;              Display Size: 20 Column × 8 Lines
 6 :   ;
 7 :   ;              Character Font: 8 Dots Mode
 8 :   ;
 9 :   TXHOME          EQU      40H   ; SET TXT HM ADD
10 :   TXAREA          EQU      41H   ; SET TXT AREA
11 :   GRHOME          EQU      42H   ; SET GR HM ADD
12 :   GRAREA          EQU      43H   ; SET GR AREA
13 :   OFFSET          EQU      22H   ; SET OFFSET ADD
14 :   ADPSET          EQU      24H   ; SET ADD PTR
15 :   AWRON           EQU     0B0H   ; SET AUTO WRITE MODE
16 :   AWROFF          EQU     0B2H   ; RESET AUTO WRITE MODE
17 :   CMDP            EQU      01H   ; CMD PORT
18 :   DP              EQU      00H   ; DATA PORT
19 :   STACK           EQU    9FFFH   ; STACK POINTER BASE ADDRESS
20 :   ;
21 :               ORG     0000H
22 :   START:
23 :               LD       SP, STACK
24 :   ;
25 :   ;   SET TEXT HOME ADDRESS
26 :   ;
27 :               LD       HL, 0000H            ; TEXT HOME ADDRESS 0000H
28 :               CALL     DT2
29 :               LD       A, TXHOME
30 :               CALL     CMD
31 :   ;
32 :   ;   SET GRAPHIC HOME ADDRESS
33 :   ;
34 :               LD       HL, 0200H            ; GRAPHIC HOME ADDRESS 0200H
35 :               CALL     DT2
36 :               LD       A, GRHOME
37 :               CALL     CMD
38 :   ;
```

```
39   :   ;   SET TEXT AREA
40   :   ;
41   :                LD      HL, 0014H              ; TEXT AREA 20 Columns
42   :                CALL    DT2
43   :                LD      A, TXAREA
44   :                CALL    CMD
45   :   ;
46   :   ;   SET GRAPHIC AREA
47   :   ;
48   :                LD      HL, 0014H              ; GRAPHIC AREA 20 Columns
49   :                CALL    DT2
50   :                LD      A, GRAREA
51   :                CALL    CMD
52   :   ;
53   :   ;   MODE SET (OR MODE, Internal Character Generator MODE)
54   :   ;
55   :                LD      A,80H
56   :                CALL    CMD
57   :   ;
58   :   ;   SET OFFSET REGISTER (00010 10000000 000 = 1400H CG RAM START ADDRESS)
59   :   ;                                      CHARACTER CODE 80H
60   :                LD      HL, 0002H
61   :                CALL    DT2
62   :                LD      A, OFFSET
63   :                CALL    CMD
64   :   ;
65   :   ;   DISPLAY MODE
66   :   ;   (TEXT ON, GRAPHICS OFF, CURSOR OFF)
67   :   ;
68   :                LD      A, 94H
69   :                CALL    CMD
70   :   ;
71   :   ;   WRITE TEXT BLANK CODE
72   :   ;
73   :                LD      HL, 0000H              ; SET Address Pointer 0000H
74   :                CALL    DT2                    ; (TEXT HOME ADDRESS)
75   :                LD      A, ADPSET
76   :                CALL    CMD
77   :
78   :                LD      A, AWRON               ; SET DATA AUTO WRITE
```

```
 79 :              CALL    CMD                     ;
 80 :
 81 :              LD      BC, 00A0H               ; 20 Columns × 8Lines (160 = A0H)
 82 :      TXCR:
 83 :              LD      A, 00H                  ; WRITE DATA 00H
 84 :              CALL    ADT                     ; (WRITE BLANK CODE)
 85 :
 86 :              DEC     BC
 87 :              LD      A, B
 88 :              OR      C
 89 :              JR      NZ, TXCR
 90 :
 91 :              LD      A, AWROFF               ; AUTO RESET
 92 :              CALL    CMD
 93 :
 94 :      ;
 95 :      ;   WRITE EXTERNAL CHARACTER GENERATOR DATA
 96 :      ;
 97 :              LD      DE, EXTCG               ; CG data address in Program
 98 :              LD      HL, 1400H               ; CG RAM Start Address (1400H)
 99 :              CALL    DT2
100 :              LD      A, ADPSET
101 :              CALL    CMD
102 :      ;
103 :              LD      A, AWRON                ; SET DATA AUTO WRITE
104 :              CALL    CMD
105 :
106 :              LD      B, 40H                  ; 8 Character × 8 byte (64 = 40H)
107 :      EXCG:
108 :              LD      A, (DE)                 ; WRITE DATA TO EXTERNAL RAM
109 :              CALL    ADT                     ;
110 :              INC     HL
111 :              INC     DE
112 :              DJNZ    EXCG
113 :
114 :              LD      A, AWROFF               ; AUTO RESET
115 :              CALL    CMD
116 :      ;
117 :      ;   WRITE TEXT DISPLAY DATA (INTERNAL CG)
118 :      ;
```

```
119 :              LD      HL, 0040H          ; Address Pointer 3 Line, 4 Column
120 :              CALL    DT2
121 :              LD      A, ADPSET
122 :              CALL    CMD
123 :
124 :              LD      A, AWRON           ; SET DATA AUTO WRITE
125 :              CALL    CMD
126 :
127 :              LD      B, 0DH             ; 13 Character
128 :              LD      DE, TXPRT
129 :      TXLP1:
130 :              LD      A, (DE)            ; WRITE DATA
131 :              CALL    ADT
132 :              INC     DE
133 :              DJNZ    TXLP1
134 :
135 :              LD      A, AWROFF          ; AUTO RESET
136 :              CALL    CMD
137 :      ;
138 :      ;   WRITE TEXT DISPLAY DATA (EXTERNAL CG upper part)
139 :      ;
140 :              LD      HL, 006CH          ; Address Pointer 5 Line, 8 Column
141 :              CALL    DT2
142 :              LD      A, ADPSET
143 :              CALL    CMD
144 :
145 :              LD      A, AWRON           ; SET DATA AUTO WRITE
146 :              CALL    CMD
147 :
148 :              LD      B, 06H             ; 6 Character
149 :              LD      DE, EXPRT1
150 :      TXLP2:
151 :              LD      A, (DE)            ; WRITE DATA
152 :              CALL    ADT
153 :              INC     DE
154 :              DJNZ    TXLP2
155 :
156 :              LD      A, AWROFF          ; AUTO RESET
157 :              CALL    CMD
158 :      ;
```

```
159 :     ;    WRITE TEXT DISPLAY DATA (EXTERNAL CG lower part)
160 :     ;
161 :                 LD      HL, 0080H           ; Address Pointer 6 Line, 8 Column
162 :                 CALL    DT2
163 :                 LD      A, ADPSET
164 :                 CALL    CMD
165 :
166 :                 LD      A, AWRON            ; SET DATA AUTO WRITE
167 :                 CALL    CMD
168 :
169 :                 LD      B, 06H              ; 6 Character
170 :                 LD      DE, EXPRT2
171 :     TXLP3:
172 :                 LD      A, (DE)             ; WRITE DATA
173 :                 CALL    ADT
174 :                 INC     DE
175 :                 DJNZ    TXLP3
176 :
177 :                 LD      A, AWROFF           ; AUTO RESET
178 :                 CALL    CMD
179 :     PEND:
180 :                 JP      PEND                ; PROGRAM END
181 :     ;
182 :     ; Subroutine start
183 :     ;
184 :     ;   COMMAND WRITE ROUTINE
185 :     ;
186 :     CMD:
187 :                 PUSH    AF
188 :     CMD1:    IN      A, (CMDP)
189 :                 AND     03H
190 :                 CP      03H                 ; STATUS CHECK
191 :                 JR      NZ, CMD1
192 :                 POP     AF
193 :                 OUT     (CMDP), A           ; WRITE COMMAND
194 :                 RET
195 :     ;
196 :     ;   DATA WRITE (1 byte) ROUTINE
197 :     ;
198 :     DT1:
```

```
199 :              PUSH    AF
200 :      DT11:   IN      A, (CMDP)
201 :              AND     03H
202 :              CP      03H                 ; STATUS CHECK
203 :              JR      NZ, DT11
204 :              POP     AF
205 :              OUT     (DP), A             ; WRITE DATA
206 :              RET
207 :      ;
208 :      ; DATA WRITE (2 byte) ROUTINE
209 :      ;
210 :      DT2:
211 :              IN      A, (CMDP)
212 :              AND     03H
213 :              CP      03H                 ; STATUS CHECK
214 :              JR      NZ, DT2
215 :              LD      A, L
216 :              OUT     (DP), A             ; WRITE DATA (D1)
217 :      DT21:
218 :              IN      A, (CMDP)
219 :              AND     03H
220 :              CP      03H                 ; STATUS CHECK
221 :              JR      NZ, DT21
222 :
223 :              LD      A, H
224 :              OUT     (DP), A             ; WRITE DATA (D2)
225 :              RET
226 :      ;
227 :      ;   AUTO WRITE MODE ROUTINE
228 :      ;
229 :      ADT:
230 :              PUSH    AF
231 :      ADT1:   IN      A, (CMDP)
232 :              AND     08H
233 :              CP      08H                 ; STATUS CHECK
234 :              JR      NZ, ADT1
235 :              POP     AF
236 :              OUT     (DP), A             ; WRITE DATA
237 :              RET
238 :      ;
```

```
239 :     ; Subroutine end
240 :     ;
241 :     ;   TEXT DISPLAY CHARACTER CODE
242 :     ;
243 :   TXPRT:
244 :           DEFB    34H, 00H, 2FH, 00H, 33H, 00H  ;  INTERNAL CG CODE
245 :           DEFB    28H, 00H, 29H, 00H, 22H, 00H, 21H
246 :   EXPRT1:
247 :           DEFB    80H, 81H, 00H, 00H, 84H, 85H  ;  EXTERNAL CG CODE
248 :   EXPRT2:
249 :           DEFB    82H, 83H, 00H, 00H, 86H, 87H
250 :     ;
251 :     ;   EXTERNAL CG FONT DATA
252 :     ;
253 :   EXTCG:
254 :     ;
255 :     ; 「東」 upper / left  CHARACTER CODE    80H
256 :           DEFB    01H, 01H, 0FFH, 01H, 3FH, 21H, 3FH, 21H
257 :
258 :     ; 「東」 upper / right  CHARACTER CODE    81H
259 :           DEFB    00H, 00H, 0FFH, 00H, 0FCH, 04H, 0FCH, 04H
260 :
261 :     ; 「東」 lower/left  CHARACTER CODE    82H
262 :           DEFB    21H, 3FH, 05H, 0DH, 19H, 31H, 0E1H, 01H
263 :
264 :     ; 「東」 lower/right  CHARACTER CODE    83H
265 :           DEFB    04H, 0FCH, 40H, 60H, 30H, 1CH, 07H, 00H
266 :
267 :     ; 「芝」 upper/left  CHARACTER CODE    84H
268 :           DEFB    08H, 08H, 0FFH, 08H, 09H, 01H, 01H, 7FH
269 :
270 :     ; 「芝」 upper/right  CHARACTER CODE    85H
271 :           DEFB    10H, 10H, 0FFH, 10H, 10H, 00H, 00H, 0FCH
272 :
273 :     ; 「芝」 lower/left  CHARACTER CODE    86H
274 :           DEFB    00H, 00H, 00H, 01H, 07H, 3CH, 0E7H, 00H
275 :
276 :     ; 「芝」 lower/right  CHARACTER CODE    87H
277 :           DEFB    18H, 30H, 60H, 0C0H, 00H, 00H, 0E0H, 3FH
278 :     ;
279 :             END
```
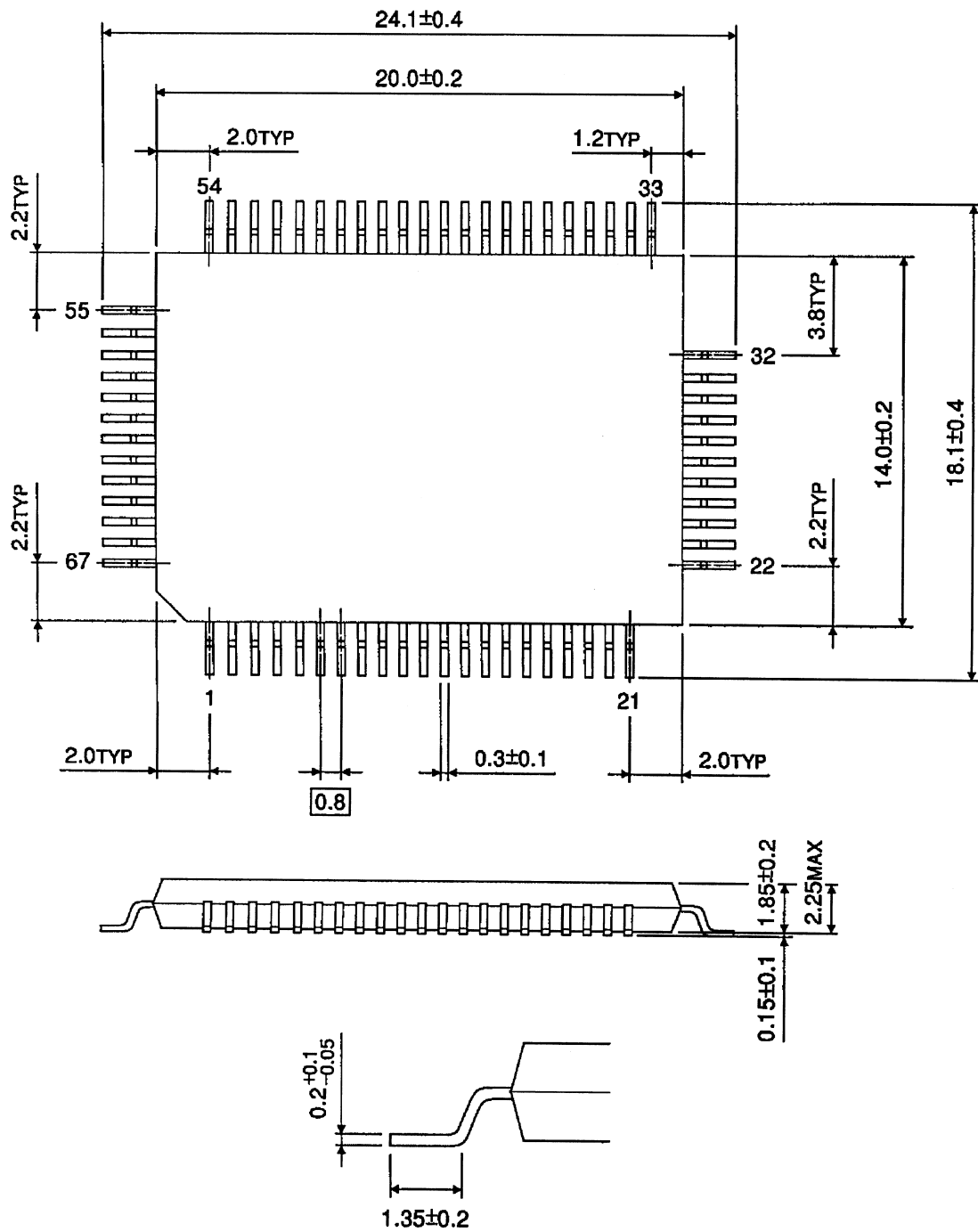
Display Sample
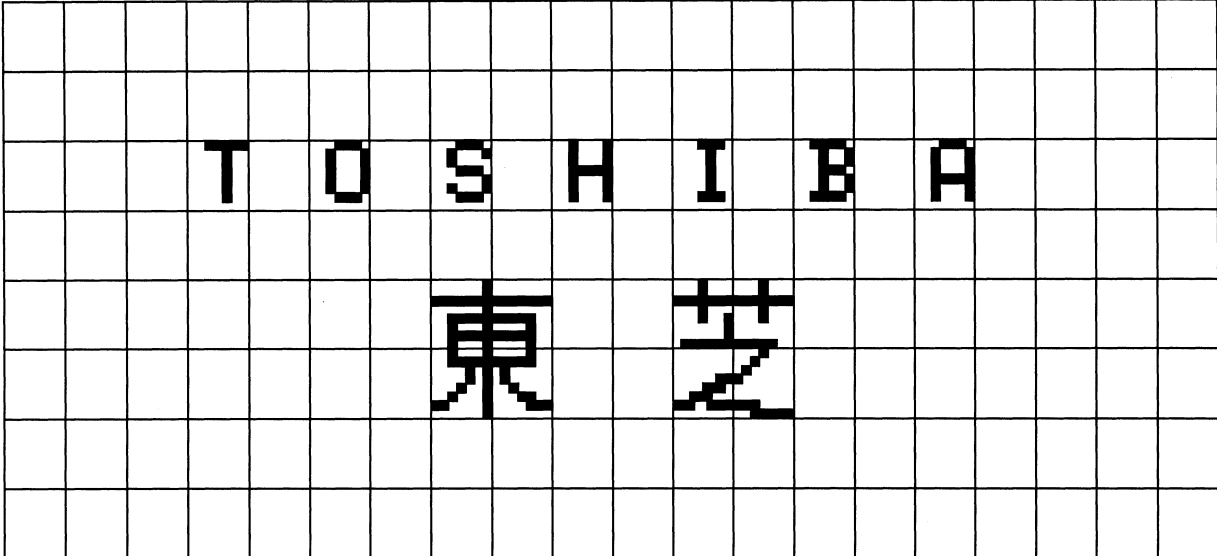
Package Dimensions

QFP67-P-1420-0.80

Unit : mm

Weight : 1.2g (Typ.)