



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AO3400**

**N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**



### General Description

The AO3400/L uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. *AO3400 and AO3400L are electrically identical.*

-RoHS Compliant

-AO3400L is Halogen Free

### Features

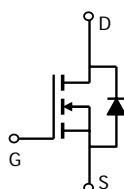
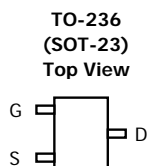
$V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V

$I_D$  = 5.8 A ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 28m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 33m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 52m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 2.5V)



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_D$	5.8	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			
Current <sup>A</sup>	$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	4.9	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	30	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_D$	1.4	W
		1	
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	90	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	Steady-State		85	125	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JL}$	43	60	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±12V			100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	0.7	1.1	1.4	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V	30			A
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.8A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		22.8 32	28 39	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =5A		27.3	33	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =4A		43.3	52	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =5A	10	15		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.71	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Body-Diode Current <sup>B</sup>				30	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		823	1050	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			99		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			77		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		1.4	2	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.8A		9.7	12	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			1.6		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			3.1		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =2.7Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		3.3	5	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			4.8	7	ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			26.3	40	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			4.1	6	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =5A, dI/dt=100A/μs		16	20	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =5A, dI/dt=100A/μs		8.9	12	nC

A: The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C.

The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the ≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R<sub>θJL</sub> and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

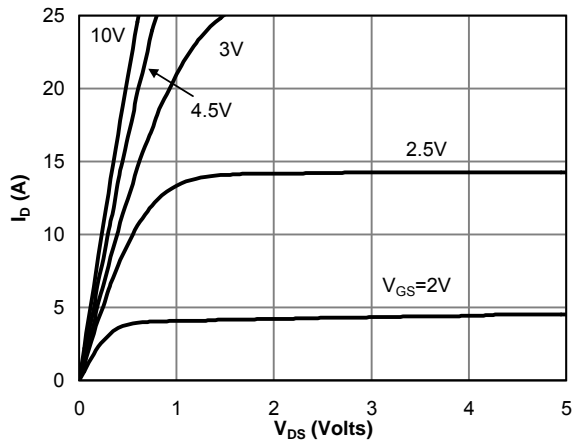


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

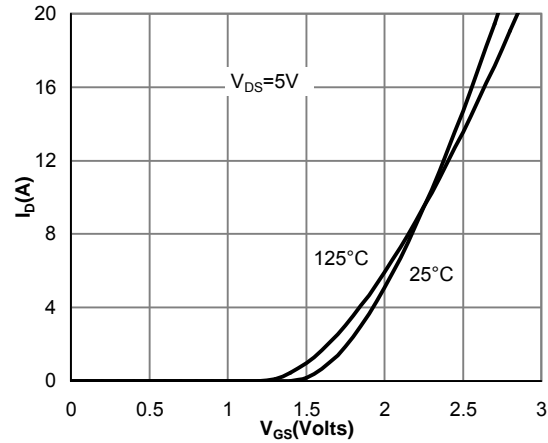


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

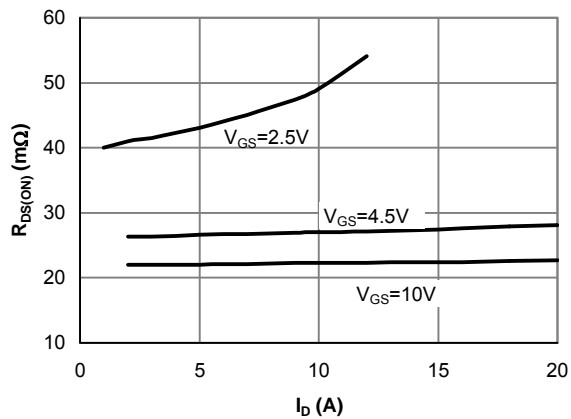


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

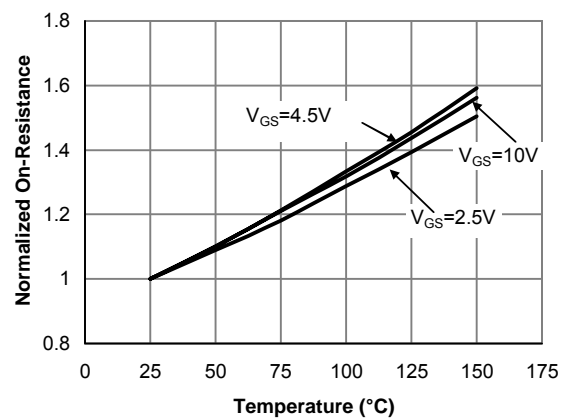


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

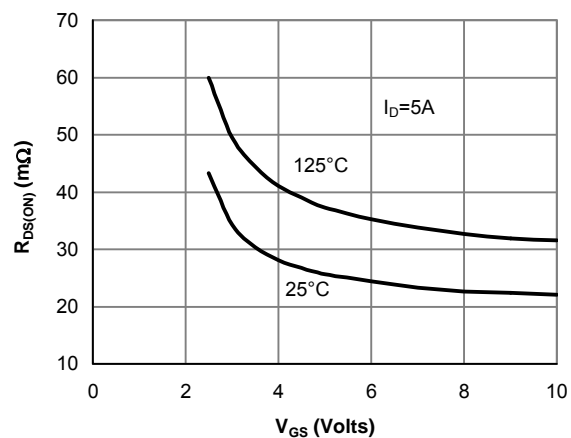


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

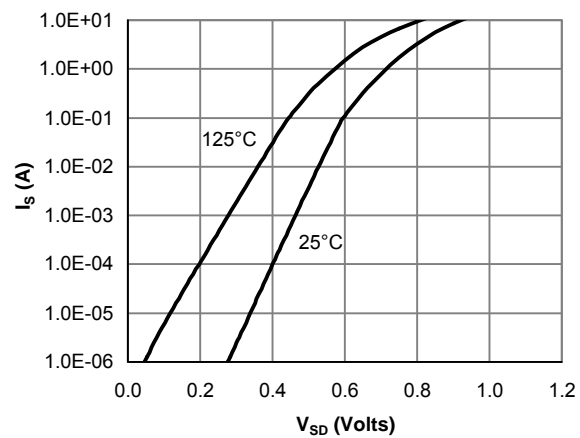


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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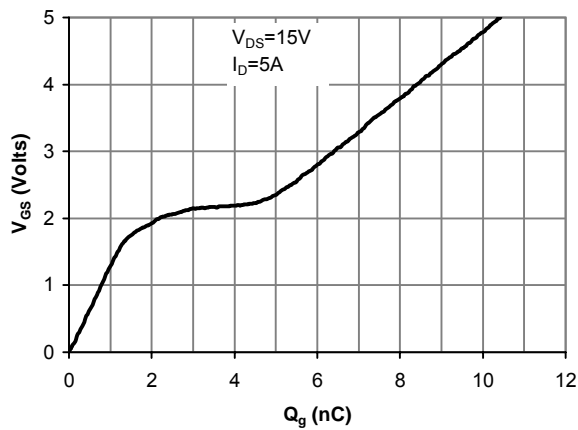


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

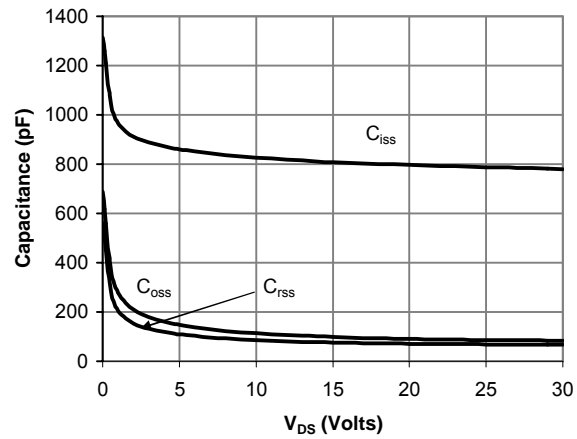


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

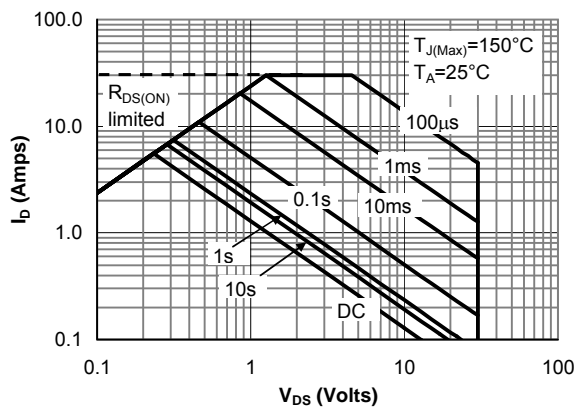


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

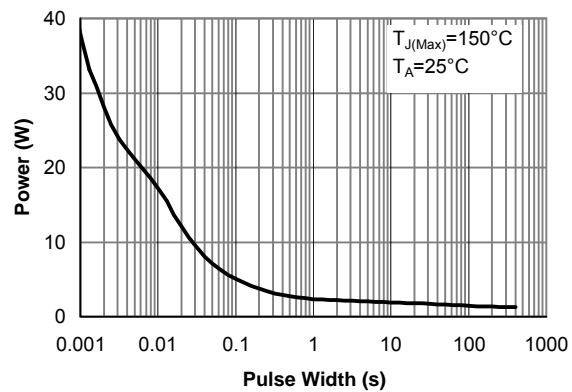


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

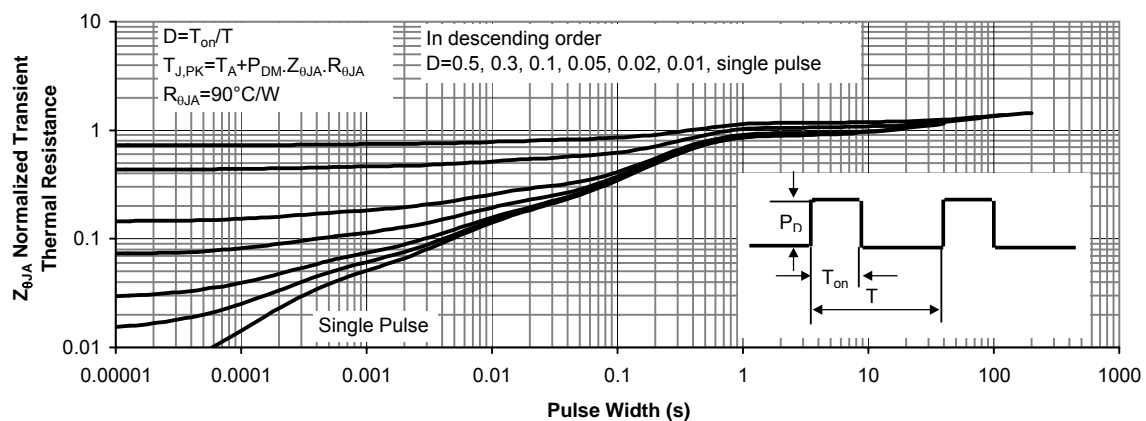


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance