TOSHIBA TA8637BP

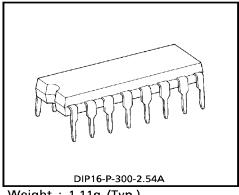
TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

# T A 8 6 3 7 B P

## VHF MODULATOR FOR VCR OR VDP

#### **FEATURES**

- Video clamp
- White clip
- Main carrier oscillator
- Main carrier attenuator
- Video Modulator
- Sound Modulator
- Sound FM Modulator
- Channel Switch
- Low power operation
- Adjustable output level and V/A ratio with external resistance.
- Minimum number of external parts required.
- Regulator circuit is included.
- Operating voltage range : 4.5V~5.5V, Typ. 5V
- Suggested operating voltage: 4.75V~5.25V, Typ. 5V



Weight: 1.11g (Typ.)

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

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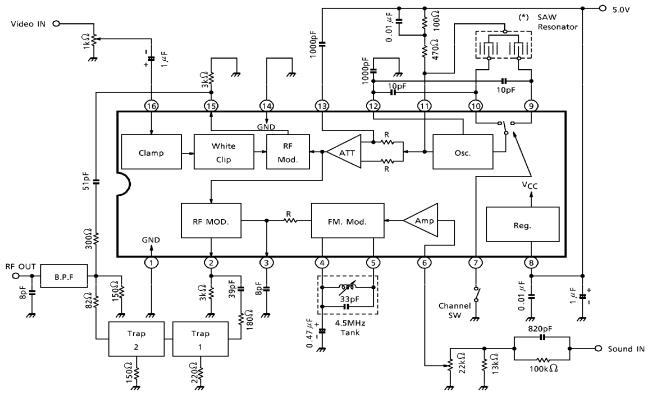
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# **BLOCK DIAGRAM & APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

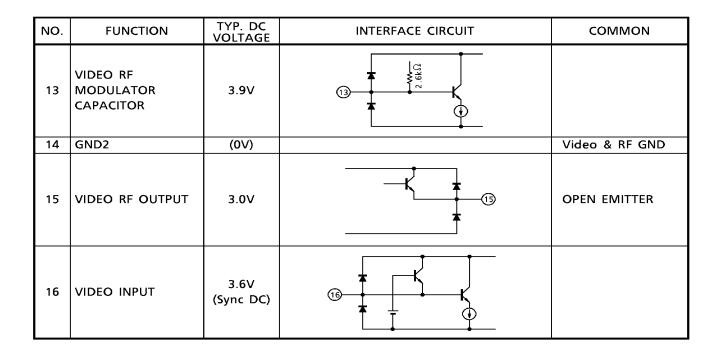


(\*) See SAW Resonator Technical Data.

## **TERMINAL CHARACTERISTICS**

NO.	FUNCTION	TYP. DC VOLTAGE	INTERFACE CIRCUIT	COMMENT		
1	GND1	(0V)		SOUND GND		
2	SOUND RF OUTPUT	3.1V	2	OPEN EMITTER		
3	SOUND RF MODULATOR CAPACITOR	2.8V	© 6.6kΩ	L.P.F. OF SOUND HARMONICS SPURIOUS		
4 5	4.5MHz TANK COIL	4.2V	(4) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	_		
6	SOUND INPUT	٥V	9 75kΩ	_		
7	CHANNEL SW	3.2V	5.5kΩ Σ: 4 Σ: 5 Σ: 5	HIGH (OPEN) : PIN9 LOW: PIN10		
8	V <sub>CC</sub>	(5.0V)		_		
	SAW LOW	3.5V				
9	CHANNEL	(2.8V)				
10	SAW HIGH	3.5V	<b>* *</b>			
10	CHANNEL	(2.8V)	0			
11	SAW COMMON	4.6V	(1) <b>A A</b> (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	_		
12	RF OSCILLATOR CAPACITOR	2.8V	4			

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#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	7	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note)	750	mA
Input Signal Voltage	e <sub>in</sub>	2.5	V <sub>p-p</sub>
Input Voltage at Pin 7	V <sub>in</sub>	$GND - 0.3 \sim V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	<b>– 10∼70</b>	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	<b>-</b> 55∼150	°C

(Note) Derated above  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$  in the proportion of  $6mW/^{\circ}C$ .

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ , Ta = 25°C)

	, ,,							
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Supply Current	<sup>I</sup> CC		$S_1 = 2$ , $S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$		10	14	20	mΑ
Video RF Output Level	V <sub>o</sub> (f <sub>p1</sub> ) V <sub>o</sub> (f <sub>p2</sub> )	_	$S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ (Note 1) $V_{i1}$ : No input signal	90	92	94	$dB\muV$	
	-		$V_{O1}$ : Output level $V_{O}$ (f <sub>p1</sub> ) (Ta = -10~70°C)	S <sub>1</sub> = 1				
Video RF Output Level	△V <sub>0</sub> (f <sub>p1</sub> )	_	$-V_{O}(f_{p1})$ (Ta = 25°C)		_	_	± 2	dB
Temperature Drift	△V <sub>O</sub> (f <sub>p2</sub> )	_	$V_{o} (f_{p2}) (Ta = -10 \sim 70^{\circ}C)$ - $V_{o} (f_{p2}) (Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$					
Video Modulation Factor	m <sub>p1</sub>	1	$S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ $V_{i,1} = 0.45V_{p-p}$ , white	$S_1 = 2$ $S_1 = 1$	72	77	82	%
1 detoi	m <sub>p2</sub>			31 - 1				
Video Modulation Factor Temperature	⊿m <sub>p1</sub>	1	$m_{p1}$ (Ta = -10~70°C) - $m_{p1}$ (Ta = 25°C)	_	_	±3	%	
Stability	⊿m <sub>p2</sub>	1	$m_{p2}$ (Ta = -10~70°C) - $m_{p2}$ (Ta = 25°C)					
Video Modulation Factor Difference	⊿m <sub>p</sub>	1	m <sub>p1</sub> – m <sub>p2</sub>	_	_	± 1	%	
Max. Video Modulation Factor	m <sub>p2</sub> (Max.)	1	$S_1 = 1$ , $S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ $V_{i,1} = 2.0V_{p-p}$ , white	89	94	98	%	
Max. Video Modulation Temperature Drift	⊿m <sub>p2</sub> (Max.)	1	$Ta = -10\sim70^{\circ}C \text{ m}_{p2} \text{ (Max)}$	89	94	98	%	
Defferential Gain	DG <sub>1</sub>	2	$S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ ,	S <sub>1</sub> = 2		± 2	± 5	%
Denerential Gain	efferential Gain $DG_2$ $V_{i1} = 0.45V_{i2}$ Stair case,			S <sub>1</sub> = 1		<u> - 2</u>		/0
Defferential Phase	DP <sub>1</sub>	2	$S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ , $V_{i,1} = 0.45V_{p-p}$ ,	S <sub>1</sub> = 2	_	±2	± 5	0
	DP <sub>2</sub>		Stair case, (Note 2)	S <sub>1</sub> = 1				
Sound RF Output Level	V <sub>o</sub> (f <sub>s1</sub> ) V <sub>o</sub> (f <sub>s2</sub> )	_	$S_2 = 1$ , $S_3 = 2$ (Note 1) $V_{03}$ : Sound RF level	$S_1 = 2$ $S_1 = 1$	81	83	86	$dB\muV$
Sound FM Temperature Drift	Δf <sub>S</sub>		$S_1 = 1$ , $S_2 = 2$ , $S_3 = 2$ (N $f_s$ (Ta = 0~60°C) - $f_s$ (Ta =	lote 3) : 25°C)	_	_	± 10	kHz
Sound FM Modulation Sensitivity	$\beta_{S}$			lote 4)	0.36	0.43	0.52	kHz/ mV
Sound Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	_	$S_1 = 1$ , $S_2 = 2$ , $S_3 = 3$ $V_{i2} = 1$ kHz (N	lote 5)	_	0.2	1.0	%

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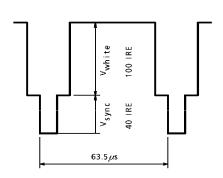
- (Note 1) Measure RF level by spectrum analyzer (Input impedance = 50) and calculate measurement data  $V_O$  (dBm) by Output Level (dB $\mu$ V) =  $V_O$  + 107 + 16 (dB $\mu$ V)
- (Note 2) Measure after that demodulated by the standard demodulator (For example Tektronix 1450).
- (Note 3) Adjust a sound FM center frequency to 4.500MHz at Ta = 25°C, then measure a frequency drift at Ta =  $0\sim60$ °C for at Ta = 25°C. This spec ( $\Delta f_s$ ) does not include TANK temperature coefficiency.
- (Note 4) Connect Va + 0.2 (V) and Va 0.2 (V) to  $V_1$  (Va ; #6 terminals open voltage) then measure each frequency and calculate by

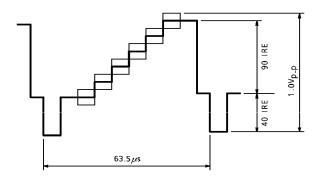
$$\beta_s = \frac{\text{Frequency difference between V}_1 = \text{Va} + 0.2 \text{ and V}_2 = \text{Va} - 0.2}{0.4}$$

(Note 5) Adjust  $V_{i2}$  level so that FM deviation become  $\pm 20 kHz$ , then measure THD after that demodulate by standard demodulator (for example tektronix 1450)

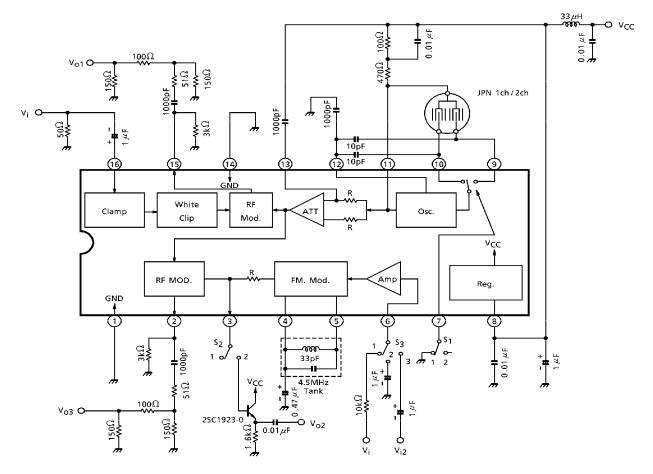
Input wave form White signal

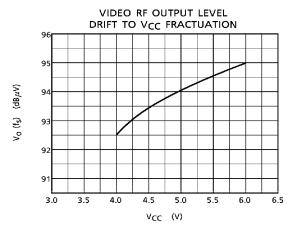
Stair case signal
APL 50% sub carrier 20 IRE

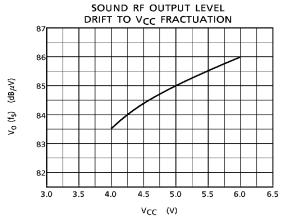


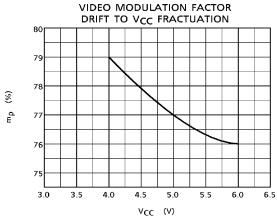


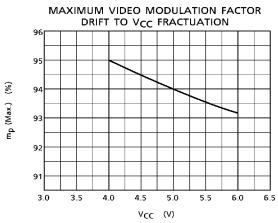
# **TEST CIRCUIT**











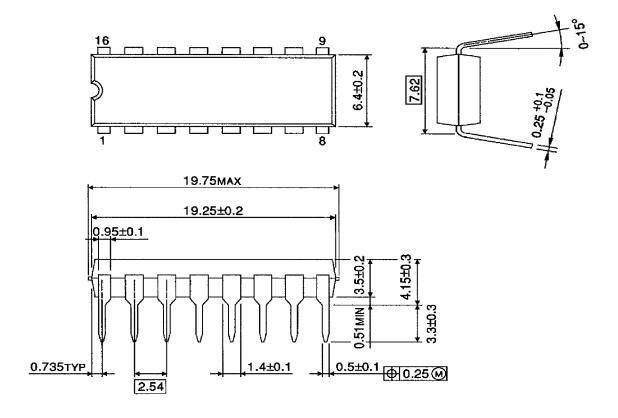
#### SOUND, VIDEO MODULATION RANK CLASSFICATION

RANK	SOUND FM MODULATION SENSITIVITY			VIDEO MODULATION FACT				MARK	
KANK	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	IVIARK
1	0.36	0.39	0.42		72	75	78		Green
2	0.39	0.43	0.46		72	75	78		Yellow
3	0.44	0.48	0.52	kHz/mV	72	75	78	%	Red
4	0.36	0.39	0.42		76	79	82	70	Blue
5	0.39	0.43	0.46		76	79	82		Orange
6	0.44	0.48	0.52		76	79	82		Purple

(Note) TA8637BP does not receive the rank classification specification when ordering.

# OUTLINE DRAWING DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Unit: mm



Weight: 1.11g (Typ.)

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