

**SANYO****LA4581MB****Preamplifier + Power Amplifier  
for 3V Headphone Stereos****Overview**

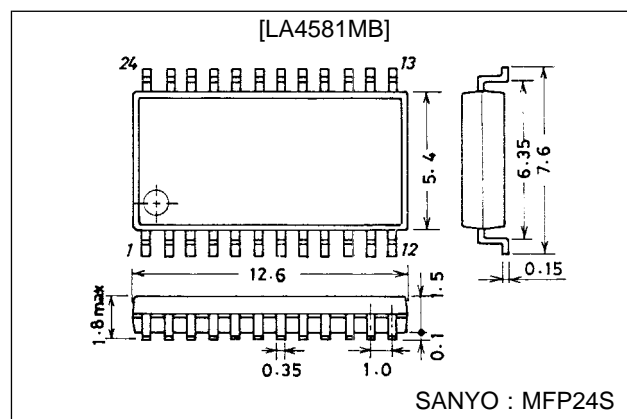
The LA4581MB is an auto reverse-supported preamplifier + power amplifier IC that is intended for use in 3V headphone stereos.

**Features**

- Preamplifier muting and preamplifier output on/off can be implemented with one pin. This IC can easily be used to construct a set with a radio.
- The power amplifier needs no input/output coupling capacitor.
- A high-frequency cut capacitor is connected to the preamplifier input pin and the power amplifier input pin. (Anti-buzz provision)
- Because  $V_{ref}$  AMP ( $r_0 = 10\ \Omega$ ) is built in, the virtual grounding impedance is about  $10\ \Omega$ . This eliminates the need for a large capacitor.
- $8\ \Omega$  speaker drivable.

**Package Dimensions**

unit : mm

**3112-MFP24S****Specifications****Maximum Ratings at  $T_a = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{CC\ max}$		4.5	V
Allowable power dissipation	$P_d\ max$		530	mW
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$		-20 to +75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Operating Conditions at  $T_a = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	$V_{CC}$		3.0	V
Operating supply voltage range	$V_{CC\ op}$		1.8 to 3.6	V

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## LA4581MB

**Operating Characteristics at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $0.775\text{ V} = 0\text{ dBm}$ ,  
 $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  (preamplifier),  $R_L = 16\text{ }\Omega$  (power amplifier)**

Parameter	Symbol	Output	min	typ	max	Unit
[Pre + Power]						
Quiescent current	$I_{CCO}$	$R_g = 2.2\text{ k}\Omega$ (preamplifier) $V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$		17	27	mA
Voltage gain (Closed)	$VG_T$	$V_O = -5\text{ dBm}$	65	68	71	dB
[Preamplifier]						
Voltage gain (Open)	$V_{Go}$	$V_O = -5\text{ dBm}$	70	80		dB
Voltage gain (Closed)	$VG_1$	$V_O = -5\text{ dBm}$		40		dB
Maximum output voltage	$V_{Omax}$	$THD = 1\%$ , $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$	0.1	0.2		V
Total harmonic distortion	$THD_1$	$V_O = 0.2\text{ V}$ , $VG = 40\text{ dB/NAB}$		0.05	0.5	%
Equivalent input noise voltage	$V_{N1}$	$R_g = 2.2\text{ k}\Omega$ , B.P.F = 20 to 20 kHz		1.3	2.0	$\mu\text{V}$
Crosstalk	$CT_1$	$R_g = 2.2\text{ k}\Omega$ , TUNE 1 kHz	60	80		dB
Ripple rejection ratio	$R_{r1}$	$R_g = 2.2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ , $V_r = -20\text{ dBm}$ , $f = 100\text{ Hz}$	40	50		dB
[Power Amplifier]						
Output voltage	$P_O$	$THD = 10\%$	23	32		mW
Voltage gain (Closed)	$VG_2$	$V_O = -5\text{ dBm}$	25	28	31	dB
Total harmonic distortion	$THD_2$	$P_O = 1\text{ mW}$		0.4	1.0	%
Interchannel crosstalk	$CT_T$	$V_O = -5\text{ dBm}$ , $R_v = 0\text{ }\Omega$	30	40		dB
Output noise voltage	$V_{NO}$	$R_g = 0$ , B.P.F = 20 to 20 kHz		24	40	$\mu\text{V}$
Ripple rejection ratio	$R_{r2}$	$R_g = 0$ , $V_r = -20\text{ dB}$ , $f = 100\text{ Hz}$ , $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$	45	60		dB
Input resistance	$R_{IN}$		22	30	38	$\text{k}\Omega$
DC offset voltage	$V_{ODCoff}$	Between 13-14 and 15	-90		+90	mV

Note) Power amplifier voltage gain  $VG_2$  increases by about 1 dB for min/max respectively than specified above when  $R_L = 32\text{ }\Omega$ .





Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function
8	PRE MUTE • When $V_{CC}$ is applied, PRE MUTE ON. • MUTE ON conditions: $V_{8IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, inflow current $I_7 \div 60$ $\mu$ A (when $V_{CC} = 3$ V)
9	Ripple Filter REF 2.7 V ( $C_7 = 2.2$ $\mu$ F to 33 $\mu$ F) • Ripple Filter, $V_{ref}$ reference • The $V_{ref}$ ripple rejection ratio worsens when $C_7$ is made smaller. • $R_f$ is 55 dB for 22 $\mu$ F; 35 dB for 2.2 $\mu$ F.
10	Ripple Filter OUT 2.7 V • Ripple rejection ratio: $R_f$ is 38 dB when $C_7 = 22$ $\mu$ F; 30 dB when $C_7 = 2.2$ $\mu$ F. • Outflow current $I_7$ max = 1 mA
11	$V_{CC}$ 3.0 V
12	POWER GND
13	COMMON 1.2 V
14	POWER OUT1 1.2 V • CH1 output.
15	POWER OUT2 1.2 V • CH2 output
16	POWER MUTE 0.7 V ( $C_{10} = 1.0$ $\mu$ F to 4.7 $\mu$ F) • When connected to GND: POWER MUTE ON. • MUTE ON conditions: $V_{16} \leq 0.3$ V, outflow current $I_{16} \div 2.5$ $\mu$ A. • $C_{10}$ can be used to control MUTE TIME. • When $C_{10} = 2.2$ $\mu$ F, $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V 0.7 sec.
17	FWD/REV SW ( $C_{11} \leq 0.47$ $\mu$ F) • When connected to GND, PRE IN1R (pin 2) and IN2R (pin 23) turn on. • When floating, PRE IN1F (pin 3) and IN2F (pin 22) turn on. • $C_{11}$ and $R_7$ are intended for smoothing at the time of switching. • REV condition: $V_{17} \leq 0.2$ V.
18	POWER IN2 1.8 V • Input resistance $R_{IN} \div 30$ k $\Omega$
19	SW OUT2 1.8 V • Provides PRE AMP2 when pin 8 is floating (PRE MUTE OFF) (equivalent to pin 20). • Disconnects from PRE AMP2 and $R_{IN} \geq 500$ k $\Omega$ when pin 8 is $V_{CC}$ (PRE MUTE ON).
20	PRE OUT2 1.8 V • Like pin 19, 10 k $\Omega$ load drivable.
21	PRE NF2 1.8V
22	PRE IN2F 1.8 V • Turns on when pin 17 is floating. • A bias resistor (2.2 k $\Omega$ ) must be connected between pin 22 and pin 24 ( $V_{ref}$ ) when no head is in use.
23	PRE IN2R 1.8 V • Turns on when pin 17 is connected to GND. • A bias resistor (2.2 k $\Omega$ ) must be connected between pin 23 and pin 24 ( $V_{ref}$ ) when no head is in use.
24	$V_{ref}$ 1.8 V • The reference voltage is set to $3/5 \times V_{CC}$ . Because $V_{ref}$ AMP ( $r_O \div 10$ $\Omega$ ) is built in, $C_{17}$ can be made smaller (1 $\mu$ F). • Inflow/outflow current $I_{24} = \pm 500$ $\mu$ A available.

### Sample Application:

Radio set application.

