STEREO 2-W AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER WITH FOUR SELECTABLE GAIN SETTINGS AND MUX CONTROL

SLOS284A - NOVEMBER 1999 - NOVEMBER 2000

 Compatible With PC 99 Desktop Line-Out Into 10-kΩ Load 	PWP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)				
 Internal Gain Control, Which Eliminates External Gain-Setting Resistors 	GND GAINO	1	GND RLINEIN		
 2-W/Ch Output Power Into 3-Ω Load 	GAIN1	3 22	SHUTDOWN		
Input MUX Select Terminal	LOUT+ 🞞	4 21	ROUT+		
PC-Beep Input	LLINEIN L	5 20 6 19	RHPIN VDD		
Depop Circuitry	PV _{DD} \Box	7 18	PV _{DD}		
Stereo Input MUX	RIN 🖂	8 17	HP/LINE		
Fully Differential Input	LOUT-	9 16 10 15	ROUT- SE/BTL		
 Low Supply Current and Shutdown Current 	BYPASS 🖂	11 14	PC-BEEP		
 Surface-Mount Power Packaging 24-Pin TSSOP PowerPAD™ 	GND □□□	12 13	GND GND		

description

The TPA0212 is a stereo audio power amplifier in a 24-pin TSSOP thermally enhanced package capable of delivering 2 W of continuous RMS power per channel into 3- Ω loads. This device minimizes the number of external components needed, simplifying the design, and freeing up board space for other features. When driving 1 W into $8-\Omega$ speakers, the TPA0212 has less than 0.8% THD+N across its specified frequency range.

Included within this device is integrated depop circuitry that virtually eliminates transients that cause noise in the speakers.

Amplifier gain is internally configured and controlled by way of two terminals (GAIN0 and GAIN1). BTL gain settings of 2, 6, 12, and 24 V/V are provided, while SE gain is always configured as 1 V/V for headphone drive. An internal input MUX allows two sets of stereo inputs to the amplifier. The HP/LINE terminal allows the user to select which MUX input is active regardless of whether the amplifier is in SE or BTL mode. In notebook applications, where internal speakers are driven as BTL and the line outputs (often headphone drive) are required to be SE, the TPA0212 automatically switches into SE mode when the SE/BTL input is activated, and this reduces the gain to 1 V/V.

The TPA0212 consumes only 6 mA of supply current during normal operation. A miserly shutdown mode reduces the supply current to less than 150 μA.

The PowerPAD package (PWP) delivers a level of thermal performance that was previously achievable only in TO-220-type packages. Thermal impedances of approximately 35°C/W are readily realized in multilayer PCB applications. This allows the TPA0212 to operate at full power into 8- Ω loads at an ambient temperature of 85 $^{\circ}$ C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

	PACKAGED DEVICE
TA	TSSOPT
	(PWP)
-40°C to 85°C	TPA0212PWP

[†]The PWP package is available taped and reeled. To order a taped and reeled part, add the suffix R to the part number (e.g., TPA0212PWPR).

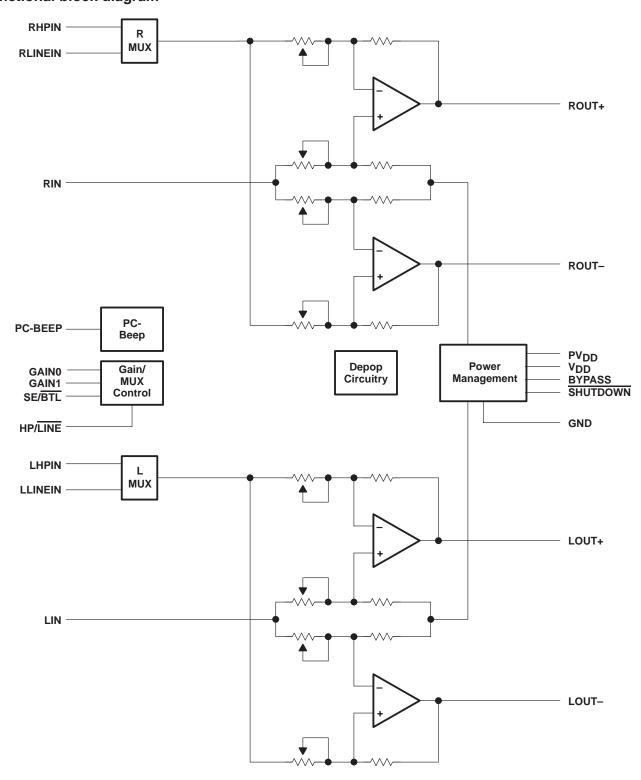


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functional block diagram





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Terminal Functions

TERMINAL					
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION		
BYPASS	11		Tap to voltage divider for internal mid-supply bias generator		
GAIN0	2	I	Bit 0 of gain control		
GAIN1	3	I	Bit 1 of gain control		
GND	1, 12, 13, 24		Ground connection for circuitry. Connected to the thermal pad.		
LHPIN	6	I	Left channel headphone input, selected when SE/BTL is held high		
LIN	10	I	Common left input for fully differential input. AC ground for single-ended inputs.		
LLINEIN	5	I	Left channel line input, selected when SE/BTL is held low		
LOUT+	4	0	Left channel positive output in BTL mode and positive output in SE mode		
LOUT-	9	0	eft channel negative output in BTL mode and high-impedance in SE mode		
PC-BEEP	14	I	The input for PC-Beep mode. PC-BEEP is enabled when a > 1-V (peak-to-peak) square wave is input to PC-BEEP or PCB ENABLE is high.		
HP/LINE	17	I	HP/LINE is the input MUX control input. When the HP/LINE terminal is held high, the headphone inputs (LHPIN or RHPIN [6, 20]) are active. When the HP/LINE terminal is held low, the line BTL inputs (LLINEIN or RLINEIN [5, 23]) are active.		
PV_{DD}	7, 18	I	Power supply for output stage		
RHPIN	20	I	Right channel headphone input, selected when SE/BTL is held high		
RIN	8	I	Common right input for fully differential input. AC ground for single-ended inputs.		
RLINEIN	23	I	Right channel line input, selected when SE/BTL is held low		
ROUT+	21	0	Right channel positive output in BTL mode and positive output in SE mode		
ROUT-	16	0	Right channel negative output in BTL mode and high-impedance in SE mode		
SHUTDOWN	22	I	Places entire IC in shutdown mode when held low, except PC-BEEP remains active		
SE/BTL	15	I	Hold SE/BTL low for BTL mode and hold high for SE mode.		
V_{DD}	19	I	Analog V _{DD} input supply. This terminal needs to be isolated from PV _{DD} to achieve highest performance.		

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V _{DD}	6 V
Input voltage, V _I	0.3 V to V _{DD} +0.3 V
Continuous total power dissipation	internally limited (see Dissipation Rating Table)
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A	–40°C to 85°C
Operating junction temperature range, T _J	–40°C to 150°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 second	onds 260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_{\hbox{\scriptsize A}} \leq 25^{\circ}\hbox{\scriptsize C}$	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 85°C
PWP	2.7 W [‡]	21.8 mW/°C	1.7 W	1.4 W

[‡] Please see the Texas Instruments document, *PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package Application Report* (literature number SLMA002), for more information on the PowerPAD package. The thermal data was measured on a PCB layout based on the information in the section entitled *Texas Instruments Recommended Board for PowerPAD* on page 33 of the before mentioned document.

recommended operating conditions

		MIM	MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage, V _{DD}		4.5	5 5.5	V	
High level input voltage. V	SE/BTL, HP/LINE	4	1		
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}	SHUTDOWN	2	2	V	
Law level input voltage. Vu	SE/BTL, HP/LINE		3	V	
Low-level input voltage, V _{IL}	SHUTDOWN		0.8]	
Operating free-air temperature, TA		-40	85	°C	

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
IVool	Output offset voltage (measured differentially)	$V_I = 0$ $A_V = -2 \text{ V/V}$			25	mV
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	V _{DD} = 4 V to 5 V		77		dB
Iнн	High-level input current	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \qquad V_{I} = V_{DD}$			900	nA
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{I} = 0 \text{ V}$			900	nA
la a	I Comply compared	BTL mode		6	8	m ^
IDD	Supply current	SE mode		3	4	mA
I _{DD(SD)}	Supply current, shutdown mode			150	300	μΑ



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operating characteristics, V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C, R_L = 8 Ω , Gain = –2 V/V, BTL mode

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
PO	Output power	THD = 1%, $R_L = 4 \Omega$	f = 1 kHz,		1.9		W
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	P _O = 1 W,	f = 20 Hz to 15 kHz		0.75%		
ВОМ	Maximum output power bandwidth	THD = 5%			>15		kHz
	Supply ripple rejection ratio	f = 1 kHz, $C(BYP) = 0.47 \mu F$	BTL mode,		68		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio				105		dB
\/	Noise output voltage	$C_{(BYP)} = 0.47 \mu\text{F},$	BTL mode		16		\/5.40
V _n	Noise output voitage	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz SE mode		30		μVRMS	
Zi	Input impedance			Se	e Table 1	1	

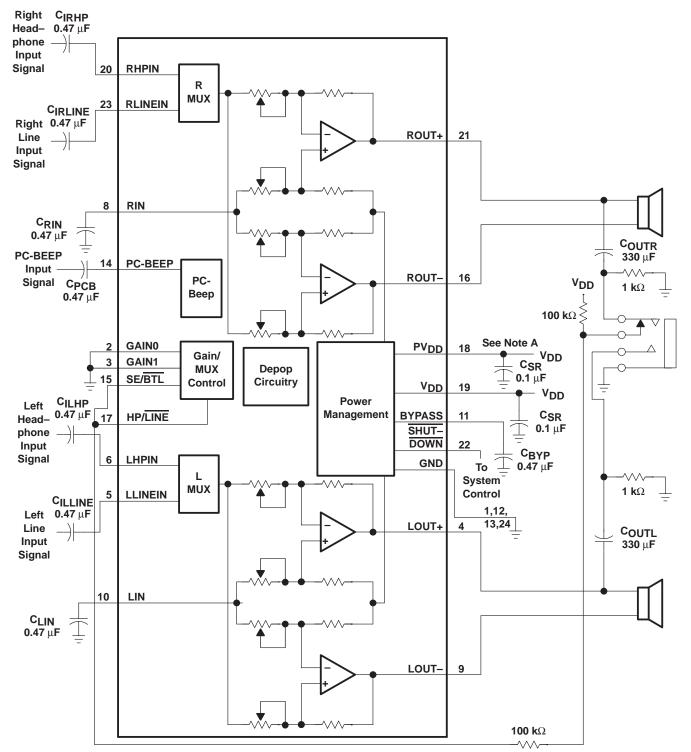
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
		vs Output power	1, 4–7, 10–13, 16–19, 21
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	2, 3, 8, 9, 14, 15, 20, 22
		vs Output voltage	23
Vn	Output noise voltage	vs Bandwidth	24
	Supply ripple rejection ratio	vs Frequency	25, 26
	Crosstalk	vs Frequency	27–29
	Shutdown attenuation	vs Frequency	30
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	vs Frequency	31
	Closed loop respone		32–35
PO	Output power	vs Load resistance	36, 37
D-	Dower dissination	vs Output power	38, 39
PD	Power dissipation	vs Ambient temperature	40

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APPLICATION INFORMATION



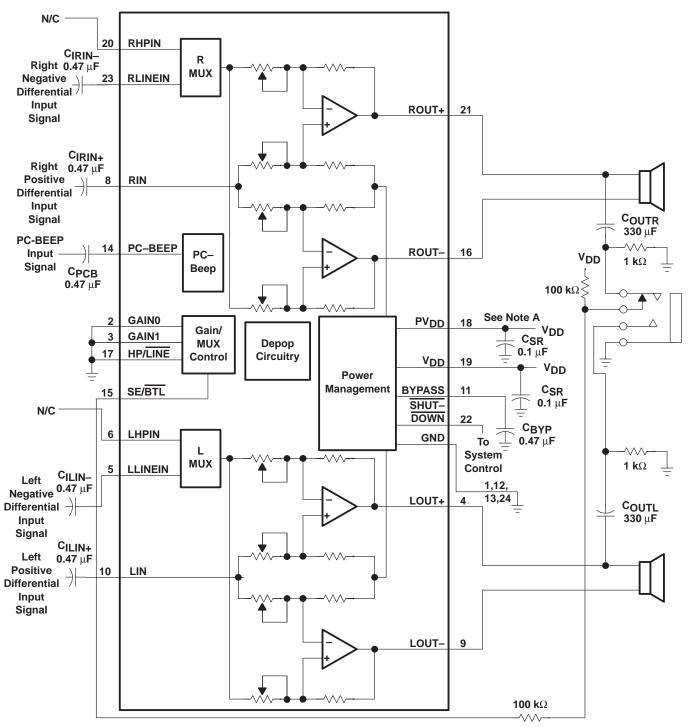
NOTE A: A 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IC. For filtering lower–frequency noise signals, a larger electrolytic capacitor of 10 μ F or greater should be placed near the audio power amplifier.

Figure 42. Typical TPA0212 Application Circuit Using Single-Ended Inputs and Input MUX



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APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: A 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IC. For filtering lower–frequency noise signals, a larger electrolytic capacitor of 10 μF or greater should be placed near the audio power amplifier.

Figure 43. Typical TPA0212 Application Circuit Using Differential Inputs

