- Ideal for Notebook Computers, PDAs, and Other Small Portable Audio Devices
- 2 W Into 4 Ω From 5-V Supply
- 0.6 W Into 4 Ω From 3-V Supply
- Stereo Headphone Drive
- Separate Inputs for the Mono (BTL) Signal, and Stereo (SE) Left/Right Signals
- Wide Power Supply Compatibility 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Low Supply Current
 - 4.2 mA Typical at 5 V
 - 3.6 mA Typical at 3 V
- Shutdown Control . . . 1 μA Typical
- Shutdown Pin Is TTL Compatible
- −40°C to 85°C Operating Temperature Range
- Space-Saving, Thermally-Enhanced MSOP Packaging

description

The TPA0213 is a 2-W mono bridge-tied-load (BTL) amplifier designed to drive speakers with as low as $4-\Omega$ impedance. The amplifier can be reconfigured on-the-fly to drive two stereo single-ended (SE) signals into headphones. This makes the device ideal for use in small notebook computers, PDAs, personal digital audio players, anywhere a mono speaker and stereo headphones are required. From a 5-V supply, the TPA0213 can deliver 2-W of power into a $4-\Omega$ speaker.

The gain of the input stage is set by the user-selected input resistor and a 50-k Ω internal feedback resistor (A_V = - R_F/R_I). The power stage is internally configured with a gain of -1.25 V/V in SE mode, and -2.5 V/V in BTL mode. Thus, the overall gain of the amplifier is -62.5 k Ω /R_I in SE mode and -125 k Ω /R_I in BTL mode.

The TPA0213 is available in the 10-pin thermally-enhanced MSOP package (DGQ) and operates over an ambient temperature range of –40°C to 85°C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| | PACKAGED DEVICES | MSOP |
|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| TA | MSOP† (DGQ) | SYMBOLIZATION |
| -40°C to 85°C | TPA0213DGQ | AEH |

[†] The DGQ package are available taped and reeled. To order a taped and reeled part, add the suffix R to the part number (e.g., TPA0213DGQR).

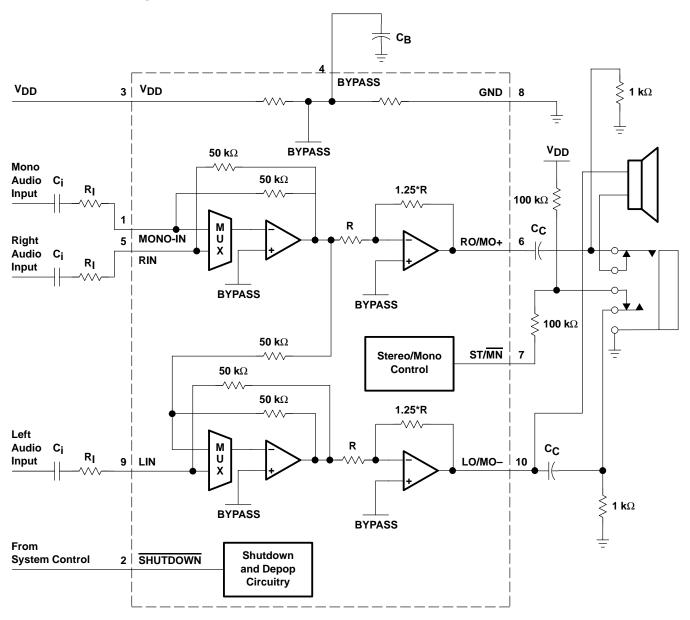


Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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functional block diagram





Terminal Functions

| TERMINA | AL | | DECORPORA |
|----------|-----------|-----|---|
| NAME | NO. | 1/0 | DESCRIPTION |
| MONO-IN | 1 | I | Mono input terminal |
| SHUTDOWN | 2 | I | SHUTDOWN places the entire device in shutdown mode when held low. TTL compatible input. |
| V_{DD} | 3 | I | V _{DD} is the supply voltage terminal. |
| BYPASS | 4 | I | BYPASS is the tap to the voltage divider for internal mid-supply bias. This terminal should be connected to a 0.1 - μF to 1 - μF capacitor. |
| RIN | 5 | I | Right-channel input terminal |
| RO/MO+ | 6 | 0 | Right-output in SE mode and mono positive output in BTL mode |
| ST/MN | 7 | I | Selects between stereo and mono mode. When held high, the amplifier is in SE stereo mode, while held low, the amplifier is in BTL mono mode. |
| GND | 8 | | Ground terminal |
| LIN | 9 | I | Left-channel input terminal |
| LO/MO- | 10 | 0 | Left-output in SE mode and mono negative output in BTL mode. |

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)§

| Supply voltage, V _{DD} | |
|--|---|
| Input voltage, V _I | 0.3 V to V _{DD} +0.3 V |
| Continuous total power dissipationi | internally limited (see Dissipation Rating Table) |
| Operating free-air temperature range, T _A (see Table 3) | –40°C to 85°C |
| Operating junction temperature range, T _J | –40°C to 150°C |
| Storage temperature range, T _{stq} | |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 second | ds 260°C |

[§] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| | PACKAGE | $T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}} \leq 25^{\circ} \mbox{\scriptsize C}$ | DERATING FACTOR | T _A = 70°C | T _A = 85°C |
|---|---------|---|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | DGQ | 2.14 W¶ | 17.1 mW/°C | 1.37 W | 1.11 W |

[¶] Please see the Texas Instruments document, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package Application Report (literature number SLMA002), for more information on the PowerPAD package. The thermal data was measured on a PCB layout based on the information in the section entitled Texas Instruments Recommended Board for PowerPAD on page 33 of the before mentioned document.



TPA0213 2-W MONO AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER WITH HEADPHONE DRIVE

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recommended operating conditions

| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|--|----------|-----------------------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage, V _{DD} | | | 2.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | 07/44 | V _{DD} = 3 V | 2.7 | | |
| High-level input voltage, VIH | ST/MN | V _{DD} = 5 V | 4.5 | | V |
| | SHUTDOWN | | 2 | | |
| | OT (MA) | V _{DD} = 3 V | | 1.65 | |
| Low-level input voltage, V _{IL} | ST/MN | V _{DD} = 5 V | | 2.75 | V |
| | SHUTDOWN | | | 0.8 | |
| Operating free-air temperature, TA | | | -40 | 85 | °C |

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 3 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST COND | ITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|---|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| IVool | Output offset voltage (measured differentially) | $V_{1O} = 0$, | Gain = 8 dB | | | 30 | mV |
| PSRR | Power supply rejection ratio | $V_{DD} = 2.9 \text{ V to } 3.1 \text{ V},$ | BTL mode | | 65 | | dB |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ | $V_I = V_{DD}$ | | | 1 | μΑ |
| I _I L | Low-level input current | $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ | V _I = 0 | | | 1 | μΑ |
| zį | Input impedance | | | | 50 | | kΩ |
| I_{DD} | Supply current | | | | 3.6 | 5.5 | mA |
| I _{DD(SD)} | Supply current, shutdown mode | | | | 1 | 10 | μΑ |

operating characteristics, V_{DD} = 3 V, T_{A} = 25°C, R_{L} = 4 Ω , f = 1 kHz (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|--------------|---------|--|----|--|----|
| D- | Output name and Nate 4 | THD = 1%, | BTL mode | | | 660 | | mW | | | | | | | |
| Ро | Output power, see Note 1 | THD = 0.1%, | SE mode, | $R_L = 32 \Omega$ | | 33 | | IIIVV | | | | | | | |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $P_0 = 500 \text{ mW},$ | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz | | | 0.2% | | | | | | | | | |
| Вом | Maximum output power bandwidth | Gain = 8 dB, | THD = 2% | | | 20 | | kHz | | | | | | | |
| | Cumply simple selection setie | f 4 kl l= | CB = 0.47 μF | BTL mode | | 52 | | dB | | | | | | | |
| | Supply ripple rejection ratio | I = KΠΖ, | I = I KIIZ, | I = I KIIZ, | I = I KΠZ, | I = I K⊓Z, | f = 1 kHz, | i = i k⊓Z, | = K | CB = 0.47 μF | SE mode | | 62 | | uБ |
| ., | Nicios cutout valtana | OD 0.47E | £ 00 H= t= 00 HH= | BTL mode | | 42 | | | | | | | | | |
| V _n | Noise output voltage | $CB = 0.47 \mu F$, | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz | SE mode | | 21 | | μVRMS | | | | | | | |

NOTE 1: Output power is measured at the output terminals of the device at f = 1 kHz.



electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST COND | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|---------------------|---|---|--------------------|-----|-----|------|----|
| IVool | Output offset voltage (measured differentially) | V _{IO} = 0, | Gain = 8 dB | | | 30 | mV |
| PSRR | Power supply rejection ratio | $V_{DD} = 4.9 \text{ V to } 5.1 \text{ V},$ | BTL mode | | 62 | | dB |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{DD} = 5.5 V,$ | $V_I = V_{DD}$ | | | 1 | μΑ |
| I _I L | Low-level input current | $V_{DD} = 5.5 V,$ | V _I = 0 | | | 1 | μΑ |
| zį | Input impedance | | | | 50 | | kΩ |
| I _{DD} | Supply current | | | | 4.2 | 6.3 | mA |
| I _{DD(SD)} | Supply current, shutdown mode | | | | 1 | 10 | μΑ |

operating characteristics, V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C, R_L = 4 Ω

| | PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|------|------------------|------------|
| D _a | Outrot names and Note 4 | THD = 0.3%, | BTL mode | | | 2 | | W |
| Po | Output power, see Note 1 | THD = 0.1%, | SE mode, | $R_L = 32 \Omega$ | | 90 | | mW |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | P _O = 1.5 W, | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz | | | 0.2% | | |
| ВОМ | Maximum output power bandwidth | Gain = 6 dB, | THD = 2% | | | 20 | | kHz |
| | Supply ripple rejection ratio | f = 1 kHz. | CB = 0.47 μF | BTL mode | | 52 | | dB |
| | Supply ripple rejection ratio | I = I KHZ, | CB = 0.47 μF | SE mode | | 62 | | uБ |
| V | Noise output voltage | CB = 0.47 μF, | f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz | BTL mode | | 42 | , and the second | / |
| V _n | Noise output voltage | $CB = 0.47 \mu \text{F},$ | 1 = 20 HZ tO 20 KHZ | SE mode | | 21 | | μ VRMS |

NOTE 1: Output power is measured at the output terminals of the device at f = 1 kHz.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

| | | | FIGURE |
|--------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| THD+N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | vs Output power | 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10 |
| I HD+N | rotal narmonic distortion plus noise | vs Frequency | 2, 4, 7, 9 |
| Vn | Output noise voltage | vs Frequency | 11 |
| | Power supply rejection ratio | vs Frequency | 12, 13 |

APPLICATION INFORMATION

ST/MN (stereo/mono) operation (continued)

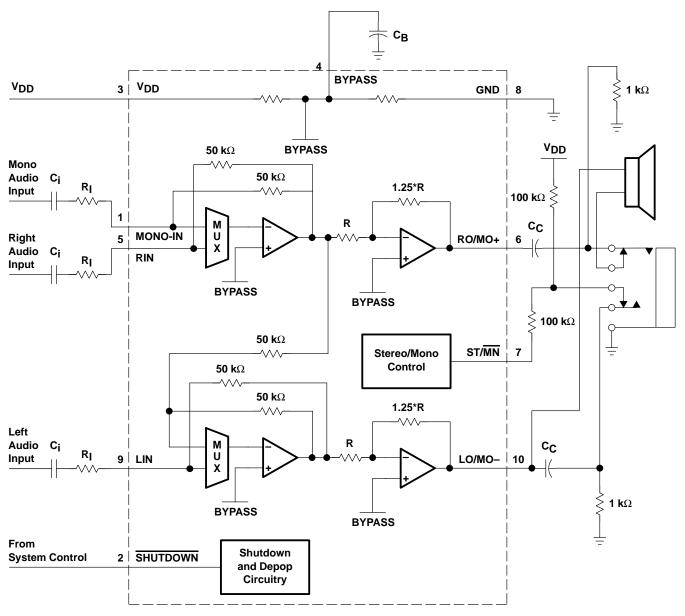


Figure 17. TPA0213 Resistor Divider Network Circuit

Using a readily available 1/8-in. (3.5 mm) stereo headphone jack, the control switch is closed when no plug is inserted. When closed, the $100\text{-k}\Omega/1\text{-k}\Omega$ divider pulls the ST/MN input low. When a plug is inserted, the $1\text{-k}\Omega$ resistor is disconnected and the ST/MN input is pulled high. The mono speaker is also physically disconnected from the RO/MO+ output so that no sound is heard from the speaker while the headphones are inserted.

