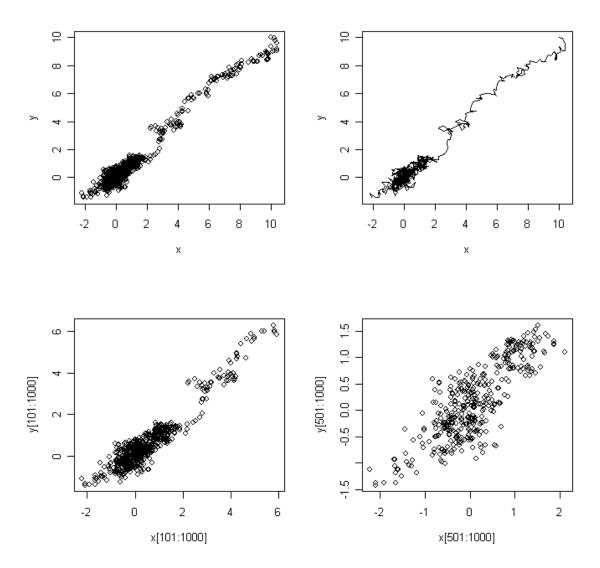
## BIOS 560R Advanced Statistical Computing Fall 2012 MCMC

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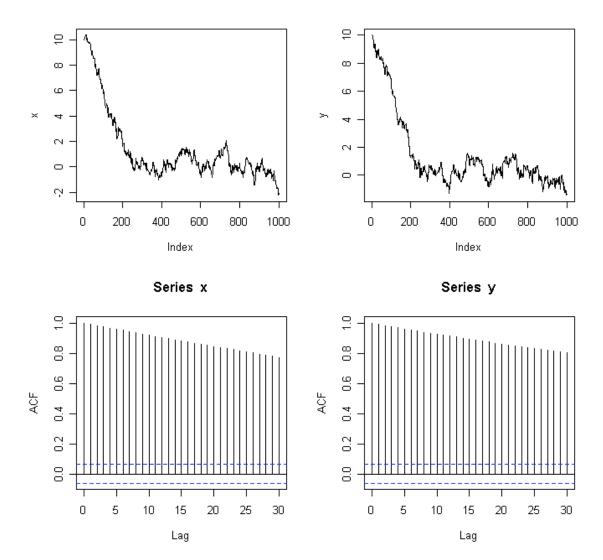
```
# Metropolis
#bi-variate normal mean: mu1 = 0.mu2 = 0, correlation coefficient: rho
= 0.6.
rho < -0.9
# starting point
x0 <- 10
y0 < -10
# length of chain
n <- 1000
x \leftarrow rep(0,n)
y \leftarrow rep(0,n)
# initialize
x[1] < -x0
y[1] < - y0
# tuning parameter
s0 <- 0.5 # maximum step size in random walk proposal function
# try different s0, e.g., 0.1, 1.0, 2.0
# start chain
for( i in 1:n) {
  s <- s0*runif(1)
  theta<-2*3.1415926*runif(1)
  xnew <- x[i] + s*cos(theta) # random walk</pre>
  ynew <- y[i] + s*sin(theta) # random walk</pre>
  r \leftarrow \exp(-((xnew^2-2*rho*xnew*ynew+ynew^2)-(x[i]^2-
2*rho*x[i]*y[i]+y[i]^2))/(2*(1-rho^2))) # acceptance ratio
  test <- runif(1)</pre>
  if(test < r ) # accept proposed moved.</pre>
     x[i+1] <- xnew
     y[i+1] \leftarrow ynew
  else # reject proposed move, stay put.
    x[i+1] \leftarrow x[i]
    y[i+1] <- y[i]
# scatter plot
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(x,y)
plot(x,y,type="l")
```

```
plot(x[101:1000],y[101:1000])
plot(x[501:1000],y[501:1000])
```



```
#trace plots
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(x,type="1")
plot(y,type="1")

#autocorrelation plots
acf(x)
acf(y)
```



```
# Gibbs Sampler
# bi-variate normal, mean: mu1 = 0.mu2 = 0, correlation coefficient:
rho = 0.6.
rho <- 0.6
# starting point
x0 <- 10
y0 < -10
# length of chain
n <- 1000
x \leftarrow rep(0,n)
y \leq rep(0,n)
# initialize
x[1] < - x0
y[1] < - y0
# start chain
for(i in 1:n) {
  x[i+1] <- rnorm(1, rho*y[i], 1-rho^2)
  y[i+1] <- rnorm(1,rho*x[i+1],1-rho^2)
# scatter plot
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(x,y,type="l")
plot(x[101:1000],y[101:1000])
  9
                                       y[101:1000]
                                                             0
                                                         x[101:1000]
# trace plot
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(x,type="1")
plot(y,type="l")
```

#autocorrelation plot

acf(x)
acf(y)

