

Column Name	Column Description
customer_first_name	The first name of the customer. A customer may have purchased tickets for more than one passenger so a customer could be duplicated in multiple rows. A customer may have purchased tickets on multiple occasions as well.
customer_last_name	The last name of the customer
customer_email	email address for this customer
purchase_date_time	The date and time of the purchase. A single purchase may include multiple passengers so there may be duplicated purchase dates and amounts in this column. All passengers are placed in the same flight but may not be in the same airplane section.
purchase_amount	The \$ value of the purchased ticket(s)
passenger_first_name	The first name of the passenger. There could be multiple passengers per purchase. Also a passenger might fly more than once on separate occasions so the same passenger could be duplicated multiple times.
passenger_last_name	The last name of the passenger
passenger_email	email address for this passenger
passenger_minor	T/F for whether passenger is minor
passenger_guardian_first_name	If a minor, guardian first name who must also be a passenger
passenger_guardian_last_name	If a minor, guardian last name who must also be a passenger
reference_code	Each passenger has a random six-character reference code for each flight they take
flight_number	The numerical flight number for the flight this passenger is taking. Passengers in the same purchase are always put in the same flight number because they travel as a group.
flight_departure_datetime	The estimated departure time of the flight. If this is in the past, then the actual departure time of the flight
flight_arrival_datetime	The estimated arrival time of the flight. If this is in the past, then the actual departure time of the flight
flight_route	The route identifier for this flight number. Multiple flight numbers can fly the same route. The path from the origin or each stop, to any of the subsequent stops/destinations are also routes. There are at most 2 stops on a route. There can be multiple routes between an origin and a destination. For example, from origin A to destination C: a direct flight from A -> D, or any number of stops in between (e. g. A -> B -> D, A -> B -> C -> D, A -> C -> D).
origin	three-letter origin airport for the flight

stop1	three-letter airport for the first stop of this flight (if any)
stop2	three-letter airport for the second stop of this flight (if any)
destination	three-letter destination airport for the flight
aircraft_id	ID of the aircraft being used - an aircraft may be used in multiple routes including other origins/destinations
seat_id	The airline keeps a standard way of number seats. For example: A6 is row A, seat 6. There are at most 26 rows (one for each alphabet) and 6 seats per row in all of the aircraft types that airline has/will have for the foreseeable future. A seat may not be in an aircraft type. For example, an aircraft may have fewer rows than another aircraft, or have room for less than 6 seats per row.
aircraft_section	first/business/economy sections of aircraft. The section any particular seat is in determined by the type of aircraft. The seat G1 for example might be in the Business section for one type of aircraft, and the economy section for another.