# Data Science in Spark with sparklyr:: cheat shee

out have the actual processing happen inside t enables us to write all of our analysis code in R, sparklyr is an R interface for Apache Spark™. Spark clusters. Easily manipulate and arge-scale using R and Spark via sparklyr.

#### Import



Import data into Spark, not R

# **READ A FILE INTO SPARK**

Arguments that apply to all functions: sc, name, path, options=list(), repartition=0, memory=TRUE, overwrite=TRUE

delimiter = ",", quote= "\"", escape = "\\" charset = "UTF-8", null\_value = NULL) spark\_read\_csv( header = TRUE, columns=NULL, infer\_schema=TRUE, spark\_read\_json() JSON CSV

spark\_read\_parquet() spark\_read\_libsvm() spark\_read\_delta() spark\_read\_avro() ;park\_read\_text() spark\_read\_orc() **PARQUET** LIBSVM DELTA TEXT ORC

# R DATA FRAME INTO SPARK

dplyr::copy\_to(dest, df, name)

Apache Arrow accelerates data transfer between R and Spark. To use, simply load the library

library(sparklyr)

ARROW 1ibrary(arrow)

# FROM A TABLE IN HIVE

the table without loading it into memory dplyr::tbl(scr, ...) - Creates a reference to R Studio

#### Read a file (spark\_read\_) Read Hive table (tb1()) From R (copy\_to())

#### tidyr commands dplyr verb

- Wrangle
- Feature transformer (ft\_) Direct Spark SQL (**DBI**)

#### Collect result, plot in R Visualize

Communicate

Spark MLlib (m1 H20 Extension

share using RMarkdown Collect results into R



## Wrangle

#### **DPLYR VERBS**

**Translates into Spark SQL statements** 

mutate(trm = ifelse(am 'auto", "man")) summarise\_all(mean) copy\_to(sc, mtcars) %>% group\_by(trm) %>%

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### TIDYR



several columns into two. pivot\_longer() - Collapse



nest() / unnest() - Convert groups of cells

into list-columns, and vice versa. 

unite() / separate() - Split a single column

into several columns, and vice versa

fill() - Fill NA with the previous value **1**22

# FEATURE TRANSFORMERS

ft\_binarizer() - Assigned values based on

ft bucketizer() - Numeric column to 200

discretized column

ft\_count\_vectorizer() - Extracts a vocabulary from document a b 0,1 1,1 b b 0 0 2

discrete cosine transform of a real vector ft\_discrete\_cosine\_transform() - 1D 

ft\_elementwise\_product() - Elementwise product between 2 cols 

terms to their term frequencies using the ft\_hashing\_tf() - Maps a sequence of hashing trick. a b a b b b b b c 2



ft\_idf() - Compute the Inverse Document **π\_lor()** - Compute the Inverse Docum

Frequency (IDF) given a collection of

completing missing values, uses the mean ft\_imputer() - Imputation estimator for or the median of the columns. 

ft\_index\_to\_string() - Index labels back to label as strings в 0 0 0--

23/42 | 8.6 Vector columns and outputs a flattened ft\_interaction() - Takes in Double and vector of their feature interactions

ft\_max\_abs\_scaler() - Rescale each feature individually to range [-1, 1] ft\_min\_max\_scaler() - Rescale each feature to a common range [min, max] linearly

ft\_ngram() - Converts the input array of strings into an array of n-grams SPAR K

Hashing functions for Euclidean distance ft\_bucketed\_random\_projection\_lsh() ft\_minhash\_lsh() - Locality Sensitive 

ft\_normalizer() - Normalize a vector to and Jaccard distance (MinHash)

have unit norm using the given p-norm ×

ft\_one\_hot\_encoder()- Continuous to

dimensional space of top k principal **ft\_pca()** - Project vectors to a lower components. 

ft\_quantile\_discretizer() - Continuous to binned categorical values

AB | ab either by using the provided regex pattern ft\_regex\_tokenizer() - Extracts tokens



ft\_robust\_scaler() - Removes the median and scales according to standard scale. ft\_standard\_scaler() - Removes the mean and scaling to unit variance using column summary statistics ft\_stop\_words\_remover() - Filters out stop words from input

ft\_string\_indexer() - Column of labels into a column of label indices 0 --

e u u

ft\_tokenizer() - Converts to lowercase and then splits it by white space

ft\_vector\_assembler() - Combine vectors

into single row-vector 1 a 0.a 1.b ft vector indexer() - Indexing categorical feature columns in a dataset of Vector 0 a 0,0 1 a 1,0 1 b 1,1

ft\_vector\_slicer() - Takes a feature vector and outputs a new feature vector with a subarray of the original features 0,a 1,a 1,b b

ft\_word2vec() - Word2Vec transforms a

## Visualize







DPLYR + GGPLOT2

copy\_to(sc, mtcars) %>% Summarize in Spark summarise(mpg\_m = mean(mpg)) %>% group\_by(cyl) %>% collect() %>%

geom\_col(aes(cyl, mpg\_m))

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## Modeling

## REGRESSION

ml\_linear\_regression() - Linear regression

survival regression model named accelerated ml\_aft\_survival\_regression() - Parametric failure time (AFT) model

ml\_generalized\_linear\_regression() - GLM

implemented using parallelized pool adjacent violators algorithm. Only univariate (single ml\_isotonic\_regression() - Currently feature) algorithm supported ml\_random\_forest\_regressor() - Regression using

## CLASSIFICATION

ml\_linear\_svc() - Classification using linear support vector machines ml\_logistic\_regression() - Logistic regression

ml\_multilayer\_perceptron\_classifier() -

Classification model based on the Multilayer

which can handle finitely supported discrete data ml\_naive\_bayes() - It supports Multinomial NB

Classification to Binary Classification. Performs ml\_one\_vs\_rest() - Reduction of Multiclass reduction using one against all strategy.

ml\_decision\_tree\_classifier()|ml\_decision\_tree() ml\_decision\_tree\_regressor() - Classification and regression using decision trees ml\_gbt\_classifier()|ml\_gradient\_boosted\_trees() ml\_gbt\_regressor() - Binary classification and egression using gradient boosted trees

ml\_random\_forest\_classifier() - Classification and regression using random forests

ml\_tree\_feature\_importance() - Feature ml\_feature\_importances()

R Studio

#### CLUSTERING

ml\_bisecting\_kmeans() - A bisecting k-means algorithm based on the paper

ml\_log\_perplexity() | ml\_topics\_matrix() - LDA topic ml\_lda() | ml\_describe\_topics() | ml\_log\_likelihood() nodel designed for text documents ml\_gaussian\_mixture() - Expectation maximization for multivariate Gaussian Mixture Models (GMMs)

ml\_kmeans() | ml\_compute\_cost()

ml\_compute\_silhouette\_measure() - Clustering with support for k-means

graph given pairwise similarities as edge properties. ml\_power\_iteration() - For clustering vertices of a

independence test for every feature against the label ml\_default\_stop\_words() - Loads the default stop ml\_chisquare\_test(x,features,label) - Pearson's words for the given language

ml\_summary() - Extracts a metric from the summary object of a Spark ML model

**ml\_corr()** - Compute correlation matrix

## RECOMMENDATION

ml\_als() | ml\_recommend() - Recommendation using Alternating Least Squares matrix factorization

#### **EVALUATION**

ml\_clustering\_evaluator() - Evaluator for clustering

ml\_binary\_classification\_evaluator()

ml\_evaluate() - Compute performance

ml\_binary\_classification\_eval()

calculate performance metrics for prediction models. ml\_classification\_eval() - A set of functions to

# **FREQUENT PATTERN**

ml\_freq\_itemsets() - A parallel FP-growth algorithm ml\_fpgrowth() | ml\_association\_rules()

PrefixSpan algorithm for mining frequent itemsets. ml\_freq\_seq\_patterns() | ml\_prefixspan() -

ml\_call\_constructor() - Identifies the associated sparklyr ML constructor for the JVM ml\_model\_data() - Extracts data associated with a Spark ML model

ml\_standardize\_formula() - Generates a formula string from user inputs, to be used in `ml\_model

ml\_uid() - Extracts the UID of an ML object

# **ML Pipelines**

Save the Pipeline in native Sacala. The saved model will Easily create a formal Spark Pipeline models using R. have **no dependencies** on R.

# INITIALIZE AND TRAIN

ml\_pipeline() - Initializes a new Spark Pipeline

ml\_fit() - Trains the model, outputs a Spark Pipeline

# SAVE AND RETRIEVE

ml\_save() - Saves into a format that can be read by Scala and PySpark

ml\_read() - Reads Spark object into sparklyr

### SQL AND DPLYR

ft\_sql\_transformer() - Creates a Pipeline step based on the SQL statement passed to the command.

ft\_dplyr\_transformer() - Creates a Pipeline step based on one or several dplyr commands spark.rstudio.com/guides/pipelines



Mastering Spark with R

spark.rstudio.com

therinspark.com

## Sessions

Install RStudio Server on an edge node

YARN CLIENT

- Locate path to the cluster's Spark Home Directory, it normally is "/usr/lib/spark"
- conf\$spark.dynamicAllocation.enabled<-"false"
  Open a connection</pre> conf\$spark.executor.memory <- "300M conf\$spark.executor.instances <- 3 conf\$spark.executor.cores <- 2 Basic configuration example conf <- spark\_config() 4.
  - version = "2.1.0", config = conf) spark\_home = "/usr/lib/spark/", sc <- spark\_connect(master = "yarn"

#### YARN CLUSTER

- Make sure to have copies of the yarn-site.xml and hive-site.xml files in the RStudio Server
  - Point environment variables to the correct paths Sys.setenv(SPARK\_HOME ="[Path]") Sys.setenv(JAVA\_HOME="[Path]")
- sc <- spark\_connect(master = "yarn-cluster")</pre> Sys.setenv(YARN\_CONF\_DIR ="[Path]")

# STANDALONE CLUSTER

- Install RStudio Server on one of the existing nodes or a server in the same LAN
  - spark\_connect(master="spark://host:port", Open a connection

spark\_home = [path to Spark])

version = "2.0.1"

No cluster required. Use for learning purposes only

- Install a local version of Spark: spark\_install() Open a connection
  - sc <- spark\_connect(master="local")</pre>

- Use the following to obtain the Host and Port system2("kubectl", "cluster-info"
  - "k8s://https://[HOST]>:[PORT]" spark\_config\_kubernetes( sc <- spark\_connect(config Open a connection

image = "docker.io/owner/repo:version")) account = "default"

Databricks - spark\_connect(method = "databricks") Qubole- spark\_connect(method = "qubole") «Studio" is a trademark of RStudio, Inc. • CC BYSA RStudio • info@istudio.com • 844-448-1212 • istudio.com
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