

福建省部分达标学校 2024—2025 学年第一学期期中
高一英语质量监测

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例:How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15. B. £9. 18. C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

1. What does the man want to do?
A. Wash his clothes. B. Brush his teeth. C. Wash his hands.
2. What will the speakers do tonight?
A. Go to a party. B. See a film. C. Study for a test.
3. What is the weather like right now?
A. Clear. B. Cloudy. C. Rainy.
4. When does the boss need the report?
A. This morning. B. This afternoon. C. Tomorrow morning.
5. What does the woman mean?
A. Dr Wilson will call the man.
B. The man has failed the exam.
C. She can't tell the man the information.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where does the conversation take place?
A. In a restaurant. B. At a store. C. At home.
7. What does the woman want to drink?
A. Juice. B. Hot water. C. Soda.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does the girl want to buy?
A. A backpack. B. A dress. C. Sports shoes.
9. What will the man do next?
A. Call his wife.
B. Pick up Jenny.
C. Take the girl to the shop.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Where is the man?
A. In his office. B. In a bank. C. At a gas station.
11. What does the man give the woman?
A. His visa. B. His passport. C. His student card.
12. Who is James?
A. The woman's teacher. B. The woman's coworker. C. The man's friend.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What are the speakers planning?
A. A holiday. B. A wedding. C. A business trip.
14. Which country have the speakers visited before?
A. Australia. B. France. C. Thailand.
15. What is the relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Husband and wife. C. Employer and employee.
16. How long do the speakers plan to take off from work?
A. One week. B. Two weeks. C. Three weeks.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker?
A. A weatherman. B. A doctor. C. A driver.
18. Which season is it now?
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Winter.
19. What will the highest wind speed be during the week?
A. 30 km per hour. B. 35 km per hour. C. 50 km per hour.
20. How many centimeters of snow will fall on Friday?
A. Two. B. Eight. C. Ten.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)
第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)
阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A
Winter Festivals in the World

Here are amazing winter festivals held in some places around the world. Enjoy the magic of winter celebrations!

International Snow Sculpture (雕塑) Championships—America

This winter festival has been celebrated for many years. Teams of artists from around the world must compete to carve 25-ton blocks of snow into works of art themselves. There are no power tools allowed! The result is an outdoor art gallery (画廊) in downtown Breckenridge. The 34th yearly Snow Sculpture Championships run from January 22 to January 26, and the art gallery is open from January 26 to January 31.

Kiruna Snow Festival—Sweden

The Discoverer explains that this snow festival, which began in 1986, is held in Kiruna, deep inside the Arctic Circle. The main part of the festival is a snow sculpting competition that includes artists from around the world. But there are plenty of activities to keep visitors busy during the competition, including sledding (乘雪橇), figure skating and a snowblower contest where they work to see who can clear a path through a 40 cm deep pile of snow. The festival takes place from January 24 to January 28.

Ice Magic Festival—Canada

The Ice Magic Festival has been taking place in Lake Louise for over 20 years, according to *World Atlas*. The competition runs from January 29 to February 1 and from February 2 to February 4. The final artworks are displayed for visitors who have an opportunity to take part in other activities including freestyle ice sculpting and ice games. You must have tickets to attend.

21. What is a must for artists attending International Snow Sculpture Championships?
- A. Showing their arts indoors.
B. Having their own art galleries.
C. Creating their artworks by hand.
D. Using some power tools to make arts.
22. What can visitors do at Kiruna Snow Festival?
- A. Skate.
B. Organize activities.
C. Attend art training courses.
D. Create ice sculptures with artists.

23. What do the three festivals have in common?
- A. They last one month.
B. They cover competitions.
C. They include ice activities.
D. They take place in American countries.

B

My good friend, George, was influenced by his parents, who are some of the best examples of giving, whether they get paid or not.

When I was a little child, I joined George and his mom in going to Erin's house, bringing food and daily supplies with us. Obviously, Erin's family faced economic trouble and could hardly afford food. George and I took several bags of things to the door, rang the bell and ran off. Erin still doesn't know to this day who did that. Since then, I've always given whatever I could afford to help the people in need.

You never knew what my act would lead the people in need to do. A few years ago, I came across a homeless man begging for money to get bread at a bus stop. I could have ignored him, but I felt sorry for him and pulled out my wallet. I only had \$20 in my hand. I was just a college student. However, I handed him the money, and he promised me that he'd find a job to make a living. When I got on the bus, he smiled at me and said, "I'll remember you forever!" I also smiled. It totally made my day, and I would also never forget his face. Later, I lent my phone to one boy to call his family and managed to help his worried mother find a job online.

Though an act of kindness toward anyone can seem like no big deal to me and cost me nearly nothing, I believe in the effects it can have on other people. Hopefully, they still have faith in humanity. It's the kind of interaction that is more valuable than money. Since doing good is within our power, let's help out more.

24. What made the author start helping others?
- A. The request from Erin.
B. The request from George's parents.
C. His past experience of giving money to the homeless.
D. His childhood experience of doing good with George.
25. How does the author develop paragraph 3?
- A. By giving examples.
B. By making suggestions.
C. By giving reasons.
D. By making comparisons.
26. What is the author's purpose in writing the last paragraph?
- A. To call on people to do good deeds.
B. To explain doing good costs nothing.

- C. To advise people to remember others' help.
D. To show interaction is as valuable as money.

27. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Give to Get Paid
B. A Big Deal with the Honest
C. Try to Make My Day
D. The Power of Kindness

C

A new study from a German research group says climate change will reduce everyone's income (收入) by about 19 percent over the next 25 years. That would be about \$38 trillion per year. But the report warns it could get worse between 25 and 75 years from now if nothing is done soon. Developed countries such as Germany, the United States and France would face smaller decreases. The researchers foresaw that people living in those countries would see 11 to 13 percent less income. The greatest economic effect will be felt by people in the least-developed nations.

The researchers first estimated (估算) what the world's economic growth would be without climate change. They then applied those values to the damage to economies if climate change continues at its present pace. There will still be economic growth, but it will be 19 percent lower in most places once the damage of climate change is taken into consideration.

Most at the research group have been centering on extreme weather events such as heat waves, floods, typhoons, hurricanes and other large storms. However, the effects are still mainly driven by average warming or overall temperature increases. The average world temperature last year was a record. That number was 1.35 °C above the average during pre-industrial times, before modern technology.

In the US, the southeastern and southwestern states such as New Mexico and Arizona are estimated to suffer the largest economic effects. In Europe, Spain and Italy are likely to feel the effects more than countries like Denmark and Germany. Areas that are usually cold for most of the year—Canada, Russia, Norway, Finland, and Sweden—will have good results from warming.

Experts note that the world's poorest countries are also the least prepared to adapt to climate change. Those countries are least responsible for the change, but they will agonize 60 percent more income loss than wealthy nations.

28. What does the new study mainly show?

- A. The causes of climate change.
B. The process of climate change.
C. The economic losses caused by climate change.
D. The health problems caused by climate change.

29. What have most of the researchers been focusing on?

- A. Application value.
B. Natural disasters.
C. Modern technology.
D. Temperature decreases.

30. Why is Canada less affected by climate change?

- A. It is underdeveloped.
B. It has a large area.
C. It has cold weather.
D. It has a small population.

31. What does the underlined word "agonize" in the last paragraph mean?

- A. Research.
B. Reduce.
C. Avoid.
D. Suffer.

D

Inside a recording room at Queen Mary University of London, several researchers are working with new artificial intelligence (AI) tools. Their aim is to develop what they call the "new virtual (虚拟的) worlds" of music. Andrea Martonelli and Max Graf are among more than 30 doctoral students working with Mathieu Barthet, a senior lecturer in Digital Media. They are exploring the possibilities of computational creativity and generative AI to build these virtual worlds. Generative AI is a term that describes technology tools designed to operate at human levels. Together, the researchers have set up a future studio where music meets most advanced technology.

Martonelli played a HITar, a guitar with AI sensors (传感器) added to it. The sensors can read his movements to create drum-like sounds that accompany (伴随) the guitar music. These sounds cannot be made with a normal guitar. Generative AI grew in popularity last year thanks to a robotic language system. Generative AI can create new sounds, words for music or entire songs on its own. But artists usually use simpler AI to add to their sounds.

Musicians worry that the technology could go too far. Amy plays in an English rock group. She said she is not in support of the music that includes artificially made voices of actual artists. She said she felt the same way about using dead artists' voices in songs. In November, the rock group released a song. It is considered the group's last song and includes a musician's voice, who died in 1980. His sounds were taken from an old recording and recreated with AI.

A famous singer said, "I think AI can have its place in the music production chain." But he added, "This is only possible if the technology is guided in the right way and if there are rules in place to make sure that musicians keep some amount of control."

32. What are the doctoral students working on?

- A. The history of traditional music.
B. The influence of AI on human creativity.
C. The development of musical instruments.
D. The creation of virtual music environments.

33. What is the function of the sensors added to the HITar?

- A. To provide backing music.
B. To control the language system.
C. To monitor the guitarist's movements.
D. To improve the singer's voice qualities.

34. What is Amy's attitude to the music made by AI?
- A. Curious. B. Unfavorable. C. Uncaring. D. Thankful.
35. What does the famous singer in the last paragraph say about AI?
- A. It is a possible way to make music rules.
B. It should be stopped in music production.
C. It should be used wisely for creating music.
D. It is the only way to make dead artists' voices alive.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Get Ready for the School Year

While it's hard to say goodbye to summer, it's also great fun and exciting to go back to school. Now, it is a great time to think about what you can do to help yourself have a successful year. Take this opportunity to set new goals and plan ahead. 36

● Establish a routine. If you can, start getting into a school routine a few days before you head back to class. 37 This way, you can get enough sleep and wake up early enough to get dressed and eat breakfast before you head out the door.

● Set up the night before. To make your mornings go smoothly, think about preparing your school uniform and packing your schoolbag before you go to bed. 38 Some of you might like to complete your tasks immediately after school, while some others might find that evenings work better.

● 39 In addition to making sure you have enough time for homework, having a particular place to do it can also help you be productive. Hang a calendar nearby so you can keep track of important dates like tests and project deadlines. An adjustable desk lamp can also help with reading and writing.

● Enjoy summer moments. When autumn doesn't officially begin, you can still have more summer fun. 40 This could be going to the local pool for a trip, walking out for ice cream, attending a camp, or planting flowers and grass in your garden, etc.

- A. Create your own study space.
B. Prepare for tests and projects.
C. For example, early to bed and early to rise.
D. You can also arrange your routine by yourself.
E. Follow this step-by-step advice for a smooth start.
F. Talk to your family about activities you'd like to do again.
G. You can also plan a proper time to get homework done each day.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

This morning, as I finished my shopping and was leaving, a heartwarming scene unfolded right before my eyes. A young mother, together with her little boy, perhaps around four or five years old, was also on their way out of the 41. Just then the young mother 42 halfway suddenly, as she 43 a homeless man sitting right in front of them.

Thinking for a while, the mother 44 into her shopping bag and took out a packet of chocolate. With a smile, she quickly opened the pack, sharing two pieces of chocolate with her child. But the 45 didn't end there. She whispered (耳语) something to her son and the boy seemed to 46 and nodded his head. The little boy was 47 to offer two pieces of the treats to the homeless man. Though shocked, the man's face lit up with pure 48 and gratitude as the child shyly handed over the chocolate. The mother then 49 more food from her shopping bag to the man. The process involved in a brief, friendly 50. Their interaction was filled with warmth.

Watching this warm scene in person, I couldn't help but feel 51, realizing that even a 52 act can make others' day. That little boy, learning empathy (同情) and generosity at such a young age, will 53 grow into a caring and well-rounded individual, spreading 54 wherever he goes. The world needs more 55 like these, when love and goodwill shine brightly.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. restaurant | B. supermarket | C. hospital | D. cinema |
| 42. A. listened | B. shouted | C. stopped | D. drove |
| 43. A. took notice of | B. kept away from | C. thought of | D. depended on |
| 44. A. broke | B. ran | C. separated | D. reached |
| 45. A. solution | B. performance | C. sweetness | D. adventure |
| 46. A. apply | B. understand | C. pretend | D. succeed |
| 47. A. instructed | B. forced | C. ordered | D. scared |
| 48. A. luck | B. goal | C. fright | D. joy |
| 49. A. introduced | B. borrowed | C. gifted | D. showed |
| 50. A. conversation | B. impression | C. lecture | D. diary |
| 51. A. disappointed | B. touched | C. calm | D. confident |
| 52. A. brave | B. rude | C. mistaken | D. simple |
| 53. A. surely | B. directly | C. hardly | D. narrowly |
| 54. A. risk | B. sweat | C. kindness | D. loneliness |
| 55. A. requests | B. rules | C. stresses | D. moments |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Shunan Bamboo Sea in Yibin, Sichuan, a natural forest, 56 (be) a popular tourist attraction since scenes from a famous martial arts movie were shot there. This 120-square-kilometer forest is the largest old bamboo park in China, and 57 (it) average temperature seldom drops below 0 °C in winter, even when many parts of the country are covered 58 snow and ice.

59 (know) as one of China's most beautiful forests, the Bamboo Sea covers more than 500 hills. The ocean of green is dotted with lakes, waterfalls and lively spring scenery. 60 area has an average temperature of about 16 °C every year. Sometimes, though it is tiring for visitors 61 (hike) in the Bamboo Sea, they can feel more light-hearted because of the calmness and beauty.

Bamboo began to grow there about 3,000 years ago. In ancient times, bamboo was 62 (extreme) important to the locals. And it is still used to build houses, make tools, and make musical 63 (instrument). A must for visitors to the Bamboo Sea is the museum in 64 they can gain a deeper understanding of this 65 (amaze) site. The nature of bamboo explains Chinese people's long admiration for the plant, which inspires their lives and arts.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你的外国朋友 Tom 想了解你们学校最近举办的秋季运动会。请你给他写一封电子邮件,介绍运动会的情况,内容包括:

1. 运动会的时间和地点;
2. 运动会的活动和项目;
3. 你的参与和感受。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Tom,

Looking forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

A few years ago, kind-hearted Jimmy always met homeless people in parks and streets. And he would often end up having meals with them. Later, he had an idea of helping those people in need by offering them kindness cards with words of encouragement on them. With his parents' help, the Kindness Card Program finally started.

Last week, Jimmy was invited to speak at a charity event, and the audience gave him a wallet containing a lot of money. They said, "We are deeply touched by what you have done, and we just want you to have a bike to be able to help and feed more people in a more organized way in your travels." Hearing that, Jimmy was very happy. After finishing that speech, he gained a helpful friend—a new bike.

With the bike, Jimmy could travel to more places in his free time, and more people became part of the Kindness Card Program. To make the program more open to the public, Jimmy's parents offered to post the stories of the people he had helped online. Soon, people from the Internet started to respond. And Jimmy also won more chances to speak in public over the next months. Many people would come up to Jimmy and give him gift cards with their words of encouragement on the back.

One day, Jimmy was walking in the park nearby when he saw a homeless man playing the violin with his head down. The music from the violin sounded very sad. It was heartbreaking. Obviously, the homeless man felt hopeless. Jimmy tried to talk to him, "Hello, is there anything I can do for you?" The homeless man wouldn't even look at Jimmy. Jimmy kept asking, "Hey, young man, it is cold outside. Why not come to my home and have a meal?" Then Jimmy handed him a kindness card with the words "Keep your head up".

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 个左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Looking at the card, the homeless man looked up and opened up.

Years later, the homeless man, a famous violinist now, came to Jimmy's home.