数据结构:线段树

题目描述:

307. 区域和检索 - 数组可修改

给你一个数组 nums ,请你完成两类查询,其中一类查询要求更新数组下标对应的值,另一类查询要求返回数组中某个范围内元素的总和。

实现 NumArray 类:

- NumArray(int[] nums) 用整数数组 nums 初始化对象
- void update(int index, int val) 将 nums[index] 的值更新为 val
- int sumRange(int left, int right) 返回子数组 nums[left, right] 的总和 (即, nums[left] + nums[left + 1], ..., nums[right])

题目分析:

- 前缀和暴力修改超时
- 线段树加速

```
class NumArray {
private:
//线段树: 修改点,查询区间
vector<int>tree;
vector<int>datas;
public:
    NumArray(vector<int>& nums) {
    datas=nums;
    int n=datas.size();
    tree.resize(4*n);
    buildtree(0,n-1,0);
}
//建树
```

```
void buildtree(int l,int r,int tag) {
        if(l==r){
            tree[tag]=datas[r];//datas[l];
            return;
        int mid=(r+1) >> 1;
        buildtree(l,mid,tag*2+1);
        buildtree(mid+1,r,tag*2+2);
        tree[tag] = tree[tag*2+1] + tree[tag*2+2];
    //修改点
    void change points(int 1,int r,int tag,int index,int val){
        if(l==r){
            //此时index==l==r;
            tree[tag]=val;
            return;
        int mid=(l+r)>>1;
        if (mid>=index) change points(1, mid, 2*tag+1, index, val);
        else change points(mid+1, r, 2*tag+2, index, val);
        //同时修改相关的和
        tree[tag] = tree[tag*2+1] + tree[tag*2+2];
    void update(int index, int val) {
        change points(0, datas.size()-1,0,index,val);
    }
    //寻找和
    int serch sum(int left, int right, int l, int r, int tag) {
        if (left <= l && right >= r) {
            return tree[tag];
        int mid = (r + 1) >> 1;
        int res = 0;
        if (left <= mid)res += serch sum(left, right, 1, mid, 2 * tag +</pre>
1);
        if (right >= mid + 1) res += serch_sum(left, right, mid + 1, r, 2
* tag + 2);
       return res;
    int sumRange(int left, int right) {
        int n=datas.size();
        return serch sum(left,right,0,n-1,0);
};
/**
```

```
* Your NumArray object will be instantiated and called as such:

* NumArray* obj = new NumArray(nums);

* obj->update(index,val);

* int param_2 = obj->sumRange(left,right);

*/
```