剑指 Offer 12. 矩阵中的路径

```
class Solution {
public:
   bool exist(vector<vector<char>>& board, string word) {
       rows = board.size();
       cols = board[0].size();
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
               if(dfs(board, word, i, j, 0)) return true;
       return false;
private:
   int rows, cols;
   bool dfs(vector<vector<char>>& board, string word, int i, int j, int
k) {
        if(i \ge rows || i < 0 || j \ge rows || j < 0 || board[i][j] !=
word[k]) return false;
        if(k == word.size() - 1) return true;
       board[i][j] = ' \setminus 0';
       bool res = dfs(board, word, i + 1, j, k + 1) || dfs(board, word,
i - 1, j, k + 1)
                      dfs (board, word, i, j + 1, k + 1) || dfs (board,
word, i , j - 1, k + 1);
       board[i][j] = word[k];
       return res;
} ;
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链接: https://leetcode-cn.com/problems/ju-zhen-zhong-de-lu-jing-
lcof/solution/mian-shi-ti-12-ju-zhen-zhong-de-lu-jing-shen-du-yo/
来源: 力扣 (LeetCode)
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```

改bug改到趴下;我无语了;(一个上下左右的坐标)(一个忘了加函数)

起始if循环相关的代码是可以优化的,相当于代码优化,诶!!!

```
class Solution {
private:
    int m, n;//行和列
   bool res;
    //vector<vector<bool>>path;//path数组//设置为引用以节省空间
   //回溯函数
    void backtracing(vector<vector<char>>& board, vector<vector<bool>>&
path, int x, int y, int tag, string& word) {
       //终止条件
       if (tag == word.size() - 1 && word[tag] == board[x][y]) {
           res = true;
           return;
        //向四周发散
        if (board[x][y] != word[tag]) {
           return;
        if (y + 1 < n &   !path[x][y + 1]) {
           path[x][y] = true;
           backtracing (board, path, x, y + 1, tag + 1, word);
           path[x][y] = false;
        if (y - 1 \ge 0 \&\& !path[x][y - 1]) {
           path[x][y] = true;
           backtracing(board, path, x, y - 1, tag + 1, word);
           path[x][y] = false;
        if (x - 1 \ge 0 \&\& !path[x - 1][y]) {
           path[x][y] = true;
           backtracing (board, path, x - 1, y, tag + 1, word);
           path[x][v] = false;
        if (x + 1 < m \&\& !path[x + 1][y])  {
           path[x][y] = true;
           backtracing (board, path, x + 1, y, tag + 1, word);
           path[x][y] = false;
       }
public:
    bool exist(vector<vector<char>>& board, string word) {
       //回溯算法
       //开始的点不确定,但是开始点的字符必须与首字符相同
       //设置一个path数组以防止同一个位置的字符重复的访问
       m = board.size(), n = board[0].size();
        res = false;
```

```
vector<vector<bool>>path(m, vector<bool>(n, false));
for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        backtracing(board, path, i, j, 0, word);
    }
}
return res;
}</pre>
```