1、备份数据库

备份整个数据库:

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备份整个数据库,默认路径/u01/app/oracle/flash_recovery_area/ORCL/backupset
   RMAN> backup database;
   备份整个数据库,路径/u01/app/oracle/rmanback
   RMAN> backup database format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/whole_%d_%U';
   列出数据文件的备份信息
   RMAN> list backup summary;
   RMAN> list backup of database;
   RMAN> list backup of database summary;
   RMAN> list backup of datafile 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 summary;
   RMAN> list backup by file;
   列出备份集的详细信息
   RMAN> list backup;
   RMAN> list backup of spfile;
   RMAN> list backup of controlfile;
   RMAN> list backup of datafile 1,2,3,4,5;
   RMAN> list backup of tablespace system, users;
   备份的详细列表
   RMAN> list backup verbose;
   删除备份文件
   RMAN> host 'rm -rf /u01/app/oracle/rmanback/*';
   核对所有备份集
   RMAN>CROSSCHECK BACKUP;
   核对所有数据文件的备份集
   RMAN> CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF DATABASE:
   核对特定表空间的备份集
   RMAN>CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF TABLESPACE SYSTEM;
   核对特定数据文件的备份集
   RMAN>CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF DATAFILE 4;
   核对控制文件的备份集
   RMAN>CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF CONTROLFILE;
   6. 核对 SPFILE 的备份集
   RMAN> CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF SPFILE;
   说明: AVALIABLE 表示可用, EXPIRED 表示过期
   列出过期的备份文件
   RMAN> list expired backup;
   RMAN> delete expired backupset;
   RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 12;
   删除备份集
   RMAN> delete backupset;
备份整个数据库并压缩备份集:
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RMAN> backup as compressed backupset database format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/whole_%d_%U';

手动分配一个通道,指定备份片的大小为 2g,压缩备份集,指定备份集中允许容纳的文件数为 3 个,释放通道

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RMAN> run{
        allocate channel ch1 type disk
        maxpiecesize=2g;
        backup as compressed backupset format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/whole_%d_%U' filesperset=3 database;
        release channel ch1;}
      将并行度改为3:并行度改为3之后,自动启用了3个通道:
        RMAN> configure device type disk parallelism 3;
        RMAN> backup as compressed backupset format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/whole_%d_%U' filesperset=3 database;
      备份片大小设置为 100m,则一个备份集包含多个备份片,且每个备份片大小为 100m
        RMAN> run {
           allocate channel ch1 type disk
           maxpiecesize=100m:
           backup format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/whole_%d_%U' database;
           release channel ch1;}
           RMAN> list backup summary;
           RMAN> list backupset tag=TAG20101014T171115;
2. 备份数据文件
     镜像备份:
         RMAN \gt backup \ as \ copy \ datafile \ 4 \ format \ '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/df\_\%d_\%U';
         RMAN> list copy;
         RMAN> list copy of datafile 4;
         RMAN> list copy of tablespace users;
         RMAN> list copy of database;
         RMAN> list copy of archivelog all;
         RMAN> host 'rm -rf /u01/app/oracle/rmanback/*';
         核对所有数据文件的映像副本
         RMAN> CROSSCHECK COPY OF DATABASE;
         RMAN> DELETE EXPIRED COPY:
         RMAN> DELETE COPY;
      备份类型为备份集:
         RMAN> backup datafile 4,5 format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/df_%d_%U';
         RMAN> list backup of database summary;
         RMAN> list backup of datafile 4,5;
         RMAN> host 'rm -rf /u01/app/oracle/rmanback/*';
         RMAN>CROSSCHECK BACKUP OF DATAFILE 4;
         RMAN> list backup of datafile 4,5;
         RMAN>delete expired backup;
         RMAN> backup datafile 4,5 format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/df %d %U';
         删除指定备份片
         RMAN> DELETE BACKUPPIECE '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/df_ORCL_Ocoqmhit_1_1';
   3. 备份表空间:
           RMAN>backup tablespace users format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/tb %d %U';
           RMAN> list backup of tablespace users summary;
           RMAN> list backup of tablespace users;
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RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 13:
     临时表空间不需要备份(出错):
          RMAN>backup tablespace temp;
   4. 备份控制文件
     自动备份控制文件置为 on 状态,将自动备份控制文件和参数文件
          RMAN> backup tablespace users format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/tb_%d_%U';
          验证是否备份控制文件
          RMAN> list backup of controlfile;
          RMAN> list backup of tablespace users;
          RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 14:
          RMAN> configure controlfile autobackup on;
          RMAN \gt backup \ table space \ users \ format \ '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/tb\_\%d_\%U';
          验证是否备份控制文件
          RMAN> list backup of controlfile;
          RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 15;
          RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 16:
     注:在备份 system01.dbf 或 system 表空间时将会自动备份控制文件和参数文件,即使自动备份控制文件参数为 off
     单独备份控制文件及参数文件:
          RMAN> backup current controlfile;
          RMAN \gt backup \ current \ controlfile \ format \ \verb|'/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/sp_%d_%U'; |
          RMAN> list backup of controlfile;
          RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET;
     备份数据文件时包含控制文件
          RMAN> backup datafile 4 include current controlfile;
          RMAN \gt backup\ datafile\ 4\ include\ current\ controlfile\ format\ '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/sp\_\%d\_\%U';
          RMAN> sql "alter database backup controlfile to ''/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/orclcontrol.bak''";
          RMAN> sql "alter database backup controlfile to trace as ''', u01/app/oracle/rmanback/orclcontrol.sql''";
     单独备份 spfile
          RMAN> backup spfile format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/sp_%d_%U';
          RMAN>\ backup\ copies\ 2\ device\ type\ disk\ spfile\ format\ '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/sp\_\%d\_\%U';
          RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET
     5. 备份归档日志文件
备份归档日志时仅仅备份归档过的数据文件(不备份联机重做日志文件),备份归档日志时总是对归档日志做完整备份,RMAN 对归档日志
备份前会自动做一次日志切换,且从一组归档日志中备份未损坏的归档日志,RMAN 会自动判断哪些归档日志需要进行备份,归档日志的
备份集不能包含其它类型的文件。
delete input 删除所有已经备份过的归档日志
RMAN \gt backup \ archivelog \ all \ format \ '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/lf\_%d_%U';
RMAN> backup format '/u01/app/oracle/rmanback/lf_%d_%U' archivelog all delete input;
RMAN> list backup of archivelog all;
RMAN> list backup of archivelog all summary;
RMAN> list backup of archivelog from sequence 4;
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RMAN> list backup of archivelog from sequence 5;

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RMAN> list backup of archivelog until sequence 5;

RMAN> list backup of archivelog from scn 500360;

RMAN> list backup of archivelog until scn 514173;

RMAN> list backup of archivelog from sequence 4 until sequence 6;

RMAN> list backup of archivelog from scn 500360 until scn 514173;

RMAN> DELETE BACKUPSET 22
```

使用 plus archivelog 时备份数据库完成的动作(backup database plus archivelog)

- 1. 首先执行 alter system archive log current 命令(对当前日志归档)
- 2. 执行 backup archivelog all 命令(对所有归档日志进行备份)
- 3. 执行 backup database 命令中指定的数据文件、表空间等
- 4. 再次执行 alter system archive log current
- 5. 备份在备份操作期间产生的新的归档日志

执行下面的命令,并观察备份列出的信息,可以看到使用 plus archivelog 时使用了上面描述的步骤来进行备份