

- ★ OS security checklist
- ★ OS: Window , kali Linux [VM]

1/16/2026

OS Security

Windows Security Checklist:

1. Secure Boot:

Verify Secure Boot is enabled in UEFI/BIOS settings and confirm via msinfo32.

2. BitLocker:

Ensure BitLocker drive encryption is active with recovery keys backed up securely.

3. Antivirus:

Confirm Microsoft Defender Antivirus is enabled with real-time protection, cloud-delivered protection at high level, and regular scans scheduled.

4. ASR :

Check that Attack Surface Reduction (ASR) rules are enforced, blocking Office macros, executable content from email, and credential theft from LSASS.

5. UAC:

Validate User Account Control (UAC) prompts for credentials on secure desktop for admins and standard users.

6. Review local administrator accounts:

Disable built-in admin, implement LAPS for unique passwords.

7. Updates:

Confirm OS patches are applied promptly; use WSUS

or Intune for management.

8. Credential Guard:

Enable Credential Guard and exploit protection mitigations like CFG, ASLR, and DEP.

9. Port Protection:

Audit firewall rules and endpoint device control to block untrusted USBs.

10. Logs Check:

Check logs in Event Viewer for anomalies and enable centralized auditing.

Kali Linux Security Checklist:

11. Updates:

`sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y.`

12. Firewall:

`sudo ufw enable` then `sudo ufw allow ssh` (only if needed).

13. SSH Secure:

Edit `/etc/ssh/sshd_config` : set Password Authentication no, then `sudo systemctl restart ssh`.

14. Fail2ban:

`sudo apt install fail2ban -y.`

15. Remove Junk:

`sudo systemctl disable apache2 nginx` (if not used).

16. Strong Root:

sudo passwd root > set long password.

17. Auto Updates:

sudo apt install unattended-upgrades -y.

18. Logs Check:

sudo tail -f /var/log/auth.log for bad logins.