

EXPRIMENT -8

A-CREATING AND WORKING WITH INSERT TRIGGER USING BEFORE CLAUSE.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER emp_41_INSERT_TRIGGER
2 BEFORE INSERT ON emp_41
3 FOR EACH ROW
4 BEGIN
5     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('INSERTING NEW EMPLOYEE RECORD: ' || :NEW.ID);
6 END;
7 /
```

Trigger created.

```
SQL> insert into emp_41 values(106,'Shukla',1600,'admin',106);
INSERTING NEW EMPLOYEE RECORD: 106
```

1 row created.

B-CREATING AND WORKING WITH UPDATE TRIGGER USING BEFORE CLAUSE.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER emp_41_UPDATE_TRIGGER
2 BEFORE UPDATE ON emp_41
3 FOR EACH ROW
4 BEGIN
5     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: ' || :OLD.ID);
6 END;
7 /
```

Trigger created.

```
SQL> UPDATE emp_41 SET SALARY=1200 WHERE ID=101;
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 101
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM emp_41;
```

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
101	Kundan	1200	105
102	Gaurav	2500000	104
103	Nilesh	25000	103

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
104	komal	20000	101
105	shubham	23000	102
106	Shukla	1600	106

6 rows selected.

C-CREATING AND WORKING WITH DELETE TRIGGER USING AFTER CLAUSE.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER emp_41_DELETE_TRIGGER
  2  AFTER DELETE ON emp_41
  3  FOR EACH ROW
  4  BEGIN
  5      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('EMPLOYEE RECORD DELETED: ' || :OLD.ID); --
Replace ID with the correct column name if necessary
  6  END;
  7  /
```

Trigger created.

```
SQL> DELETE FROM emp_41 WHERE ID=103;
EMPLOYEE RECORD DELETED: 103
```

1 row deleted.

EXPRIMENT-09

WRITE AN IMPLICIT AND EXPLICIT CURSOR TO COMPLETE THE TASK.

EXPLICIT CURSOR

```
SQL> DECLARE
  2      employee_name VARCHAR2(20);
  3      CURSOR CUR_EMP IS
  4          SELECT NAME FROM emp_41 WHERE ID = 105;
  5  BEGIN
  6      OPEN CUR_EMP;
  7
  8      LOOP
  9          FETCH CUR_EMP INTO employee_name;
 10          EXIT WHEN CUR_EMP%NOTFOUND;
 11
 12          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(employee_name);
 13      END LOOP;
 14      IF CUR_EMP%NOTFOUND THEN
 15          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('RECORD NOT FOUND');
 16      END IF;
 17
 18      CLOSE CUR_EMP;
 19  END;
 20  /
```

shubham

RECORD NOT FOUND

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

IMPLICIT CURSOR

```
SQL> DECLARE
  2      V_NO NUMBER(8);
  3  BEGIN
  4      UPDATE emp_41 SET SALARY = SALARY + 1000 -- Adjust column name to
SALARY
```

```

5      WHERE ID = 104;
6
7      V_NO := SQL%ROWCOUNT;
8
9      IF V_NO > 0 THEN
10         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('SALARY OF ' || V_NO || ' EMPLOYEE UPDATED. ');
11      ELSE
12         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('EMPLOYEE NOT FOUND');
13      END IF;
14 END;
15 /

```

UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 104
SALARY OF 1 EMPLOYEE UPDATED.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> SELECT * FROM emp_41;

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
101	Kundan	1200	105
102	Gaurav	2500000	104
104	komal	21000	101

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
105	shubham	23000	102
106	Shukla	1600	106

EXPRIMENT-10

CREATE PACKAGES AND USE IT IN SQL BLACK TO COMPLETE THE TASK.

```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE EMPLOYEE_MANAGEMENT AS
2     PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALARIES(PERCENTAGE IN NUMBER);
3 END EMPLOYEE_MANAGEMENT;
4 /

```

Package created.

```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY EMPLOYEE_MANAGEMENT AS
2     PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALARIES(PERCENTAGE IN NUMBER) AS
3     BEGIN
4         UPDATE emp_41
5         SET SALARY = SALARY * (1 + PERCENTAGE / 100);
6     END UPDATE_SALARIES;
7 END EMPLOYEE_MANAGEMENT;
8 /

```

Package body created.

```

SQL> DECLARE
  2     SALARY_INCREASE_PERCENTAGE NUMBER := 5;
  3 BEGIN
  4     EMPLOYEE_MANAGEMENT.UPDATE_SALARIES(SALARY_INCREASE_PERCENTAGE);
  5 END;
  6 /
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 101
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 102
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 104
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 105
UPDATING EMPLOYEE RECORD: 106

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM emp_41;
```

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
101	Kundan	1260	105
102	Gaurav	2625000	104
104	komal	22050	101

ID	NAME	SALARY	DEPT_ID
105	shubham	24150	102
106	Shukla	1680	106

EXPRIMENT -11

WRITE A SQL BLOCK TO HANDLE EXCEPTION BY WRITING:

- PREDEFINED EXCEPTIONS,
- USER-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS,
- REDECLARED PREDEFINED EXCEPTIONS

A-PREDEFINED EXCEPTIONS

```

SQL> DECLARE
  2     E_ID emp_41.ID%TYPE := 104;
  3     E_NAME emp_41.NAME%TYPE;
  4     E_JOB emp_41.JOB%TYPE;
  5 BEGIN
  6     SELECT NAME, JOB INTO E_NAME, E_JOB
  7     FROM emp_41
  8     WHERE ID = E_ID;
  9
 10     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NAME: ' || E_NAME);
 11     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('JOB: ' || E_JOB);
 12

```

```

13 EXCEPTION
14     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
15         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO SUCH EMPLOYEE!');
16     WHEN OTHERS THEN
17         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ERROR!');
18 END;
19 /
NAME: koma1
JOB: clerk

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

B- USER-DEFINED EXCEPTIONS

```

-----
SQL> DECLARE
2     E_ID emp_41.ID%TYPE := 0;
3     E_NAME emp_41.NAME%TYPE;
4     E_JOB emp_41.JOB%TYPE;
5
6     EX_INVALID_ID EXCEPTION;
7 BEGIN
8     IF E_ID <= 0 THEN
9         RAISE EX_INVALID_ID;
10    ELSE
11        SELECT NAME, JOB INTO E_NAME, E_JOB
12        FROM emp_41
13        WHERE ID = E_ID;
14
15        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NAME: ' || E_NAME);
16        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('JOB: ' || E_JOB);
17    END IF;
18
19 EXCEPTION
20     WHEN EX_INVALID_ID THEN
21         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ID MUST BE GREATER THAN ZERO!');
22     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
23         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO SUCH EMPLOYEE!');
24     WHEN OTHERS THEN
25         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ERROR!');
26 END;
27 /
ID MUST BE GREATER THAN ZERO!

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

C-REDECLARED PREDEFINED EXCEPTIONS

```

-----
SQL> DECLARE
2     E_ID emp_41.ID%TYPE := 102;
3     E_NAME emp_41.NAME%TYPE;
4     E_JOB emp_41.JOB%TYPE;
5     -- Redeclared predefined exceptions
6     NO_DATA_FOUND EXCEPTION;
7 BEGIN
8     SELECT NAME, JOB INTO E_NAME, E_JOB
9     FROM emp_41
10    WHERE ID = E_ID;
11
12    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NAME: ' || E_NAME);
13    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('JOB: ' || E_JOB);

```

```

14
15 EXCEPTION
16     WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN -- Handle the custom NO_DATA_FOUND exception
17         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('NO SUCH EMPLOYEE!');
18     WHEN OTHERS THEN
19         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ERROR!');
20 END;
21 /

```

NAME: Gaurav

JOB: hr

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

EXPRIMENT-12

CREATE NESTED TABLES AND WORK WITH NESTED TABLES.

```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE ADD_TYPE AS TABLE OF VARCHAR2(50);
2 /

```

Type created.

```

SQL> CREATE TABLE EDB (
2     EMP_NO NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
3     E_NAME VARCHAR2(8),
4     DEPT_NO NUMBER(2) DEFAULT 10,
5     ADDRESSES ADD_TYPE
6 ) NESTED TABLE ADDRESSES STORE AS NESTED_TAB_ADD;

```

Table created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO EDB (EMP_NO, E_NAME, DEPT_NO, ADDRESSES)
2 VALUES (1, 'RAM', 10, ADD_TYPE('103, NAVGHAR GAON', 'BHAYANDER'));

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO EDB (EMP_NO, E_NAME, DEPT_NO, ADDRESSES)
2 VALUES (4, 'JATIN', 20, ADD_TYPE('123 MAIN ST.'));

```

1 row created.

```

SQL> SELECT * FROM EDB;

```

EMP_NO	E_NAME	DEPT_NO	ADDRESSES
1	RAM	10	103, NAVGHAR GAON, BHAYANDER
4	JATIN	20	123 MAIN ST.