

10. Regular Expression Matching

Given an input string *s* and a pattern *p*, implement regular expression matching with support for '.' and '*' where:

- '.' Matches any single character.
- '*' Matches zero or more of the preceding element.

The matching should cover the **entire** input string (not partial).

Example 1:

Input: *s* = "aa", *p* = "a"

Output: false

Explanation: "a" does not match the entire string "aa".

Example 2:

Input: *s* = "aa", *p* = "a*"

Output: true

Explanation: '*' means zero or more of the preceding element, 'a'. Therefore, by repeating 'a' once, it becomes "aa".

Example 3:

Input: *s* = "ab", *p* = ".*"

Output: true

Explanation: ".*" means "zero or more (*) of any character (.)".

Constraints:

- $1 \leq s.length \leq 20$
- $1 \leq p.length \leq 20$
- *s* contains only lowercase English letters.
- *p* contains only lowercase English letters, '.', and '*'.
- It is guaranteed for each appearance of the character '*', there will be a previous valid character to match.