

# MS211\_PC1\_RA204244

2023-09-19

```
library(pracma)
```

```
## Warning: package 'pracma' was built under R version 4.2.3
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.3
```

```
library(gridExtra)
```

```
a <- 0
b <- 0.11
for(i in 1:30000){
  a <- a + b
}
print(a,digits = 20)
```

```
## [1] 3300.0000000006284608
```

```
f <- function(x) x^3-9*x+3

df <- function(x) 3*x^2-9

x <- 0.5
e1 <- e2 <- 1 * 10^-4
i <- 1
x_vector <- c(x)

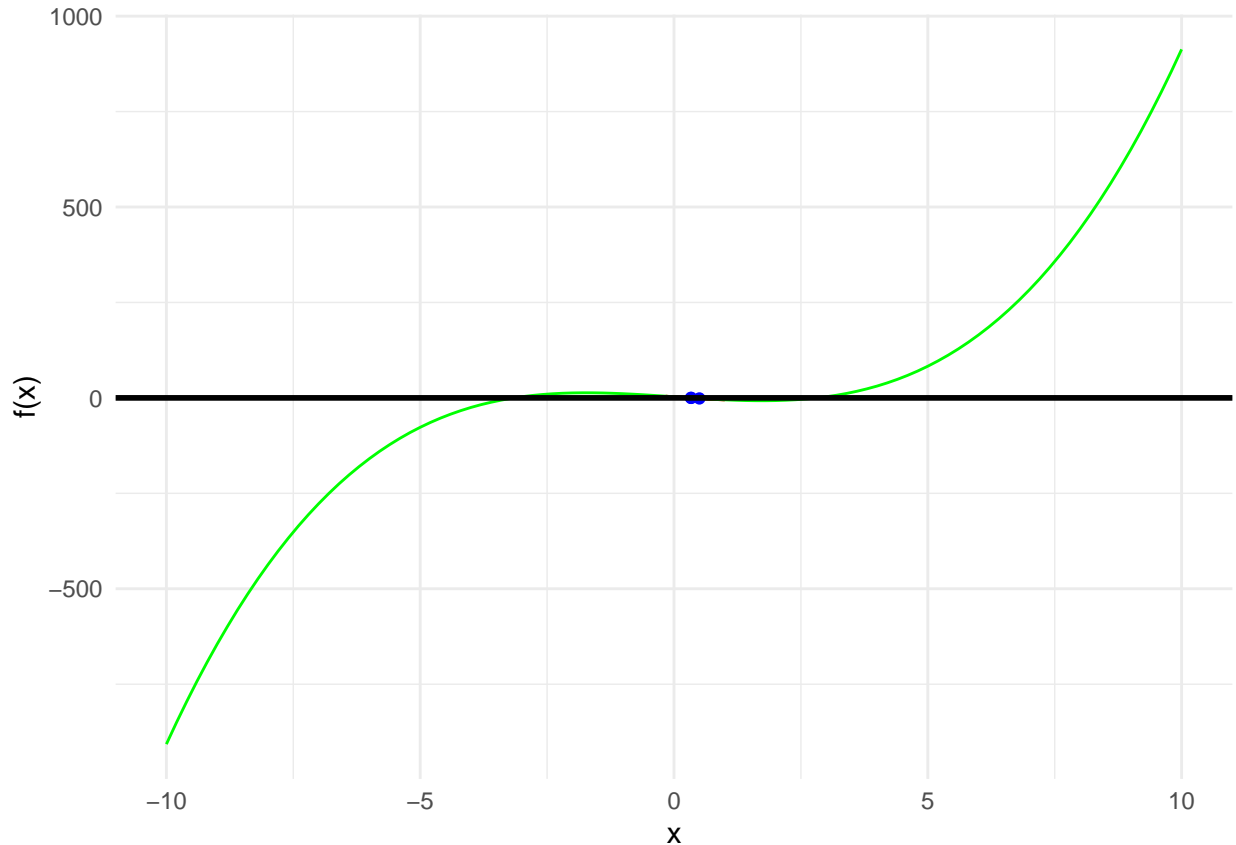
newton <- function(x,e1,e2){
  xk <- x - f(x)/df(x)
  x_vector <- c(x_vector,xk)
  while(abs(f(xk))>=e1 & abs(xk-x)/abs(xk)>=e2){
    i <- i + 1
    x <- xk
    xk <- x - f(x)/df(x)
    x_vector <- c(x_vector,xk)
  }
  resultado <- c(xk,f(xk),i)
  return(resultado)
}
newton(x,e1,e2)
```

```
## [1] 3.376068e-01 1.834089e-05 2.000000e+00
```

```
data <- data.frame(  
  x_vector = x_vector,  
  fx_vector = f(x_vector),  
  dfx_vector = df(x_vector)  
)  
  
plot <- ggplot(data, aes(x = x_vector, y = fx_vector)) +  
  geom_segment(aes(xend = x_vector + 0.5, yend = fx_vector + dfx_vector * 0.5), color = "red") + # Plot  
  geom_segment(aes(xend = x_vector - 0.5, yend = fx_vector - dfx_vector * 0.5), color = "red") + # Plot  
  geom_point(color = "blue") + # Plot points for f(x)  
  labs(x = "x", y = "f(x)") + # Add axis labels  
  theme_minimal() + # Set a minimal theme  
  geom_function(fun=f, color = "green", size = 0.5) +  
  xlim(-10, 10) +  
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, color = "black", size = 1) # Add a black horizontal line at y = 0
```

```
## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.  
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.  
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.  
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was  
## generated.
```

plot



```

f <- function(x) x^3-9*x+3

x0 <-0
x1 <-1
x_vector <- c(x0,x1)
e1 <- e2 <- 5 * 10^-4
i <- 0

secante <- function(x0,x1,e1,e2){
  while(abs(f(x1))>=e1 & abs(x1-x0)/abs(x1)>=e2){
    i <- i + 1
    xt <- x1 - f(x1)*(x1-x0)/(f(x1) - f(x0))
    x_vector <- c(x_vector,xt)
    x0 <- x1
    x1 <- xt
  }
  resposta <- c(x1,f(x1),i)
  return(resposta)
}

secante(x0,x1,e1,e2)

```

```
## [1] 0.3376346207 -0.0002222064 3.0000000000
```

```

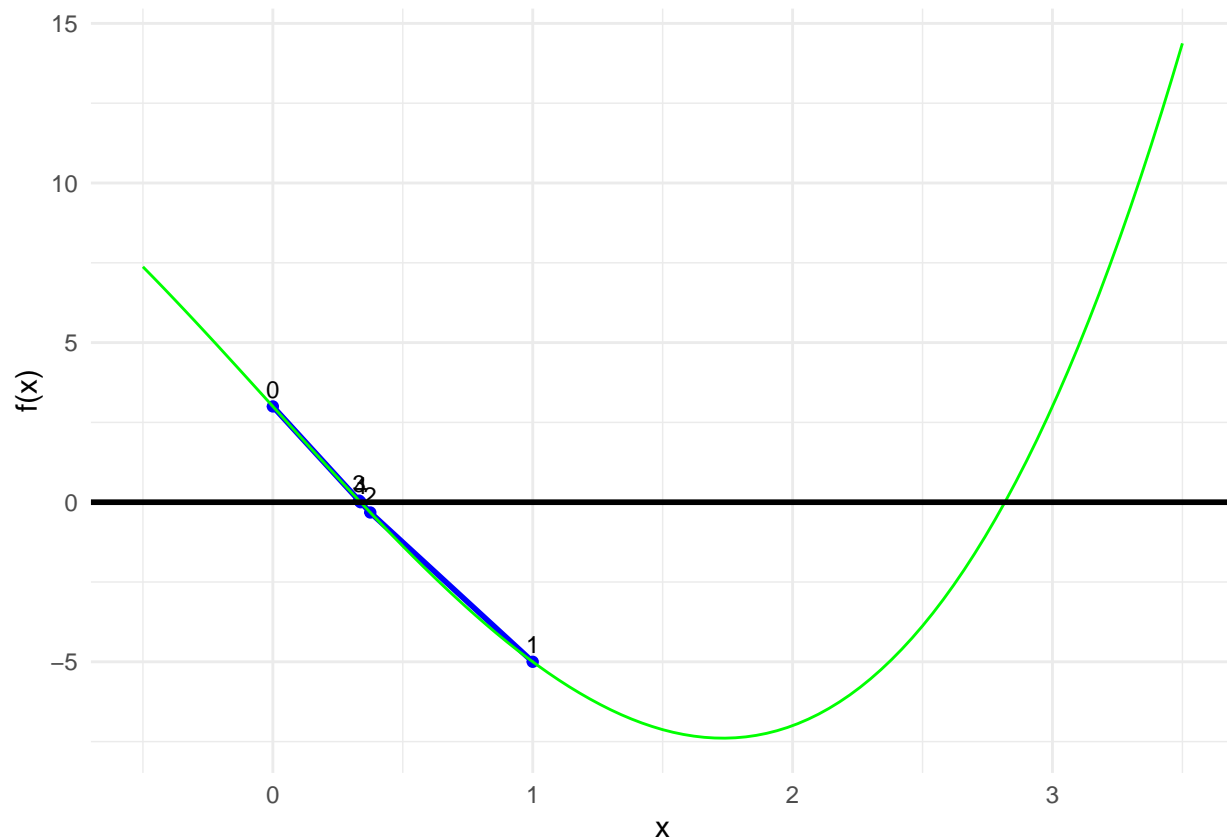
data <- data.frame(
  x_vector = x_vector,
  fx_vector = f(x_vector)
)

plot <-
  ggplot(data, aes(x = x_vector, y = fx_vector)) +
  geom_point(color = "blue") + # Plot points
  geom_line(color = "blue",size = 1) + # Connect points with lines
  geom_text(aes(label = seq_along(x_vector)-1), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 0.5, size = 3) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend = lag(x_vector), yend = lag(fx_vector)), color = "red") + # Plot secant lines
  labs(x = "x", y = "f(x)") + # Labels and title
  theme_minimal() + # Set a minimal theme
  geom_function(fun=f,color = "green", size = 0.5)+
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, color = "black", size = 1)+
  xlim(-0.5,3.5) # Add a black horizontal line at y = 0

options(repr.plot.width = 18, repr.plot.height = 16)

plot

```



```

sistema <- t(cbind(c(2,2,1,1,7),c(1,-1,2,-1,1),c(3,2,-3,-2,4),c(4,3,2,1,12)))

vetor_solu <- function(sistema){
  for (i in 1:length(sistema[,1])){
    sistema[i,] <- sistema[i,]*(1/sistema[i,i])
  }
  for (k in length(sistema[,1]):1){
    for (j in 1:length(sistema[,1])){
      if( j != k){
        sistema[j,] <- sistema[j,]-sistema[k,]*sistema[j,k]
      }
    }
  }
  return(sistema[,ncol(sistema)])
}

Eliminacao_Gaus <- function(sistema){
  for(i in 1:(length(sistema[,1])-1)){
    if(sistema[i,i] == 0){
      break
    }
    for(j in 1:(length(sistema[,1])-i)){
      sistema[i+j,] <- sistema[i+j,] - sistema[i,]*sistema[i+j,i]/sistema[i,i]
    }
  }
  print(vetor_solu(sistema))
}

```

```

}

criar_b <- function(n){
  b <- numeric(n)
  for (i in 1:n){
    soma <- 0
    for(j in 1:n){
      soma <- soma + 1/(i+j-1)
    }
    b[i] <- soma
  }
  return(cbind(hilb(n),b))
}

```

Teste  $E = mc^2$  é uma equação simple