

PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING MySQL

Pizza is a globally loved fast food, and tracking its sales helps businesses optimize their performance. This project focuses on analyzing pizza sales using MySQL. The database consists of multiple tables containing order details, pizza types, sales transactions, and customer information. Through SQL queries, we derive insights into revenue, top-selling pizzas, and order patterns.



```
6
7 ✘ | Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
8 select count(order_id) as Total_number_of_order from orders;
9
10
```

100% ⚖ | 1:7 | 1 error found

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Search

Export:

Total_number_of_order
21350

MySQL Workbench

Administration Schemas SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27*

MANAGEMENT Server Status Client Connections Users and Privileges Status and System Variables Data Export Data Import/Restore

INSTANCE Startup / Shutdown Server Logs Options File

PERFORMANCE Dashboard Performance Reports Performance Schema Setup

Limit to 1000 rows

1 ✖ Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

2

3 **SELECT**

4 ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
5 2) **AS** Total_Price

6 **FROM**

7 order_details

8 **JOIN**

9 pizzas **ON** order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

100% 1:1 1 error found

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

Total_Price
817860.05

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27* SQL

Limit to 1000 rows

1 -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.

2

3 • select max(price) as Maximum_Price_of_Pizza from pizzas;

4

5 • select pizzatype.name, pizzas.price from pizzatype join pizzas

6 on pizzatype.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

7 Order By pizzas.price desc limit 1;

8

9

10

100% 1:9

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27* SQL File 28* SQL File 29*

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered
2
3 • SELECT
4     pizzas.size, count(order_details.order_details_id) as Most_Order_Product
5 FROM
6     order_details
7     JOIN
8     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id group By pizzas.size;
9
10
```

100% 5:10

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

size	Most_Order_Product
M	15385
L	18526
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

```
2
3 • SELECT
4     pizzatype.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
5 FROM
6     pizzatype
7     JOIN
8         pizzas ON pizzatype.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9     JOIN
10        order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
11 GROUP BY pizzatype.name
12 ORDER BY quantity DESC
13 LIMIT 5;
```

100% 11:13

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 -- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category
2
3 • SELECT
4     pizzatype.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
5 FROM
6     pizzatype
7     JOIN
8     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizzatype.pizza_type_id
9     JOIN
10    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
11 GROUP BY pizzatype.category
12 ORDER BY quantity
```

100% 18:12

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

category	quantity
Chicken	11050
Veggie	11649
Supreme	11987
Classic	14888

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27* SQL File 28* SQL File 29* >

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day
2
3 • SELECT
4     HOUR(orders.time) AS order_time,
5     COUNT(order_id) AS Orde_timing
6 FROM
7     orders
8 GROUP BY HOUR(time);
```

100% 21:8

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

order_time	Orde_timing
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1420

MySQLWorkbench File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27* SQL File 28* SQL File 29*

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 -- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
2 • SELECT
3     ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS The_Avg
4 FROM
5     (SELECT
6         orders.date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity
7     FROM
8         orders
9     JOIN order_details ON order_details.order_id = orders.order_id
10    GROUP BY orders.date) AS order_quantity
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

The_Avg
138

MySQL Workbench

SQL File 18* SQL File 19* SQL File 20* SQL File 21* SQL File 22* SQL File 23* SQL File 24* SQL File 25* SQL File 26* SQL File 27* SQL File 28*

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
2
3 • SELECT
4     pizzatype.name,
5         SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
6 FROM
7     pizzatype
8         JOIN
9     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizzatype.pizza_type_id
10        JOIN
11        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12 GROUP BY pizzatype.name
13 ORDER BY revenue DESC
14 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41400.5

**THANK YOU
FOR ATTENTION**