

Flashlight Driver Porting Guide

base on Kernel-4.4

Flashlight Driver Porting Document

MEDIATEK

After reading the document, you would know followings

- The structure of flashlight driver
- How to port a new flashlight driver IC in kernel-4.4
- Platform & i2c Driver register step
- How to debug

Outline

MEDIATEK

- The structure of flashlight driver
- Porting a New Driver
 - ✓ All files you should need
 - ✓ Add new platform or project in mapping table
 - ✓ Add new platform or project in device tree table
 - ✓ Copy a dummy driver and modify it
 - ✓ Wrapping the IC specific function
 - ✓ Add into kernel source
- How the flashlight driver works
 - ✓ platform driver register
 - ✓ i2c driver register
 - ✓ The meaning of flashlight-device.c
 - ✓ command transform list
 - ✓ Calling flow
- Issure share

The structure of flashlight driver

Flashlight Architecture

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/misc/mediatek/flashlight

```
mtk13205@flashlight$ ls
flashlight-core.c
flashlight-device.c
flashlight-dt.h
flashlight.h
flashlights-dummy.c
flashlights-dummy-gpio.c
flashlights-lm3643.c
flashlights-rt4505.c
Kconfig
Makefile
README_LM3643
README_RT4505
```

Flash Management
Main
Image Sensor

Flash Management
Main 2
Image Sensor

Flash Management
Sub
Image Sensor

Strobe
(IOCTL Wrapper)

Flashlight Core Driver

Linux VFS File Operation

Flashlight Operations
(TYPE, CT, PART)

Mapping Mechanism

Kernel

flashlight-core.c
flashlight-device.c

(flashlight.ko)

LM3643 Driver

Flashlight
Operations

LM3642 IC Specific
Wrapper Function

RT4505 Driver

Flashlight
Operations

RT4505 IC Specific
Wrapper Function

New Chip Driver

Flashlight
Operations

New IC Specific
Wrapper Function

Customer Chip Driver

Flashlight
Operations

Customer IC Specific
Wrapper Function

flashlight-dt.h
flashlights-[IC].c

(flashlights-[IC].ko)

LM3643

RT4505

New Chip

Customer Chip

HT LED

LT LED

HT
LED

HT
LED

HT
LED

HT
LED

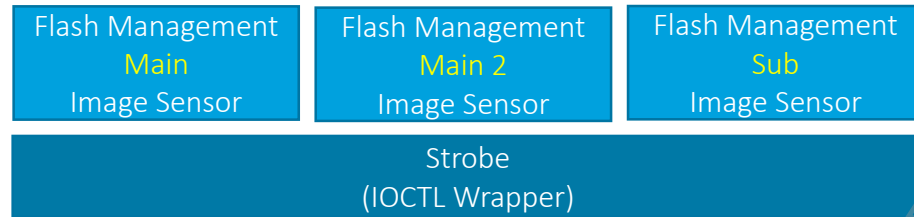
Porting a New Driver

0. All files you should need
1. Add new platform or project in mapping table
2. Add new platform or project in device tree table
3. Copy a dummy driver and modify it
4. Wrapping the IC specific function
5. Add into kernel source

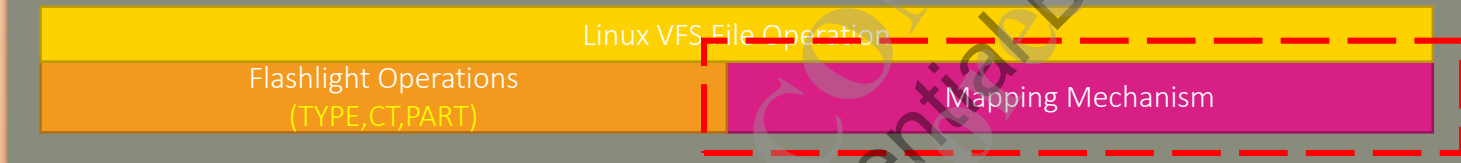
Porting a New Driver

Step:

1. Add new platform or project in mapping table
2. Add new platform or project in device tree table
3. Copy a dummy driver and modify it
4. Wrapping the IC specific function
5. Add into kernel source



Flashlight Core Driver



Kernel

LM3643 Driver



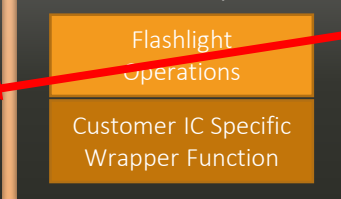
RT4505 Driver



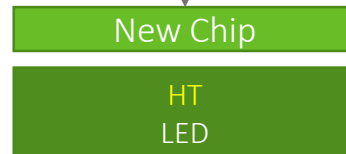
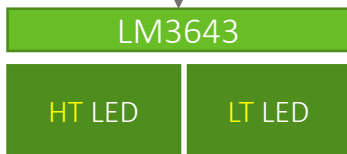
New Chip Driver



Customer Chip Driver



modify here only



Step 0. All files you should need

Flashlight source code and header file:

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight

Kernel config and Makefile:

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/Kconfig

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/Makefile

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/configs/[PROJECT]

Device tree:

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/[PROJECT].dts

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/[PLATFORM].dtsi

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/drivers/misc/mediatek/dws/[PLATFORM]/[PROJECT].dws

```
mtk13205@kernel-4.4$ ls drivers/misc/mediatek/flashlight/
flashlight-core.c  flashlights-dummy-gpio.c  Makefile
flashlight-device.c  flashlights-lm3643.c      README_LM3643
flashlight.h        flashlights-rt4505.c      README_RT4505
flashlights-dummy.c  Kconfig
```

```
mtk13205@kernel-4.4$ ls arch/arm64/configs/
defconfig
evb6757_64_6630_debug_defconfig
evb6757_64_6630_defconfig
evb6757_64_debug_defconfig
evb6757_64_defconfig
evb6757_64_dp_debug_defconfig
evb6757_64_dp_defconfig
evb6757_64_mhl_debug_defconfig
evb6757_64_mhl_defconfig
```

```
mtk13205@kernel-4.4$ ls arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/
cust_kpd_8167.dtsi          k57v1_64_om_lwctg_dsds_4sim.dts
cust_mt6757_msdcs.dtsi      k57v1_64_om_lwctg.dts
evb6757_64_6630.dts         k57v1_64_om_lwctg_lp.dts
evb6757_64_dp.dts          k57v1_64_om_lwctg_smt.dts
evb6757_64.dts             k57v1_64_om_lwg.dts
evb6757_64_144.dts         k57v1_64_om_qhd_ss.dts
```

```
mtk13205@kernel-4.4$ ls drivers/misc/mediatek/dws/mt6757/
evb6757_64_6630.dws  evb6757_144.dws          k57v1_64_teei.dws
evb6757_64_dp.dws    k57_64_om_lwctg_lm.dws   k57v1.dws
evb6757_64.dws       k57v1_64_180.dws        k57v1_tee.dws
evb6757_64_144.dws   k57v1_64_bif.dws        k57v1_teei.dws
evb6757_64_mhl.dws   k57v1_64_codeck.dws     tmp
evb6757_64_tee.dws   k57v1_64.dws
evb6757.dws          k57v1_64_tee.dws
```


Step 1. Add new platform or project in mapping table

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/Makefile

```
ccflags-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DEBUG) += -D$(MTK_PLATFORM) -D$(MTK_PROJECT)
```

Needs to do:

- Define your platform or project
(Platform or project also available. Makefile will bring in the parameter automatically.)
- Choose the (TYPE,CT,PART).
 - Naming a driver "NAME". (Refer to p.9)
 - Setup "CHANNEL" (if your driver support multi-channel)
 - Setup "DECOUPLE" (if you need to apply multi-channel to different LED set.)
- MUST keep the rest part unchanged.

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlight-device.c

```
#elif defined(mt6799)
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
/* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
{0, 0, 0, "flashlights-mt6336", 0, 0},
{0, 1, 0, "flashlights-mt6336", 1, 0},
{1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
{1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", 1, 0},
{0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
{0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
{1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
{1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};
#else
```

Note

- TYPE: 0(rear LED set), 1(front LED set)
- CT: 0(high color temp), 1(low color temp)
- PART: HW part, just modify part 0, if you are not sure about this.

Step 2. Add new platform or project in device tree table

Needs to do:

- Modify the **compatible** string
- Setup the **I2C slave address** which is defined in IC spec .

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlights-dt.h

```
#define LM3643_DTNAME "mediatek,flashlights_lm3643"  
#define LM3643_DTNAME_I2C "mediatek,strobe_main"
```

Platform Device

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/[PLATFORM].dtsi

```
flashlights_lm3643: flashlights_lm3643 {  
    compatible = "mediatek,flashlights_lm3643";  
};
```

GPIO Device (attached on platform device)

```
&pio {  
    flashlights_lm3643_pins_default: default {  
    };  
  
    flashlights_lm3643_pins_hwen_high: hwen_high {  
        pins_cmd_dat {  
            pins = <PINMUX_GPIO8_FUNC_GPIO8>;  
            slew-rate = <1>;  
            output-high;  
        };  
    };  
  
    flashlights_lm3643_pins_hwen_low: hwen_low {  
        pins_cmd_dat {  
            pins = <PINMUX_GPIO8_FUNC_GPIO8>;  
            slew-rate = <1>;  
            output-low;  
        };  
    };  
};  
  
&flashlights_lm3643 {  
    pinctrl-names = "default", "hwen_high", "hwen_low";  
    pinctrl-0 = <&flashlights_lm3643_pins_default>;  
    pinctrl-1 = <&flashlights_lm3643_pins_hwen_high>;  
    pinctrl-2 = <&flashlights_lm3643_pins_hwen_low>;  
    status = "okay";  
};
```

I2C Device

Type 1. Define DT directly. (Used in FPGA/Tablet)

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/[PROJECT].dts

```
strobe_main@63 {  
    compatible = "mediatek,strobe_main";  
    reg = <0x63>;  
};
```

Type 2. From DCT tool. (Genera used)

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/drivers/misc/mediatek/dws/[PLATFORM]/[PROJECT].dws

```
<device6>  
    <varName>STROBE_MAIN</varName>  
    <channel>I2C_CHANNEL_1</channel>  
    <address>0x63</address>  
</device6>
```

↓ Automatically generate at build time.

[ANDROID]/out/target/product/[PROJECT]/obj/KERNEL_OBJ/arch/arm64/boot/dts/cust.dtsi

```
strobe_main@63 {  
    compatible = "mediatek,strobe_main";  
    reg = <0x63>;  
};
```

Step 3. Copy a dummy driver and modify it

Needs to do:

- Rename all “dummy” to “[your_ic]”
- Rename all “DUMMY” to “[YOUR_IC]”
- Search string “**TODO**”, which give you a hint where you need to modify

```
mtk13205@flashlight$ grep -r TODO ./flashlights-dummy.c
/* TODO: modify temp device tree name */
/* TODO: define driver name */
/* TODO: define register */
/* TODO: wrap enable function */
/* TODO: wrap disable function */
/* TODO: wrap set level function */
/* TODO: wrap init function */
/* TODO: wrap uninit function */
```

Temp device tree name:

Only used for test.

Driver name:

Used in flashlight mapping table(flashlight-device.c) and kernel device name

Register and wrapper function:

Define the specific IC behavior

Step 4. Wrapping the IC specific function

Needs to do:

- Read the IC spec and port the driver
- Search string “TODO”, which give you a hint where you need to modify

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlights-dummy.c

```
/* flashlight init */
int dummy_init(void)
{
    unsigned char reg = 0, val = 0;

    /* TODO: wrap init function */

    return dummy_write_reg(dummy_i2c_client, reg, val);
}

/* flashlight uninit */
int dummy_uninit(void)
{
    unsigned char reg = 0, val = 0;

    /* TODO: wrap uninit function */

    return dummy_write_reg(dummy_i2c_client, reg, val);
}
```

```
/* flashlight enable function */
static int dummy_enable(void)
{
    unsigned char reg = 0, val = 0;

    /* TODO: wrap enable function */

    return dummy_write_reg(dummy_i2c_client, reg, val);
}

/* flashlight disable function */
static int dummy_disable(void)
{
    unsigned char reg = 0, val = 0;

    /* TODO: wrap disable function */

    return dummy_write_reg(dummy_i2c_client, reg, val);
}

/* set flashlight level */
static int dummy_set_level(int level)
{
    unsigned char reg = 0, val = 0;

    /* TODO: wrap set level function */

    return dummy_write_reg(dummy_i2c_client, reg, val);
}
```

Step 5. Add into kernel source

Needs to do:

- Modify **Kconfig** and **Makefile**. (These files are required in build procedure.)
- Modify **kernel default config** which indicated the kernel modules should be compiled.

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/Kconfig

```
config MTK_FLASHLIGHT_RT4505
    tristate "Mediatek flashlight with driver IC (Richtek RT4505)"
    depends on MTK_FLASHLIGHT
    default n
    help
        This is for the flashlight driver IC (Richtek RT4505).

config MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DUMMY
    tristate "Mediatek flashlight dummy driver"
    depends on MTK_FLASHLIGHT
    default n
    help
        This is flashlight dummy driver for camera.
```

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/configs/[PROJECT]

```
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT=m
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_LM3643=m
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_RT4505=m
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DUMMY=m
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DUMMY_GPIO=m
CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DEBUG=y
```

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/driver/misc/mediatek/flashlight/Makefile

```
flashlight-y      := flashlight-core.o
flashlight-y      += flashlight-device.o

obj-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT) += flashlight.o
obj-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_LM3643) += flashlights-lm3643.o
obj-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_RT4505) += flashlights-rt4505.o
obj-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DUMMY) += flashlights-dummy.o
obj-$(CONFIG_MTK_FLASHLIGHT_DUMMY_GPIO) += flashlights-dummy-gpio.o
```

How the flashlight driver works

- platform driver register
- i2c driver register
- The meaning of flashlight-device.c
- command transform list

platform driver register

[/kernel-4.4/drivers/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlight-core.c](#)

```
module_init(flashlight_init);

static int __init flashlight_init(void)
{
    int ret;

    fl_dbg("Init start.\n");

#ifdef CONFIG_OF
    ret = platform_device_register(&flashlight_platform_device);
    if (ret) {
        fl_err("Failed to register platform device\n");
        return ret;
    }
#endif

    ret = platform_driver_register(&flashlight_platform_driver);
    if (ret) {
        fl_err("Failed to register platform driver\n");
        return ret;
    }

    .....
}
```

```
static struct platform_driver flashlight_platform_driver = {
    .probe = flashlight_probe,
    .remove = flashlight_remove,
    .shutdown = flashlight_shutdown,
    .driver = {
        .name = FLASHLIGHT_DEVNAME,
        .owner = THIS_MODULE,
#ifdef CONFIG_OF
        .of_match_table = flashlight_of_match,
#endif
    },
};

static const struct of_device_id flashlight_of_match[] = {
    {.compatible = "mediatek,flashlight_core"},
    {},
};
```

```
static int flashlight_probe(struct platform_device *dev)
{
    flashlight_class = class_create(THIS_MODULE, FLASHLIGHT_CORE);
    flashlight_device =
        device_create(flashlight_class, NULL, flashlight_devno, NULL, FLASHLIGHT_DEVNAME);
    .....
}
```

Match device tree:

[/kernel-](#)
[4.4/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/mtxxxx.dtsi](#)

```
flashlight_core: flashlight_core {
    compatible = "mediatek,flashlight_core";
};
```


i2c driver register

[/kernel-4.4/drivers/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlights-lm3643.c](#)

```
module_init(flashlight_lm3643_init);

static int __init flashlight_lm3643_init(void)
{
    ret = platform_driver_register(&lm3643_platform_driver);
    .....
}
```

```
static struct platform_driver lm3643_platform_driver = {
    .probe = lm3643_probe,
    .remove = lm3643_remove,
    .driver = {
        .name = LM3643_NAME,
        .owner = THIS_MODULE,
#ifdef CONFIG_OF
        .of_match_table = lm3643_of_match,
#endif
    },
};
```

```
static const struct of_device_id lm3643_of_match[] = {
    {.compatible = LM3643_DTNAME},
    {},
};
```

```
#define LM3643_DTNAME "mediatek,flashlights_lm3643"
```

Match device tree:

[/kernel-4.4/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/mtxxxx.dtsi](#)

```
flashlights_lm3643: flashlights_lm3643 {
    compatible = "mediatek,flashlights_lm3643";
};
```

```
static int lm3643_probe(struct platform_device *dev)
{
    /* init pinctrl */
    lm3643_pinctrl_init(dev)

    i2c_add_driver(&lm3643_i2c_driver)
}

static struct i2c_driver lm3643_i2c_driver = {
    .driver = {
        .name = LM3643_NAME,
#ifdef CONFIG_OF
        .of_match_table = lm3643_i2c_of_match,
#endif
    },
    .probe = lm3643_i2c_probe,
    .remove = lm3643_i2c_remove,
    .id_table = lm3643_i2c_id,
};

static const struct of_device_id lm3643_i2c_of_match[] = {
    {.compatible = LM3643_DTNAME_I2C},
    {},
};

#define LM3643_DTNAME_I2C "mediatek,strobe_main"
```

Match device tree:

I2C Device

Type 1. Define DT directly. (Used in FPGA/Tablet)

```
[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/arch/arm64/boot/dts/mediatek/[PROJECT].dts
strobe_main@63 {
    compatible = "mediatek,strobe_main";
    reg = <0x63>;
};
```

Type 2. From DCT tool. (General used)

[ANDROID]/[KERNEL]/drivers/misc/mediatek/dws/[PLATFORM]/[PROJECT].dws

```
<device6>
<varName>STROBE_MAIN</varName>
<channel>I2C_CHANNEL_1</channel>
<address>0x63</address>
</device6>
```

↓ Automatically generate at build time.

```
[ANDROID]/out/target/product/[PROJECT]/obj/KERNEL_OBJ/arch/arm64/boot/dts/cust.dtsi
strobe_main@63 {
    compatible = "mediatek,strobe_main";
    reg = <0x63>;
};
```

查看 i2c device

```
/sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-1/1-0063 # cat name
cat name
strobe_main
```

```

static int lm3643_i2c_probe(struct i2c_client *client, const struct i2c_device_id *id)
{
    .....
    /* register flashlight operations */
    if (flashlight_dev_register(LM3643_NAME, &lm3643_ops)) {
        fl_err("Failed to register flashlight device.\n");
        err = -EFAULT;
        goto err_free;
    }
    .....
}

#define LM3643_NAME "flashlights-lm3643"

static struct flashlight_operations lm3643_ops = {
    lm3643_open,
    lm3643_release,
    lm3643_ioctl,
    lm3643_strobe_store,
    lm3643_set_driver
};

```

```

int flashlight_dev_register(const char *name, struct flashlight_operations *dev_ops)
{
    for (i = 0; i < FLASHLIGHT_DEVICE_NUM; i++) {
        if (!strncmp(name, flashlight_id[i].name, FLASHLIGHT_NAME_SIZE)) {
            type_index = flashlight_id[i].type;
            ct_index = flashlight_id[i].ct;
            part_index = flashlight_id[i].part;

            if (flashlight_index_verify(type_index, ct_index, part_index)) {
                fl_err("Failed to register device (%s)\n", flashlight_id[i].name);
                continue;
            }

            fl_dbg("%s %d %d\n",
                    flashlight_id[i].name, type_index, ct_index, part_index);

            mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
            fl_ops[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = dev_ops;
            fl_channel[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = flashlight_id[i].channel;
            fl_decouple[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = flashlight_id[i].decouple;
            mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
        }
    }
}

```

获取operation和参数

[/kernel-4.4/drivers/misc/mediatek/flashlight/flashlight-device.c](#)

```

const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 1, 0},
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};

```

The meaning of flashlight-device.c

参数	含义
TYPE	区分main/sub flashlight
CT	区分High temperature/Low temperature
PART	作为driver backup
NAME	此处有定义时，表示有此IC，默认值none
CHANNEL	自定义的参数，通过type, ct拿到channel
DECOUPLE	有些flash driver IC只能同时flash/torch mode，driver需要修改等到两个channel都设置下来才打闪。这时如果需要两个channel只操作1个，就可以使用decouple这个参数。

```
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {  
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */  
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},  
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 1, 0},  
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},  
};
```

配置main/HT → {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},
配置main/LT → {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 1, 0},
配置sub/HT → {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
配置sub/LT → {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
Driver backup → {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
 {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
 {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
 {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},

flashlight_device_id 配置举例

1. 只有main flashlight , 单闪

```
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};
```

2. 只有main flashlight , dual flash

```
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 1, 0},
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};
```


3. main & sub flashlight , 都是单闪

```
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 0, 0},
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-lm3643", 1, 0},
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};
```

4. main & sub flashlight , 都是dual

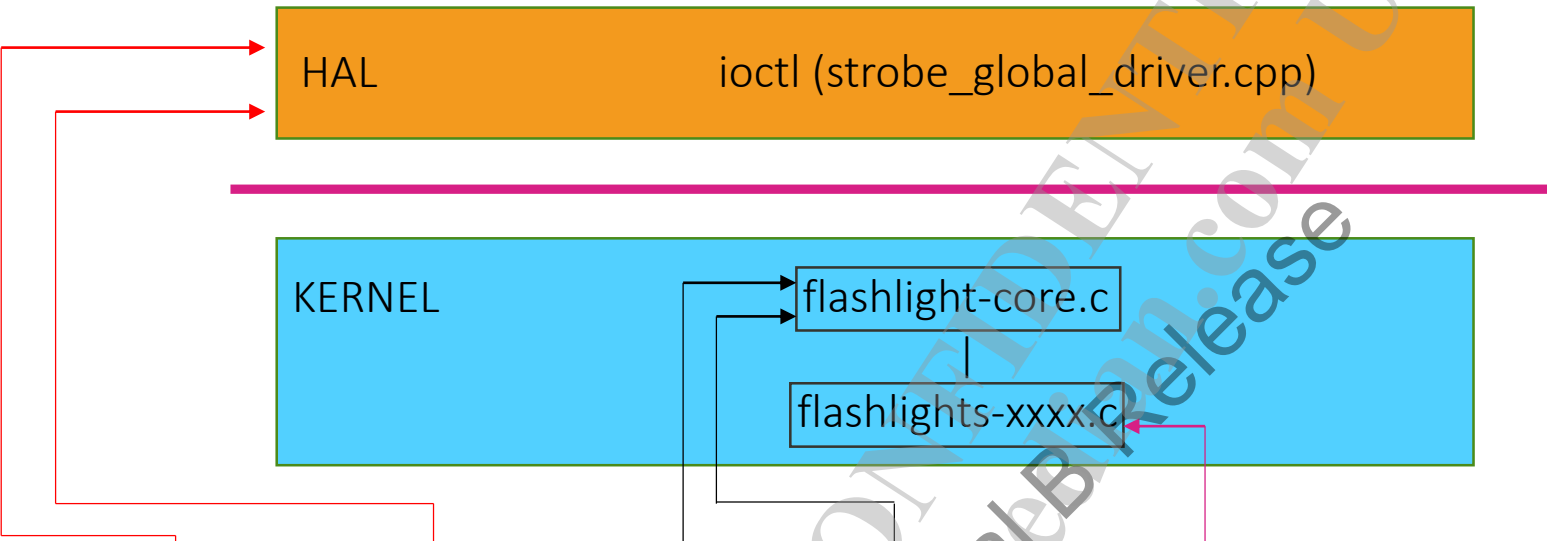
```
const struct flashlight_device_id flashlight_id[] = {
    /* {TYPE, CT, PART, "NAME", CHANNEL, DECOUPLE} */
    {0, 0, 0, "flashlights-xxx1", 0, 0},
    {0, 1, 0, "flashlights-xxx2", 1, 0},
    {1, 0, 0, "flashlights-xxx3", 2, 0},
    {1, 1, 0, "flashlights-xxx4", 3, 0},
    {0, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {0, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 0, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
    {1, 1, 1, "flashlights-none", -1, 0},
};
```

新增一颗IC, 就多port一支文件
如例4, 如果使用4颗不同的IC, 那么文件结构如右图所示



- flashlight.h
- flashlight-core.c
- flashlight-device.c
- flashlight-dt.h
- flashlights-dummy.c
- flashlights-dummy-gpio.c
- flashlights-xxx1.c
- flashlights-xxx2.c
- flashlights-xxx3.c
- flashlights-xxx4.c

command transform list



HAL		Flashlight-core.c		Flashlight-xxxx.c	
SensorDev	StrobeID	type	ct	Channel	decouple
1	1	0	0	flashlight_id[0].channel	flashlight_id[0].decouple
1	2	0	1	flashlight_id[1].channel	flashlight_id[1].decouple
2	1	1	0	flashlight_id[2].channel	flashlight_id[2].decouple
2	2	1	1	flashlight_id[3].channel	flashlight_id[3].decouple

Control Flow

[name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT] `_flashlight_ioctl`: FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER(0,0,0): 0

[flashlight-core.c](#)

```
static long _flashlight_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
```

```
type_index = flashlight_get_type_index(fl_arg.type_id);
ct_index = flashlight_get_ct_index(fl_arg.ct_id);
part_index = flashlight_get_part_index(1);
fl_dev_arg.channel = fl_channel[type_index][ct_index][part_index];

switch (cmd) {
case FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER:
    fl_dbg("FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER(%d,%d,%d): %d\n",
           type_index, ct_index, part_index, fl_arg.arg);
    mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
    pf = fl_ops[type_index][ct_index][part_index];
    mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
    if (pf) {
        pf->flashlight_set_driver();
        mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
        fl_status[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = 1;
        mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
    } else {
        fl_info("Failed with no flashlight ops\n");
        return -EFAULT;
    }
    break;
```


[name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT] **_flashlight_ioctl**: FLASH_IOCTL_SET_DUTY(0,0,0)

[name:flashlights_s2mu005&]: [FLASHLIGHT] **xxx_ioctl**: FLASH_IOCTL_SET_DUTY(0): 0

```
case FLASH_IOCTL_SET_DUTY:
    fl_dbg("FLASH_IOCTL_SET_DUTY(%d,%d,%d)\n",
           type_index, ct_index, part_index);
    mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
    ret = fl_set_level(type_index, ct_index, part_index, fl_arg.arg);
    mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
    if (ret)
        return -EFAULT;
    break;
```

[flashlight-core.c](#)

```
static int fl_set_level(int type_index, int ct_index, int part_index, int level)
{
    struct flashlight_operations *pf;
    struct flashlight_dev_arg fl_dev_arg;

    pf = fl_ops[type_index][ct_index][part_index];
    if (!pf) {
        fl_info("Failed with no flashlight ops\n");
        return -1;
    }

    /* ioctl */
    fl_dev_arg.channel = fl_channel[type_index][ct_index][part_index];
    fl_dev_arg.arg = level;
    if (pf->flashlight_ioctl(FLASH_IOCTL_SET_DUTY, (unsigned long)&fl_dev_arg)) {
        fl_err("Failed to set level.\n");
        return -1;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

[flashlight-lm3643.c](#)

Issue share

Issue Share_1

前闪打闪不亮

4034 01-01 00:10:39.944708 550 550 D [64.502629] (6)[550:cameraserver][name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT]
_flashlight_ioctl: FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER(1,0,0): 0

4035 01-01 00:10:39.944718 550 550 I [64.502639] (6)[550:cameraserver][name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT]
_flashlight_ioctl: Failed with no flashlight ops

5252 01-01 00:10:44.475337 3266 3266 D [69.033258] (2)[3266:3ATHREAD][name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT]
_flashlight_ioctl: FLASH_IOC_SET_ONOFF(1,0,0)

5253 01-01 00:10:44.475352 3266 3266 I [69.033273] (2)[3266:3ATHREAD][name:flashlight&]: [FLASHLIGHT]
_flashlight_ioctl: Failed with no flashlight ops

1) Flashlight-core.c 里面会call到 _flashlight_ioctl

```
static long _flashlight_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long arg)
```

```
case FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER:
```

```
    fl_dbg("FLASHLIGHTIOC_X_SET_DRIVER(%d,%d,%d): %d\n",  
           type_index, ct_index, part_index, fl_arg.arg);
```

```
    mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
```

```
    pf = fl_ops[type_index][ct_index][part_index];
```

```
    mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
```

```
    if (pf) {
```

```
        pf->flashlight_set_driver();
```

```
        mutex_lock(&fl_mutex);
```

```
        fl_status[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = 1;
```

```
        mutex_unlock(&fl_mutex);
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        fl_info("Failed with no flashlight ops\n");
```

```
        return -EFAULT;
```

```
    }
```

```
    break;
```

此处 fl_ops[i][j][k] 为空

2) Flashlight-core.c 会找到 fl_ops[i][j][k] 初始化的函数

```
int flashlight_dev_register(const char *name, struct flashlight_operations *dev_ops)
{
    .....

    fl_ops[type_index][ct_index][part_index] = dev_ops;

    .....
}
```

3) Flashlight-xxxx.c, 在这里实际call到flashlight_dev_register去初始化fl_ops[][][]

以LM3643为例

```
/* register flashlight operations */
if (flashlight_dev_register(LM3643_NAME, &lm3643_ops)) {
    fl_err("Failed to register flashlight device.\n");
    err = -EFAULT;
    goto err_free;
}
```

4) 结合flashlight_dev_register 和 flashlight-device.c的数组，就可以找到初始化失败的原因。一般有如下几种情况：

- name 匹配错误；检查宏定义和flashlight-device.c数组中的name元素。
- flashlight-device.c 配置出错；请参考：The meaning of flashlight-device.c
- i2c 没有match，导致flashlight-xxxx.c中的i2c probe没有执行；请参考：i2c driver register

Issue Share_2

现象：

flashlight是gpio方式控制，

- 1.flashlights-main 和flashlights-sub DTS配置好后，无法读取节点，查看设备树节点都正常。
- 2.若只添加任何一个，不同时添加二者，不会出现问题。

Log：

6507 [2.775358] <2>.(2)[1:swapper/0]mediatek-pinctrl 1000b000.pinctrl: missing pins property in node pins_cmd_dat .

Dts 配置如下：

```
&pio{
```

```
    flashlight_main_pins_default: default{  
    };
```

```
&pio{
```

```
    flashlight_sub_pins_default: default{  
    };
```

pinctrl-0冒号后面的名称不能跟别的名字重复1，之所以出现该问题，是有两个以上的地方都使用default而引起。

Resolve：

将flashlight_sub_pins_default: default 修改为flashlight_sub_pins_default: sub_default

将flashlight_main_pins_default: default 修改为flashlight_main_pins_default: main_default

Q&A

Thanks for Your Time.