

# ISP Tuning Case Study

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#### 3DNR效果调试

### 1、确认3DNR功能是否打开 通过预览界面看3DNR是否打开

下如下cmd,如果预览界面没有ink出来,则表示3DNR没有打开,如果预览界面有ink,则表示3DNR有打开 adb shell setprop debug.camera.3dnr.level 1 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.enable 1 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink\_en 1 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink\_level\_disp 0xffff adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink\_sel 6

下如下cmd则关闭3DNR ink显示功能 adb shell setprop debug.camera.3dnr.enable 0 adb shell setprop debug.camera.3dnr.level 0 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.enable 0 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink\_en 0 adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink\_level\_disp 0xffff adb shell setprop debug.nr3d.bm.ink sel 6

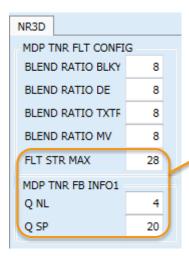
### 通过log查看是否打开3DNR

3DNR的ISO threshold是在 <u>camera custom 3dnr.cpp</u> #define VHDR NR3D OFF ISO THRESHOLD 400

如下log中,红色框中的ISO没有达到400,则没有NR3D\_EN(1)的log显示,高于ISO 400,则会有 isp\_mgr\_nr3d: NR3D\_EN(1)的log显示

```
D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#818)/Stt(#816)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(47)/ISO(2312)/RGB(985,512,836
              7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Req(#819)/Stt(#817)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(50)/ISO(535)/RGB(983,512,840)
              7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Req(#820)/Stt(#818)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(80)/ISO(525)/RGB(981,512,844
.133316
              7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Req(#823)/Stt(#821)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(64)
.173539
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#824)/Stt(#822)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(65) ISO(472)/RGB(967,512,876)
.213410
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#825)/Stt(#823)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(65)/ISO(381)/RGB(962,512,888)
.252462
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#826)/Stt(#824)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(69)/ISO(375)/RGB(958,512,899)
.298659
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#827)/Stt(#825)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(67)/ISO(290)/RGB(953,512,911)
.336160
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#828)/Stt(#826)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(71)/ISO(284)/RGB(947,512,921)
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Req(#829)/Stt(#826)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(69)/ISO(264)/RGB(939,512,934)
.365723
.400581
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#830)/Stt(#827)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(70)/ISO(251)/RGB(932,512,946)
.438077
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#831)/Stt(#828)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(71)/ISO(246)/RGB(925,512,957)
.471899
         608 7343 D Task3APv: [run] Cam 2 : Reg(#832)/Stt(#829)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(70)/ISO(240)/RGB(919,512,968)
.506820
                                [run] Cam 2 : Req(#833)/Stt(#830)/i4Opt(0)/FlashOnOff(0) Lv(71) ISO(240)/RBB(912,512,979)
534967
.574251
```

#### 2、3DNR常调试参数



FLT STR MAX: 越大,NR3D filter越强。

Q NL: 把怀疑是noise的Pixel抓出来

Denoise,数值越大,NR3D越强。

QSP:越小,NR3D越强。

#### 三方应用调试size确认

1、MDP log cmd:
adb shell pkill camerahalserver
adb shell setprop log.tag.PQ VERBOSE
adb shell setprop debug.dp.dumpregister.enable 3
LOG:

红框为MDP IN size 绿框为MDP OUT size

MDP : [PQ][PQDSAdaptor] input sw[1280], sh[718] dw[1280], dh[720], gainH[0], gainM[0]

#### 2 RRZ log:

红框为RRZ IN size 绿框为RRZ OUT size

LMVDrv : [p1TuningNotify]TG(2592,1940) RRZ In(2592,1940) RRZ crop x/y(2,240), RRZ crop w/h(2588,1458), RMX(1280,720), pixelMode(1) MtkCam/MappingMgr: [query] [Dev:2-Mod:NBC\_ANR(11)] (Idx 384) (PF Preview, SM Preview, Bin 0, P2 2, FLASH 0, APP 3rd\_party, FD 0, ZOOM 0,

3、RRZ OUT size对应excel中的P2

如: RRZ OUT是720P的时候, P2是2

```
LMVDrv : [p1TuningNotify]TG(2592,1940), RRZ In(2592,1940), RRZ crop x/y(2,240), RRZ crop w/h(2588,1458), RMX(1280,720), pixelMode(1)
MtkCam/MappingMgr: [query] [Dev:2-Mod:NBC_ANR(11)] (Idx 384) (PF Preview, SM Preview, Bin 0, P2 2, LASH 0, APP 3rd_party, FD 0, ZOOM 0,
MDP : [PQ][PQDSAdaptor] input sw[1280], sh[718], dw[1280], dh[720], gainH[0], gainM[0]
```

如: RRZ OUT是1080P的时候, P2是1

```
LMVDrv : [p1TuningNotify]TG(2592,1940), RRZ In(2592,1940), RRZ crop x/y(2,240), RRZ crop w/h(2588,1458), RMX(2280,1080), pixelMode(1) MtkCam/MappingMgr: [query] [Dev:2-Mod:NBC_ANR(11)] (Idx 521) (PF Preview, SM Preview, Bin 0 P2 1, FLASH 0, APP 3rd_party, FD 0, ZOOM 0,
```

DP : [PQ][PQDSAdaptor] input sw[2280], sh[1078], dw[1280], dh[720], gainH[0], gainM[0]

4、三方调试RRZ和MDP size分配 优先保证RRZ OUT的size尽量大,三方需求的size由MDP阶段来scale down得到,这样 三方的quality较好

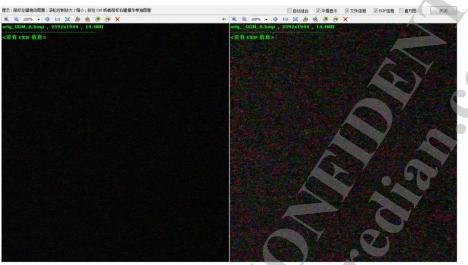
RRZ\_480P\_MDP\_480P

RRZ\_1080P\_MDP\_480P

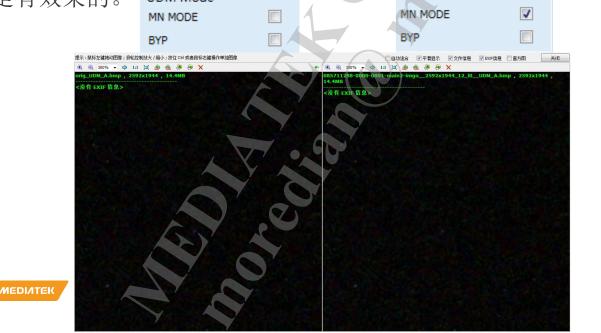


#### mono sensor全黑环境下有彩噪

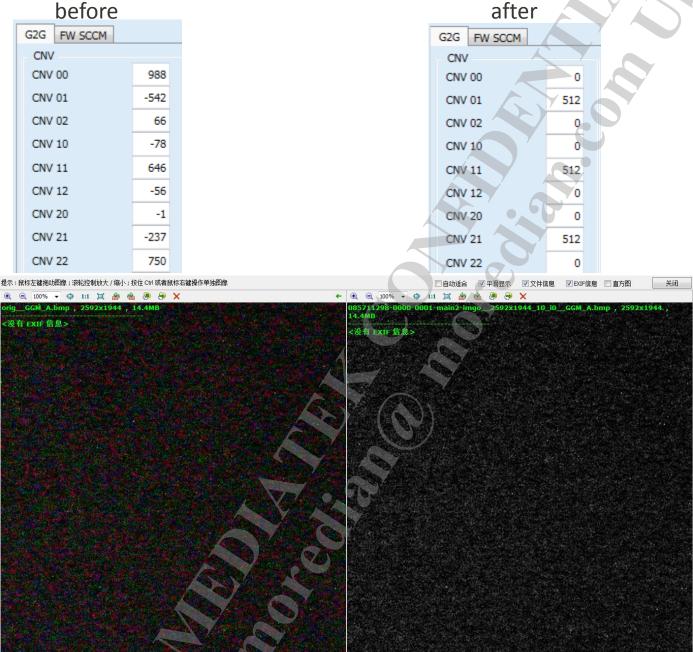
1、模拟发现UDM和gamma阶段输出都有彩噪点



2、尝试检查UDM参数,勾选上MN MODE,UDM阶段输出无变化,且此时调整UDM的EE 也是有效果的。 UDM Mode UDM Mode UDM Mode



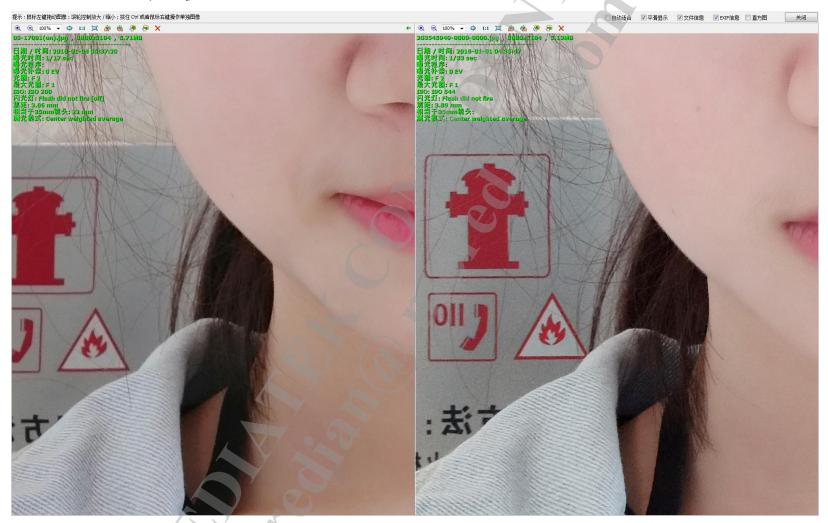
3、修改CCM参数,只提取一个channel的数据,解决MONO sensor彩噪问题



# 人脸脏, 脖子及背景脏

### 对比机

# 调试机器



1、修改后,皮肤及背景噪点小了,但是头发也变糊了



### 2、增加UDM及EE模块的EE,增强头发清晰度

H1 GN H1 GN 8 10 UDM H2 GN 9 H2 GN 7 H3 GN 8 H3 GN 6 H1 GN 14 H1 GN 12 H2 GN 13 H2 GN 11 EE 12 H3 GN H3 GN 10 HP CORE TH HP CORE TH 8

before after 对比机



# 人脸过度不smooth

* Slow Transition		
ST LB	2	
ST UB	9	
ST OFST RESP	255	
ST SL RESP	16	
ST OFST CE	100	
ST SL CE	16	

* Slow Transition		
ST LB	2	
ST UB	9	
ST OFST RESP	100	
ST SL RESP	16	
ST OFST CE	100	
ST SL CE	16	





Blending Control

0

0

0

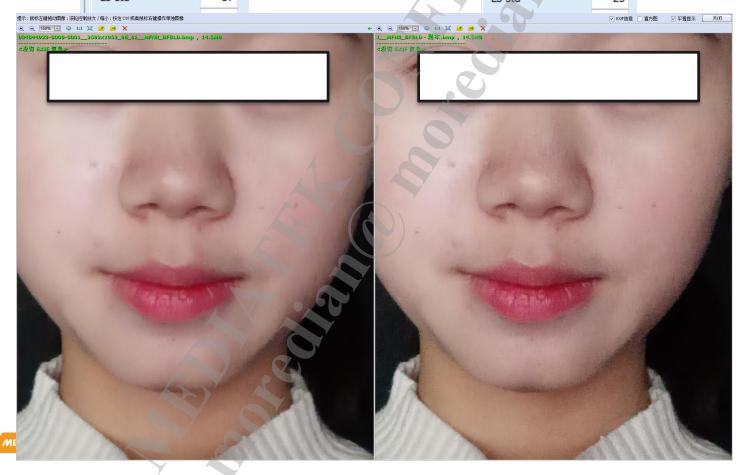
0

Y LO HF W

Y L1 HF W

Y L2 HF W

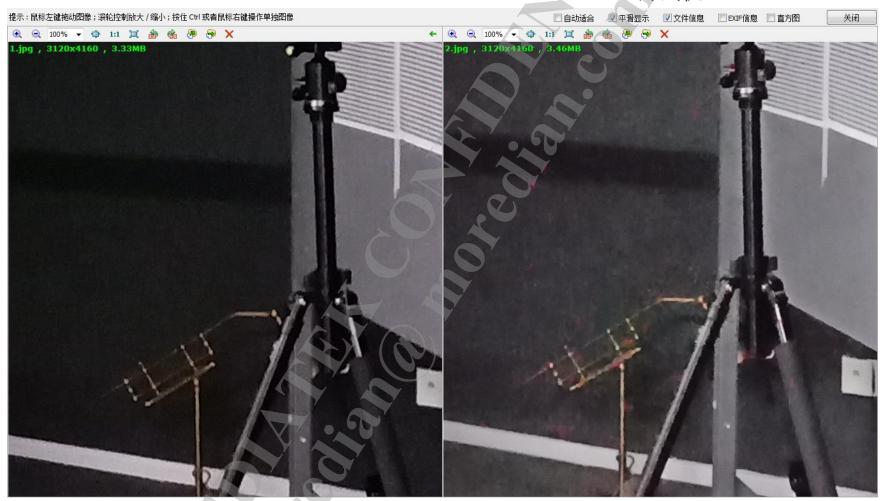
Y L3 HF W



# 使用PTC去彩点

### 对比机

# 调试机



# 使用PTC去彩点

### before

# NBC

CNR Strength	
PTC1	2
PTC2	4
PTC3	6
PTC4	8
A attack a Mana	
Activity Map	
ACT BLD BASE C	48

### NBC2

SCALE MODE	0
PTC Strength [U+V]	
PTC1	2
PTC2	3
PTC3	4
PTC4	6

Chroma Blend	
ACT BLD BASE C	48

# after

CNR Strength	
PTC1	6
PTC2	12
РТС3	18
PTC4	24

Chroma Blend	
ACT BLD BASE C	64

SCALE MODE	3
PTC Strength [U+V]	
PTC1	5
PTC2	10
PTC3	15
PTC4	20

Chroma Blend	
ACT BLD BASE C	64





# 使用PTC去彩点

before

