# HR Project



# **DMRZ Analytics Team**

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### TIMELINE

- The Benefits & Challenges of Using HR Analytics
- Project Objective
- Data Cleaning & Transformation
- Company Profile Insights and Analysis
- Attrition Insights and Analysis
- Performance Insights and Analysis
- Conclusion and Recommendations





# **HR Project Objective**



- ☐ This HR project aims to provide comprehensive insights into employee demographics, performance, satisfaction, and attrition trends through visualized data.
- ☐ The goal is to enhance decision-making by identifying key patterns in workforce composition, job satisfaction, and attrition.
- ☐ This will allow for better workforce management, employee retention strategies, and targeted training opportunities, ultimately improving organizational performance.

## Data Cleaning & Transformation



#### 1. Match Education Degree with Educational Level:

 Use the VLOOKUP formula in Excel to align each employee's education degree with their corresponding educational level.

#### 2. Calculate Average Performance:

 Group the performance data by employee and calculate the average performance rating for everyone.

#### 3. Replace Codes with Descriptive Legends:

 Replace coded values in the dataset (e.g., satisfaction and rating codes) with their descriptive counterparts from the legends.

#### 4. Full State Name Replacement:

Replace state abbreviations in your dataset with the full state names for clearer reporting and analysis.

# Company Profile



# Overview of HR Insights

- ☐ This dashboard provides a detailed look at employee demographics and attrition.
- ☐ It helps identify trends and areas of improvement within the workforce.



# **Analysis Insights:**



#### **Employee Demographics**

#### Who Are Our Employees?

- Total employees: 1,470
- Age Distribution: 18-30 (999), 31-40 (278), 41-50 (192), 51-60 (1)
- Gender: Female (51%), Male (49%)
- Education: Majority holds Bachelor's (572) and Master's (398) degrees
- Ethnicity: Predominantly White (860), followed by Black/African American (207)

#### **Employee Distance to Workplace**

#### **Workplace Commute Insights:**

- Employee proximity: Far (53.88%), Close (23.47%), Very Close (22.65%)
- Long commutes might be linked to higher dissatisfaction or attrition.

#### **Departmental Breakdown**

#### **Employee Distribution by Department:**

- Technology: 65.37%
- Sales: 30.3%
- HR: 4.29%

#### **Promotion and Training Opportunities**

#### **Career Development:**

- Promotion: 808 employees due for promotion
- Training: 14,000 opportunities, 6,825 taken (Training Utilization= 50.54%)
- More training can help boost promotionreadiness and performance.

# **Analysis trends**

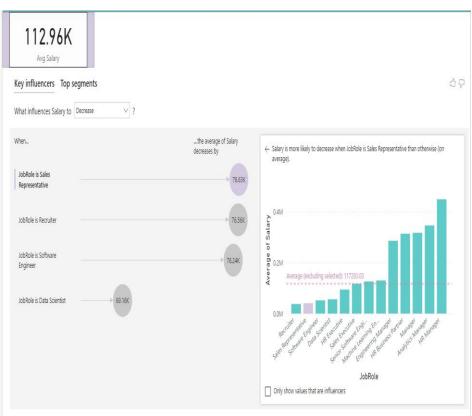


- The workforce has almost an equal balance of men and women, with most employees (68%) being between 18-30 years old. The Technology department has the largest group, making up 65.37% of the staff.
- Only 50.54% of employees are using available training programs, suggesting more could participate.
- 237 employees (16.12%) may leave the company, while 808 are ready for promotion.
- The company has a mix of employees from different backgrounds, but the majority (58.5%) are White.
- Over half of the employees (53.88%) live far from work, which could affect their engagement with the company.

# Company Avg Salaries



- ☐ This HR dashboard shows insights related to salary. The key metric at the top is the average salary, which is \$112.96K. The dashboard analyzes factors influencing salary decrease, highlighting the job roles contributing to this trend.
- The chart on the left shows that the average salary decreases by:
- \$76.63K when the job role is Sales Representative.
- \$76.56K when the job role is Recruiter.
- \$76.24K when the job role is Software Engineer.
- \$69.16K when the job role is Data Scientist.
- On the right, there's a bar chart comparing the average salary across different job roles. It shows that HR Managers have the highest salaries, while Recruiters and Sales Representatives tend to have lower salaries.



# Employees Attrition



# **Attrition Analysis**





1470 Total Emp

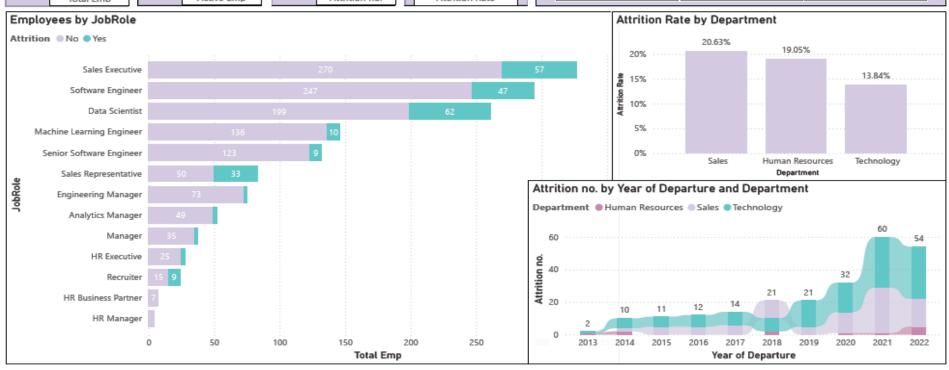


1233



237

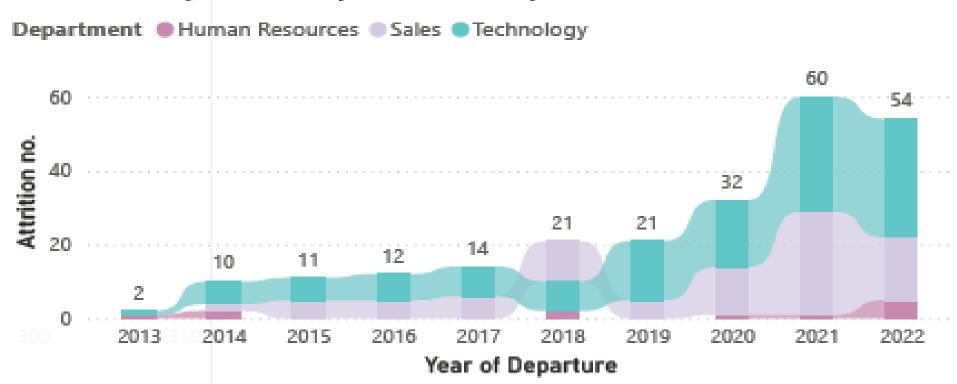
16.12% Attrition Rate Departments
Human Resources Sales Technology



## **Attrition Trends Over Years**



#### Attrition no. by Year of Departure and Department

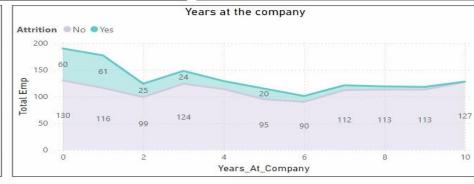


## **Factors Affect Attrition**









# Employees Performance



## Performance Level among years:

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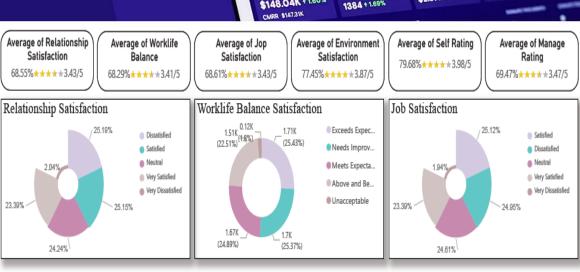
\$148.04K + 1.60%

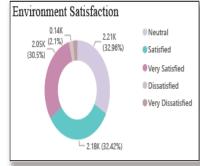
CMRR \$147.31K

\$2.97M

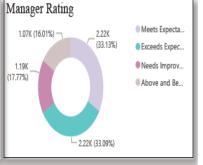
- The satisfaction level and the rating level within the company is quite high (above 3.4/5) and convergent (in average) and (among the employment).
- This reflect middle to high satisfaction level and middle to high rating level.
- ☐ The environment satisfaction and the self rating scored the highest level (3.9 and 4 on average respectively)
- **□** Performance Level among years:

No significant change in the satisfaction level and the rating level among the years in the 6 measurements.



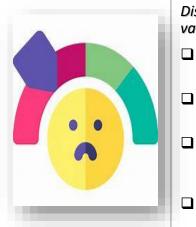






# On personal profile level:

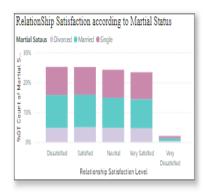


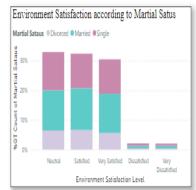


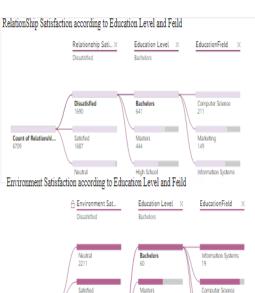
### Dissatisfactions level among the different variable

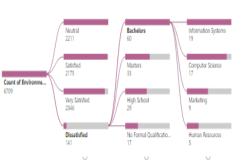
- Males and female shows the differ in their degree of satisfaction
- Age group between 25-28 had the highest dissatisfaction level also.
- "White and the mixed ethics" had the dissatisfaction level and thus the lowest self-rating.
- "Bachelor's degree Holders" in the three education fields express high degree of dissatisfaction

The marital status didn't affect the dissatisfaction r the rating level ( significantly).









# On job profile level:

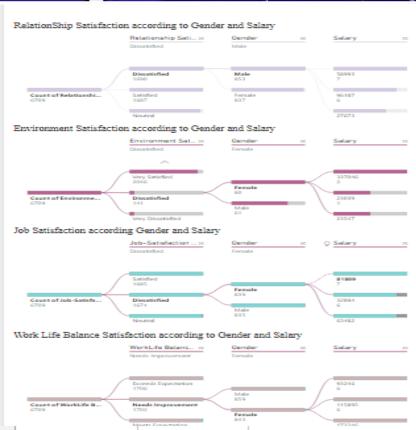






- People with lower salary (earned below 115 K) show high level of dissatisfaction.
- On working departments: sales and IT department had the highest degree of dissatisfaction. Thus, sales executives, data scientist and software engineer response prove that.
- No any correlation found between the low rating level or low satisfaction level and (years with the same manager, years in the recent role, years at the company and training opportunities).
- A positive correlation found between the level of satisfaction and the high rating level, and the average of promotion provided to the employee (except for job satisfaction and relationship satisfaction)





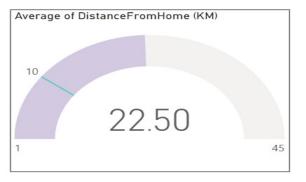
# Conclusion



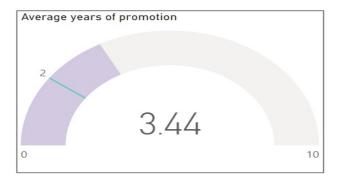




#### **HR Project Recommendations**







# Conclusion





## Recommendations



- Working on minimizing the gap between "years of promotion" to be 2 years on average instead of 4.5 years
- Increase incentives and promotion especially the group provided to the employees in the age (25-30) years
- Apply new composition of incentives and promotion rather than the financial incentives is recommended
- Set a group of programs to enhance the working environment and the skills of the data scientist and sales executives.
- Enhance and increase the training opportunities given to the employment to increase their effect on the performance level.
- ☐ Enabling remote work
- ☐ Flexible working hours
- □ Providing transportation for employees

