

Part A. Pencil and paper only.

This part of the exam has 10 problems on 5 pages. Each problem is worth 5 points. You may NOT use a calculator on this section. You must show all work. This part of the exam will be collected after 60 minutes.

1. Evaluate $\frac{d}{dx} \int_{x^2}^1 \frac{t+1}{t^3+1} dt$.

2. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^x - 1}{4^x - 1}$.

3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{10x + 3}{5x^2 + 3x + 2} dx$. Simplify your answer.

4. Find the Riemann sum for $\int_0^6 (x^2 - 1) dx$ that uses 3 equal subintervals and for each subinterval chooses c_k to be the right-hand endpoint. Simplify your answer.

5. Evaluate $\int e^{2x} \sec^2(e^{2x} + 1) dx$.

6. Order the following functions from the slowest growing to the fastest growing as $x \rightarrow \infty$: e^x , $x \ln x$, and $\sqrt{x+4}$. Justify your argument.

7. Evaluate $\int_{-\sqrt{3}}^1 \frac{12}{1+x^2} dx$. Simplify your answer.

8. Evaluate $\int x\sqrt{x+2} dx$.

9. Find the linearization $L(x)$ of the function $f(x) = \cos x$ at $\pi/6$.
10. Find the solution to the differential equation $dy/dx = 2xy^{1/3}$ that satisfies $y(0) = 8$. Write y explicitly in terms of x .