

Lecture 4

Data Types

Announcements

Review

labels of each table?

```
What are the column x = cones.select('Flavor', 'Color')
                      X
```

cones

Flavor	Color	Price	
strawberry	pink	3.55	
chocolate	light brown	4.75	
chocolate	dark brown	5.25	
strawberry	pink	5.25	
chocolate	dark brown	5.25	
bubblegum	pink	4.75	

У

```
y = x.drop('Color')
У
x = cones.select('Color', 'Price)
X
```

Arithmetic

Arithmetic Operators

Operation	Operator	Example	Value
Addition	+	2 + 3	5
Subtraction	-	2 - 3	-1
Multiplication	*	2 * 3	6
Division	1	7/3	2.66667
Remainder	%	7 % 3	1
Exponentiation	**	2 ** 0.5	1.41421

Ints and Floats

Python has two real number types

- int: an integer of any size
- float: a number with an optional fractional part

An int never has a decimal point; a float always does

A float might be printed using scientific notation

Three limitations of float values:

- They have limited size (but the limit is huge)
- They have limited precision of 15-16 decimal places
- After arithmetic, the final few decimal places can be wrong

Arithmetic Question

Rank the results of the following expressions in order from least to greatest

Strings

Text and Strings

A string value is a snippet of text of any length

- 'a'
- 'word'
- "there can be 2 sentences. Here's the second!"

Strings consisting of numbers can be converted to numbers

- int('12')
- float('1.2')

Any value can be converted to a string

• str(5)

Discussion Question

Assume you have run the following statements

```
x = 3
y = '4'
z = '5.6'
```

What's the source of the error in each example?

```
A. x + y
B. x + int(y + z)
C. str(x) + int(y)
D. str(x, y) + z
```

Types

Every value has a type

We've seen 5 types so far:

```
• int: 2
```

builtin_function_or_method: abs

- float: 2.2
- Table
- str: 'Red fish, blue fish'

The type function can tell you the type of a value

- type (2)
- type(2 + 2)

An expression's "type" is based on its value, not how it looks

- x = 2
- type(x)

Conversions

Strings that contain numbers can be converted to numbers

- int('12')
- float('1.2')
- float('one point two') # Not a good idea!

Any value can be converted to a string

• str(5)

Numbers can be converted to other numeric types

- float(1)
- int(1.2) # DANGER: loses information!

Attendance https://tinyurl.com/lecnum2

Arrays

Arrays

An array contains a sequence of values

- All elements of an array should have the same type
- Arithmetic is applied to each element individually
- When two arrays are added, they must have the same size; corresponding elements are added in the result
- A column of a table is an array